# R code file for fixed-effects inference for longitudinal functional data

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#### Introduction

In this document, a complete implementation of the proposed fixed-effects estimate method considering complex functional mixed-effects is evaluated. Moreover, comparisons with the navie estimate by pffr function and the bootstrap method are evaluated using a dataset (100 subjects whose visit times follow Unif[3,6]) with unspecified covariance structure. The document is organized as follows.

Section 1 gives the main code (function fgee) corresponding to the proposed fixed-effects estimate method, and the code (function fgee.bp), corresponding to the bootstrap method in the paper.

Section 2 gives the code to generate datasets (function GenerateData) which are used to evaluate fixed-effects estimate methods in section 1. We can use the GenerateData function to generate data with three different types of covariance structures. They are independent, exchangeable and unspecified. We apply the several methods on the same dataset in Section 2.2. In bootstrap method, the default number of resampling is 300. However, since the bootstrap method takes a long time to get results (about 16 minutes with resampling 300 times and about 2.5 minutes with resampling 50 times), we commented the part of implementing bootstrap by pound symbol. If you are interest in bootstrap results, please delete pound symbols in this part and run the code.

Section 3 visualizes the outputs, including eigendecomposition, the mean function estimated by pffr function and the mean function estimated by fgee function.

Section 4 shows hypothesis tests about covariance structures. Functions about testing are given and we show numerical results of testing the covariance structure of three types of data. Due to time limit, we only show the results of testing data with unspecified covariance structure and put pound symbols on other types of data. The testing methods depend on bootstrap to get p-values and the default number of resmapling is 1000 (takeing about 1 minutes). It takes about 3 minutes to compile this Rmd file.

## 1. Main code

- ## Package LibPath Version Priority Depends Imports LinkingTo Suggests
  ## Enhances License\_is\_FOSS License\_restricts\_use OS\_type Archs
  ## MD5sum NeedsCompilation Built
- 2. Generate a sample dataset (100 subjects, visit times follow Unif[3,6]), and evaluate the function fgee

### 2.1 Generating function

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#### 2.2 Generate data with unspecified covariance structure and estimate

The mean function  $\mu_{ij}(s) = \sqrt{2}\cos(3\pi s) + 1 + x_{1ij}(2 + \cos(2\pi s)) + x_{2ij}(2 + \sin(\pi s))$ . We estimate the mean function by five models. 1. The naive estimation by pffr function without considering any covariance structure. 2. The bootstrap method to get correct confidence bands for naive estimation (as menthioned before, since this part took a long time, we commented it). 3. The fgee estimation with independent covariance. 4. The fgee estimation with exchangeable covariance. 5. The fgee estimation with unspecified covariance.

```
library(ggplot2)
library(refund)
library(face)
library(fields)
library(mgcv)
library(gridExtra)
# generate dataset with unspecified covariance
set.seed(2021)
data <- GenerateData(Nsubj=100, numFunctPoints=101, min_visit=3, max_visit=6,</pre>
                     numLongiPoints=41, sigma_sq=1.5, sigma_z11=3, sigma_z12=1.5,
                     sigma_z21=2, sigma_z22=1, corstr = "unspecified")
# bootstrape to get correct confidence bands for naive estimation
# bp.estim <- fgee_initBp(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2,
                                Y=data$data$Y, Cov=data$data$Cov,
#
                                s=data$data$funcArg, subjID=data$data$subjID,
#
                                Tij=data$data$Tij, n.Bp=300)
# estimate mean functions with independent covariance
iid.estim <- fgee(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2, Y=data$data$Y, Cov=data$data$Cov,
              s=data$data$funcArg, subjID=data$data$subjID,
              Tij=data$data$Tij, numLongiPoints=41,
              control=list(FPCA1.pve=0.95, FPCA1.knots=20),
              corstr = "independent")
# estimate mean functions with exchangeable covariance
exch.estim <- fgee(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2, Y=data$data$Y, Cov=data$data$Cov,
              s=data$data$funcArg, subjID=data$data$subjID,
              Tij=data$data$Tij, numLongiPoints=41,
              control=list(FPCA1.pve=0.95, FPCA1.knots=20),
              corstr = "exchangeable")
# estimate mean functions with unspecified covariance
unsp.estim <- fgee(formula = Y ~ X1 + X2, Y=data$data$Y, Cov=data$data$Cov,
              s=data$data$funcArg, subjID=data$data$subjID,
              Tij=data$data$Tij, numLongiPoints=41,
              control=list(FPCA1.pve=0.95, FPCA2.pve=0.95, FPCA1.knots=20, FPCA2.knots=15),
              corstr = "unspecified")
```

#### 3. Visualize results

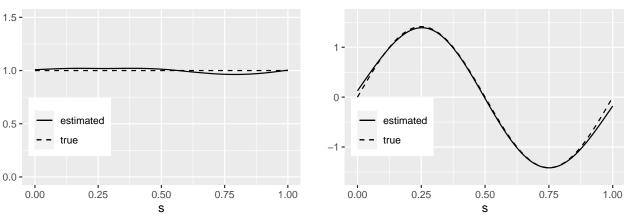
#### 3.1 Visualize estimated eigenfunctions vs. true eigenfunctions

```
### FPCA ###
flip <- function(fn_hat, fn){
  len = length(fn)</pre>
```

```
dif1 <- sum((fn - fn_hat)^2)/len #if signs are the same
  dif2 <- sum((fn + fn_hat)^2)/len #if signs are opposite
  Ind <- which(c(dif1,dif2) == min(dif1, dif2))</pre>
  if(Ind==1){
   return(1)
  }else{
   return(-1)
    }
}
# true eigen-functions
efun.true <- data$phi
sign1 <- flip(unsp.estim$phi[,1], efun.true$phi_1)</pre>
sign2 <- flip(unsp.estim$phi[,2], efun.true$phi_2)</pre>
efun <- cbind(sign1*unsp.estim$phi[,1], sign2*unsp.estim$phi[,2])
phi1 <- data.frame(estimated=efun[,1], true=efun.true$phi_1, s=seq(0,1,length=101))</pre>
phi2 <- data.frame(estimated=efun[,2], true=efun.true$phi_2, s=seq(0,1,length=101))
g1 = ggplot() +
  geom_line(data=phi1, aes(x=s, y=estimated, linetype="estimated")) +
  geom_line(data=phi1, aes(x=s, y=true, linetype="true")) +
  labs(title = expression(paste("True vs. estimated ", phi[1](s))), x="s", y="") +
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c('estimated'='solid', 'true'='dashed')) +
  vlim(0,1.5)+theme(legend.position=c(0.17,0.33),legend.title=element blank())
g2 = ggplot() +
  geom_line(data=phi2, aes(x=s, y=estimated, linetype="estimated")) +
  geom_line(data=phi2, aes(x=s, y=true, linetype="true")) +
  labs(title = expression(paste("True vs. estimated ", phi[2](s))), x="s", y="") +
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c('estimated'='solid','true'='dashed')) +
  ylim(-1.6,1.6)+theme(legend.position=c(0.17,0.33),legend.title=element_blank())
figure <- grid.arrange(g1, g2, ncol=2)
```

# True vs. estimated $\phi_1(s)$

# True vs. estimated $\phi_2(s)$

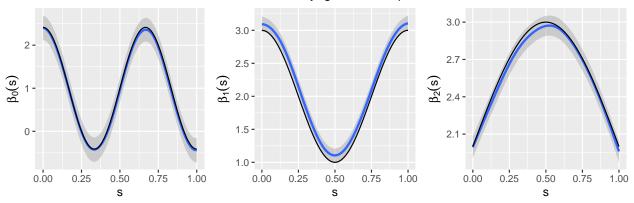


3.2 Visualize estimated  $\beta$  functions given by fgee with unspecified covariance and given by pffr function

```
# estimated beta by fgee with unspecified covariance ###
beta.unsp <- unsp.estim$beta</pre>
```

```
beta.unsp.se <- unsp.estim$beta.se</pre>
lower <- beta.unsp - qnorm(0.975)*beta.unsp.se</pre>
upper <- beta.unsp + qnorm(0.975)*beta.unsp.se
s \leftarrow seq(0, 1, length = 101)
unsp_beta <- data.frame(beta0=beta.unsp[,1], beta0.true=sqrt(2)*cos(3*pi*s)+1,
                        beta0_l=lower[,1], beta0_u=upper[,1],
                        beta1=beta.unsp[,2], beta1.true=2 + cos(2*pi*s),
                        beta1_l=lower[,2], beta1_u=upper[,2],
                        beta2=beta.unsp[,3], beta2.true=2 + sin(pi*s),
                        beta2_1=lower[,3], beta2_u=upper[,3],
                        s=seq(0, 1, length=101))
p1 <- ggplot(unsp_beta, aes(x=s, y=beta0)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta0_1, ymax=beta0_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta0.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[0](s)))
p2 <- ggplot(unsp_beta, aes(x = s, y = beta1)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta1_1, ymax=beta1_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta1.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[1](s)))
p3 <- ggplot(unsp_beta, aes(x=s, y=beta2)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta2_1, ymax=beta2_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta2.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[2](s)))
figure <- grid.arrange(p1, p2, p3, ncol=3,
          top="Estimated coefficient functions by fgee with unspecified covariance",
  bottom ="The blue line is the estimated one and the black line is the true one")
```

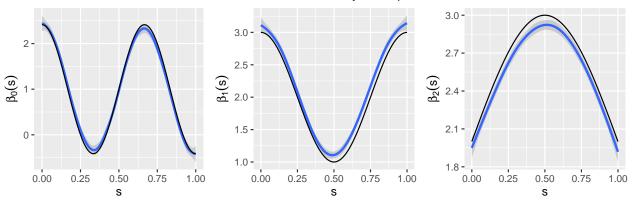
#### Estimated coefficient functions by fgee with unspecified covariance



The blue line is the estimated one and the black line is the true one

```
beta1_l=lower[,2], beta1_u=upper[,2],
                       beta2=beta.naive[,3], beta2.true=2 + sin(pi*s),
                       beta2_l=lower[,3], beta2_u=upper[,3],
                       s=seq(0, 1, length=101))
p1 <- ggplot(naive_beta, aes(x=s, y=beta0)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta0_1, ymax=beta0_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta0.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[0](s)))
p2 <- ggplot(naive_beta, aes(x = s, y = beta1)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta1_1, ymax=beta1_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta1.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[1](s)))
p3 <- ggplot(naive_beta, aes(x=s, y=beta2)) +
  geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta2_1, ymax=beta2_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
  geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta2.true)) +
  xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[2](s)))
figure <- grid.arrange(p1, p2, p3, ncol=3,
                    top="Estimated coefficient functions by naive pffr function",
bottom ="The blue line is the estimated one and the black line is the true one")
```

#### Estimated coefficient functions by naive pffr function



The blue line is the estimated one and the black line is the true one

```
# estimated beta by bootstrap to get better confidence bands ###
# beta.Bp <- bp.estim$beta.init</pre>
# lower <- bp.estim$beta.band.lower
# upper <- bp.estim$beta.band.upper</pre>
\# Bp\_beta = data.frame(beta0=beta.Bp[,1], beta0.true=sqrt(2)*cos(3*pi*s)+1,
                        betaO_l=lower[,1], betaO_u=upper[,1],
                        beta1=beta.Bp[,2], beta1.true=2 + cos(2*pi*s),
#
#
                        beta1_l=lower[,2], beta1_u=upper[,2],
#
                        beta2=beta.Bp[,3], beta2.true=2 + sin(pi*s),
#
                        beta2_l=lower[,3], beta2_u=upper[,3],
                        s=seq(0, 1, length=101))
\# p1 \leftarrow ggplot(Bp\_beta, aes(x = s, y = beta0)) +
   geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta0_l, ymax=beta0_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
    geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta0.true)) +
   xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[0](s)))
# p2 \leftarrow qqplot(Bp_beta, aes(x = s, y = beta1)) +
    geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta1_l, ymax=beta1_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
   qeom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta1.true)) +
```

```
# xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[1](s)))
# p3 <- ggplot(Bp_beta, aes(x = s, y = beta2)) +
# geom_smooth(aes(ymin=beta2_l, ymax=beta2_u), alpha=0.4, stat="identity") +
# geom_line(aes(x=s, y=beta2.true)) +
# xlab("s") + ylab(expression(beta[2](s)))
# figure <- grid.arrange(p1, p2, p3, ncol=3,
# top="Estimated coefficient functions by bootstrap",
# bottom ="The blue line is the estimated one and the black line is the true one")</pre>
```

#### 3.3 Calculate $\sqrt{\text{MISE}}$ , IAW and IAC for each method

```
# function to estimate sqrt(MISE) of each beta
beta MISE <- function(beta.hat, beta.true, numFunctPoints){</pre>
    beta0 <- sum((beta.hat[,1]-beta.true[,1])^2)/numFunctPoints</pre>
    beta1 <- sum((beta.hat[,2]-beta.true[,2])^2)/numFunctPoints
    beta2 <- sum((beta.hat[,3]-beta.true[,3])^2)/numFunctPoints</pre>
    return(c(sqrt(beta0), sqrt(beta1), sqrt(beta2)))
}
# function to estimate IAW and IAC of each beta
eval.beta.CI <- function(beta.hat, beta.se, beta.true, numFunctPoints){</pre>
  # fixed effects functions beta(s)
  beta0 <- beta.true[,1]</pre>
  beta1 <- beta.true[,2]</pre>
  beta2 <- beta.true[,3]
  # IAW of 95% confidence interval
  IAW <- c(sum(2*qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,1]),sum(2*qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,2]),
                   sum(2*qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,3]))/numFunctPoints
  # beta0(s)
  lower \leftarrow beta.hat[,1] - qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,1]
  upper <- beta.hat[,1] + qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,1]
  # count number of points
  k1 <- 0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta0[i]>=lower[i] & beta0[i]<=upper[i])</pre>
      k1 < - k1 + 1
  IAC.beta0 <- k1/numFunctPoints</pre>
  # beta1(s)
  lower <- beta.hat[,2] - qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,2]</pre>
  upper \leftarrow beta.hat[,2] + qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,2]
  # count number of points
  k2 < -0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta1[i]>=lower[i] & beta1[i]<=upper[i])</pre>
      k2 < - k2 + 1
  IAC.beta1 <- k2/numFunctPoints</pre>
  # beta2(s)
  lower <- beta.hat[,3] - qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,3]
  upper <- beta.hat[,3] + qnorm(0.975)*beta.se[,3]
  # count number of points
```

```
k3 <- 0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta2[i]>=lower[i] & beta2[i]<=upper[i])</pre>
      k3 < - k3 + 1
  IAC.beta2 <- k3/numFunctPoints</pre>
  IAC <- c(IAC.beta0, IAC.beta1, IAC.beta2)</pre>
  return(list(IAW=IAW, IAC=IAC))
# function to estimate IAW and IAC of bootstrap confiddence bands
eval.betaBp.CI <- function(beta.lower, beta.upper, beta.true, numFunctPoints){
  # fixed effects functions beta(s)
  beta0 <- beta.true[,1]</pre>
  beta1 <- beta.true[,2]</pre>
  beta2 <- beta.true[,3]</pre>
  beta0.band <- cbind(beta.lower[,1], beta.upper[,1])</pre>
  beta1.band <- cbind(beta.lower[,2], beta.upper[,2])</pre>
  beta2.band <- cbind(beta.lower[,3], beta.upper[,3])</pre>
  # IAW of 95% confidence interval
  IAW <- c(sum(beta0.band[,2]-beta0.band[,1]), sum(beta1.band[,2]-beta1.band[,1]),</pre>
           sum(beta2.band[,2]-beta2.band[,1]))/numFunctPoints
  # beta0(s)
  k1 <- 0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta0[i]>=beta0.band[i,1] & beta0[i]<=beta0.band[i,2])</pre>
      k1 < - k1+1
  IAC.beta0 <- k1/numFunctPoints</pre>
  # beta1(s)
  k2 < -0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta1[i]>=beta1.band[i,1] & beta1[i]<=beta1.band[i,2])</pre>
      k2 < - k2+1
  IAC.beta1 <- k2/numFunctPoints
  # beta2(s)
  k3 <- 0
  for(i in 1:numFunctPoints){
    if(beta2[i]>=beta2.band[i,1] & beta2[i]<=beta2.band[i,2])</pre>
      k3 < - k3+1
  IAC.beta2 <- k3/numFunctPoints</pre>
  IAC <- c(IAC.beta0, IAC.beta1, IAC.beta2)</pre>
  return(list(IAW = IAW, IAC = IAC))
}
```

```
# calculate
numFunctPoints = 101
beta.true <- data$beta
# naive pffr function
naive.MISE <- beta_MISE(beta.hat=unsp.estim$beta.init, beta.true, numFunctPoints)</pre>
naive.CI <- eval.beta.CI(beta.hat=unsp.estim$beta.init, beta.se=unsp.estim$beta.init.se,
                            beta.true=beta.true, numFunctPoints)
naive.IAW <- naive.CI$IAW
print("MISE by naive pffr")
## [1] "MISE by naive pffr"
naive.MISE
## [1] 0.07041862 0.11833865 0.07400034
print("IAW by naive pffr")
## [1] "IAW by naive pffr"
naive.IAW
## [1] 0.20892250 0.12474696 0.08632818
# bp.MISE <- beta_MISE(beta.hat=unsp.estim$beta.init, beta.true, numFunctPoints)
# bp.CI <- eval.betaBp.CI(beta.lower=bp.estim$beta.band.lower,
           beta.upper=bp.estim$beta.band.upper, beta.true=beta.true, numFunctPoints)
# bp.IAW <- bp.CI$IAW
# print("MISE by naive pffr")
# bp.MISE
# print("IAW by bootstrap")
# bp. IAW
# fgee with independent covariance
iid.MISE <- beta_MISE(beta.hat=iid.estim$beta, beta.true, numFunctPoints)</pre>
iid.CI <- eval.beta.CI(beta.hat=iid.estim$beta, beta.se=iid.estim$beta.se,
                            beta.true=beta.true, numFunctPoints)
iid.IAW <- iid.CI$IAW
print("MISE by fgee with independent covariance")
## [1] "MISE by fgee with independent covariance"
iid.MISE
## [1] 0.07684909 0.11854721 0.07322243
print("IAW by fgee with independent covariance")
## [1] "IAW by fgee with independent covariance"
iid.IAW
## [1] 0.9159996 0.4112016 0.3022921
# fgee with exchangeable covariance
exch.MISE <- beta_MISE(beta.hat=exch.estim$beta, beta.true, numFunctPoints)</pre>
exch.CI <- eval.beta.CI(beta.hat=exch.estim$beta, beta.se=exch.estim$beta.se,
                            beta.true=beta.true, numFunctPoints)
```

```
exch.IAW <- exch.CI$IAW
print("MISE by fgee with exchangeable covariance")
## [1] "MISE by fgee with exchangeable covariance"
exch.MISE
## [1] 0.08274810 0.11868249 0.07330825
print("IAW by fgee with exchangeable covariance")
## [1] "IAW by fgee with exchangeable covariance"
exch.IAW
## [1] 0.9337658 0.4218025 0.3043496
# fgee with unspecified covariance
unsp.MISE <- beta_MISE(beta.hat=unsp.estim$beta, beta.true, numFunctPoints)</pre>
unsp.CI <- eval.beta.CI(beta.hat=unsp.estim$beta, beta.se=unsp.estim$beta.se,
                            beta.true=beta.true, numFunctPoints)
unsp.IAW <- unsp.CI$IAW</pre>
print("MISE by fgee with unspecified covariance")
## [1] "MISE by fgee with unspecified covariance"
unsp.MISE
## [1] 0.03694565 0.11378368 0.03097551
print("IAW by fgee with unspecified covariance")
## [1] "IAW by fgee with unspecified covariance"
unsp.IAW
```

- ## [1] 0.5569364 0.2176704 0.1678295
- 4. Test covariance structure
- 4.1 Main functions applied in the hypothesis test
- 4.2. Results of hypothesis tests

Show examples of covariance test. We test two types of null hypothesis. The first is  $H_0$ :  $G_k(\cdot,\cdot)$  is independent, and the second is  $H_0$ :  $G_k(\cdot,\cdot)$  is exchangeable. First, we test covariance of data with unspecified covariance structure that is generated in section 2. Obviouly, we would reject the null hypothesis and the p-values would be close to zero. Morevoer, we generate new data with exchangeable covariance (under  $H_0$ :  $G_k(\cdot,\cdot)$  is exchangeable) and independent covariance ( $H_0$ :  $H_0$ 

```
library(refund)
library(face)
library(fields)
library(mgcv)
library(lme4)
library(MASS)
library(MASS)
library(Matrix)
library(Solstad)
library(splines)
```

```
# Test covariance of data with unspecified structure
dat <- data$data
Y <- dat$Y
Cov <- dat$Cov
numLongiPoints = 41
X1 \leftarrow Cov[,1]
X2 \leftarrow Cov[.2]
formula <- Y \sim X1 + X2
# initial mean estimates
fit_init <- pffr(formula, yind=dat$funcArg,</pre>
                  bs.yindex = list(bs = "ps", k = 10, m = c(2, 2)))
Y.mean.init <- fitted(fit_init)</pre>
Y.resid <- as.matrix(Y - Y.mean.init)</pre>
fpca_margin <- fpca.face(Y.resid,center = FALSE, argvals=dat$funcArg,</pre>
                      knots=20, pve=0.95)
score <- fpca_margin$scores/sqrt(length(dat$funcArg))</pre>
score1 <- data.frame(.value=score[,1], .index=dat$Tij, .id=dat$subjID)</pre>
#score2 <- data.frame(.value=score[,2], .index=dat$Tij, .id=dat$subjID)</pre>
# test structure of G_k(T,T')
test1 <- test.cov.exch(score1, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)
#test2 <- test.cov.exch(score2, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)</pre>
test3 <- test.cov.iid(score1, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)
#test4 <- test.cov.iid(score2, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)
test1$p
## [1] 0.015
#test2$p
test3$p
## [1] 0.01
#test4$p
# Test covariance of data with exchangeable structure
# generate data with exchangeable covariance from function GenerateData
set.seed(2021)
data.exch <- GenerateData(Nsubj=100, numFunctPoints=101, min_visit=3, max_visit=6,</pre>
                      numLongiPoints = 41, sigma_sq = 1.5,
                      sigma_z11=3, sigma_z12=1.5, sigma_z21=2, sigma_z22=1,
                      corstr = "exchangeable")
dat.exch <- data.exch$data
Y <- dat.exch$Y
Cov <- dat.exch$Cov
numLongiPoints = 41
X1 \leftarrow Cov[,1]
```

```
X2 \leftarrow Cov[,2]
formula <- Y \sim X1 + X2
# initial mean estimates
fit_init <- pffr(formula, yind=dat.exch$funcArg,</pre>
                    bs.yindex = list(bs = "ps", k = 10, m = c(2, 2))
Y.mean.init <- fitted(fit init)</pre>
Y.resid <- as.matrix(Y - Y.mean.init)</pre>
# score
fpca_margin <- fpca.face(Y.resid, center = FALSE, argvals=dat.exch$funcArg,</pre>
                        knots=20, pve=0.95)
score <- fpca_margin$scores/sqrt(length(dat.exch$funcArg))</pre>
score1 <- data.frame(.value=score[,1], .index=dat.exch$Tij, .id=dat.exch$subjID)</pre>
#score2 <- data.frame(.value=score[,2], .index=dat.exch$Tij, .id=dat.exch$subjID)
# test structure of G_k(T,T')
#test5 <- test.cov.exch(score1, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)
#test6 <- test.cov.exch(score2, numLongiPoints=numLongiPoints, nbs=1000, nb=10)
#test5$p
#test6$p
# Test covariance of data with independent structure
# generate data with independent covariance from function GenerateData
set.seed(2021)
data.iid <- GenerateData(Nsubj=100, numFunctPoints=101, min_visit=3, max_visit=6,</pre>
                        numLongiPoints = 41, sigma_sq=1.5,
                         sigma_z11=3, sigma_z12=1.5, sigma_z21=2, sigma_z22=1,
                         corstr = "independent")
dat.iid <- data.iid$data</pre>
Y <- dat.iid$Y
Cov <- dat.iid$Cov
numLongiPoints = 41
X1 \leftarrow Cov[,1]
X2 \leftarrow Cov[,2]
formula <- Y \sim X1 + X2
# initial mean estimates
fit_init <- pffr(formula, yind=dat.iid$funcArg,</pre>
                    bs.yindex = list(bs = "ps", k = 10, m = c(2, 2)))
Y.mean.init <- fitted(fit init)</pre>
Y.resid <- as.matrix(Y - Y.mean.init)</pre>
# score
fpca_margin <- fpca.face(Y.resid,center = FALSE, argvals=dat.iid$funcArg,</pre>
                        knots=20, pve=0.95)
score <- fpca_margin$scores/sqrt(length(dat.iid$funcArg))</pre>
score1 <- data.frame(.value=score[,1], .index=dat.iid$Tij, .id=dat.iid$subjID)</pre>
#score2 <- data.frame(.value=score[,2], .index=dat.iid$Tij, .id=dat.iid$subjID)</pre>
# test structure of G_k(T,T')
```