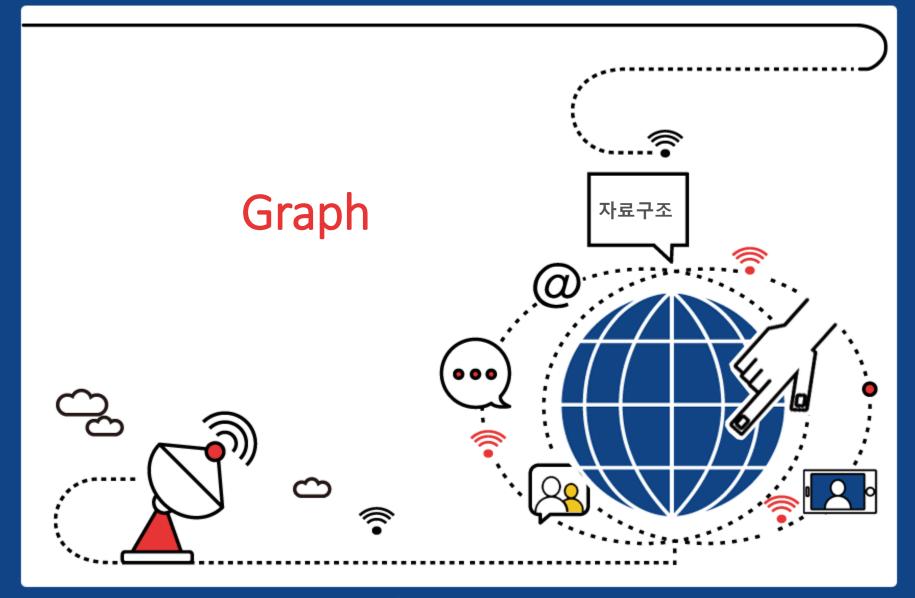
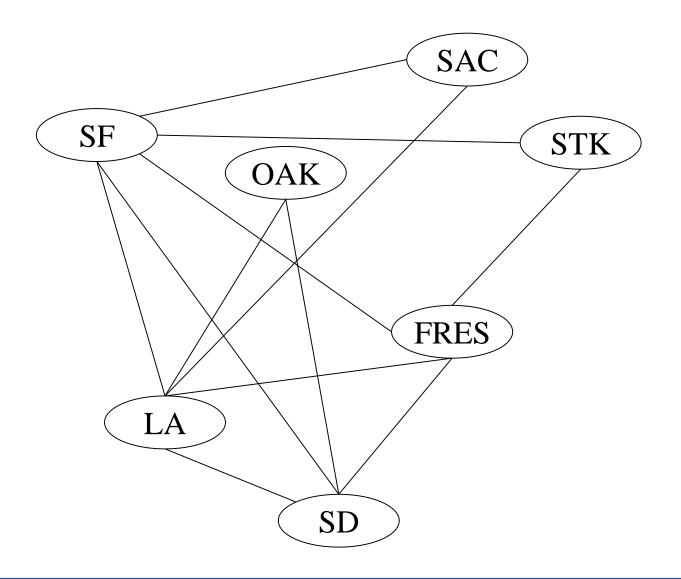
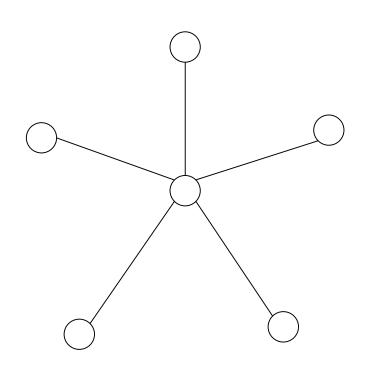
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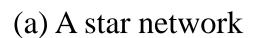


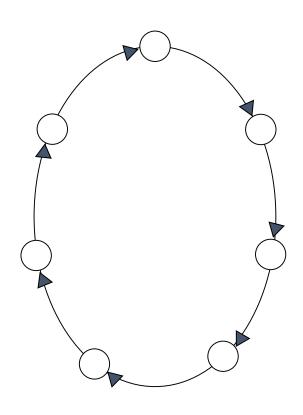












(b) A ring network





Graph 란?

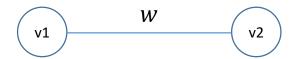
- ▶ 정점(Vertex)과 간선(Edge)으로 이루어진 자료구조
- ▶ 간선의 종류에 따라 그래프 종류가 달라진다
 - Undirected Graph : 간선이 방향 X



● Directed Graph : 간선이 방향을 가리킴

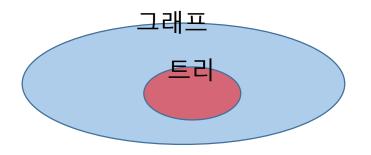


● Weighted Graph : 간선에 가중치가 있음





그래프	트리	
노드와 노드를 연결하는 간선들 의 집합	Cycle이 없는 Connected Graph	
Cycle 존재 가능	Cycle 존재 불가능	
두 정점 사이에 여러 개의 경로 존재 가능	두 정점 사이에 반드시 1개의 경 로 존재	
간선의 수는 그래프에 따라 다름	간선의 수 = 정점의 수 -1	



그래프 ⊃ 트리

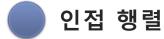


- **Solution** Graph G = (V, E), n = |V|, m = |E|
- **Weighted Graph** G = (V, E, W)
- ▶ Graph의 표현방법(Representation)은 2가지
 - Adjacency Matrix Representation(인접 행렬)
 - ◎ Adjacency List Representation (인접 리스트)

■ no parallel edges ■ no self-loops	Adjacency List	Adjacency Matrix
Space	n+m	n^2
v.incidentEdges()	$\deg(v)$	n
v.isAdjacentTo (w)	$\min(\deg(v), \deg(w))$	1
insertVertex(o)	1	n^2
insertEdge(v, w, o)	1	1
eraseVertex(v)	$\deg(v)$	n^2
eraseEdge(e)	1	1

표현법의 차이점



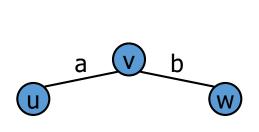


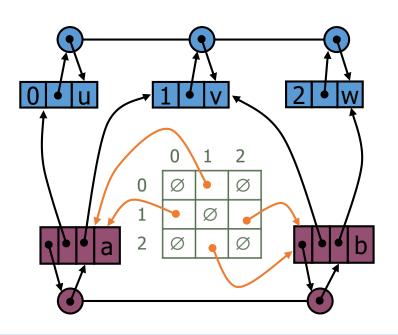
- ightrightarrow 노드 i와 j의 인접(adjacent) 여부를 O(1) 시간에 확인 가능
- ▶ 밀집한(dense) 그래프에서 효율적
- ▶ 구현이 쉽다
- 🥏 인접 리스트
 - ight
 angle 노드 v에 인접한(incident) 간선들의 정보를 O(degree(v)) 시간에 확인 가능
 - ▶ 드문(sparse) 그래프에서 효율적
 - ▶ 구현이 상대적으로 복잡하다



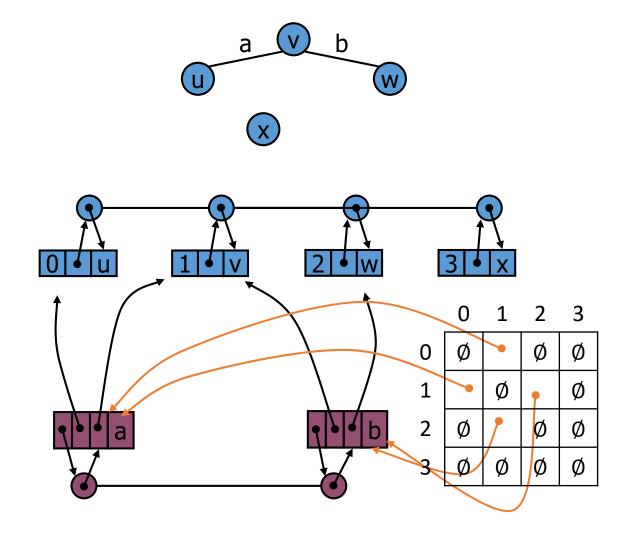


- 인접 행렬 표현법 (Adjacency Matrix Representation)
- ightrightarrow Graph에 대한 인접 행렬은 $|V| \times |V|$ 의 행렬을 사용한다
- ightharpoonup 노드 i와 j사이에 간선이 존재하면 간선의 pointer, 아니면 NULL
- ▶ Weighted Graph일 경우 간선에 weight 값을 저장한다

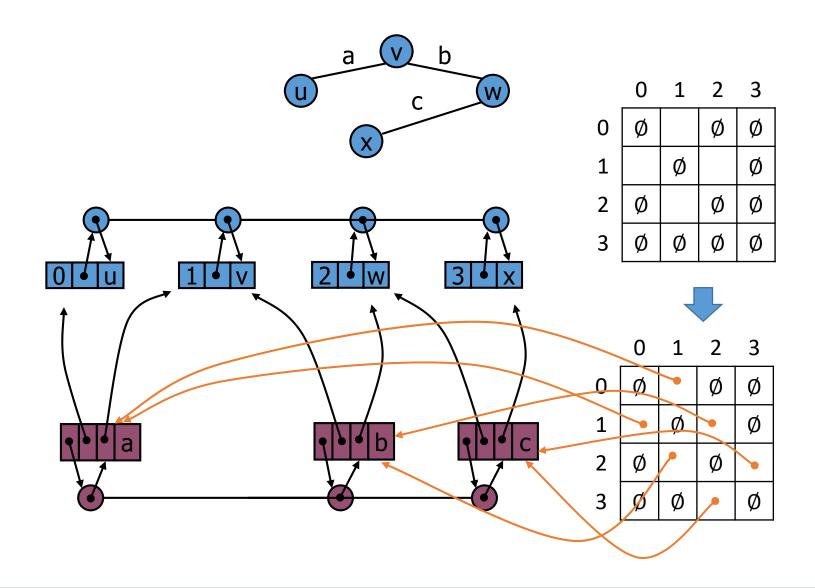












코드(vertex, edge)



```
using namespace std;
 #define MappingSize 501
∃class vertex {
     vertex *prev;
     int degree;
     int data;
     vertex(int data) {
        this->degree = 0;
         this->data = data;
     void increase_degree() {
         this->degree++;
     void decrease_degree() {
         this->degree--;
∃class edge {
     edge* prev;
     vertex* source;
     vertex* destination;
     string data;
     edge(vertex* a, vertex* b,string data) {
         this->source = a;
         this->destination = b;
         this->data = data;
```

코드 (VertexList)

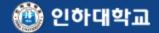
if (this->head == NULL) { head = insertVertex; tail = insertVertex;

```
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class DoublyWertexLinkedList { //vertex로 이루어진 이중연결리스트
public:
   vertex *head;
   vertex *tail:
   DoublyWertexLinkedList() {
       this->head = NULL;
       this->tail = NULL;
   void insert(vertex *insertVertex) {
```

```
tail->next = insertVertex;
       insertVertex->prev = tail;
       tail = insertVertex;
void remove(vertex *delVertex) {
    if (delVertex == head | | delVertex == tail) {
        if (delVertex == head && delVertex != tail) {
            vertex *temp = head;
            head = head->next;
            head->prev = NULL;
           delete temp;
        else if (delVertex == tail && delVertex != head) {
           vertex *temp = tail;
            tail = tail->prev;
            tail->next = NULL;
            delete temp;
        else { head = tail = NULL; }
        delVertex->prev->next = delVertex->next;
        delVertex->next->prev = delVertex->prev;
```

. . .

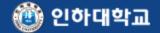
```
class DoublyEdgeLinkedList {
public:
    edge *head;
    edge *tail;
    DoublyEdgeLinkedList() {
        this->head = NULL;
        this->tail = NULL;
    void insert(edge *insertEdge) {
        if (this->head == NULL) {
            head = insertEdge;
            tail = insertEdge;
            tail->next = insertEdge;
           insertEdge->prev = tail;
            tail = insertEdge;
    void remove(edge *delEdge) {
        if (delEdge == head || delEdge == tail) {
            if (delEdge == head && delEdge != tail) {
                edge *temp = head;
                head = head->next;
                head->prev = NULL;
                delete temp;
            else if (delEdge == tail && delEdge != head) {
                edge *temp = tail;
                tail = tail->prev;
                tail->next = NULL;
                delete temp;
            else { head = tail = NULL; }
            delEdge->prev->next = delEdge->next;
            delEdge->next->prev = delEdge->prev;
```



. . .

코드 (Graph)

```
class graph {
                                      //edge정보를 관리하는 matrix
   edge*** edgeMatrix;
                                      //전체 vertex정보를 관리하는 이중연결리스트
   DoublyVertexLinkedList *VertexList;
                                       //전체 edge정보를 관리하는 이중연결리스트
   DoublyEdgeLinkedList *EdgeList:
   int vertexSize;
                                       //그래프에 존재하는 vertex의 개수
   int mappingTable[MappingSize];
                                       // 해당 veretx의 matrix에서 index로 매핑
   graph() {
       this->VertexList = new DoublyVertexLinkedList();
      this->EdgeList = new DoublyEdgeLinkedList();
       this->vertexSize = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < MappingSize; i++)mappingTable[i] = -1;
      this->edgeMatrix = new edge**[1];
      this->edgeMatrix[0] = new edge*[1];
      this->edgeMatrix[0][0] = NULL;
  bool isfindVertex(int n) { // VertexList에서 고유한 번호가 n인 vertex의 존재 유무 검사
      bool flag = false;
      vertex *temp = VertexList->head;
      while (temp != NULL) {
          if (temp->data == n) {
              flag = true;
              break:
          temp = temp->next;
       return flag;
   vertex *findVertex(int n) { // VertexList에서 고유한 번호가 n인
      vertex *temp = VertexList->head; //vertex의 주소 반환
      while (temp != NULL) {
          if (temp->data == n) {
          temp = temp->next;
      return temp;
```



코드 (insertVertex)



```
void insert_vertex(int n) {
                                 // 그래프에 고유한 번호가 n인 vertex 삽입
   if (isfindVertex(n) == true) {
       return:
       edge*** tempMatrix = new edge**[vertexSize + 1]; //정점이 1개 추가될 때마다
       for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize + 1; i++) { //기존 matrix보다 가로, 세로 길이가 1만큼
           tempMatrix[i] = new edge*[vertexSize + 1]; //더 큰 tempmatrix 생성
           for (int j = 0; j < vertexSize + 1; j++) {
              tempMatrix[i][j] = NULL;
       for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize; i++) {
           for (int | = 0; | < vertexSize; |++) {
              tempMatrix[i][j] = this->edgeMatrix[i][j]; //element들 copy
       this->edgeMatrix = tempMatrix;
       vertex* newVertex = new vertex(n);
                                                       //VertexList에 고유번호가 n인 vertex 추가
       VertexList->insert(newVertex);
       this->vertexSize++;
       mappingTable[vertexSize - 1] = n;
                                                       // mappingtable에 vertex 자신이
                                                       //matrix의 어느 index인지 저장
```

코드 (eraseVertex)



```
void erase_vertex(int n) {
                                               // 그래프에 고유한 번호가 n인 vertex 제거
   if (isfindVertex(n) == false || vertexSize == 0) {
       return:
       edge*** tempMatrix = new edge**[vertexSize - 1]; //정점이 1개 삭제될 때마다
       for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize - 1; i++) { //기존 matrix보다 가로, 세로 길이가 1만큼
           tempMatrix[i] = new edge*[vertexSize - 1]; //더 작은 tempmatrix 생성
           for (int j = 0; j < vertexSize - 1; j++) {
              tempMatrix[i][j] = NULL;
       int middleldx = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize; i++) {
          if (mappingTable[i] == n)middleldx = i; //middleidx: 삭제할 vertex의 matrix에서의 인덱스
       for (int i = middleldx; i < vertexSize; i++) { // mappingtable update</pre>
          mappingTable[i] = mappingTable[i + 1];
       for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize; i++) {    //EdgeList에서 고유번호가 n인 vertex와 연결된 모든 edge들 제거
          if (this->edgeMatrix[middleIdx][i] != NULL) {
              EdgeList->remove(this->edgeMatrix[middleIdx][i]);
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < vertexSize; i++) {
                                              //middleidx를 기점으로 element들을 적절히 copy
    for (int j = 0; j < vertexSize; j++) {
       if (i < middleldx && j < middleldx) {</pre>
           tempMatrix[i][j] = this->edgeMatrix[i][j];
       else if (i > middleldx && j > middleldx) {
           tempMatrix[i - 1][j - 1] = this->edgeMatrix[i][j];
       else if (j > middleldx) {
           tempMatrix[i][j - 1] = this->edgeMatrix[i][j];
       else if (i > middleldx) {
           tempMatrix[i - 1][j] = this->edgeMatrix[i][j];
this->edgeMatrix = tempMatrix;
VertexList->remove(findVertex(n));
                                  //VertexList에 고유번호가 n인 vertex 제거
this->vertexSize--:
```

코드(insertEdge)



```
void insert_edge(int indirectSource, int IndirectDestination, string data) { //그래프에 해당 edge 삽입
   if (isfindVertex(indirectSource) == false || isfindVertex(IndirectDestination) == false) {
       cout << -1 << endl;
       return:
   int destination = -1:
   int source = -1:
   for (int i = 0; i <= vertexSize; i++) {
       if (mappingTable[i] == IndirectDestination)destination = i; //indirectSource는 vertex의 고유번호
       if (mappingTable[i] == indirectSource)source = i; //source는 해당 vertex의 matrix에서의 인덱스
       if (source != -1 && destination != -1)break;
   if (edgeMatrix[source][destination] != NULL || edgeMatrix[destination][source] != NULL) {
                                                               //삽입하려고 하는 edge가 이미 존재하는 경우
       cout << -1 << end1;
       return:
   edge* newEdge = new edge(findVertex(indirectSource), findVertex(IndirectDestination), data);
   edgeMatrix[source][destination] = newEdge; //matrix에 해당 edge를 삽입
   edgeMatrix[destination][source] = newEdge;
   findVertex(indirectSource)->increase degree();
   findVertex(IndirectDestination)->increase_degree();
                                                        //EdgeList에 해당 edge를 삽입
   EdgeList->insert(newEdge);
```

코드(eraseEdge)



```
void erase_edge(int indirectSource, int IndirectDestination) { //그래프에 해당 edge 제거
    int destination = -1:
   int source = -1:
    for (int i = 0; i <= vertexSize; i++) {
       if (mappingTable[i] == IndirectDestination)destination = i;
       if (mappingTable[i] == indirectSource)source = i;
       if (source != -1 && destination != -1)break;
    if (edgeMatrix[source][destination] == NULL || edgeMatrix[destination][source] == NULL) {
       return; //제거하려고 하는 edge가 이미 존재하지 않는 경우
    findVertex(indirectSource)->decrease_degree();
    findVertex(IndirectDestination)->decrease_degree();
   edge *delEdge = edgeMatrix[source][destination];
   EdgeList->remove(delEdge);
                                                 //EdgeList에서 해당 edge를 제거
   edgeMatrix[source][destination] = NULL;
                                                //matrix에서 해당 edge를 제거
   edgeMatrix[destination][source] = NULL;
```

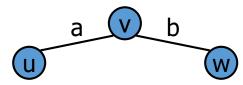
인접리스트 표현법



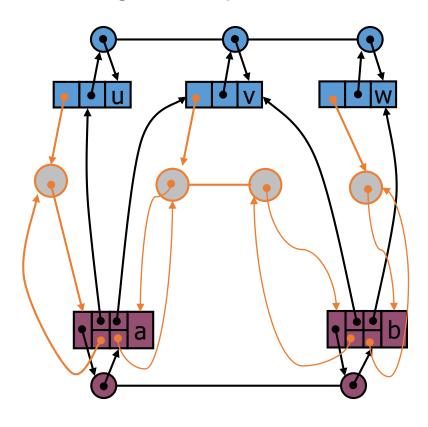


인접 리스트 표현법 (Adjacency List Representation)

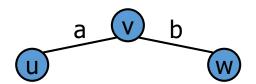
▶ 임의의 노드 i 에 대하여 인접한(incident) 간선 또는 인접한(adjacent)정점들에 직접적인 접근 지원

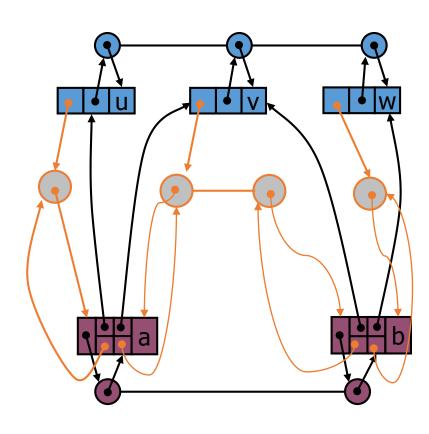


▶ Weighted Graph일 경우 간선에 weight 값을 저장

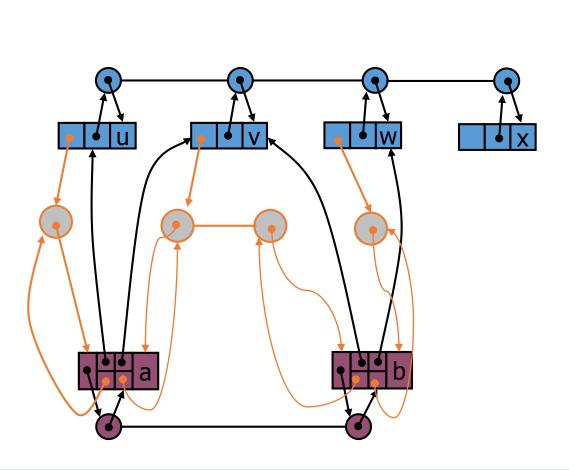


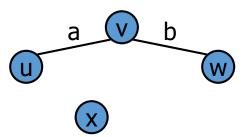




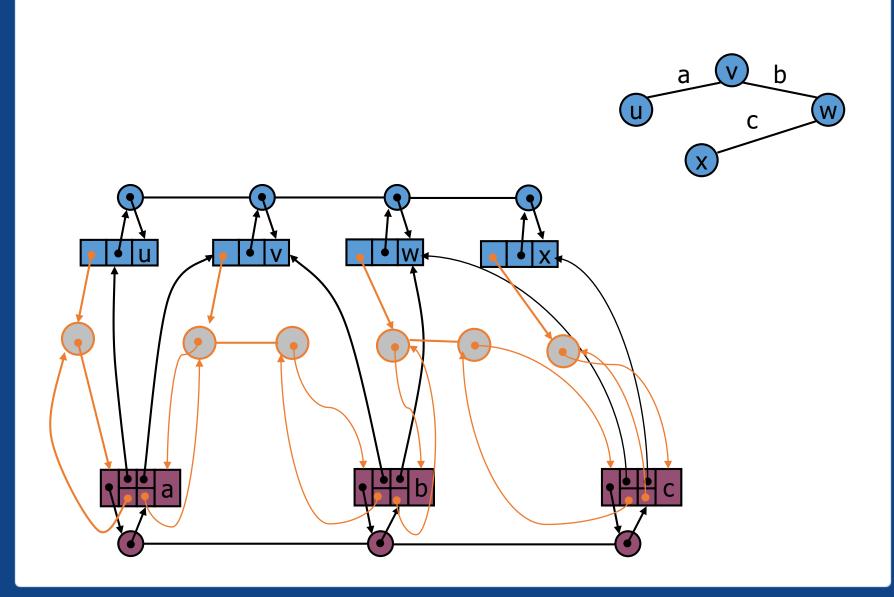
















```
|#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;
class DoublyEdgeLinkedList;
|class vertex {
public:
    DoublyEdgeLinkedList *incidentEdgeList;
    int degree;
    int data;
    vertex *prev;
    vertex *next;
    vertex(int data);
    void increase_degree() {
        this->degree++;
    void decrease_degree() {
        this->degree--;
```





```
class edge {
public:
    edge* prev;
    edge* next;
    edge* myselfInFisrtincidentEdge;
    edge* myselfInSecondincidentEdge;
    edge* myselfInTotalEdgeList;
    vertex* source;
    vertex* destination;
    string word;
    edge(vertex* a, vertex* b, string word) {
        this->source = a;
        this->destination = b;
        this->myselfInFisrtincidentEdge = NULL;
        this->myselfInSecondincidentEdge = NULL;
        this->myselfInTotalEdgeList = NULL;
        this->word = word;
```





```
lclass DoublyEdgeLinkedList {
public:
    edge *head;
    edge *tail;
    DoublyEdgeLinkedList() {
        this->head = NULL;
        this->tail = NULL;
    void insert(edge *insertEdge) {
        if (this->head == NULL) {
           head = insertEdge;
           tail = insertEdge;
            tail->next = insertEdge;
            insertEdge->prev = tail:
           tail = insertEdge;
    void remove(edge *delEdge) {
        if (delEdge == head || delEdge == tail) {
            if (delEdge == head && delEdge != tail) {
                edge *temp = head;
               head = head->next;
               head->prev = NULL;
                delete temp;
            else if (delEdge == tail && delEdge != head) {
                edge *temp = tail;
                tail = tail->prev;
               tail->next = NULL;
               delete temp;
            else { head = tail = NULL; }
            delEdge->prev->next = delEdge->next;
            delEdge->next->prev = delEdge->prev;
```



```
20 ...
```

```
vertex::vertex(int_data) {
   this->degree = 0;
   this->data = data;
   this->incidentEdgeList = new DoublyEdgeLinkedList();
class DoublyVertexLinkedList {
public -
   vertex *head;
   vertex *tail:
   DoublyVertexLinkedList() {
       this->head = NULL;
   void insert(vertex *insertVertex) {
       if (this->head == NULL) {
           head = insertVertex;
           tail = insertVertex;
           tail->next = insertVertex;
           insertVertex->prev = tail;
   void remove(vertex *delVertex) {
       if (delVertex == head || delVertex == tail) {
           if (delVertex == head && delVertex != tail) {
               vertex *temp = head;
               head = head->next;
               head->prev = NULL;
               delete temp;
           else if (delVertex == tail && delVertex != head) {
               vertex *temp = tail;
               tail = tail->prev;
               tail->next = NULL;
               delete temp;
           else { head = tail = NULL; }
           delVertex->prev->next = delVertex->next;
           delVertex->next->prev = delVertex->prev;
           delete delVertex;
```





```
class graph {
public:
   DoublyVertexLinkedList* TotalvertexList;
   DoublyEdgeLinkedList* TotaledgeList;
   int vertexSize;
   int maxSize:
   graph() {
       this->vertexSize = 0;
       this->TotalvertexList = new DoublyYertexLinkedList();
       this->TotaledgeList = new DoublyEdgeLinkedList();
    }[
   bool isFindVertex(int data) {
       vertex *tempVertex;
       bool flag = false;
       tempVertex = TotalvertexList->head;
       while (tempVertex != NULL) {
            if (tempVertex->data == data )
               flag = true; break;
            tempVertex = tempVertex->next;
       return flag;
   vertex* findVertex(int data) {
       vertex *tempVertex;
       tempVertex = TotalvertexList->head;
       while (tempVertex != NULL) {
            if (tempVertex->data == data)
               break:
            tempVertex = tempVertex->next;
       return tempVertex;
```





```
bool isFindEdge(int source, int destination) {
    edge* tempEdge;
    bool flag = false;
    tempEdge = TotaledgeList->head;
    while (tempEdge != NULL) {
        if (tempEdge->source->data == source &&tempEdge->destination->data == destination ||
            tempEdge->source->data == destination &&tempEdge->destination->data == source)
            flag = true; break;
        tempEdge = tempEdge->next;
    return flag;
edge* findEdge(int source, int destination) {
    edge* tempEdge;
    tempEdge = TotaledgeList->head;
    while (tempEdge != NULL) {
        if (tempEdge->source->data == source &&tempEdge->destination->data == destination ||
            tempEdge->source->data == destination &&tempEdge->destination->data == source)
            break:
        tempEdge = tempEdge->next;
    return tempEdge;
```





```
void insert_vertex(int n) {
    if (isFindVertex(n) == true)return;
       vertex* newVertex = new vertex(n);
       TotalvertexList->insert(newVertex);
       this->vertexSize++;
void insert edge(int source, int destination.string word) {
    if (isFindVertex(source) == true && isFindVertex(destination) == true) {
       vertex* srcVertex = findVertex(source);
       vertex* dstVertex = findVertex(destination);
       edge* newEdge = new edge(srcVertex, dstVertex,word);
                                                                  //totaledgelist에 추가될 newedge
       TotaledgeList->insert(newEdge);
       edge* tempEdge1=new edge(srcVertex, dstVertex, word);
                                                                  //src.incidentedges 에 추가될 new edge
       edge* tempEdge2 = new edge(srcVertex, dstVertex, word);
       tempEdge1->myselfInTotalEdgeList = newEdge;
       tempEdge2->myselfInTotalEdgeList = newEdge;
       srcVertex->incidentEdgeList->insert(tempEdge1);
       dstVertex->incidentEdgeList->insert(tempEdge2);
       newEdge->myselfInFisrtincidentEdge = tempEdge1;
       newEdge->myselfInSecondincidentEdge = tempEdge2;
       srcVertex->increase degree();
       dstVertex->increase degree();
```





```
void erase_edge(int source, int destination) {
    if (isFindEdge(source, destination)==false)return;
    else {
        edge *delEdge = findEdge(source, destination);
        vertex* srcVertex = findVertex(source);
        vertex* dstVertex = findVertex(destination);
        srcVertex->incidentEdgeList->remove(delEdge->myselfInFisrtincidentEdge);
        dstVertex->incidentEdgeList->remove(delEdge->myselfInSecondincidentEdge);
        srcVertex->decrease_degree();
        dstVertex->decrease_degree();
        TotaledgeList->remove(delEdge);
```



