

Mathematical Modeling and Consulting



Sponsor

Sponsor Name

Final Report

Insurance Redlining

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Abstract

Acknowledgments

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	R^2	\bar{R}^2	F-stat	S.E.E	DW
y_{t-1}	0.90	0.89	200.00	0.04	2.00

Appendix A

Lemmas

Appendix B

Glossary

Ascending node. The point where the satellite crosses through the equatorial plane in a northerly direction.

Earth-centered inertial frame. A frame of reference whose origin is the center of the earth and which does not rotate with respect to inertial space.

Earth-centered rotating frame. A frame of reference whose origin is the center of the earth but which rotates with the earth.

Footprint. The intersection of a visibility cone with the surface of the earth.

Great circle of arc. The shortest path between two points on the surface of the earth.

Groundtrack. The location of the center of a visibility cone footprint on the surface of the earth.

Inclination. The angle between the normal to the orbit plane and the normal to the equatorial plane.

LEO. An orbit with an altitude approximately below 2,000 km.

Molniya orbit. A highly elliptical orbit with an orbital period of half a day.

Projection distance. The distance between the center of the visibility cone footprint and a point of interest projected onto the plane orthogonal to the vector defining the visibility cone center and tangent to the earth surface.

Right ascension of the ascending node. The angle between the unit vector \mathbf{X} and the point where the satellite crosses the ascending node, measured counterclockwise when viewed from the north side of the equatorial plane.

Appendix C

Abbreviations

ECI. Earth-centered inertial frame

ECR. Earth-centered rotating frame

LEO. Low Earth Orbit

RAAN. Right ascension of the ascending node