

EDA Homework 5

Due: Friday, April 2, 5pm.

The files `wine-1.csv`, `wine-2.csv`, and `wine-3.csv` contain information about the chemical properties of some wines and the soils the grapes were grown in. In particular, the first contains the levels of a collection of fermentative volatile compounds in each of the wines, the second contains the levels of a collection of varietal compounds in these same wines, and the third contains information about the type of soil the grape was grown in and its water-holding capacity.

The data are taken from a study of grenache wines from the Rhone Valley [1].

- Using the `recode` function (or any other way you would like), create a variable that describes the water holding capacity of the soil as either $\leq 80\text{mm}$, $90\text{-}140\text{mm}$, or $\geq 200\text{mm}$.
- Using as predictors the fermentative volatile compounds given in `wine-1.csv`, perform LDA so as to separate the three different water-holding capacity groups you just made. Make a biplot of the result and describe what it tells us about the relationship between the water holding capacities of the soil and the fermentative volatile compounds in the resulting wine.
- Using as predictors the varietal compounds in `wine-2.csv`, do the same thing as in the previous part. Make a biplot of the result and describe what it tells us about the relationships among the variables. Which set of predictors is better at separating the different water capacities?

References

- [1] Isabelle Sabon, Gilles de Revel, Yorgos Kotseridis, and Alain Bertrand. "Determination of Volatile Compounds in Grenache Wines in Relation with Different Terroirs in the Rhone Valley," *Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry* 2002 50 (22), 6341-6345. DOI: 10.1021/jf025611k