Layer	Lang	Feature ID	Interpretation	Detection				Fuzzing			
	Lang		-	Acc.	F1	Prec.	Rec.	Acc.	F1	Prec.	Rec.
model.layers.9.mlp			The highlighted tokens are primarily suffixes, verb forms, case markers, and common inflections in Hindi, often marking tense,								1
			aspect, possession, plurality, or grammatical relationships. These								
	Hindi	29761	tokens are essential for sentence structure, meaning, and	0.99	0.99	1.00	0.98	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
			cohesion, frequently appearing at the ends of words or as short								
			connecting elements within sentences.								
model.layers.9.mlp			The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, syllables, or								
			word fragments in Hindi, Sanskrit, and related scripts, often								
			marking grammatical, semantic, or phonetic units within words.								
	*** 11		These include suffixes, prefixes, conjuncts, and root components	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.04			0.60	
	Hindi	69906	that are essential for word formation and meaning, as well as	0.91	0.90	0.98	0.84	0.75	0.79	0.68	0.94
			some full words or names in other Indic and East Asian languages. The activations focus on linguistically significant								
			subword units that contribute to the structure and interpretation								
			of complex words.								
			The highlighted tokens are common Hindi grammatical								
model.layers.9.mlp	Hindi	77447	morphemes, especially verb suffixes and auxiliary verbs such as								
			\"हैं\", \"हैं\", \"था\", and case markers like \"का\", \"की\", \"को\",	0.80	0.75	1.00	0.60	0.81	0.77	1.00	0.62
			\"में\", \"से\", which are essential for sentence structure, tense,								
			and case relationships in Hindi text.								
model.layers.9.mlp	Hindi	94557	The most salient pattern is the frequent activation of single-								
			character Hindi tokens, especially those representing common grammatical particles, case markers, and postpositions such as								
			grammatical particles, case markers, and postpositions such as \"क\", \"स\", \"ह\", \"म\", \"ल\", \"न\", \"द\", \"र\", \"ज\", and								
			\"\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.73	0.63	1.00	0.46	0.78	0.73	0.97	0.58
			and meaning in Hindi, often marking relationships between	0.72	0.02	1.00		01,0	01,0	0.57	
			words, possession, location, agency, and other grammatical								
			functions. Their prominence reflects their central role in the								
			construction and parsing of Hindi sentences.								
model.layers.9.mlp	Hindi	119704	The highlighted tokens are primarily Hindi suffixes, conjuncts,								
			and inflections, especially those involving \"्य\", \"िय\", \"ज़्य\",	0.6	0.40			0.6	0.40	0.00	
			and other matras or half-letters, which are common in forming	0.65	0.48	0.94	0.32	0.65	0.49	0.90	0.34
			nouns, adjectives, and participles, often marking grammatical relationships or word forms in Hindi text.								
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	13080	High activations are found on common Hindi postpositions,	\vdash							
			conjunctions, and grammatical markers such as \"के\", \"से\",								
			\"की\", \"का\", \"में\", \"और\", and similar short tokens, which	0.68	0.53	1.00	0.36	0.63	0.43	0.93	0.28
			function as connectors or case markers in Hindi syntax.								
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	44479	The highlighted tokens are Hindi verb suffixes and auxiliary								
			verbs, especially forms of \"हੈਂ/हैं\" and verb endings like \"ਰ\",	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.90	0.92	0.91	1.00	0.84
			\"ते\", \"तो\", \"तो\", \"ना\",								
model.layers.10.mlp		49310	The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, suffixes, and								
	Hindi		root components in Hindi words, often marking grammatical features such as case, number, gender, tense, or forming	0.68	0.53	1.00		0.75	0.68	0.96	0.52
			compound and derived words. These segments frequently appear				0.36				
			at the end or within words, contributing to word formation,								
			inflection, and meaning in Hindi morphology.								
			The highlighted tokens are Hindi verb endings and auxiliary								
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	61058	verbs that indicate tense, aspect, and agreement, commonly	0.65	0.48	0.94	0.32	0.69	0.58	0.91	0.42
-110 00111mg 010.11 0.111np	111101	01000	appearing at the end of clauses or sentences to mark actions,		3. 10	0.7	3.52	3.07	3.50	0.71	2
			states, or habitual occurrences.	<u> </u>		-	}	-		-	<u> </u>
			The text contains references to the year 1947, the country Pakistan, and related political or administrative terms, often in								1
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	84378	the context of independence or governance, and these patterns	0.52	0.08	1.00	0.04	0.51	0.04	1.00	0.02
			appear across multiple languages and scripts.								
			The highlighted tokens are predominantly parts of place names,								1
			administrative regions, and institutional names across multiple								
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	87650	languages, often marking boundaries between morphemes or	0.47	0.40	0.46	0.36	0.43	0.26	0.37	0.20
			components within proper nouns, especially in geographic or								1
			official contexts.				1		1		<u> </u>
			The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, suffixes, and								1
			root components in Hindi and related scripts, often marking								1
model.layers.10.mlp	Hindi	101033	grammatical roles, inflections, or forming compound words.	0.70	0.57	1.00	0.40	0.68	0.59	0.82	0.46
* *			There is a strong emphasis on function words, affixes, and connectors that are essential for syntactic and semantic structure								1
			1								1
			in the language.					I			1