Layer	Lang	Feature ID	Interpretation	Detection				Fuzzing			
	Lang	reacure 1D	•	Acc.	F1	Prec.	Rec.	Acc.	F1	Prec.	Rec.
model.layers.4.mlp			The highlighted tokens are primarily common Hindi morphemes,								
			suffixes, and function words such as case markers, postpositions,								
	Hindi	37982	pronouns, and verb endings. These elements are essential for grammatical structure and meaning in Hindi sentences, often	0.06	0.06	0.98	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.06	0 02
	Hindi	37962	appearing at word boundaries or as inflections, and are crucial	0.90	0.90	0.98	0.94	0.54	0.94	0.90	0.92
			for parsing and understanding the syntactic and semantic								
			relationships within the text.								
model.layers.4.mlp			The highlighted tokens are primarily single Hindi characters or								
	Hindi	76042	short morphemes that function as grammatical markers, case								
			endings, or parts of compound words, often appearing at word	0.94	0.94	1.00	0.88	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.92
			boundaries or within inflected forms, indicating their importance								
			in the structure and meaning of Hindi sentences.								
model.layers.4.mlp	Hindi	98694	The tokens correspond to Hindi postpositions and case markers, especially \"\op\\", \"\op\\", and \"\op\\", which indicate possession or								
			relation, and are frequently attached to nouns to form genitive	0.69	0.55	1.00	0.38	0.68	0.53	1.00	0.36
			constructions.								
			The highlighted tokens are primarily function words, verb forms,								
model.layers.5.mlp	Hindi	128732	and common morphemes in Hindi, such as case markers,	0.00	0.00	0.96	1 00	0.05	0.05	0.01	1 00
			auxiliary verbs, pronouns, and postpositions, which are essential	0.98	0.98	0.90	1.00	0.93	0.93	0.91	1.00
			for sentence structure and meaning.								
model.layers.7.mlp	Hindi	129521	The highlighted tokens are primarily Hindi morphemes, syllables,								
			or short word fragments that frequently appear as grammatical								
			markers, inflections, or connectors within and between words.	0.69	0.55	1.00	0.38	0.70	0.58	0.96	0.42
			These include common verb endings, case markers, postpositions, and other functional elements that are essential for								
			sentence structure and meaning in Hindi text.								
model.layers.8.mlp	Hindi	13166	The highlighted tokens are suffixes, inflections, or postpositions								
			in Turkish, Hindi, and related languages, often marking								
			grammatical relationships such as possession, case, plurality, or	0.81	0.77	1.00	0.62	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.74
			tense, and are frequently attached to nouns, verbs, or proper								
			names.								
model.layers.8.mlp	Hindi	17924	The highlighted segments are primarily Hindi phrases, words, or								
			morphemes that serve as key grammatical, semantic, or syntactic								
			units within sentences. These include verb forms, noun phrases, postpositions, and connectors that are essential for sentence								
			structure, meaning, or emphasis. The selections often mark	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.98	0.86
			important actions, attributions, or relationships, and frequently								
			appear at clause or sentence boundaries, or as part of idiomatic								
			or functional expressions.								
model.layers.8.mlp model.layers.8.mlp	Hindi		The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, suffixes, and								
			root components in Hindi and related languages, often marking								
		48133	grammatical roles, inflections, or forming compound words,	0.80	0.77	0.90	0.68	0.82	0.83	0.79	0.88
			especially in technical, scientific, or formal contexts. These								
			elements are crucial for word formation and meaning in complex or compound terms.								
	<u> </u>		The highlighted tokens are primarily Hindi morphemes, suffixes,								
			and root words that contribute to grammatical structure, verb								
	Hindi	88795	formation, and meaning, often marking actions, states, or	0.60	0.52	1.00	0.26	0.60	0.52	1.00	0.36
		88/93	relationships within sentences. These tokens are essential for	0.08	0.55	1.00	0.30	0.08	0.55	1.00	0.30
			constructing and understanding the core semantics and syntax of								
			Hindi text.								
			The highlighted tokens are verb forms and auxiliary								
			constructions in Hindi, especially those ending with \"ते हैं\", \"ता है\", \"ती है\", \"ती हुए\", and similar, which are used to								
model.layers.9.mlp	Hindi	12012	indicate habitual actions, ongoing processes, or states of being.	0.64	0.44	1.00	0.28	0.66	0.49	1.00	0.32
			These forms are central to expressing tense, aspect, and								
			agreement in Hindi sentences.								
			The highlighted tokens are primarily Hindi morphemes, suffixes,		l			İ			
			and function words that contribute to grammatical structure,								
model laviore 01	JTL- 11	26002	verb conjugation, and meaning, such as markers for tense,	0.02	0.00	1.00	0.66	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.70
model.layers.9.mlp	Hindi	26002	aspect, possession, negation, and case. These elements are	0.83	0.80	1.00	0.00	0.83	0.81	0.93	0.70
			essential for sentence construction and semantic clarity in Hindi								
			text.		<u> </u>						