



CXBanking

OptiCash/OptiNet 10.0

Installation Guide

Build 1322
January 2023

Copyright and Trademark Information

The products described in this document are copyrighted works of NCR Corporation.

NCR and APTRA are trademarks of NCR Corporation.

Microsoft and Windows are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

[Add/replace trademarks used in the document]

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

It is the policy of NCR Corporation (NCR) to improve products as new technology, components, software, and firmware become available. NCR, therefore, reserves the right to change specifications without prior notice.

All features, functions, and operations described herein may not be marketed by NCR in all parts of the world. In some instances, photographs are of equipment prototypes. Therefore, before using this document, consult with your NCR representative or NCR office for information that is applicable and current.

© 2020 NCR Corporation

Atlanta

Georgia

USA

www.ncr.com

All Rights Reserved

Revision Record

Date	Page No.	Description of Change
February	All	Formatting Changes

Contents

Copyright and Trademark Information	2
Revision Record.....	3
Contents.....	4
Preface	11
Document conventions.....	11
Typographical conventions.....	11
Admonition conventions.....	11
1 Introduction.....	12
2 Application Distribution.....	13
2.1 Application Component Checklist	13
3 Oracle Setup.....	14
3.1 Configuration	14
3.2 Tablespaces.....	14
3.3 Schema User	15
3.4 Schema Definition	15
4 SQL Server Setup	17
4.1 Configuration	17
4.2 Schema User	17
4.3 Schema Definition	17
5 JDK.....	18
5.1 Deployment Scenarios.....	18
5.1.1 Single Application / Database Server Scenario	18
5.1.2 Single Application & Batch, Split Database Servers Scenario.....	18
5.1.3 Split Application / Batch / Database Servers Scenario	18
5.2 All Scenarios - Setting the JAVA_HOME Environment Variable.....	18
6 Application Server.....	20
6.1 General	20
6.2 DSN / JDBC JNDI Configuration Within the Application Server.....	20
6.3 J2EE Security.....	20
6.4 Shared Libraries.....	21
7 OptiCash Deployment (Application Server).....	22
7.1 WAR File Deployment.....	22
8 OptiCash Deployment (Using WebLogic Server)	23
8.1 WAR File Deployment.....	23

9	OptiCash System Configuration	24
10	OptiCash Licensing.....	38
11	OptiCash Customization.....	39
11.1	Making Changes to the Language File.....	39
11.2	Audit Settings.....	40
11.3	Making Changes to the Styles and Logos	50
11.4	Setting Custom Order Fields	50
11.5	Setup OptiTransport.....	51
12	OptiNet Deployment (Application Server).....	53
12.1	WAR File Deployment	53
13	OptiNet System Configuration	54
14	OptiNet Licensing.....	58
15	OptiNet Customization.....	59
15.1	Making Changes to the Language File.....	59
15.2	Images	60
15.3	Style Sheet.....	61
15.4	Audit Settings.....	62
15.5	Decimal Display in OptiNet.....	64
16	Batch Processes.....	65
16.1	Ant Based Execution of Batch	66
16.1.1	General Parameters.....	66
16.2	Calculate Data Health Indicator	67
16.2.1	Properties.....	67
16.2.2	Syntax.....	67
16.3	Cost Calculation.....	67
16.3.1	Properties.....	67
16.3.2	Syntax.....	67
16.4	Load ACL.....	68
16.4.1	Properties.....	68
16.4.2	Syntax.....	68
16.5	Load Balance ATMs.....	68
16.5.1	Properties.....	69
16.5.2	Syntax.....	69
16.6	Load ATM Residuals.....	69
16.6.1	Properties	69
16.6.2	Syntax.....	70
16.7	Load Balance Branches	70

16.7.1	Properties	70
16.7.2	Syntax.....	70
16.8	Load Branch Withdrawals & Deposits.....	71
16.8.1	Properties	71
16.8.2	Syntax.....	71
16.9	APTRA Vision Hourly ATM data feed	71
16.9.1	Properties	71
16.9.2	Syntax.....	72
16.10	Load Downtime.....	72
16.10.1	Properties.....	72
16.10.2	Syntax	72
16.11	Load Orders.....	72
16.11.1	Properties.....	72
16.11.2	Syntax	73
16.12	Load Cashpoints (Enhanced).....	73
16.12.1	Properties.....	73
16.12.2	Syntax	73
16.13	Load Commercial Cashpoints Definition	74
16.13.1	Properties.....	74
16.13.2	Syntax	74
16.14	Load Commercial Orders	74
16.14.1	Properties.....	74
16.14.2	Syntax	74
16.15	Load Currencies	75
16.15.1	Properties.....	75
16.15.2	Syntax	75
16.16	Load Denominations.....	75
16.16.1	Properties.....	75
16.16.2	Syntax	75
16.17	Extend Event Dates.....	75
16.17.1	Properties.....	76
16.17.2	Syntax	76
16.18	Load Event Definitions	76
16.18.1	Properties.....	76
16.18.2	Syntax	76
16.19	Load Calendar Definitions.....	76
16.19.1	Properties.....	76
16.19.2	Syntax	76
16.20	Output Cashpoint Definitions	77

16.20.1	Properties.....	77
16.20.2	Syntax	77
16.21	Output Orders.....	77
16.21.1	Properties.....	77
16.21.2	Syntax	77
16.22	Pre-emptive Alerts	78
16.22.1	Properties.....	78
16.22.2	Syntax	78
16.23	Recommendations Output.....	78
16.23.1	Properties.....	78
16.23.2	Syntax	79
16.24	Run Recommendations	79
16.24.1	Properties.....	79
16.24.2	Syntax	79
16.25	Run Recommendations OptiTransport.....	79
16.25.1	Properties.....	79
16.25.2	Syntax	79
16.26	Run Forecast.....	79
16.26.1	Properties.....	79
16.26.2	Syntax	80
16.27	Run Virtual Analyst Forecast	80
16.27.1	Properties.....	80
16.27.2	Syntax	81
16.28	Run Dynamic Forecast	81
16.28.1	Properties.....	81
16.28.2	Syntax	82
16.29	ATM Horizon Output	82
16.29.1	Properties.....	82
16.29.2	Syntax	82
16.30	Branch Horizon Output.....	82
16.30.1	Properties.....	82
16.30.2	Syntax	82
16.31	Projected Costs Output.....	82
16.31.1	Properties.....	82
16.31.2	Syntax	83
16.32	Target Balance Creation	83
16.32.1	Properties.....	83
16.32.2	Syntax	83
16.33	Depot Release	83

16.33.1	Properties.....	83
16.33.2	Syntax	84
16.34	Service Day Generator	84
16.34.1	Properties.....	84
16.34.2	Syntax	84
16.35	Intraday Data Purge	84
16.35.1	Properties.....	85
16.35.2	Syntax	85
16.36	Rename/Copy Cashpoints	85
16.36.1	Properties.....	85
16.36.2	Syntax	85
16.37	Exclude History	85
16.37.1	Properties.....	86
16.37.2	Syntax	86
16.38	Virtual Analyst Exclusion.....	86
16.38.1	Properties.....	86
16.38.2	Syntax	86
16.39	Purge Downtime Data.....	86
16.39.1	Properties.....	86
16.39.2	Syntax	86
16.40	Purge Application File Data	87
16.40.1	Properties.....	87
16.40.2	Syntax	87
16.41	Purge Depot Release.....	87
16.41.1	Properties.....	87
16.41.2	Syntax	87
16.42	Purge Messages	87
16.42.1	Properties.....	87
16.42.2	Syntax	87
16.43	Purge Audit Records.....	88
16.43.1	Properties.....	88
16.43.2	Syntax	88
16.44	Purge Cashpoint Costs	88
16.44.1	Properties.....	88
16.44.2	Syntax	88
16.45	Purge Calendar Events.....	88
16.45.1	Properties.....	88
16.45.2	Syntax	88
16.46	Purge Service Exceptions.....	88

16.46.1	Properties.....	89
16.46.2	Syntax	89
16.47	Purge Forecast Adjustment.....	89
16.47.1	Properties.....	89
16.47.2	Syntax	89
16.48	Purge Recommendations	89
16.48.1	Properties.....	89
16.48.2	Syntax	89
16.49	Purge Alerts	89
16.49.1	Properties.....	90
16.49.2	Syntax	90
16.50	Purge History.....	90
16.50.1	Properties.....	90
16.50.2	Syntax	90
16.51	Purge Commercial Orders.....	90
16.51.1	Properties.....	90
16.51.2	Syntax	90
16.52	Purge Orders	90
16.52.1	Properties.....	90
16.52.2	Syntax	91
16.53	Load Cashpoint Locations	91
16.53.1	Properties.....	91
16.53.2	Syntax	91
16.54	Load Route Definitions	91
16.54.1	Properties.....	91
16.54.2	Syntax	91
16.55	Load Cashpoint Route Assignments	91
16.55.1	Properties.....	92
16.55.2	Syntax	92
16.56	Custom Output	92
16.56.1	Ant.....	92
16.56.2	General Custom Output Organization.....	92
16.56.3	“Sample” Custom Output.....	93
16.57	Custom Input.....	93
16.57.1	Properties.....	94
16.57.2	Syntax	94
16.58	Executing Custom Batch from the OptiCash User Interface	94
17	File Maintenance.....	96

18 Redeploying the Database Schema 97

19 Preventing Access to System Maintenance 98

20 Tomcat Configuration Recommendations for OptiCash..... 99

20.1 Additional Dependencies for OptiCash/OptiNet in Tomcat99

20.1.1 Tomcat 799

Tomcat 8..... 100

20.1.2 Tomcat 9 101

21 IMPORTANT NOTE 102

22 EPSS Integration 103

Preface

Document conventions

Typographical conventions

The following typographical conventions are used:

Table 1: Typographical conventions

Style	Indicating
Bold	An option that you can select, for example, Insert > Bookmark
<i>BoldItalic</i>	Emphasis, for example, "This partition <i>must not</i> be modified." A physical key, for example, <i>Shift+F9</i>
Code	Text displayed on-screen Commands or data entered by the user Code text and examples
Hyperlink	Links to Internet sites Internal cross-references
<i>Italic</i>	The first reference to a keyword The title of a publication, for example, <i>Product Overview</i> A file or folder name, for example, <i>C:\Program Files\NCR</i>

Admonition conventions

Notes and cautions alert you to important or critical information. Each is displayed in a different way:

Note: Notes contain information that has special importance, to which the reader should pay close attention, or tips with useful advice for the user on tasks or procedures.


 **Caution:** Cautions alert you to procedures or conditions that could damage equipment or data.

Table 2: Admonition conventions

Notes and cautions in tables	
Note: Notes contain information that has special importance.	Caution: Cautions alert you to procedures or conditions that could damage equipment or data.

1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide basic installation instructions for the installation of the **OptiCash** and **OptiNet** applications. The particular architecture and environment of the installation may require additional configuration.

Although, the installation media provides components for both Windows and UNIX, this document will provide samples and syntax based on the Windows operating system. The main modification for UNIX will be the file path name syntax.

Note: The clients who are installing OptiCash only (without OptiNet) can ignore all steps related to OptiNet.

The recommended process for installation :

1. Oracle Database Configuration (It is the responsibility of the client to ensure the database is installed and running correctly PRIOR to on-site product installation.)
2. Application and Web Server Configuration (It is the responsibility of the client to ensure the application & web servers are running correctly and readily accessible PRIOR to on-site product installation).
3. Create New User in Oracle
4. Create New Schema in Oracle (NCR Cash Management provides an Oracle dump and/or data-pump file)
5. Deploy OptiCash WAR file
6. Deploy OptiNet WAR file
7. Batch Process Setup
8. Send license information to NCR Cash Management for License Generation

As of version 9.14.1317, MS SQL Server 2019 may be used instead of Oracle if you are using OptiCash only. OptiNet does not support SQL Server at this time. Examples in this document will primarily refer to the Oracle scenario.

OptiSuite requires **JDK version 8**. Most Application Servers already come with the required JDK (e.g. IBM WebSphere, Apache Tomcat).

A clear understanding of Oracle and Application Server technology is required on the part of the user performing the installation.

2 Application Distribution

2.1 Application Component Checklist

Depending upon the client environment, the Application Server and Database Server could reside on the same physical machine or different machines. The exact nature of this configuration should be agreed upon prior to installation. It is required that JDBC access is available between the Application Server and Database Server (as defined by the JDBC URL, which typically runs through port 1521).

In a split-server example, the Application Server (e.g. IBM WebSphere or Apache Tomcat) would house the Web Components (e.g. OptiCash WAR file) on one machine, and a different machine will house the database components.

The following are the required components for the installation:

- **Oracle 12.2 or 19c or MS SQL Server 2019 and the latest patches relevant to the applicable O/S:** It is the responsibility of the client to ensure the Oracle database is running correctly and readily accessible PRIOR to the on-site installation.
- **OptiCash Schema:** NCR Cash Management will provide the Oracle schema dump (with PAR Files) or a data-pump file for installation.
- **OptiCash Schema DDL:** NCR Cash Management will provide the database structure command SQL file for all required tables, views, and constraints.
- **Java Application servers, such as IBM WebSphere or Apache Tomcat:** It is the responsibility of the client to ensure the Application Server is running correctly and readily accessible PRIOR to the on-site installation.

Note: JDK version 8 is supported and will likely be included with the Application Server.

- **OptiCash WAR File:** NCR Cash Management will provide the file for deployment.
- **OptiNet WAR File:** NCR Cash Management will provide the file for deployment.
- **License File:** NCR Cash Management will provide a license SQL file based on the client's **OptiCash.log** and **OptiNet.log**

3 Oracle Setup

Note: It is the client's responsibility to have the database installed and running correctly and readily accessible PRIOR to the on-site installation performed by NCR Corporation.

Additionally, it is the client's responsibility to prepare and agree with NCR Cash Management on the information contained within the Hardware/Software Environment readiness (separate documentation) prior to the on-site installation. This document, along with the Technical Overview document, shall serve as a basis for architectural consideration.

These instructions primarily refer to the Oracle scenario. If using SQL Server instead, similar advice may apply.

3.1 Configuration

1. Verify the Oracle memory settings are correctly defined and do not fall below the minimum memory requirements necessary for running OptiSuite (refer to the Oracle Installation document for more information on minimum memory requirements). kindly, coordinate with Oracle System Administrator to ensure that memory settings also take into consideration other databases used by the bank in the Oracle environment.
2. The application's queries use many joins in the SQL statements. These joins usually exceed the default **sort_area_size**. Change the Oracle **sort_area_size** from 524288 to at least 1524288 on both the Running and SPFile pages (check on the radio button within the **"Memory"** tab of the Oracle DB Management Console). The **sort_area_size** must be changed in both the Running and SPFile tabs for enough memory to be allocated for some of the larger SQL queries. When it is only changed in the Running tab, it will reset back to the default whenever the database is restarted.

3.2 Tablespaces

The following assumes steps are being performed in the Oracle DB Management Console. Similar actions may ofcourse be performed with the tool and interface per DBA choice.

It is recommended that the Tables and Indexes/Constraints be separated into different tablespaces. If you already have your tablespaces available, you may continue to the next section.

1. From the **Oracle Enterprise Manager Console**, click on the **Object Menu** and **select Create**.

2. Select **Tablespace** and click on the **Create** button.
3. The next window allows you to specify the table space. The following table space names are recommended: **OPTICASH_DAT** for data, and **OPTICASH_IDX** for the indexes.
4. Type in the desired tablespace name and data file details. In the **"Size"** column, enter the anticipated size of your data. This will depend upon the number of cashpoints, etc., but a minimum of 5GB is recommended for both the data and index table spaces.

Note: The OptiCash Schema Definition Script (DDL) will have tables and constraints defined such that:

1. Tables, Foreign Keys, and Views are defined in the Schema User's default tablespace. (e.g. OPTICASH_DAT).
2. Primary Keys and Indexes are defined in the OPTICASH_IDX tablespace.

You may modify the DDL prior to execution of the DDL as needed (e.g., changing the index tablespace, etc.).

3.3 Schema User

1. Choose a name similar to the schema you want to create, e.g., OptiCash, your institution name, etc. Make sure to select the appropriate Default Tablespace for the user. This would typically be the **OPTICASH_DAT** tablespace.
2. Select **"Connect"** and **"Resource"** from the Role list for the user. The user will need these roles to connect to the database and access database functions.
3. Select **"UNLIMITED_TABLESPACE"** from the System Privileges list for the user. If you are using this user to execute the DDL, you will also need the **"CREATE VIEW"** privilege.

3.4 Schema Definition

The following files may be used to create a new schema based on the new user created in the previous step:

- Oracle Schema Data Dump as provided by NCR Cash Management.
 - e.g., <client name>.dmp
- Minimum of 2 DDL scripts to define tables, indexes, and default data records.
 - e.g.: Master_Schema_Relational_Migration_Script_build<build_number>.sql

NCR Cash Management will provide these files to the client. Make sure to save these files in the same directory.

You have two options to create the data schema:

1. Run a data pump import, which will load the contents of the provided data pump into the target tablespaces and schema name. While this is the fastest way to import data, most clients do not permit this for initial schema load, and instead, choose option 2 below (common DBA practice).

or:

2. Run the provided DDL SQL files.
 - a. User will first need to create the schema objects, per the **Master_Schema*.sql** script. This script can be modified as needed to reflect the desired tablespaces, etc.
 - b. Once completed, verify that there were no errors in the process, and the appropriate objects are created within the user schema for the appropriate Tablespaces. (You may do this from the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console or your DBA tool of choice.)

It is strongly recommended to analyze the tables and indexes for the newly imported data immediately after import.

4 SQL Server Setup

4.1 Configuration

Verify the SQL Server memory settings are correctly defined and do not fall below the minimum memory requirements necessary for running OptiSuite (refer to SQL Server Installation document for more information on minimum memory requirements). kindly coordinate with System Administrator to ensure that memory settings also take into consideration with other databases used by the bank in the SQL Server environment test

4.2 Schema User

1. Choose a name similar to the schema you want to create, e.g. OptiCash, your institution name, etc. and password accordingly in the General tab
2. Select **“public”** and **“dbcreator”** from the Role list for the user. The user will need these roles to connect to the database and access database functions.
3. Select the respective database in the user mapping tab for that particular user. Select **Grant permission** to connect to the database engine and login enabled in the Status tab.

4.3 Schema Definition

The following files may be used to create a new schema base on the new user created in the previous step:

- Minimum of 2 DDL scripts to define tables, indexes, and default data records.
 - e.g.: sqlserver-schema/data.sql

NCR Cash Management will provide these files to the client. Make sure to save these files in the same directory.

You have two options to create the data schema:

1. Run the provided DDL SQL files.
 - a. You will first need to create the schema objects, per the **sqlserver-schema.sql** script. This script can be modified as needed to reflect the desired tables etc.
 - b. Once completed, verify that there were no errors in the process, and the appropriate objects are created within the user schema followed by running the sqlserver-data.sql script to add default data records to the created tables.

It is strongly recommended to analyze the tables and indexes for the newly imported data immediately after import.

5 JDK

Most Application Servers (e.g., WebSphere, Tomcat) already come with the JDK required for running the application server. The OptiCash application requires version 8 JDK.

Note: The Runtime equivalent (JRE) is not sufficient since runtime compiling is required by the web application.

This document does not detail the installation of the JDK for a batch server, or database server nor the installation of the Application Server, since these are identified as a client's direct responsibility.

The following provides a brief overview of specific scenarios that might be used:

5.1 Deployment Scenarios

5.1.1 Single Application / Database Server Scenario

The critical thing in this scenario is simply to ensure an appropriate Application Server & Database have been installed on the machine and are ready for use.

5.1.2 Single Application & Batch, Split Database Servers Scenario

In some client installations, the Application Server (e.g., WebSphere) also runs any batch jobs. But the Database Server resides on a different machine. In this example, WebSphere will house the Web Component (e.g., OptiCash WAR file) and batch scheduling on one machine and another machine would house the database.

5.1.3 Split Application / Batch / Database Servers Scenario

In many client installations, the Application Server (e.g., WebSphere), Batch Server, and Database Server reside on different machines. In this example, WebSphere will house the Web Component (e.g., OptiCash WAR file) on one machine, another machine would house the batch jobs, and another machine would house the database.

The JDK will still need to be installed on the Batch Server.

Note: The entire Application Server need not be installed on the batch machine, only the JDK is required. This can be important to clients looking to reduce 3rd party Application Server licensing on two servers.

5.2 All Scenarios - Setting the JAVA_HOME Environment Variable

Once the JDK is installed, create a WINDOWS ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE for **JAVA_HOME** that corresponds to the location of the JDK.

e.g. Open up the **Control Panel > System, "Advanced"** tab. Choose **"Environment Variables"**. Add a **"System Variable"** for:

- Variable Name : JAVA_HOME
- Variable Value : e.v. c:\jdk1.8 (or the appropriate location of the JDK).

This will allow the system execution of the OptiCash Batch job Services, which will be installed later. If you are running on another Operating System, you will need to follow similar steps, but with the **"setenv"** command instead (assuming UNIX).

6 Application Server

6.1 General

Note: It is the responsibility of the client to ensure the Application Server is running correctly and readily accessible PRIOR to the on-site installation to be performed by NCR Cash Management.

Additionally, the Application Server should be installed in a directory structure without spaces, e.g., C:\IBM\WebSphere.

It is also strongly recommended that the application server be deployed in the root directory (or close to the root directory).

6.2 DSN / JDBC JNDI Configuration Within the Application Server

OptiCash and OptiNet support defining the JDBC data source within the Application Server. This permits the user to define JDBC connection information (jdbc url, schema name, password, etc.) outside of the OptiCash and **OptiNet *.properties** files.

A simpler, alternative method for connecting to the database is to use the **“JDBC Driver Manager Direct Connection Information”** connection method from the OptiCash / OptiNet maintenance site. That method entails explicitly typing the JDBC URL, schema username, etc., directly into the OptiCash and OptiNet Setup pages.

Note: This explicit method is required for batch servers and processing since those processes execute outside of the Application Server.

OptiCash / OptiNet need only the thin database client driver. The end configuration of JNDI within the Application Server is the responsibility of the client.

Further training and step-by-step documentation on this topic and IT configuration are available from NCR Cash Management Consulting Services, for additional commercial consideration.

6.3 J2EE Security

A default policy file is provided for defining the WebSphere J2EE security settings (if that is enabled in your environment). Further configuration of this file is permissible, but any edits and verification of impact to OptiSuite are the responsibility of the client.

6.4 Shared Libraries

OptiSuite supports the use of shared libraries for application read-only access to the configuration property files (opticash.properties, optinet.properties, quartz.properties, and log4j.properties). It is the responsibility of the client to configure this option if it is so desired.

Further training and step-by-step documentation on this topic and IT configuration are available from NCR Cash Management Consulting Services, for additional commercial consideration.

7 OptiCash Deployment (Application Server)

7.1 WAR File Deployment

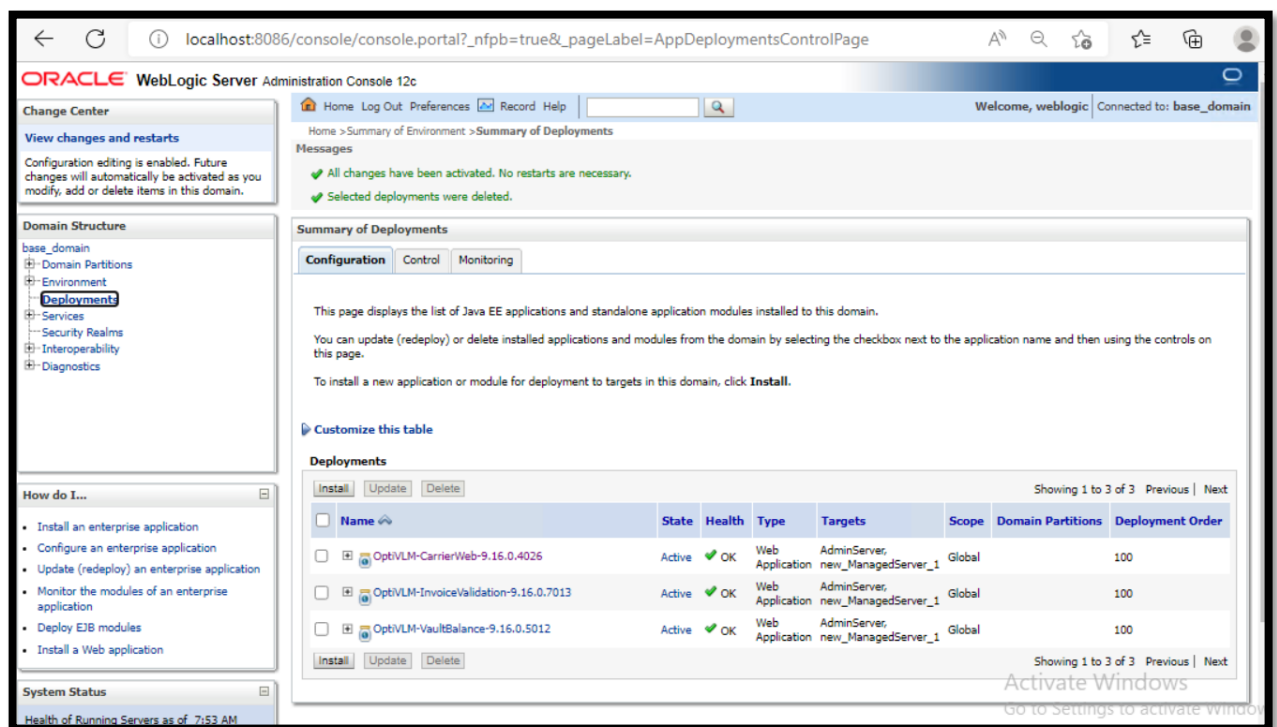
1. WAR files are readily deployable web-application containers, complete with supporting jars. Recommendation and forecast engines are also inside the WAR file.
2. The default deployment of OptiCash will typically be to a web application and URL called "opticash". Many Application Servers (WebSphere, etc.) provide an application assembly tool to allow you to change the default context prior to deployment. Refer to the specifics of your Application Server for this.
3. The precise deployment technique for the installation WAR file depends on the Application Server chosen, e.g., WebSphere, Tomcat, etc.
 - a. If you are deploying on WebSphere, it is strongly recommended to enable the option **"Show me all installation options and parameters"** for deployment, unless you are already comfortable using a custom OptiCash deployment script specific to your institution.
4. OptiCash contains security roles within the WAR file (the web.xml file), which permit you to match authenticated users to application access. These roles are:
 - a. **NormalRole** (conventional cash analyst who logs into OptiCash)
 - b. **MaintenanceRole** (typically an App Server or IT administrator who configures the application with the JDBC access, input/output directories, log directories, etc.). This user would access the sub maint/ URL and associated pages.
5. You may choose to give any user access to these URLs of the application, and if so, simply enable the applicable options in accordance with your application server.
 - a. **Example:** In the case of WebSphere, this is handled in the **"Map security roles to users or groups"** step of WAR deployment, where you can Look Up Users or Groups based on your applicable access directory plug-in. You can also grant these two roles to **"Everyone"**.
6. If applicable, make sure to save the configuration post-deployment.
7. If applicable, make sure you regenerate the plug-in configuration for proper communication between the Web Server and the Application Server.

8 OptiCash Deployment (Using WebLogic Server)

8.1 WAR File Deployment

- After logging in to the WebLogic console using valid credentials which were set at the time of installation in the left side pane under **Domain structure** click on **Deployments**
- Click on the **Install** button under the **Configuration** tab an **Install Application Assistant** will be displayed using this the required .war file can be imported into WebLogic
- Select the installation type as the **application** and click on the next page of Install Application Assistant
- Select the available target types like admin server and managed servers if any depending on the requirement i.e., in how many servers the application should be deployed
- Click on the **Finish** button to finish the setup, WebLogic will automatically display the deployed application in the dashboard with the status of the deployment like active for successful and errors if the deployment failed

Below is the dashboard view of WebLogic



9 OptiCash System Configuration

After the WAR file is deployed following the instructions in the previous steps, the following will indicate additional configurations that need to be defined.

1. Update the **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes/log4j.properties** file to point the opticash.log to the desired location.

Log4J is a Java logging utility that logs the usage activity in the application.

Note: This should be the full path to the log file.

- a. There are two provided methods for logging in to the **log4j.properties** file:
- b. logging to the standard out file known as the Console Appender or CON, and
- c. logging to a separate log file known as a Rolling File Appender or ROL.
- d. Typically, most installations will use the second option (OptiCash logging to a separate log file as opposed to the application server default out log). The first option is the default, which results in a standard log4j.properties file that can be run “out-of-the-box” by logging into the standard out. The default is for WARN (warning-level) logging to the standard out of the JVM. Typically, this would be the default application server (e.g. WebSphere) log file. The second option is for logging into a separate log file.

Note: This file and directory must exist and be accessible for writing from the application. The default logging level for ROL is DEBUG (warning-level). You can use either or both options, although it is recommended to use the second option (ROL) to have a separate log file for OptiCash not muddled with other Application Server messages.

- e. Merely comment out the appropriate fields as desired with a preceding hash (#) symbol to comment out a line.

Note: The file name and full path to the log file should be used, assuming a ROL log file.

- f. Open the **<application-path>/WEB-INF/Log4j.properties** file and edit the logs path to point to an available logs directory. (by default)
log4j.appender.ROL=C:\\Logs\\OptiCash.log

Note: Each time changes are made to any of the property files user need to restart OptiCash within the Application Server so that the changes are applied. (Reconfigure the plug-in, as well, between your App Server and Web Server, if necessary.)

2. Browse to http://<server_address>:<port>/maint/setup.jsp (assuming the default settings were not changed). Select the **“System Setup”** link and use the resulting page in the following steps. If the UI page is not available, contact NCR Cash Management Support about how to set the same via other methods.

3. The JNDI Context and Name should be filled in with the applicable JNDI information. If you are NOT using JNDI, then make sure these fields are left empty.
4. The 'Driver Class' field should be left as it is. The connection URL should indicate the following:
jdbc:oracle:thin@<server_name>:1521:<oracle_db_name>
Example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@mirage:1521:devmgr
5. Parameter names should indicate '**user**' and '**password**'. Do not add parameters unless you are an expert JDBC configuration user.
6. For the "**VALUES**" text boxes only, indicate the user name and password as in the schema created for the OptiCash database.
7. Choose an appropriate Authentication Method. Clicking the Authentication Method will pre-populate the Authenticator class and parameters fields.

Note: Since OptiCash and OptiNet provide the ability to customize your authentication, these fields can be overridden based on your custom settings.

Options:

Authentication Method	Description
Basic	This is a simple authentication method where the password is the user name. This method should never be used in production.
Remote User	This authentication method accepts the " remote_user " header variable from the HTTP request. This is the recommended production method.
Header Variable	This authentication method accepts a specified header variable, to be defined in the Authentication Parameters field, from the HTTP request.
WebSeal	This authentication method accepts the " iv_user " header variable from the HTTP request.
Legacy Internal	<p>This authentication method, provided for compatibility with earlier releases, accepts a username and password from an HTML form and verifies them against the database.</p> <p>Note: if the "exuser" column is blank or null for an authenticated user, this class will copy the "username" column into it. Otherwise, it works exactly like the "Internal" authentication in the previous versions. Also, because it uses the OptiCash database and database classes, it is not part of OptiCore. Instead, it is part of OptiCash itself. Variations of it must be produced for the other products.</p> <p>It is not recommended to use this authentication method in production.</p>
Legacy Custom	This authentication method is provided for compatibility with earlier releases and expects a legacy CustomAuthenticator subclass as its parameter. Once configured that way, it works exactly like the " Custom " authentication in previous versions. Also, because it uses OptiCash classes, it is not part of

	<p>OptiCore. Instead, it is part of OptiCash itself. Variations of it must be produced for the other products. It is not recommended to use this method for new installations.</p>
Microsoft AD Authentication	<p>Microsoft ActiveDirectory Authentication. This method requires Authenticator Parameters in the following format:</p> <pre>FACTORY{LDAPfactory};PROVIDER{myURL};METHOD{value};DOMAIN{myDomain};DN{value}</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>FACTORY{com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory};PROVIDER{ldap://server1:389};METHOD{simple};DOMAIN{home.myinstitution.com};DN{DC=home,DC=myinstitution,DC=com}</pre> <p>This method uses LDAP to authenticate with an existing Microsoft ActiveDirectory installation. It is assumed that that installation will accept credentials in the form "username@domain" where the username is supplied by the user, and the domain is the parameter configured here. The other Authenticator Parameters are used to create the context.</p> <p>Note: When using Microsoft AD Authentication, users will likely have to be created with the External Auth. User field in this format:</p> <pre>//LDAP/username@domain</pre>
File Authorizer	<p>FileAuthorizer is a simple external authentication method where the "external" part is a file. The sample file can be found in <OptiCash directory>\WEB-INF\lib\auth<version>.jar archive. This can be used for demo or test environments, or as an example for those developing a customized external authentication method, but is not suitable for production environments.</p>
Database Table Authentication	<p>This authentication references a database to authenticate users. Often this is its own database, but can be a separate authentication database if desired. If choosing the Database Table Authentication option, you will also need to configure additional parameters in <OptiCash directory>\WEB-INF\DBAuthorizer-OC.properties file as follows. Note: You will see some options in the file not listed here (query definition, etc). Those should not be changed from the default.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.dsn: JNDI database connection name. Similar to section 3 above, this is a connection to the database. If desiring to use JDBC connection instead, then this field should be empty.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.url: URL to authorization database, example:</p> <pre>jdbc:oracle:thin:@server:1521:serverdb</pre> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.username, dbAuthorizer.database.password: Schema username and password if using JDBC connection. Can be blank if using JNDI connection.</p>

	<p>dbAuthorizer.digest.length: Length of password after encryption. Longer is more secure, but cannot exceed the maximum size of your target database's password field.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.digest.algorithm: Algorithm to be used when encrypting the password.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.digest.seed: Character string used to seed the encryption algorithm. It is recommended to change this away from the default.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.option.quiet: "true" or "false". Quiet mode allows a password that was unencrypted to be encrypted without the user having to change that password. If false, then users are forced to change the password in that situation. This can be relevant when migrating from another auth method or in a case where the administrator previously reset a user's password.</p> <p>Note: If you plan to use Database Table Authentication, also known as DBAuthorizer, from multiple OptiSuite applications and point to the same single database for user management, then the digest "length", "algorithm", and "seed" settings above must be the same between all applications.</p>
--	---

8. Select your desired User Interface Language, e.g. **"English"**.

Note: NCR only provides up-to-date translations of the UI in English. Users are able to customize this, as well as choose your language, but maintaining those files is the client's responsibility.

9. Leave **"Calendar length"** as provided by default. Do not change this field unless directed by NCR Cash Management.
10. The Import Path typically reflects the existing <application-path>/import directory as it exists under the deployment on the Application Server. However, this could be a location outside of the deployed application path. OptiCash load processes that use an input file will assume that the file is found in this location.



△ Caution: The import directory is used to copy files that are being loaded to OptiCash (daily load files, order files, etc). When loading such files via interface it is recommended that the original path of the load files is other than the import directory. This is to avoid potential issues when the loaded files are replaced by the previously copied files in the import directory. Also, there may be issues associated with loading files of bigger size when the load files are reduced in size while executing the load process via the interface directly from the import directory.

11. The Output Path typically reflects the existing <application-path>/output directory as it exists under the deployment on the Application Server. However, this could be a location outside of the deployed application path. OptiCash processes that produce an output file will put it in this location.

12. The Logs Path typically reflects the existing <application-path>/logs directory as it exists under the deployment on the Application Server. However, this could be a location outside of the deployed application path.

Note: It is recommended for this path to be the same path as that defined in log4j.properties for easy locating of the various job and application logs. Log files produced by OptiCash during normal operation will be put into this location.

13. Configure the mail settings. These determine how OptiCash will send emails, for example, email status notifications for daily load processes.

Setting	Description
Mail Enabled	Yes/No. This enables or disables outgoing mail from OptiCash entirely.
Mail Host	Mail server accessible by OptiCash which will be used to send outgoing mail.
Mail Port Number	The port number on which the Mail Host is running.
Java Mail Provider Name	"smtp" or "smtps". SMTPS refers to sending mail with SSL security, and SMTP without.
TLS Enabled	Yes/No. Indicates whether or not Transport Layer Security (TLS) will be used. If yes, should be 'smtp' in the prior field.
Authentication Enabled	Yes/No. Indicates whether or not the mail send will require authentication (username/password)
Authentication Username	If Authentication is Enabled, supply the username for sending mail.
Authentication Password	If Authentication is Enabled, supply the password for sending mail.
Encrypt Authentication Credentials	Yes/No. If yes, the username/password sent to the mail host will be encrypted. Otherwise, not encrypted.
From Address	The email address which recipients will see in the "From" field.
Default Content Type	Plain Text or HTML. The content type of the outgoing mail.

14. Click on **Update** to save the changes. At the bottom of the screen in the "**Connection Status**" table, you should see the message indicating that a connection to Oracle is

established. A red or Green icon will determine if any schema definition changes are needed.

15. After the OptiCash setup is completed, it may be necessary to update your local java security to grant permissions, which will allow OptiCash to directly execute various OptiCash Java classes. If so, the following line should be added to the java.policy file:

```
grant {
    permission java.security.AllPermission;
};
```

16. When finished, click on the home icon to bring you back to the maintenance URL (/maint/index.jsp)
17. Select the **"OptiCash Settings"** link, which takes you to http://<server_address>:<port>/opticash/maint/applicationSettings.jsp
18. The vast majority of these settings should be maintained by the appropriate business analyst, in consultation with NCR Cash Management. This is because these settings define how OptiCash runs for the appropriate business scenario. Default settings are provided for everything.

Setting	Description
Default Duration of History Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating History Reports.
Default Duration of Horizon Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates when generating Horizon Reports.
Default Duration of Recommendation Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating Recommendation Reports.
Default Duration of Order Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating Order Reports.
Default Duration of Variance Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating Variance Reports.
Default Duration of Cost Report	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating Cost Reports.
The number of days in a year over which the average costs (Holding costs, insurance costs) are computed in the Cost Report.	Enter the number of days in a year over which average costs will be computed in the Cost Report. Depending on the accounting practices, most institutions use 365 or 360.

The value of Forecast Health Indicator (%) above which forecast health is considered good	Enter the percentage of the Forecast Health Indicator above which forecast health is considered good. The number entered here will be the threshold percentage used for the 'good' forecast health indicator shown as a green legend in the application.
The value of the Forecast Health Indicator (%) above which forecast health is considered acceptable	Enter the percentage of the Forecast Health Indicator above which forecast health is considered acceptable. The number entered here will be the threshold percentage used for the 'acceptable' forecast health indicator depicted by a yellow legend in the application. Values below this percentage will be considered unacceptable and will be shown as a red legend.
The number of days of history data and corresponding data errors and warnings used to compute the data health indicator	Enter the number of days that will be used in the computation of the data health indicator. For instance, if there are some data errors that have a negative impact on the overall data health indicator, those errors will be disregarded after they pass the number of days indicated here.
The rolling average percentage above which the general health of the history data is considered good	Enter the percentage above which general data health is considered good. The number entered will be the threshold percentage used for the 'good' data health indicator shown as a green legend in the application.
The rolling average percentage above which the general health of the history data is considered acceptable	Enter the percentage above which general data health is considered acceptable. The number entered will be the threshold percentage used for the 'acceptable' data health indicator shown as a yellow legend in the application. Values below this percentage will be considered unacceptable and will be depicted by a red legend.
The number of remaining days of the forecast determines if the forecast is expired.	Enter the number of days below which the forecast is considered expired. Expired forecasts are indicated by the red legend in the application. When forecasts expire, users need to generate a new forecast to enable the system to re-build a new horizon.
The number of days of historical order data or withdrawal data used to calculate the denomination splits.	Enter the number of days of historical order or withdrawal data used to calculate the denomination splits.
The number of days in history from today during which the user is alerted on the Today->Snapshot-> To Do List of data errors for the data loaded in this duration.	Enter the number of days in history from today during which the user is alerted on the Today->Snapshot-> To Do List of data errors for the data loaded in this duration.

The number of days in the past checked for balance data. The user is alerted on the Cashpoint Details -> Main -> Cashpoint Status if no data has been loaded in this duration.	Enter the number of days in the past checked for balance data. The user is alerted on the Cashpoint Details -> Main -> Cashpoint Status if no data has been loaded in this duration.
The days before the system date that the forecast view is designed to start.	Enter the number of days (from today's date) that will be used for a default Start date when displaying a forecast graph at the cashpoint level (Forecast ? View Forecast).
The days after the system date that the forecast view is designed to end.	Enter the number of days (after today's date) that will be used for a default End date when displaying a forecast graph at the cashpoint level (Forecast ? View Forecast).
Default Duration of Utilization Report.	Enter the number of days that will be used for default Start and End dates of the historical data when generating Utilization Reports.
Send a message to the users after the order has been updated.	For clients using OptiNet: If True is chosen, a message will be sent to the branch user in OptiNet when the committed order has been deleted or edited (central override) by the analyst. Note: Only those branch users that are assigned to the respective cashpoint will receive this message. The purpose is to alert the branch users when the analyst decides that the committed branch order should be changed.
Include Emergency Recommendations in Today -> Snapshot -> Ordering Status graph.	If True is chosen, the emergency recommendations will be included in the Today ? Snapshot ? Ordering Status graph.
The default code to use for override reasons while loading orders. If this property is not set, it uses the code with the lowest sort order.	A default code can be identified for override reasons when loading orders. Future versions of OptiCash will facilitate loading orders into the system, until then leave this field blank.
The number of days to analyze for the safety stock calculation.	Enter the total number of days analyzed for calculating safety stock. It will analyze a period of time in the history and horizon to recommend a minimum balance / Safety Stock. For example, if you reset Safety Stocks every quarter, set the duration to 90 days. Once a month – set it to 30. The default is 45 days.
Include/Exclude missing days in history.	Usually, institutions might want to exclude only missing business days so that those days are not used when generating forecasts. Other choices

	include: exclude all missing days and include all missing days. Include/Exclude missing days in history is applied when loading daily files.
Output Job Scheduler's email sender address	The e-mail address from which Job Scheduler's output files will be sent to specific receivers.
Weather Image Path and File Name	Used with OptiCash/Weather product predicting weather impact on consumer cash demand. For more information, please contact NCR Cash Management Representative.
Default Duration of Rec To Date from Rec Date when Recommending Using Current Date	This setting works in conjunction with the Default the Recommendation From Date to current date and the To Date into the future based upon system settings? checkbox in the Recommendation Settings screen (Processing > Recommendations > Settings). When this option is checked, the recommendation process will execute with the 'Recommendation From' date as the current date, and the 'Recommendation To' date as today (current date) + X days into the future, where X is defined in this field.
Default Duration of Orders-Output-To Date from Orders-Output-From Date when Orders Output Using Current Date	This setting works in conjunction with the Default the Orders Output From Date to current date and the To Date into the future based upon system settings? checkbox in the Orders Output Settings screen (Processing > Orders Output > Settings). When this option is checked, the orders output process will execute with the 'Create Output From' date as the current date, and the 'Create Output To' date as today (current date) + X days into the future, where X is defined in this field.
Restrict privileges User and Group functions to user/group rights ONLY. Not even the SystemAdmin right will be allowed access.	If enabled (True), this setting restricts user creation and rights assignment functions to users who are specifically granted that right (not just general admin rights). This setting is typically used when it is desired to keep the "administrator" and "business user" types separate. Administrator-type (User & Group rights) may create and grant privileges to business user accounts, view logs, and view audit records, but cannot view or modify any business info. Business users (rights other than User & Group) may use the system functions as granted, but can never be granted access to change user privileges.

Logout Administrator after any user edit.	If enabled (True), this setting will force an administrative user to re-authenticate after submitting any change to user privileges.
Maximum number of failed logins before a user is locked out	If a user fails authentication more than the number of times defined here, that user will be unable to log in until the account is unlocked by an administrator.
Suppress exceptions in the UI (not recommended).	If enabled (True), this setting will cause only minimal messages to be displayed to the end user in the case of a system error.
CarrierWeb Service URL	URL for OptiCash to connect to OptiVLM-CarrierWeb for certain functions that pass data between the applications. Example: Order manifests.
Map Services Key	Authorization key to 3 rd party mapping services provider to be used with the optional OptiTransport (Route Travel Plan Optimization) functions.
Map Services ID	ID for 3 rd party mapping services provider to be used with the optional OptiTransport (Route Travel Plan Optimization) functions.
Map Services URL	URL to connect with 3 rd party mapping services provider to be used with the optional OptiTransport (Route Travel Plan Optimization) functions.
Map Services Provider	Choose from supported 3 rd party mapping services providers to be used with the optional OptiTransport (Route Travel Plan Optimization) functions.
Map Services Optimize Waypoints	Yes/No. The optional OptiTransport functions include route sequencing and directions. If "Yes" here, the 3 rd party service will use real-time traffic data to create a new sequence of stops when you ask for route directions. If "No" is here, then the existing sequence of stops will be preserved (including possible user edits).

19. Click on the **Save** button to save your changes.

20. Go back to the home page of the maintenance site and choose OptiCash/OptiNet Settings. These settings allow enabling/disabling features that are shared between OptiCash and OptiNet.

Setting	Description
Use Bag Reference	Select True if the bag reference number will be used for a branch return. When this feature is turned on, the OptiCash user can enter a bag reference number

	<p>(up to 40 characters) for a branch return when accepting, overriding a recommendation, creating a new branch return, or editing an existing branch return order.</p> <p>If False is selected, this feature will be turned off, and the fields allotted for entry of the bag reference number will not appear in the application.</p>
Special Order	<p>Special orders are orders placed in OptiNet that do not affect the horizon and optimization of the cashpoint. For example, an order for a commercial client will not be used in the horizon and will not be accounted for in the recommendation process, because this order was placed not to meet any forecasted demand, but a single client request under certain circumstances.</p> <p>Select True, to turn on this feature.</p> <p>If selected False, this feature will be turned off, and special-order information will not appear in the Today ? Snapshot ? Network Ordering table and Special Report under the Report tab.</p> <p>Important note : Special orders should not be used in conjunction with linked orders. If the 'Linked Order Screen' feature is turned on, 'Special Order' should be turned off and vice versa.</p>
Order Messages	<p>Order messages can be sent via OptiNet to OptiCash users. If selected True, the OptiCash user can enter a message regarding a particular order in a free-text field (up to 80 characters) for each currency. Order messages can be used when accepting, overriding a recommendation, creating a new order or special order.</p> <p>If selected False, this feature will be turned off, and the fields allotted for the order message will not appear in the application.</p>
ATM Horizon Days	<p>The number of days generated in the horizon after the recommendation process is run. The minimum recommended number of days for ATMs is 45.</p>
Branch Horizon Days	<p>The number of days generated in the horizon after the recommendation process is run. The minimum recommended number of days for branches is 60.</p>
Mixed Cassette Capacity Check	<p>This feature will enable the mixed cassette capacity check for recycler ATMs.</p>

	<p>If selected True, OptiCash and OptiNet will use the mixed cassette capacity settings (under Basic ? Parameters) to generate alerts if the balances for mixed cassettes exceed the maximum capacity threshold percentage.</p> <p>With this option, also the Recycler Maximum Capacity report will be available in the Reports section.</p>
Linked Order Screen	<p>This feature will enable the linked ATM orders to be aggregated to the branch combined order in a 'branches with on-site ATM' scenario when the vault linkage is set to 'Linked Orders'.</p> <p>If selected True, branch users in OptiNet will be able to place linked orders for the on-site ATMs and OptiCash will output combined orders during the order output process. In addition, Linked Orders Report in OptiCash will display branch orders and the sum of total linked ATM orders.</p> <p>Important note: Linked orders should not be used in conjunction with special orders. If the 'Linked Order Screen' feature is turned on, 'Special Order' should be turned off and vice versa.</p>
Model Create/Delete Re-Index	<p>This is a system flag to allow the user to permit the dropping and creating of Model Table indexes during a model create and/or delete action. When 'True' is selected, this feature will greatly improve performance. The option not to drop/recreate indexes exist for those clients who do not wish for OptiCash to drop/create database objects.</p>
Audit Orders	<p>This should be set to False. The order audit noted here is a legacy audit which has been replaced by the enhanced auditing function noted later in this installation guide. This setting is deprecated and will be removed in a future build.</p>
Include Denomination Description in Orders Output File	<p>This flag, if set to True, causes an extra column for the Denomination Description field to be included in the orders output file.</p>
Enable Order Tracking ID and Bag Count Generation	<p>Setting for enabling the cross-order Tracking ID and Bag Count functionality.</p>
Length of history to use in monthly seasonality calculation	<p>Setting used in forecast calculations. Should be changed at the direction of NCR Cash Management support personnel, depending on trends in historical data.</p>

Length of history to use in event adjustment calculation	Setting used in forecast calculations. Should be changed at the direction of NCR Cash Management support personnel, depending on trends in historical data.
Length of history to use in weekly seasonality calculation	Setting used in forecast calculations. Should be changed at the direction of NCR Cash Management support personnel, depending on trends in historical data.
Denomination ID Load File Value to reflect Mixed-Denomination	Define here the text that will appear in the denomination ID field of the load file to indicate that a record represents mixed denominations.
Include Quality ID in Enhanced Order I/O formats	True/False. Indicates whether or not the "Enhanced" format order input & outputs will include the Quality ID field.
Display Order Notes/Bills Details on Order Screens	True/False. When the setting is set to 'True' the user will create Orders by entering the quantity of Notes/Coins to be used for each Denomination instead of the total value.
Cashpoint Overview History Display Length	Number of history days that will be displayed on the Cashpoint Overview page.
Cashpoint Overview Horizon Display Length	Number of horizon days that will be displayed on the Cashpoint Overview page.
Report Export Default Format	<p>Choose the format which will be enabled by default when the application user goes to a Report. HTML, PDF, CSV or None. The 'None' option results in the application user needing to act specifically to choose the format.</p> <p>Note: While most reports offer HTML, PDF, and CSV options, some do not offer a particular format and if your choice here is unavailable then another format will become the default for that specific Report.</p>
Advanced Device View Default Dispense Only	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Dispense components only. Choose Pieces or Values. Example: Horizon and History views
Advanced Device View Default Deposit Only	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Deposit components only. Choose Pieces or Values.
Advanced Device View Default Recycler Only	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Recycler components only. Choose Pieces or Values.

Advanced Device View Default Dispense and Deposit	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Dispense and Deposit components. Choose Pieces or Values.
Advanced Device View Default Dispense and Recycler	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Dispense and Recycler components. Choose Pieces or Values.
Advanced Device View Default Deposit and Recycler	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Deposit and Recycler components. Choose Pieces or Values.
Advanced Device View Default Dispense, Deposit, and Recycler	Default view option for Advanced Device ATMs having Dispense, Deposit and Recycler components. Choose Pieces or Values.
Display Barcode With Order Reference Numbers	True/False. If enabled, OptiCash Orders reports and individual order detail screens will include a barcode display of the order reference number.

21. Click on the **Save** button to save your changes.
22. For Brazilian users, you may wish to turn on the CDI interest calculations (for holding cost). This is an alternative method to calculate compound interest rather than simple interest and no interest on Saturdays, Sundays, or Holidays.

Note: This applies only during Recommendations generation and will be inconsistent with other features (like Cost reports). To turn this on, find file <application-path>/WEB-INF/opticash.properties and modify the values of the following parameters:

```
cdi_interest_calculation=on
cdi_interest_calculation_calendar_id=CDI_CALENDAR
```

CDI_CALENDAR here may be replaced with a different calendar ID if desired. A Calendar with the same ID must be created within OptiCash and Events associated with that calendar that represent the holidays during which interest will not accrue.

10 OptiCash Licensing

1. To receive an OptiCash license, user will need to provide the **OptiCash.log** file to NCR Cash Management after an attempted login, which captures the needed information to generate a license. We have defined the location of the **OptiCash.log** file earlier in your <application-path>/WEB-INF/Log4j.properties file.
2. NCR Cash Management will create a license SQL script and relay that back to the user.
3. To apply the SQL script, use an SQL editor tool of your choice, or go to <http://<hostname>/opticash/maint/testsql.jsp>
4. Copy and paste the new license script to the SQL editor and apply/commit.
5. You should now be able to login to OptiCash successfully.



▲ Warning: License application should only be carried out by a system administrator or database administrator as incorrect use of the SQL editor could cause corruption of the data.

11 OptiCash Customization

11.1 Making Changes to the Language File

Language files allow translation between different world languages, as well as modification of text elements to suit a client's specific preference.

OptiCash language files come in two categories: The base language file provided with an installable WAR file, and "custom" language files meant to include client-defined text elements. The first is located in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/lib/opticash-xxxxxxx.jar** archive, and the second is in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes** directory. Any given text element will be displayed from the "custom" language file if possible, and if not in "custom" then the base language file is used.

For instance, if you want to change the word "recommendation" to the word "suggestion" in English, open the following file with a text editor:

"transoft_opticash_LanguageSet_English.properties". Search for the specific desired occurrence, or all occurrences, and replace with "suggestion". Then copy the changed element(s) to file **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes/transoft_opticash_LanguageSet_English_custom.properties**. Save that file, then restart the OptiCash application.



Customized language files are the client's responsibility to maintain. In the future, with each OptiCash upgrade, the customized version will need to be saved PRIOR to installing a new WAR file. Once the new WAR file has been deployed, then restore the edited version.

It is the client's responsibility to maintain non-English language files.

OptiCash original WAR distribution includes a number of supported languages as shown in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/lib/opticash-xxxxxxx.jar**. Additional languages can be added as follows:

1. Create a new language file. Name that files **"transoft_opticash_LanguageSet_<your language>.properties"** where <your language> is replaced by the name of your language. English, French, Spanish, Croatian, etc. This file should contain all elements found in the base English language file, with the desired translations to your language. Place this file in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes directory**.
2. If your system is going to support more than 1 language, then go to the customs language file of the other language(s) and using a text editor add 1 line as follows. For example, if I was adding Swahili, and I wanted English users to see "Swahili" text, then I would add this to **"transoft_opticash_LanguageSet_English_custom.properties"** file:
 language.Swahili=Swahili
3. Restart the OptiCash application.



NCR continue to make every effort to make the translation of the application into a new language as easy and robust as possible. When a new local language file is added to OptiCash, this introduces a new element into the application; Typically, this will work without issue, however, it is not unheard of to encounter application errors triggered by the new language file. These are typically caused by characters, date or calendar formats, and monetary number formats which are unlike those used by OptiCash's originally supported languages. Typically, these can be escaped or corrected within the language file to resolve the issue, however, it is possible that certain characters will not work and may need to be substituted with a similar character.

11.2 Audit Settings

The Auditing feature creates and stores records of users' actions. Auditing is off by default. To turn it on and control it, use the following configuration:

1. Open the audit properties file **<application-path>WEB-INF\classes\transoft_opticash_audit.properties**. Before editing, save a copy of the original English file to **transoft_opticash_audit_orig.properties**.
2. Set Function IDs to **'none'**, **'partial'**, or **'full'** audit logging.
 - a. **None:** No logging occurs when the function is used.
 - b. **Partial:** Basic record is saved (statement parameters omitted).
 - c. **Full:** All available info is recorded.
3. See the table later in this section for a list of available Function IDs.
4. Each time changes are made to the audit properties file, restart the Application Server that the WAR file was deployed under.
5. Access to view audit records is available only to users having the **'Administer System'** rights. Like other access rights, it can be assigned or unassigned by logging into the OptiCash application and selecting **System > Privileges > Groups**.
6. Since Audit records are created automatically and continually as users go about their day-to-day business, they can consume a large amount of database space over time. Therefore, it may become necessary at some point to remove audit records. For security purposes, this can only be accomplished manually by a user with direct database access. That user should delete from the FUNCAUDT table (after backing up the database). If desired to delete only prior to a specific date/time, then reference the STMT_TIMESTAMP column of the FUNCAUDT table.
7. The following table identifies the available audits.

Note: This list may not represent all available audit functions because each new build typically contains additional audit items. For the most up-to-date list, you may review your property files.

Function ID	Description
0	Unknown Note: The Unknown category catches many secondary records (things that take place invisibly when the action noted in the main record occurs). It is the most common record type. It may be advantageous to set Unknown to 'partial' logging to keep the total amount of data logged by auditing within a reasonable size.
1001	Successful Login
1002	Modified Center
1003	Deleted User Account
1004	Failed Login
1005	Updated Institution Parameters
1006	Edit User Account
1007	Created User Account
1008	Added User/privilege to Access Control Group
1009	Removed User/privilege to Access Control Group
1010	Updated Currency ID
1011	Updated Interest Rate
1012	Created Currency ID
1013	Deleted Currency ID Prototype
1014	Deleted Currency ID
1015	Inserted Denomination
1016	Updated Denomination
1017	Deleted Denomination
1018	Inserted Foreign Denomination
1019	Updated Foreign Denomination
1020	Deleted Foreign Denomination
1021	Inserted Non-Cash Media
1022	Assigned Non-Cash Media to Cashpoints
1023	Unassigned Non-Cash Media to Cashpoints

Function ID	Description
1024	Deleted Non-Cash Media
1025	Updated Exchange Rate
1026	Inserted Exchange Rate
1027	Deleted Exchange Rate
1028	Inserted Wallet Type
1029	Updated Wallet Type
1030	Deleted Wallet Type
1031	Deleted Cashpoint Data
1032	Updated Cashpoint Status
1033	Purge Cashpoint Data alert
1034	Purge Cashpoint History
1035	Purge Cashpoint Forecast
1036	Purge Forecast Queue
1037	Deleted Recommendations for ATM
1038	Data Health Indicator Calculation Started
1039	Deleted Recommendations for BRN
1040	Deleted Recommendations for ATM - part1
1041	Purge ATM Recommendations
1042	Deleted Recommendations for BRN - part1
1043	Purge BRN Recommendations
1044	Purged Orders
1045	Purged Messages
1046	Mass Include/Exclude History
1047	Cleaned Tables
1048	Cluster Aggregation
1049	Updated Pre-Withdrawal in History
1050	Exported Cashpoint data
1051	Deleted Access Control Group
1052	Deleted Currency
1053	Updated Non-Cash Media

Function ID	Description
1054	Purged Orders Audit
1055	Purged Currency Assignment
1056	Purge Service Exceptions
1057	Purge Forecast Adjustments
1058	Purged Depository Items
1059	Applied 2-Sigma Data Exclusion
1060	Associated Cashpoints with Calendar
1061	Dissociated Cashpoints with Calendar
1062	Applied Islamic Calendar
1063	Updated Custom Field Definition
1064	Updated Custom Field Order Linkage
1065	Added Workflow State
1066	Updated Workflow State
1067	Deleted Workflow State
1068	Deleted SLA Profile
1069	Updated SLA Profile
1070	Inserted SLA Profile
1113	Run Load CP Locations – ATM/Branch
1114	Run Load CP Locations – Depot
1115	Run Load CP Locations – Commercial Client
1116	Run Load Route Definitions
1117	Run Load Cashpoint Route Assignments
1118	Create Route Definition
1119	Edit Route Definition
1120	Add Route to OptiTransport Run Group
1121	Remove Route from OptiTransport Run Group
1122	Run the OptiTransport optimization process
1123	Delete Route Definition
2001	Created Model
2002	Updated BRN Parameters

Function ID	Description
2003	(Not Used)
2004	Updated Model Cost
2005	Updated ATM Defaults by Currency
2006	Updated Model
2007	Inserted New Service Shift Day
2008	Inserted Service Costs
2009	Assigned BRN Parameters
2010	Assigned ATM Parameters
2011	Updated Model Interest Rate
2012	Inserted Model Exchange Rate
2013	Updated Model Exchange Rate
2014	Deleted Model Exchange Rate
2015	Deleted Model
2016	Started Simulation
3001	Modified VA Settings
3002	Saved Forecasting Settings
4001	Calendar Created
4002	Associated Event with Calendar
4003	Dissociated Event with Calendar
4004	Created Calendar
4005	Updated Calendar
4006	Deleted Calendar
4007	Created Event Definition
4008	Deleted Event date
4009	Updated Event Definition
4010	Inserted Event List
4011	Added Event Items
4012	Removed Event Items
4013	Deleted Event List
5001	Manual Balance Entry

Function ID	Description
5002	Validating Balance Load
5003	Manual Balance Entry
5004	Updated Cashpoint Definition
5005	Updated Cashpoint Basic Parameters
5006	Updated ATM Service Type
5007	Updated ATM Service Days
5008	Updated Service Exception
5009	Removed Service Exception
5010	Updated Denominations for a Cashpoint
5011	Deleted Cashpoint Denominations
5012	(Not Used)
5013	Added Cashpoint Denominations
5014	Update Non-Cash Media
5015	Created Cashpoint Linkage
5016	Updated Cashpoint Linkage
5017	Removed Cashpoint Linkage
5018	Updated Cashpoint Costs
5019	Added Cashpoint Adv. Parameters
5020	Updated Cashpoint Adv. Parameters
5021	Removed Cashpoint Adv. Parameters
5022	Recommendation Declined
5023	Order Deleted
5024	Excluded History
5025	(Not Used)
5026	Deleted Forecast Job Message
5027	Updated Branch Service Days
5028	Order Created
5029	Adjusted Forecast Adjustment
5030	Deleted Forecast Adjustment
5031	Created Forecast Adjustment

Function ID	Description
5032	Forecast Definition Created
5033	Renamed Cashpoint
5034	Copied Cashpoint
5035	Copied History between Cashpoints
5036	Imported New Cashpoint
5037	Imported Existing Cashpoint
5038	Foreign Order Deleted
5039	Foreign Order Inserted
5040	Update Order Blog
5041	Update Order State
5042	Update Order Master Honor/Ignore Status
5043	Update Recycler Component
5044	Add Recycler Component
5045	Delete Recycler Component
5046	Update Recycler Forecast Adjustment
5047	Delete Recycler Forecast Adjustment By Denom
5048	Delete Recycler Forecast Adjustment By Mixed Note
5049	Add Linked Account Component
5050	Update Linked Account Component
5051	Delete Linked Account Component
5056	Update Linked Account Definition
5057	Insert Linked Account Definition
5058	Delete Linked Account Definition
5059	Update Safety Stock in Recycler Component
6001	(Not Used)
6002	Update ATM Requirements
6003	New/Updated Recommendation Settings
6004	Deleted/Cleared Recommendation Setting
6005	Modified Recommendation Institution Settings
6006	Existing Forecast Definition Modified

Function ID	Description
6007	Updated Forecast Batch Parameters
6008	Forecast Definition Deleted
6009	Delete Output Orders Settings
6010	Inserted Horizon for Projected Costs
6011	Updated Cost Options
6012	Run Process-Load Balances
6013	Run Process-Load Orders
6014	Run Process-Start Forecast Generation
6015	Run Process-Start Recommendation
6016	(Not Used)
6017	Run Process-Recommendation Output
6018	Run Process-Start Generating Orders Output
6019	New/Updated Output Order Setting
6020	Run Actual Costs
6021	Updated Cashpoint Downtime
6022	Inserted Cashpoint Downtime
7001	Created Cashpoint
7002	Updated ATM Defaults
7003	Updated Default Denominations
7004	Inserted ATM Default Requirement
7005	Mass Assign Adv. Parameters to ATM
7006	Deleted Default Requirements for Currency
7007	Added New Default Service Exception
7008	Deleted Event
7009	Updated Default Forecast Adjustment
7010	Added Forecast Adjustment
7011	Deleted Forecast Adjustment
7012	Inserted Default Denominations for Currency
7013	Updated Branch Defaults
7014	Inserted Branch Default Requirement

Function ID	Description
7015	Assign BRN Advanced Parameters for Currency
7016	Delete Forecast Adjustments - No Type
7017	Updated Depot Definition
7018	Updated Cashpoint Service Holiday
7019	Mass Assign Cashpoints to Depot
7020	Assigned Cashpoint to Secondary Depot
7021	Deleted Depot
7022	Saved Servicer
7023	Inserted Servicer
7024	Deleted Servicer
7025	Inserted Center
7026	Deleted Center
7027	Updated Region
7028	Associate Region to Cashpoint
7029	Inserted Region
7030	Deleted Region
7031	Inserted Group
7032	Removed Cashpoint from Group
7033	Deleted Group
7034	Edited Group
7035	Saved Group
7036	Created Cashpoint
7037	Mass Assign Parameters to Cashpoints
7038	Mass Assign Costs to ATMs
7039	Mass Assign Denominations to Cashpoints
7040	Mass Assign Forecast Adj. to Cashpoints
7041	Mass Assign Costs to Branch
7042	Created Depot
7043	Deleted Corporate
7044	Deleted Commercial Client

Function ID	Description
7045	Assigned Commercial Clients to Branch
7046	Created Commercial Client
7047	Edited Commercial Client
7048	Created Corporate
7049	Edited Corporate
7050	Updated Network Monitoring Rule Filter
7051	Inserted Network Monitoring New Rule
7052	Deleted Network Monitoring Filter
7053	Updated Network Monitoring Rule
7054	Inserted Network Monitoring New Rule Filter
7055	Inserted Network Monitoring Filter Values
7056	Deleted Network Monitoring Rule
7057	Executed Network Monitoring Exclusion
7058	Update Commercial Group Definition
7059	Add Commercial Cashpoints to a Group
7060	Create a new Commercial Group
7061	Remove Commercial Cashpoint from Group
7062	Delete a Commercial Cashpoint Group
7063	Update Commercial Parameters
7064	(Not Used)
7065	(Not Used)
7066	(Not Used)
7067	(Not Used)
7068	(Not Used)
7069	Add Interest Rate with New Effective Date
7070	Update Interest Rate
7071	Delete Interest Rate for Specific Effective Date
7072	Update Model Interest Rate
7073	Add Model Interest Rate with New Effective Date
7074	Delete Model Interest Rate for Specific Effective Date

Function ID	Description
7075	Delete Cashpoint Cluster Definition
7076	Create Cashpoint Cluster Definition
7077	(Not Used)
7078	(Not Used)
7079	Update Cashpoint Cluster Definition
7080	(Not Used)
7081	(Not Used)
7082	Mass Adjust Advanced Device ATM Forecast for Specific Dates
7083	Mass Adjust Advanced Device ATM Forecast for All Days

11.3 Making Changes to the Styles and Logos

All images are stored in the **<application-path>/WEB-INF/images** directory.

The main OptiCash style sheet is found at **<application-path>/styles/main.css**

Customized styles and logos are the client's responsibility to maintain. Before editing, save the original style sheet and image files. In the future, with each OptiCash upgrade, the edited version will need to be saved PRIOR to installing a new WAR file. Once the WAR file has been deployed, then restore the edited version.

11.4 Setting Custom Order Fields

OptiCash allows the addition of up to 10 customizable fields to the ordering interface. These fields are configured in OptiCash under **System > Order Settings > Custom Field Definitions** and will be visible throughout OptiCash and OptiNet.

The option called **"SQL Query"** allows to add a menu to ordering screens with a dynamic list of options. If you intend to use this type of field, then the queries must be predefined during setup.

1. In the **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes** directory, find the file **"transoft_opticash_custom_QueryString.properties"**. If it does not already exist, create it as a blank text file. This will be known as the **"custom query file"**.
2. Open the custom query file with a text editor. Enter the queries on separate rows in the following format: **<reference>=<SQL query>** where **'reference'** is what the user will type on **System > Order Settings > Custom Field Definitions** page and **'SQL query'** determines what options will be displayed when placing an order.

Example: CustomField.Depot_id=?select dept1_id from cashpnt where cashp_id \= '\:cashp_id\:';

- Notice the segment '\:cashp_id\:' in the above example. This is a dynamic parameter being passed into the query at the time of opening an order creation screen. You may use the following parameters:

CASHP_ID	The cashpoint for which this order is being placed.
CPTYP_ID	The cashpoint type of the cashpoint for which this order is being placed. Possible values are BRANCH, ATM
ACTN_ID	The type of order being placed. ATM: 01=Add Cash, 02=Replace Cash, 03=Recycler Return BRANCH: 01=Delivery, 02=Return
SCHED_ID	Indicates if this order is an emergency (unplanned) or not. 01=Normal, 02=Unplanned
ORD_DATE	The date on which the order is being placed (current date usually).

Customized query files are the client's responsibility to maintain. Typically, this means saving an outside copy of the existing custom query file prior to an OptiCash upgrade and then replacing that copy in the <application-path>/WEB-INF/classes directory after the upgrade is complete. Additionally, writing queries requires some knowledge of SQL (Structured Query Language) and the OptiCash database structure. NCR Cash Management support personnel are available to help with specific inquiries regarding this.

11.5 Setup OptiTransport

If your institution has elected to use the OptiTransport functionality with OptiVLM CarrierWeb (Network Level Inventory Optimization and Route Plans Optimization), then you will need to grant OptiCash access to the CarrierWeb database schema.

- In the <application-path>/WEB-INF directory, find the file **"opticash.properties"**. Open this file with a text editor and place your CarrierWeb schema name in the following line (replacing DEMO_CW):

OptiTransport.CWSchemaName=DEMO_CW

- Using an SQL editor connected to the CarrierWeb schema, grants access for OptiCash to use certain tables. Replace {OC_SCHEMA} with your OptiCash database schema name.

GRANT SELECT ON global_jpa_seq TO {OC_SCHEMA};

GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE, INSERT ON ROUTEPLAN TO {OC_SCHEMA};

```
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE, INSERT ON ROUTEPLAN_ORDERIDS TO  
{OC_SCHEMA};
```

```
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE, INSERT ON ROUTEPLAN_ORDERSOURCES TO  
{OC_SCHEMA};
```

12 OptiNet Deployment (Application Server)

12.1 WAR File Deployment

1. WAR files are readily deployable web-application containers, complete with supporting jars. Recommendation and forecast engines are also inside the WAR file.
2. The default deployment of OptiNet will be to a web application and URL called **"optinet"**. Many Application Servers (WebSphere, etc.) provide an application assembly tool to allow you to change the default context prior to deployment. Refer to the specifics of your Application Server for this.
3. The precise deployment technique for the installation WAR file depends on the Application Server chosen, e.g. IBM WebSphere or Apache Tomcat.
 - a. If you are deploying on WebSphere, it is strongly recommended to enable the option **"Show me all installation options and parameters"** for deployment, unless you are already comfortable using a custom OptiNet deployment script specific to your institution.
4. OptiCash contains security roles within the WAR file (the web.xml file), which permit you to match authenticated users to application access. These roles are:
 - a. NormalRole (common user who logs into OptiNet)
 - b. MaintenanceRole (typically an App Server or IT administrator who configures the application with the JDBC access, input/output directories, log directories, etc.). This user would access the sub maint/ URL and associated pages.
5. You may choose to give any user access to these URLs of the application, and if so simply enable the applicable options in accordance with your application server.
 - a. **Example:** In the case of WebSphere, this is handled in the **"Map security roles to users or groups"** step of WAR deployment, where you can Look-Up Users or Groups based on your applicable access directory plug-in. You can also grant these two roles to **"Everyone"**.
6. If applicable, make sure to save the configuration post-deployment.
7. If applicable, make sure you regenerate the plug-in configuration for proper communication between the Web Server and the Application Server.

13 OptiNet System Configuration

After the WAR file is deployed following instructions in the previous steps, the following will indicate additional configurations that need to be defined.

1. Update the **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes/log4j.properties** file to point the **opticash.log** to the desired location. Log4j is a Java logging utility that logs the usage activity in the application.

Note: This should be the full path to the log file.

There are two provided methods for logging in to the log4j.properties file:

- i. logging to the standard out file known as the Console Appender or CON, and
 - ii. logging to a separate log file known as a Rolling File Appender or ROL.
- a. Typically, most installations will use the second option (OptiNet logging to a separate log file as opposed to the application server default out log). The first option is the default, which results in a standard log4j.properties file that can be run “out-of-the-box” by logging into the standard out. The default is for WARN (warning-level) logging to the standard out of the JVM. Typically, this would be the default application server (e.g. WebSphere) log file. The second option is for logging into a separate log file.

Note: This file and directory must exist and be accessible for writing from the application. The default logging level for ROL is DEBUG (warning-level). You can use either or both options, although it is recommended to use the second option (ROL) to have a separate log file for OptiCash not muddled with other Application Server messages.

- b. Merely comment out the appropriate fields as desired with a preceding hash (#) symbol to comment out a line.

Note: The file name and full path to the log file should be used, assuming a ROL log file.

- c. Edit the appropriate setting to point to an available logs directory and file. (by default) log4j.appender.ROL=C:\\Logs\\OptiNet.log

Note: Each time changes are made to any of the property files you need to restart OptiNet within the Application Server so that the changes are applied. (Reconfigure the plug-in, as well, between your App Server and Web Server, if necessary.)

2. Browse to http://<server_address>:<port>/optinet/maint/index.jsp (assuming the default application context of “**optinet**” was not changed). Select the “**System Setup**” link, which takes you to http://<server_address>:<port>/optinet/maint/setup.jsp
3. The JNDI Context and Name should be filled in with the applicable JNDI information. If you are NOT using JNDI, then make sure these fields are empty.

4. The 'Driver Class' field should be left as it is. The connection URL should indicate the following:
 jdbc:oracle:thin@<server_name>:1521:<oracle_db_name>
 The example above is: jdbc:oracle:thin:@mirage:1521:devmgr
5. Parameter names should indicate '**user**' and '**password**'. Do not add parameters unless you are an expert JDBC configuration user.
6. For the "**VALUES**" text boxes only, indicate the user name and password as in the schema created for the OptiCash database. In the example above – it is 'mybank_oc and '*****'.
7. It is recommended to use Remote User authentication to utilize the inherent authentication method of the Web server. Clicking the appropriate Authentication Method will pre-populate the Authenticator class and parameters fields.

Note: Since OptiCash and OptiNet provide the ability to customize your authentication, these fields can be overridden based on your custom settings.

Authentication Method	Description
Basic	This is a simple authentication method where the password is the user name. This method should never be used in production.
Remote User	This authentication method accepts the " remote_user " header variable from the HTTP request. This works identically to the " External " authentication method in the previous OptiSuite versions and is the preferred production method.
Header Variable	This authentication method accepts a specified header variable, to be defined in the Authentication Parameters field, from the HTTP request.
WebSeal	This authentication method accepts the " iv_user " header variable from the HTTP request.
Legacy Internal	<p>This authentication method, provided for compatibility with earlier releases, accepts a username and password from an HTML form and verifies them against the database.</p> <p>Note: if the "exuser" column is blank or null for an authenticated user, this class will copy the "username" column into it. Otherwise, it works exactly like the "Internal" authentication in the previous OV versions. Also, because it uses the OptiCash database and database classes, it is not part of OptiCore. Instead, it is part of OptiCash itself. Variations of it must be produced for the other products.</p> <p>It is not recommended to use this authentication method in production.</p>
Legacy Custom	This authentication method is provided for compatibility with earlier releases and expects a legacy CustomAuthenticator subclass as its parameter. Once

	<p>configured that way, it works exactly like the “Custom” authentication in previous versions. Also, because it uses OptiCash classes, it is not part of OptiCore. Instead, it is part of OptiCash itself. Variations of it must be produced for the other products. It is not recommended to use this method for new installations.</p>
Microsoft AD Authentication	<p>Microsoft ActiveDirectory Authentication. This method requires Authenticator Parameters in the following format:</p> <p>FACTORY{LDAPfactory};PROVIDER{myURL};METHOD{value};DOMAIN{myDomain};DN{value}</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>FACTORY{com.sun.jndi.LdapCtxFactory};PROVIDER{ldap://server1:389};METHOD{simple};DOMAIN{home.myinstitution.com};DN{DC=home,DC=myinstitution,DC=com}</p> <p>This method uses LDAP to authenticate with an existing Microsoft ActiveDirectory installation. It is assumed that that installation will accept credentials in the form "username@domain" where the username is supplied by the user, and the domain is the parameter configured here. The other Authenticator Parameters are used to create the context.</p> <p>Note: When using Microsoft AD Authentication, users will likely have to be created with the External Auth. User field in this format:</p> <p>//LDAP/username@domain</p>
File Authorizer	<p>FileAuthorizer is a simple external authentication method where the “external” part is a file. The sample file can be found in <OptiCash directory>\WEB-INF\lib\auth<version>.jar archive. This can be used for demo or test environments, or as an example for those developing a customized external authentication method, but is not suitable for production environments.</p>
DB Table Authentication	<p>This authentication references a database to authenticate users. Often this is its own database, but can be a separate authentication database if desired. If choosing the Database Table Authentication option, you will also need to configure additional parameters in <OptiNet directory>\WEB-INF\DBAuthorizer-OC.properties file as follows.</p> <p>Note: You will see some options in the file not listed here (query definition, etc). Those should not be changed from the default.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.dsn: JNDI database connection name. Similar to section 3 above, this is a connection to the database. If desiring to use JDBC connection instead, then this field should be empty.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.url: URL to authorization database, example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@server:1521:serverdb</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.database.username, dbAuthorizer.database.password: Schema username and password if using JDBC connection. Can be blank if using JNDI connection.</p>

	<p>dbAuthorizer.digest.length: Length of password after encryption. Longer is more secure, but cannot exceed the maximum size of your target database's password field.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.digest.algorithm: Algorithm to be used when encrypting the password.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.digest.seed: Character string used to seed the encryption algorithm. It is recommended to change this away from the default.</p> <p>dbAuthorizer.option.quiet: "true" or "false". Quiet mode allows a password that was unencrypted to be encrypted without the user having to change that password. If false, then users are forced to change the password in that situation. This can be relevant when migrating from another auth method or in a case where the administrator previously reset a user's password.</p> <p>Note: If you plan to use Database Table Authentication, also known as DBAuthorizer, from multiple OptiSuite applications and point to the same single database for user management, then the digest "length", "algorithm", and "seed" settings above must be the same between all applications.</p>
--	---

8. Select your desired User Interface Language, e.g. **"English"**.

Note: NCR only provides up-to-date translations of the UI in English. You are able to customize this, as well as choose your language, but maintaining those files is the client's responsibility.

9. Click on **Update** to save the changes. At the bottom of the screen in the **"Connection Status"** table, you should see the message indicating that a connection to Oracle is established.

14 OptiNet Licensing

OptiNet licensing is combined with OptiCash licensing. When that is completed as described earlier in this document, then OptiNet will also be able to log in.

15 OptiNet Customization

The most common customization you will perform is to the look of the user interface or language file edits.

15.1 Making Changes to the Language File

Language files allow translation between different world languages, as well as modification of text elements to suit a client's specific preference.

OptiNet language files come in two categories: The base language file provided with an installable WAR file, and **"custom"** language files meant to include client-defined text elements. These files are located in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes directory**. Any given text element will be displayed from the **"custom"** language file if possible, and if not in "custom" then the base language file is used.

For instance, if you want to change the word "recommendation" to the word "suggestion" in English, open the following file with a text editor:

"transoft_optinet_LanguageSet_English.properties". Search for the specific desired occurrence, or all occurrences, and replace with "suggestion". Then copy the changed element(s) to file **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes/transoft_optinet_LanguageSet_English_custom.properties**. Save that file, then restart the OptiNet application.



Customized language files are the client's responsibility to maintain. In the future, with each OptiNet upgrade, the customized version will need to be saved PRIOR to installing a new WAR file. Once the new WAR file has been deployed, then restore the edited version.

It is the client's responsibility to maintain non-English language files.

OptiNet original WAR distribution includes a number of supported languages as shown in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/lib/opticash-xxxxxxx.jar**. Additional languages can be added as follows:

1. Create a new language file. Name that file **"transoft_optinet_LanguageSet_<your language>.properties"** where <your language> is replaced by the name of your language. English, French, Spanish, Croatian, etc. This file should contain all elements found in the base English language file, with the desired translations to your language. Place this file in **<application-path>/WEB-INF/classes directory**.
2. If your system is going to support more than 1 language, then go to the customs language file of the other language(s) and using a text editor add 1 line as follows. For example, if I was adding Swahili, and I wanted English users to see "Swahili" text, then I would add this to the **"transoft_optinet_LanguageSet_English_custom.properties"** file:

language.Swahili=Swahili

- Restart the OptiNet application.



NCR continue to make every effort to make the translation of the application into a new language as easy and robust as possible. When a new local language file is added to OptiNet, this introduces a new element into the application; Typically, this will work without issue, however, it is not uncommon to encounter application errors triggered by the new language file. These are typically caused by characters, date or calendar formats, and monetary number formats which are unlike those used by OptiNet's originally supported languages. Typically, these can be escaped or corrected within the language file to resolve the issue, however, it is possible that certain characters may need to be substituted with a similar character (but this is not expected).

15.2 Images

To modify images, replace the current with your image. Your image must have an identical name, and identical metrics (height, width) are suggested. The Images directory contains the following images:

Image Name	Usage
ball_*.gif	These are very small pictures used as markers in charts and graphs.
calculator.gif	This is the button used to bring up calculation functions if available for specific fields.
close_icon.gif	This is the button used to close small popup boxes throughout the application.
datebutton.gif	This is the date button used to bring up a calendar for ease of date selection.
green.gif	This is the green sphere icon used to indicate a "good" or "finished" state.
helpbutton.gif	This is the help button that appears throughout the system. There is a specific subdirectory for each UI language setting, and the respective version of this button will be used for each language.
icon_audit.gif	This is the container audit button used to see history details about a specific container in the Pre-Notification feature.
icon_holiday	This is the purple sphere image used to indicate a holiday.
leftbg.gif	This is the background image for the bottom of the left-side menu
mainbg.jpg	This is the background image for the main content area.
printbutton.gif	This is the print button that appears throughout the system. There is a specific subdirectory for each UI language setting, and the respective version of this button will be used for each language.
opticashlogo.gif	This is the OptiCash logo image and should not be modified.
question.gif	This is the button used for contextual help functionality.

red.gif	This is the red sphere image used to indicate a “bad” or “incomplete” state.
topbg.jpg	This is the background image used for the top banner area.
transoftlogo.gif	This is the logo image and should not be modified.
transoftlogosmall.gif	This is the logo image and should not be modified.
toplogo.gif	This is the custom logo image. Replace this with your logo. The metrics are somewhat flexible, so you can experiment to get the look you want. To hide it entirely, just replace it with a completely clear gif image.

15.3 Style Sheet

The style sheet is called optinet.css and is located in the styles directory. The following styles are defined and may be customized:

Style Class	Usage
.topMatter	<body> tag of the top frame.
.topMatterPrompt	The “Please select a cashpoint...” prompt in the top frame.
a.topMatterLink	All hyperlinks are in the top frame.
a.topMatterLink:Hover	All hyperlinks are in the top frame when the cursor is over them.
.leftMatter	<body> tag of the left frame.
.leftMatterHeading	Heading text in the left frame.
.leftMatterText	Regular text in the left frame.
a.leftMatterMenu	Menu hyperlinks in the left frame.
a.leftMatterMenu:Hover	Menu hyperlinks in the left frame when the cursor is over them.
.mainMatter	<body> tag in the main frame.
.mainMatterTableHead	Table heading text in the main frame.
.mainMatterTableFieldName	Table field name cell in the main frame.
.mainMatterTableField	Table field in the main frame.
.mainMatterHead	Heading text in the main frame.
.login	<body> tag on the login screen.
.loginTable	<table> tag in the login screen.
.loginTableField	Table field in the login screen.

.loginTableName

The table field name in the login screen.

15.4 Audit Settings

The Auditing feature create and stores records of users' actions. Auditing is off by default. Other configuration is accomplished as follows:

1. Open the audit properties file **<application-path>WEB-INF\classes\transoft_optinet_audit.properties**. Before editing, save a copy of the original English file to transoft_optinet_audit_orig.properties.
2. Set Function IDs to **'none'**, **'partial'**, or **'full'** audit logging.
 - a. **None:** No logging occurs when the function is used.
 - b. **Partial:** Basic record is saved (statement parameters omitted).
 - c. **Full:** All available info is recorded.
3. See the table later in this section for a list of available Function Ids.
4. Each time changes are made to the audit properties file, restart the Application Server that the WAR file was deployed under.
5. Access to view audit records is available only to users having the **'Administer System'** right. Like other access rights, it can be assigned or unassigned by logging into the OptiCash application and selecting **System > Privileges > Groups**.
6. Since Audit records are created automatically and continually as users go about their day-to-day business, they can consume a large amount of database space over time. Therefore, it may become necessary at some point to remove audit records. For security purposes, this can only be accomplished manually by a user with direct database access. That user should delete from the FUNCAUDT table (after backing up the database to a file). If desired to delete only prior to a specific date/time, then reference the STMT_TIMESTAMP column of the FUNCAUDT table.
7. The following table identifies the available audits. Please note that this list may not represent all available audit functions because each new build typically contains additional audit items. For the most up-to-date list, you may review your property files.

Function	Description
0	Unknown Note: The Unknown category catches many secondary records (things that take place invisibly when the action noted in the main record occurs). It is the most common record type. It may be advantageous to set Unknown to 'partial' logging to keep the total amount of data logged by auditing within a reasonable size.
1501	OptiNet Login Successful

1502	OptiNet Login Failed
1503	OptiNet Created User Account
1504	OptiNet Updated User Account
1505	OptiNet User Granted Rights to Cashpoint
1506	OptiNet User Lost Rights to Cashpoint
1507	OptiNet Deleted User Account
1508	OptiNet Updated Transaction Cut-off Times
1509	OptiNet Save Order Confirmation Screen Config
1510	Created Message
1511	OptiNet Update Depot CSV Format Setting
1512	OptiNet Created/Updated Order
1513	OptiNet Deleted Order
1514	OptiNet Declined Recommendation
1515	OptiNet Update ATM Parameters
1516	OptiNet Update ATM Holiday Indicator
1517	OptiNet Added Denomination to Cashpoint
1518	OptiNet Deleted Denomination from Cashpoint
1519	OptiNet Update ATM Service Days
1520	OptiNet Enter Balance
1521	Optinet Reset User Password
1522	OptiNet Save Return Increment Settings
1523	OptiNet Set Branch Reserve Cash
1524	Inserted Foreign Order
1525	Deleted Foreign Order
1526	Inserted Outer Bag
1527	Deleted Outer Bag
1528	Inserted New Wallet
1529	Updated Wallet
1530	Deleted Wallet
1531	OptiNet Updated Denomination for Cashpoint
1532	OptiNet Analyst Replied to Message
1533	OptiNet Depot Release

1534	OptiNet Deleted Commercial Order
1535	OptiNet Created/Updated Commercial Order

15.5 Decimal Display in OptiNet

OptiNet can display decimal values for monetary amounts if so chosen by the client. The current architecture of OptiNet does not allow us to put this as an option on UI, but we can use language files to specify the digits. Therefore, the number of digits will be specified through a language file element.

All the Language files will be located under the deployment directory of the OptiCash Web Application in the 'classes' directory.

Example:

C:\IBM\WebSphere\AppServer\profiles\default\installedApps\MIRAGENode01Cell\OptiCash.ear\OptiCash.war\WEB-INF\classes

The language file element name is **"locale.decimalDigits"**. By default, the value will be 0.

Example:

locale.decimalDigits=2 displays 2 decimal digits in the screens. Number of digits should not exceed 2.



Note: NCR Cash Management has introduced this feature to mainly affect the Branch Returns in OptiNet where coin returns is a possible scenario. If the decimal digits are set to the default value, the amounts will be rounded off to the nearest possible integer.

16 Batch Processes

The purpose of batch process execution is to provide more time-efficient execution of regular OptiCash processes. The jobs can be scheduled to run overnight by putting the associated commands into a tool like Windows Task Scheduler or Cron job.

All the batch process files will be located under the deployment directory of the OptiCash Web Application in the **'batch'** directory. The batch files will be available after the OptiCash WAR File is deployed.

Example:

C:\IBM\WebSphere\AppServer\profiles\default\installedApps\MIRAGENode01Cell\OptiCash.ear\OptiCash.war\Batch

Inside the **'batch'** directory are subfolders as follows: **'ant_execution'** is your primary path to running the batch processes as detailed in this document. Also available are **'custom_load'** and a **'Sample'** directory for custom export. The custom load and export are intended to be used in coordination with NCR Cash Management staff in cases where certain extended functionality is desired.



Note: Each time a WAR file is deployed or upgraded to a newer version, batch files will need to be backed up to save the environment settings. For that reason, the batch directory should be moved to a different location during installation, from where the processes will be run on an ongoing basis.


The batch files:

1. Are intended to be used by the customer to implement their production quality batch processing schedule.
2. Can be executed in their current form to carry out the basic processing steps, however, the expectation is that the customer will either modify/wrap or rewrite the scripts to meet their institution's internal batch standards and to closely integrate with the bank environment, considering issues such as file transfers, on-call alerts, standard scheduling packages and/or programming languages etc.

NCR Cash Management recommends the customer first run the process in its basic form using the batch process and then, as necessary, make the changes to meet the local institution's requirements.



Note: NCR Cash Management does not provide on-going support for the batch files due to integration requirements to existing customer systems, specific customer procedures in relation to data file interfaces, a variety of scheduling capabilities and security concerns. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the client to review, understand and support these batch files.

	<p>Note: When supplying parameters at runtime (instead of build.properties) and the intended value is blank or empty, you may need to quote the empty string. For example: – <code>DLoad_Orders.ifformat=""</code></p>
---	--

16.1 Ant Based Execution of Batch

NCR Cash Management recommends executing OptiCash batch processes via ANT. While it is possible to execute the processes without ANT, that is not documented here. The java standard apache ANT package is used to execute, and it is available for free for any operating system. ANT is available at <http://ant.apache.org>. The custom export requires ANT version 1.7 at minimum.

Ant will need to be downloaded onto the computer which is running batch processes. Since Ant is java-based, you may simply unzip the Ant directory structure, and add the underlying “bin” directory to the system path so that calls to execute “ant” are found. If Ant is not added to the system path, simply call the fully-loaded path to the ant executable instead.

Since Ant is a java-based utility, **%JAVA_HOME%** must also be defined, but this should have been done earlier in the OptiCash installation process.

There are three files of importance for executing the batch process:

- **build.properties** – This file contains the properties associated with each batch process.
- **build.xml** – This file contains the configuration and calls to each underlying batch process, using the parameters defined in the build.properties file.
- **ant_execution_samples** – this file contains sample calls to execute each process via ant

16.1.1 General Parameters

These parameters may be set in the build.properties file

- **opticash.dir**=The directory path of the OptiCash war file. e.g.
<C:/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/AppSrv01/installedApps/ironhideNode01Cell/OptiCash.ear/OptiCash.war/>
- **opticash.lib.dir**=The directory path to the application jar files
- **opticash.db.dir**=The directory and name of the jdbc jar file relevant to your database (e.g. /lib/ojdbc8.jar)
- **opticash.user**=A valid user in OptiCash who has rights to the given batch functions and cashpoints.

16.2 Calculate Data Health Indicator

The Data Health Indicator calculation can be performed in batch by the batch file **Calculate_DHI.cmd** provided by NCR Cash Management. The data health indicator is a rolling average denoting the general health of the daily balance loads.

16.2.1 Properties

- Calculate_DHI.sdate=Beginning date to run the data health indicator, Format: yyyy-mm-dd
- Calculate_DHI.edate=End date to run the data health indicator, Format: yyyy-mm-dd

16.2.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Calculate_DHI
```

16.3 Cost Calculation

The Cost Calculation process can be performed in batch by the batch file **run_ant_cost_calculation.cmd** provided by NCR Cash Management. Computes the costs incurred in the selected duration and cashpoints. The costs can be viewed by generating a cost report.

16.3.1 Properties

- Cost_Calculation.cashpGroup_id=Cashpoint Group holding cashpoint IDs to run cost calculation process with
- Cost_Calculation.model_id=Model id to run cost calculation process when calculating model cost
- Cost_Calculation.startDate=Beginning date to run cost calculation process with, Format: yyyy-mm-dd
- Cost_Calculation.endDate=End date to run cost calculation process with, Format: yyyy-mm-dd
- Cost_Calculation.calcType=Type defining what cost calculation to run (ACTUAL, PROJECTED, MODEL)

16.3.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Cost_Calculation
```

16.4 Load ACL

The **Load_ACL.cmd** batch file will load OptiCash Daily ACL (Access Control List), which is used to provide the automated creation, updating, deactivating, and deletion of users from the application database. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.4.1 Properties

- Load_ACL.fileName: Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Only Supply the Basic Filename - No path.
- Load_ACL.AuthType : Valid Authentication Types: (e.g. //WAAS/) This will be the prefix for each External Auth. Username.
- Load_ACL.delim : Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_ACL.mailaddr: Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.4.2 Syntax

Ant -f build.xml Load_ACL

Note: If it is desired to use the "CUSTOM" ACL load for OptiNet users, customization of the LoadDailyACLJob.insertCpCustom query will be required. If you are unfamiliar with customizing a query, contact your NCR Cash Management Support representative. The default query is below and may be used for reference:

```
LoadDailyACLJob.insertCpCustom=?insert into user_cp(username,cashp_id) select
':username:', cashp_id from cp_link where owner_id\=':location\:' and cashp_id
not in (select cashp_id from user_cp where username\=':username\:');
```

Note The :username: and :location: variables. These reference the USERNAME and U_LOCATION columns in the import file, respectively, and may be used in your customized query.

16.5 Load Balance ATMs

The **Load_Balance_ATM** batch will load the daily load file, i.e. the file(s) that supply the activity and balance figures for the ATMs. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.5.1 Properties

- Load_Balance_ATM.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_Balance_ATM.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab, semicolon, none. 'Comma' or 'Tab' or 'Semicolon' is used with Standard format and does not require input format specified in the syntax. 'None' is used for 422-format input and has to be defined in conjunction with the input formats '0' or '1' available below.
- Load_Balance_ATM.cptype= "ATM" for standard ATM load, "DATM" for enhanced format
- Load_Balance_ATM.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_Balance_ATM.source= "file"
- Load_Balance_ATM.calcost=This parameter is used to calculate actual costs for the dates being loaded based on cost definitions in the system. Enter "yes" or "no" as necessary.
- Load_Balance_ATM.iformat=Leave empty if OC6 file format or set to 'Comma' or 'Tab'. Enter '0' or '1' if 4.2.2 format.

16.5.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_Balance_ATM

16.6 Load ATM Residuals

The **Load_ATM_Residuals** batch will load the ATM residuals typically counted back at a cash center or depot, i.e. the file(s) that supply the residual from a Replace/Swap cash delivery(ies) the ATMs. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.6.1 Properties

- Load_ATM_Residuals.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_ATM_Residuals.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_ATM_Residuals.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_ATM_Residuals.overwrite= Overwrite record if already exists (on/off)

- Load_ATM_Residuals.invalidRecs= Write invalid records to a file - yes, no. When order file records cannot be loaded, they will be rejected by the system. If the checkbox is checked, invalid records will be written to a file so that they can be reviewed, corrected and successfully loaded later.

16.6.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_ATM_Residuals

16.7 Load Balance Branches

The **Load_Balance_BRANCH** batch will load the daily load file, i.e. the file(s) that supply the activity and balance figures for the Branches. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.7.1 Properties

- Load_Balance_BRANCH.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab, semicolon, none. 'Comma' or 'Tab' or 'Semicolon' is used with standard format and does not require input format specified in the syntax. 'None' is used for 422-format input and has to be defined in conjunction with the input formats '0' or '1' available below.
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.cptype= "BRANCH" for standard branch format. "DBRANCH" for branch format with Branch Linked Account balances. "EBRANCH" for Branch Intraday data load.
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.source=Whether the source of the data comes from a load file or ETL table. Values are "file" if it is a file-load or "ETL" if it's an ETL table load.
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.calcost=This parameter is used to calculate actual costs for the dates being loaded based on cost definitions in the system. Enter "yes" or "no" as necessary.
- Load_Balance_BRANCH.ifformat=Leave empty if OC6 file format or set to 'Comma' or 'Tab'. Enter '0' or '1' if 4.2.2 format.

16.7.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_Balance_BRANCH

16.8 Load Branch Withdrawals & Deposits

The **Load_Balance_WD** batch will load daily load files for Branch Deposits & Withdrawals only, i.e. the file(s) that supply Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.8.1 Properties

- Load_Branch_WD.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_Branch_WD.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_Branch_WD.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.8.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_Branch_WD
```

16.9 APTRA Vision Hourly ATM data feed

The **Load_CPTrans** batch will find ATM data files in a specified location and load that data into OptiCash. It is intended for use with the output from APTRA Vision software.

16.9.1 Properties

- Load_CPTRANS.folder=Folder in which the load files will be found
- Load_CPTRANS.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_CPTRANS.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_CPTRANS.authType= HTTPServletRequest Authentication Type (e.g. //WAAS/)
- Load_CPTRANS.fileext=Files to be loaded will have this filename extension (suffix)
- Load_CPTRANS.processing=During processing load files will be renamed with this filename extension
- Load_CPTRANS.processed=After successful load files will be renamed with this file extension
- Load_CPTRANS.failed=If error occurs during an attempt to load a file, it will be renamed with this file extension

- Load_CPTRANS.filterClass=An optional pre-processor class. If NCR Cash Management Support has provided you with a filterClass, put the name here. Otherwise, leave it empty.

16.9.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_CPTRANS
```

16.10 Load Downtime

The **Load_Downtime.cmd** batch file will load the ATM downtime file, i.e. the file that supplies information on when ATMs were offline or operating at a reduced level.

16.10.1 Properties

- Load_Downtime.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_Downtime.authType=HttpServletRequest Authentication Type (e.g. //WAAS/)
- Load_Downtime.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_Downtime.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_Downtime.overwrite=Overwrite record if already exists (on/off)
- Load_Downtime.executeRule=Execute data exclusion based on existing user-defined exclusion rules (on/off)

16.10.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_Downtime
```

16.11 Load Orders

The **Load_Orders** batch will load actual cashpoint orders into OptiCash. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this load format.

16.11.1 Properties

- Load_Orders.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_Orders.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab

- Load_Orders.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_Orders.override=Overwrite record if already exists (on/off)
- Load_Orders.optId=Write invalid records to a file - yes, no. When order file records cannot be loaded, they will be rejected by the system. If the checkbox is checked, invalid records will be written to a file so that they can be reviewed, corrected and successfully loaded later.
- Load_Orders.datchk=Validate order & due date - yes, no. If 'Yes' is defined, the order load process will validate the order date and due date based on the cashpoint lead time defined in the system. Incorrect records will be rejected and written to the log file.
- Load_Orders.ifformat='ENHANCED' or 'STANDARD'. Indicates the format of the load file.
- Load_Orders.ignoreSameState= yes, no. If ENHANCED format and ignoreSameState is 'yes', then records having the same order state in the input file as already recorded in OptiCash will be ignored. Not operational with the STANDARD format since that format does not include the order state. This effectively filters out input data that was already loaded previously.

16.11.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_Orders

16.12 Load Cashpoints (Enhanced)

The **Load_CASHPNT_Enh** batch file will load the cashpoint definition file, i.e. the file that supplies definition information for cashpoints.

16.12.1 Properties

- Load_CASHPNT_Enh.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_CASHPNT_Enh.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_CASHPNT_Enh.deactivate=deactivate cashpoints in the OptiCash database that are not in the load file. (Y/N)
- Load_CASHPNT_Enh.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.12.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_CASHPNT_Enh

16.13 Load Commercial Cashpoints Definition

The **Load_COMCPDef** batch file will load the commercial cashpoint definition file, i.e. the file that supplies definition information for commercial cashpoints.

16.13.1 Properties

- Load_COMCPDef.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_COMCPDef.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_COMCPDef.deactivate=deactivate commercial cashpoints in the OptiCash database that are not in the load file. (Y/N)
- Load_COMCPDef.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.13.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_COMCPDef
```

16.14 Load Commercial Orders

The **Load_ComOrders** batch file will load the commercial orders, i.e. the file that supplies order details for commercial cashpoints.

16.14.1 Properties

- Load_ComOrders.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_ComOrders.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- Load_ComOrders.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Load_ComOrders.overwrite=Overwrite record if already exists (on/off)
- Load_ComOrders.optId=Write invalid records to a file - yes, no. When order file records cannot be loaded, they will be rejected by the system. If the checkbox is checked, invalid records will be written to a file so that they can be reviewed, corrected and successfully loaded later.

16.14.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_ComOrders
```

16.15 Load Currencies

The **Load_CRNCYDEF** batch file will load the currencies definition file, i.e. the file that supplies definition information for currencies.

16.15.1 Properties

- Load_CRNCYDEF.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_CRNCYDEF.delim=Supported separators – comma, tab
- Load_CRNCYDEF.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.15.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_CRNCYDEF
```

16.16 Load Denominations

The **Load_DENOMDEF** batch file will load the denominations definition file, i.e. the file that supplies definition information for denominations.

16.16.1 Properties

- Load_DENOMDEF.loadfile=Name of the file to be loaded. The file must be in the import directory (e.g. C:\JRun\servers\default\opticash\import). Supply only the Basic Filename - No path is necessary
- Load_DENOMDEF.delim=Supported separators – comma, tab
- Load_DENOMDEF.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.16.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_DENOMDEF
```

16.17 Extend Event Dates

The process to extend event dates into the future is based on pre-existing Event rules.

16.17.1 Properties

- ExtendEventDates.startDate='default' generates future event dates, 'all' generates past and future event dates, 'ddmmyyyy' specific date given in this format generates event dates beginning at that date.
- ExtendEventDates.mailaddr=Email address to which the log file should be sent.
- ExtendEventDates.overwrite= 'yes' removes event date entries and generates new entries. 'no' preserves existing event dates and only adds new event dates.

16.17.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml ExtendEventDates

16.18 Load Event Definitions

The process to input Event and Event Date definitions from a file.

16.18.1 Properties

- Load_Event_Definitions.loadfile=Input file name.
- Load_Event_Definitions.delim= Supported separators - 'comma', 'tab', 'semicolon'
- Load_Event_Definitions.mailaddr=Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.18.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_Event_Definitions

16.19 Load Calendar Definitions

The process to input Calendar definitions from a file.

16.19.1 Properties

- Load_Calendar_Definitions.loadfile=Input file name.
- Load_Calendar_Definitions.delim= Supported separators - 'comma', 'tab', 'semicolon'
- Load_Calendar_Definitions.mailaddr=Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.19.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Load_Calendar_Definitions

16.20 Output Cashpoint Definitions

The **CpDef_Output** batch process will output the cashpoints definition file.

16.20.1 Properties

- CpDef_Output.groupid=Name of an OptiCash Group which contains the ATMs and Branches to be included in this output file.
- CpDef_Output.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab
- CpDef_Output.filename=File name for the output file that will be created. The extension is not needed: it will be added based on your choice of delim above.
- CpDef_Output.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.20.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml CpDef_Output
```

16.21 Output Orders

The **Orders_Output** batch process will output the orders output file that can be used to provide the host system with daily order information. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this output format.

16.21.1 Properties

- Orders_Output.delim=Supported separators - comma, tab, none. 'Comma' or 'Tab' is used with regular (OptiCash Format 5), Enhanced, DEL2 and DEL3 formats. 'None' is only used for DEL1, RTR1, or DEL4 formats.
- Orders_Output.setid=Processing Set Id
- Orders_Output.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- Orders_Output.transmit=Transmit Task (WFTRANSMIT1, WFTRANSMIT2, or WFTRANSMIT3)
- Orders_Output.oformat=Output Format (blank, ENHANCED, DEL2, DEL3, DEL1, RTR1, or DEL4)

16.21.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Orders_Output
```

16.22 Pre-emptive Alerts

The Pre-emptive Alerts process can be performed in batch by the batch file `run_ant_preemptive_alerts.cmd` provided by NCR Cash Management. Determines if cashpoint has pre-emptive alerts.

16.22.1 Properties

- `Preemptive_Alerts.cashpGroup_id`=Cashpoint Group holding cashpoint IDs to run pre-emptive alerts process with

16.22.2 Syntax

`ant -f build.xml Preemptive_Alerts`

16.23 Recommendations Output

The **Recommendation_Output** batch file will output the recommendation output file that can be used to provide the client's host system with daily recommendation information. Refer to the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats for more information about this output format.

16.23.1 Properties

- `Recommendation_Output.delim`=Supported separators - comma, tab, none. 'Comma' or 'Tab' is used with regular formats. 'None' is used for 422-format output and has to be defined in conjunction with the input formats 'ATM0', 'ATM1', 'BRANCH0' or 'BRANCH1' available below.
- `Recommendation_Output.ofile`=File name for the output file that will be created
- `Recommendation_Output.setid`=Processing Set Id
- `Recommendation_Output.mailaddr`=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed
- `Recommendation_Output.oformat`=Output format. Leave blank for standard format. Or choose 'ATM0', 'ATM1', 'BRANCH0', or 'BRANCH1'. Details of these formats can be found in the document OptiCash Input/Output Formats.
- `Recommendation_Output.zrec`=Zero Recommendations. If left blank, no records will be created for cashpoints without recommendations. If desiring outputs to include an explicit zero record for cashpoints without recommendations, then put 'zerorecommendations' here.

Note: The '**zerorecommendations**' option should not be used with the standard output format.

16.23.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Recommendation_Output
```

16.24 Run Recommendations

The **Run_Recommendations** batch file will generate recommendations for the specified recommendation Settings ID. format.

16.24.1 Properties

- Run_Recommendations.ocgroup=Valid user Group in OptiCash
- Run_Recommendations.ocsetid=Valid Recommendation Settings ID (as defined in OptiCash Processing > Recommendations > Settings)

16.24.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Run_Recommendations
```

16.25 Run Recommendations OptiTransport

This process creates recommendations using OptiTransport route definitions and constraints.

16.25.1 Properties

- Run_Recommendations_OptiTransport.routesGroup = ID of an existing OptiTransport Run Group.
- Run_Recommendations_OptiTransport.crncy_id = Three letter currency ID for which this process will run.

16.25.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Run_Recommendations_OptiTransport
```

16.26 Run Forecast

The **Regular_Forecast** process will generate a forecast using the standard method.

16.26.1 Properties

- Regular_Forecast.octype=REGNOVA
- Regular_Forecast.ocsetid=Valid Forecast Settings ID

- Regular_Forecast.ocuseexist=YES to use the existing forecast definition already associated with the cashpoint(s). NO to always use the forecast settings specified as "ocsetid" above.
- Regular_Forecast.filtertp=Filter type. Method of selecting cashpoints. I = institution (all cashpoints). G = group. R = region. D = depot. C = cashpoint.
- Regular_Forecast.filter=Filter value. The ID of whatever was selected for "filtertp" above. Example: if filtertp=G, then the filter is the Group ID for which the forecast process should run.
- Regular_Forecast.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed

16.26.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Regular_Forecast

16.27 Run Virtual Analyst Forecast

The purpose of the Virtual_Analyst batch is to generate a Forecast using Virtual Analyst for the specified Forecast Definition ID.

16.27.1 Properties

- Virtual_Analyst.octype=REGVA
- Virtual_Analyst.ocsetid=Valid Forecast Settings ID
- Virtual_Analyst.ocuseexist= YES to use the existing forecast definition already associated with the cashpoint(s). NO, to always use the forecast settings specified as "ocsetid" above.
- Virtual_Analyst.filtertp=Filter type. Method of selecting cashpoints. I = institution (all cashpoints). G = group. R = region. D = depot. C = cashpoint.
- Virtual_Analyst.filter=Filter value. The ID of whatever was selected for "filtertp" above. Example: if filtertp=G, then the filter is the Group ID for which the forecast process should run.
- Virtual_Analyst.vaoption=The exclusion method that is going to be used to automatically exclude or ignore the outlier data from forecasting. Available options:
 NONE = No auto history selection or data exclusion
 SEL = Auto history selection only
 2SIGMA = Auto data exclusion with 2-Sigma only
 SEL+2SIGMA = Auto history selection and auto data exclusion with 2-Sigma

MAD = Auto data exclusion with MAD only (Median Absolute Deviation)

SEL+MAD = Auto history selection and auto data exclusion with MAD

- Virtual_Analyst.varuntime=Runtime limit (in minutes). To run without a limit, type NA
- Virtual_Analyst.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed. Type "NA" if no email should be sent.

16.27.2 Syntax

ant -f build.xml Virtual_Analyst

16.28 Run Dynamic Forecast

The purpose of **Dynamic_Forecast** is to generate forecasts in an ongoing, time-controlled fashion. It is expected to be scheduled daily. If no processing is appropriate on a particular day, then the process ends immediately.

Note: The Virtual Analyst auto-history selection feature will be always enabled when running Dynamic Forecast.

16.28.1 Properties

- Dynamic_Forecast.octype=DYNAMIC
- Dynamic_Forecast.filter=The group name for which dynamic forecast is going to run. To run it for all network types ALL_NETWORK
- Dynamic_Forecast.frequency=How many times Dynamic Forecast will run in a month. Available options are 1 or 2. If 1, it will run after the 7th business day of each month. If 2, it will run after the 7th business day and again on the 7th-to-last business day of each month.
- Dynamic_Forecast.minhistory=Minimum history used as the basis for the forecast. Available options are 12 or 24 (months).
- Dynamic_Forecast.runtime= The run time in terms of minutes for forecasting. If the time limit is exceeded, the cashpoints that have not been forecasted yet are going to be placed in a queue to be processed the next day. Type NA to run without a time limit.
- Dynamic_Forecast.exclusion=The exclusion method that is going to be used to automatically exclude or ignore the outlier data from forecasting. Available options are TWOSIGMA, and MAD. If you do not wish to use any Virtual Analyst exclusion, then put NA for this option.
- Dynamic_Forecast.mailaddr=Email addresses, where the log file is sent once the process is completed. Type NA if the logs are not going to be emailed.

16.28.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Dynamic_Forecast
```

16.29 ATM Horizon Output

The ATMFREC_Output provides an export of the horizon from today forward for all active ATMs.

16.29.1 Properties

- ATMFREC_Output.delim=Character to use for output file delimiter. Comma (,), semicolon (;), etc.
- ATMFREC_Output.quote=Character to use for quote marks around output fields. Quotation marks ("), apostrophe ('), etc. May be empty.

16.29.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml ATMFREC_Output
```

16.30 Branch Horizon Output

The BRNFREC_Output provides an export of the horizon from today forward for all active Branches.

16.30.1 Properties

- BRNFREC_Output.delim=Character to use for output file delimiter. Comma (,), semicolon (;), etc.
- BRNFREC_Output.quote=Export parameters file for this custom export. Located in the classes directory.

16.30.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml BRNFREC_Output
```

16.31 Projected Costs Output

The PROJCost_Output provides an export of all projected costs from today forward.

16.31.1 Properties

- PROJCost_Output.delim=Character to use for output file delimiter. Comma (,), semicolon (;), etc.

- PROJ_COST_Output.quote=Character to use for quote marks around output fields. Quotation marks ("), apostrophe ('), etc. May be empty.

16.31.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml PROJ_COST_Output
```

16.32 Target Balance Creation

The **Target_Balance** records the current OptiCash horizon balances as target balances. This data will be used in reports.

16.32.1 Properties

- Target_Balance.cp_group=Group of cashpoints for which target balances will be recorded. Or put DEFAULT to run for all cashpoints.
- Target_Balance.start_date=Date where target balances should start recording. Format: YYYY-MM-DD. Example: 2011-12-31. Or put DEFAULT to begin on today's date.
- Target_Balance.end_date=Date where target balances should stop recording. Format: YYYY-MM-DD. Example: 2011-12-31. Or put DEFAULT to end X days after today where X is your horizon length system setting.
- Target_Balance.mailaddr=Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.32.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Target_Balance
```

16.33 Depot Release

The **Depot_Release** process marks orders as released. In OptiNet, this makes orders available for Depot users to view and prevents Branch users from making further modifications.

16.33.1 Properties

- Depot_Release.depot_list=List of depots to which orders will be released. Comma-separated list. Example: Depot1, Depot3, Depot5 Or put DEFAULT to run for all depots.
- Depot_Release.order_types=Comma separated list of order types to be released. Valid values are as follows:

ATM0101 = ATM Add Cash

ATM0102 = Emergency ATM Add Cash

ATM0201 = ATM Replace Cash

ATM0202 = Emergency ATM Replace Cash

ATM0301 = Recycler ATM Return

BRANCH0101 = Branch Delivery

BRANCH0102 = Emergency Branch Delivery

BRANCH0201 = Branch Return

BRANCH0202 = Emergency Branch Return

BRANCH0401 = Commercial Delivery

BRANCH0501 = Commercial Return

DEFAULT = All order types

- Depot_Release.mailaddr=Email address to which log file should be sent

16.33.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Depot_Release
```

16.34 Service Day Generator

This job populates the service day diary based on current settings. The same thing is often done by the recommendations process, but occasionally situations may arise where doing it separately is preferred. For example: Turn off 'Generate Service Days' for the recommendations process and schedule this batch instead at an earlier time with a lighter processing load. Or: Run this process for cashpoints which will never have recommendations created (service days diary is needed for manual ordering for those cashpoints).

16.34.1 Properties

- Service_Day_Generator.setting=Valid Recommendation Settings ID (as defined in OptiCash Processing > Recommendations > Settings)
- Service_Day_Generator.mailaddr= Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.34.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Service_Day_Generator
```

16.35 Intraday Data Purge

This job purges intra-day data. Intra-day data records can quickly bloat the size of the database, and hence regular purging of these records is recommended.

16.35.1 Properties

- IntraDayRecordPurge.mailaddr= Email address to which the log file should be sent.
- IntraDayRecordPurge.group_id=The cashpoint group name identifies which cashpoints should be purged. If you wish to run for all cashpoints, leave it as "ALL".
- IntraDayRecordPurge.numdays=The number of days prior to today that you want to keep. E.g. today-30 means delete all records with a date < today-30days.

16.35.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml IntraDayRecordPurge
```

16.36 Rename/Copy Cashpoints

This job runs the Rename ID or Copy Cashpoint maintenance options for a given list of cashpoints.

16.36.1 Properties

- RenameCashpoints.loadfile= Input file including the To and From lists of Cashpoint IDs
- RenameCashpoints.delim= Delimiter used by input file - comma, tab
- RenameCashpoints.custom= If desired to keep a record of the old cashpoint ID, then enter which custom field should be used: CUST1, CUST2, CUST3, CUST4, CUST5, CUST6 or NONE
- RenameCashpoints.copy= If "yes", then the process will copy cashpoint instead of Rename – yes, no.
- RenameCashpoints.mailaddr= Email address to which the log file should be sent.
- RenameCashpoints.deactivate= Change status of the cashpoints – yes, no. "no" will leave cashpoint status unchanged. If "yes", Rename also deactivates the cashpoint and Copy deactivates both cashpoints. Note: Copy function always deactivates the "to" cashpoint separately.

16.36.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml RenameCashpointsJob
```

16.37 Exclude History

This job excludes history for forecast purposes according to a given input file.

16.37.1 Properties

- ExcludeHistory.loadfile= File name of the input.
- ExcludeHistory.delim= Delimiter used by input file - comma, tab
- ExcludeHistory.mailaddr= Email address to which log file should be sent.

16.37.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml ExcludeHistoryJob
```

16.38 Virtual Analyst Exclusion

This job runs the Virtual Analyst history data exclusion process to exclude anomalous history data from forecast usage.

16.38.1 Properties

- VA_Exclusion_Job.group_id = Existing group of cashpoints for which history may be excluded.
- VA_Exclusion_Job.startDate = Format: 2014-05-25. The process will exclude anomaly data in history in a range beginning at this date. Note: start and end dates can be left blank. If blank, the process runs for 1 year ending on the current date.
- VA_Exclusion_Job.endDate = Format: 2014-05-25. The process will exclude anomaly data in history in a range ending at this date.
- VA_Exclusion_Job.algorithm = "MAD" or "TWOSIGMA"

16.38.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml VA_Exclusion_Job
```

16.39 Purge Downtime Data

This job rids the system of old cashpoint downtime information.

16.39.1 Properties

- Purge_Downtime_Data.daysInPast = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- Purge_Downtime_Data.mailaddr = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.39.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Downtime_Data
```

16.40 Purge Application File Data

This job rids the system of old temporary files (graph images, reports, etc).

16.40.1 Properties

- `Purge_ApplicationFile_Data.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_ApplicationFile_Data.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.40.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_ApplicationFile_Data
```

16.41 Purge Depot Release

This job rids the system of old records of orders being released to depot users.

16.41.1 Properties

- `Purge_Depot_Release.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Depot_Release.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.41.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Depot_Release
```

16.42 Purge Messages

This job rids the system of old messages between users.

16.42.1 Properties

- `Purge_Messages.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Messages.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.42.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Messages
```

16.43 Purge Audit Records

This job rids the system of old user activity records.

16.43.1 Properties

- `Purge_Audit.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Audit.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.43.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Audit
```

16.44 Purge Cashpoint Costs

This job rids the system of old calculated cost records.

16.44.1 Properties

- `Purge_Cashpoint_Cost.monthsInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Cashpoint_Cost.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.44.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Cashpoint_Cost
```

16.45 Purge Calendar Events

This job rids the system of old calendar event day records (holidays, etc).

16.45.1 Properties

- `Purge_Event.monthsInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Event.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.45.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Event
```

16.46 Purge Service Exceptions

This job rids the system of old records for an exception to cashpoints' normal service schedule.

16.46.1 Properties

- `Purge_Service_Exceptions.monthsInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Service_Exceptions.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.46.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Service_Exceptions
```

16.47 Purge Forecast Adjustment

This job rids the system of forecast adjustment records in the past time frame.

16.47.1 Properties

- `Purge_Forecast_Adjustment.monthsInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Forecast_Adjustment.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.47.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Forecast_Adjustment
```

16.48 Purge Recommendations

This job rids the system of old recommendation records.

16.48.1 Properties

- `Purge_Recommendations.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Recommendations.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.48.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Recommendations
```

16.49 Purge Alerts

This job rids the system of outdated Alert records.

16.49.1 Properties

- `Purge_Alerts.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Alerts.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.49.2 Syntax

`ant -f build.xml Purge_Alerts`

16.50 Purge History

This job rids the system of old historical records.

16.50.1 Properties

- `Purge_History.monthsInPast` = Data older than this number of months will be deleted.
- `Purge_History.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.50.2 Syntax

`ant -f build.xml Purge_History`

16.51 Purge Commercial Orders

This job rids the system of old commercial ordering records.

16.51.1 Properties

- `Purge_Commercial_Order.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Commercial_Order.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.51.2 Syntax

`ant -f build.xml Purge_Commercial_Order`

16.52 Purge Orders

This job rids the system of old ATM and Branch ordering records.

16.52.1 Properties

- `Purge_Orders.daysInPast` = Data older than this number of days will be deleted.
- `Purge_Orders.mailaddr` = Email address to which the log file should be sent.

16.52.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Purge_Orders
```

16.53 Load Cashpoint Locations

This job updates the latitude and longitude (physical location) fields for various cashpoints. Intended to be part 1 of 3 of the initial setup of OptiTransport functionality. The processes Load Route Definitions and Load Cashpoint Route Assignments should be run after this and prior to using the OptiTransport optimization.

16.53.1 Properties

- Load_CPLocation.loadfile = Name of the input file.
- Load_CPLocation.delim = "comma" or "tab"
- Load_CPLocation.mailaddr = email address to which the log file will be sent.

16.53.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_CPLocation
```

16.54 Load Route Definitions

This job creates the route definitions. Intended to be part 2 of 3 of the initial setup of OptiTransport functionality. The process Load Cashpoint Locations should be run before this and Load Cashpoint Route Assignments should be run after this and prior to using the OptiTransport optimization.

16.54.1 Properties

- Load_Route_Definitions.loadfile = Name of the input file.
- Load_Route_Definitions.delim = "comma" or "tab"
- Load_Route_Definitions.mailaddr = email address to which the log file will be sent.

16.54.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_Route_Definitions
```

16.55 Load Cashpoint Route Assignments

This job assigns cashpoints to route definitions. Intended to be part 3 of the initial setup of OptiTransport functionality. The processes Load Cashpoint Locations and Load Route Definitions should be run before this and prior to using the OptiTransport optimization.

16.55.1 Properties

- Load_CP_Route_Defs_Node_Distances.loadfile = Name of the input file.
- Load_CP_Route_Defs_Node_Distances.delim = "comma" or "tab"
- Load_CP_Route_Defs_Node_Distances.mailaddr = email address to which the log file will be sent.

16.55.2 Syntax

```
ant -f build.xml Load_CP_Route_Defs_Node_Distances
```

16.56 Custom Output

OptiCash supports a custom export utility, allowing NCR Cash Management analysts and/or clients to produce tailored data exports in their desired format. An ANT-based Java API is provided to execute these processes. While the most common usage of such an output is to dump data-select results into a delimited flat-file, the OptiSuite base classes are extendible which would allow someone to produce a wide spectrum of output formats. This document does not go into such an extension but instead focuses on the canned custom output examples provided by default in OptiCash.

16.56.1 Ant

The java standard apache ANT package is used to execute the custom export framework, and it is available for free for any operating system. ANT is available at <http://ant.apache.org>. The custom export requires ANT version 1.7 at minimum.

Ant will need to be downloaded onto the computer which is running the custom output. Since Ant is java-based, you may simply unzip the Ant directory structure, and add the underlying "bin" directory to the system path so that calls to execute "ant" are found. If Ant is not added to the system path, simply call the fully-loaded path to the ant executable instead.

Since Ant is a java-based utility, %JAVA_HOME% must also be defined, but this should have been done earlier in the installation process.

16.56.2 General Custom Output Organization

The custom output is organized using the following structure:

1. A "build.properties" file containing parameters for the batch execution such as the location of the OptiCash deployed instance, the OptiCash user to run the batch command, etc.

2. A "build.xml" file detailing the detailed steps and functions which will be performed by ANT
3. A "classes" directory containing at least:
4. An SQL data select query file containing some form of an SQL SELECT... query.
5. An export properties file defining the output classes, delimiter, etc.
6. A parameters properties file defining parameters to the underlying output code and build script
7. A log4j.properties file provides an easy definition of logging.
8. A readme.txt file with any additional information relevant to the given output process.
9. A "src" directory containing the Java source code driving the output.
10. A sample command file providing a sample call to ant including any relevant parameters
11. A "readme.txt" file containing specific information and details for the given output. This file in particular provides everything you need to know about the parameters and execution of the given custom output.

16.56.3 "Sample" Custom Output

A sample custom output is provided under the "Sample" directory. This custom batch performs a simple selection on orders for the current system date for the given cashpoint type (which is provided as a parameter – i.e. ATM or BRANCH).

Additional detail in terms of the parameters used, settings, and format are provided in detail in the Sample/readme.txt file.

16.57 Custom Input

OptiCash supports a custom import utility, allowing NCR Cash Management analysts and/or clients to use tailored data imports in their desired format. An ANT-based Java API is provided to execute these processes. See above for further information about ANT.

Using a Custom Input first requires defining what format the input file will use. This is done via an XML config file. See .. \Batch\custom_load directory for examples: *config_Cashpoint_Load.xml*, *config_Depot_Load.xml*, *config_Servicer_Load.xml*. CSV input files of the same name go along with these examples.



Note: Unlike most batch processes, Custom Input provides no business logic to validate input data. This means there is a danger of putting in the wrong data, into the wrong place, or in the wrong format and as a

	result, causing errors inside OptiCash. Always use the pre-packaged OptiCash processes instead, if applicable, and consult NCR Cash Management before beginning with a Custom Input.
--	--

16.57.1 Properties

- Custom_Load_Job.loadfile = Name of the input file.
- Custom_Load_Job.delim = "comma" or "tab" or "semicolon"
- Custom_Load_Job.configFile = Name of XML config file which defines the expected format of input file
- Custom_Load_Job.configPath = Location of the XML config file
- Custom_Load_Job.hasHeaders = "true" or "false". If true, column headers will be expected in the 1st row of input file
- Custom_Load_Job.mailaddr = email address to which the log file will be sent.

16.57.2 Syntax

call ant -f build.xml Custom_Load_Job

16.58 Executing Custom Batch from the OptiCash User Interface

You may have a custom batch output coordinated between your institution and NCR Cash Management. Typically, these files will be delivered to you as a separate batch, expecting to be executed in batch via the "ant" process noted above.

However, there is the option to configure OptiCash to execute your custom batch output, and it must be configured as part of the installation.

There is an existing directory "jobdefs" under the deployed application, which you must use to house the desired jobs property definitions. (e.g.

C:\WebSphere\AppServer\profiles\AppSrv01\installedApps\OptiCash.ear\OptiCash.war\jobdefs\)

A sample file, myjob.properties, exists as an example. Each job properties file will have four properties inside:

- **Name:** This is the name that will appear in the job list.
- **Description:** The description that will appear in the job list.
- **Command:** The program to run. by using the cmd executable with the /c option, we can use any command you could enter on a command line, including intrinsics, executables, and command scripts. You can typically copy the ant command right out of your custom output command file

- **directory:** The directory to execute the command from.

If on Windows, note that slashes "/" are recommended rather than double backslashes "\\" in the directory variable. Java is equally happy with either, and the slash is more consistent across operating systems.

You may create as many properties files as needed to reflect however many custom outputs you have.

17 File Maintenance

The following directories should regularly be purged in the deployed instance of OptiCash:

- dynimages\ - (Kavachart images (pie charts, forecast graphs, etc.) as generated by the UI)
- dynreports\ - (old CSV and PDF reports)

Customers should purge these directories weekly. Deleting files from these directories should have no negative impact on the application.

Process logs (i.e., Recommendation logs, Forecast logs, Orders Output logs, etc.) should be purged occasionally, as well. The directory location for these log files will be the logs directory of the deployed instance. The interval for purging these logs will vary upon how much the client decides to keep archived, but NCR Cash Management does not recommend keeping these files any more than a month, at most, unless there are compelling reasons.

The Import directory where the daily balance load files are copied should also be purged on a daily basis. The daily balance load process will rename the balance load file with an appropriate *.txt or *.csv extension, depending upon the file type (tab-delimited vs. comma-delimited). Be aware that if a filename ALREADY exists in the directory with that name, OptiCash will NOT replace the old version with the new one, resulting in a load of the older file. Hence, it is critical that the old file be removed at the end of the nightly batch process, or prior to beginning a new one.

18 Redeploying the Database Schema

It is recommended to have nightly backups of the OptiCash database.

You may backup the data using replication, a simple Oracle EXP or EXPDP command, or other tools of choice for the DBA.

You would re-load that data following the schema user create and import methods outlined earlier in this document.

19 Preventing Access to System Maintenance

System maintenance functions are stored in the 'maint' sub-directory in the OptiCash.war/ directory.

These functions pose a serious security risk if unguarded. You may either:

1. Limit access to the URL using the provided security roles which can be mapped to plug-in Users and/or Groups.
2. Limit access to the URL at the web tier.
3. Move the directory to another location outside of the deployed instance once OptiCash is setup properly. You can always modify the `opticash.properties` file manually if needed.
4. Delete the directory once OptiCash is setup properly. You can always modify the `opticash.properties` file manually if needed.

20 Tomcat Configuration Recommendations for OptiCash

OptiCash uses large headers for some requests, but Apache Tomcat limits those to 4096 by default. Add the **maxHttpHeaderSize** attribute to the **Connector** tag in your Tomcat **settings.xml** to override this. We recommend starting with 65536, then increase if necessary to avoid HTTP 400/HTTP 414 errors from Tomcat. Your tag should look something like this:

```
<Connector port="8080" maxHttpHeaderSize="65536" protocol="HTTP/1.1" ... />
```

20.1 Additional Dependencies for OptiCash/OptiNet in Tomcat

For clients deploying OptiCash/OptiNet applications on Apache Tomcat, you will need to configure the CSRF security properties to use the random number generator included with your app server (default refers to one for IBM WebSphere). Find file {root directory}\WEB-INF\classes\Owasp.CsrfGuard.properties and modify the following two properties:

```
org.owasp.csrfguard.PRNG=SHA1PRNG  
org.owasp.csrfguard.PRNG.Provider=SUN
```

This example shows a typical Apache Tomcat setup. Similar lines referring to the IBM generator will need to be removed or commented out.

Also, you will need to deploy additional dependencies (jar files) under Tomcat "lib" directory as listed below (IBM WebSphere typically comes with these already included). For example, if Tomcat is installed under

```
C:\apache-tomcat-7.0.35
```

Then the jar files mentioned in this document should be put in

```
C:\apache-tomcat-7.0.35\lib
```

Note: The version of each depends on the version of Tomcat installed.

These files should be downloaded from a trusted internet source, such as Maven central repository.

20.1.1 Tomcat 7

Following are dependencies that are required by OptiCash/OptiNet in Tomcat 7

File name
el-api-2.2.jar
el-impl-2.2.1-b05.jar
geronimo-jpa_2.0_spec-1.1.jar
javax.servlet.jsp-api-2.2.1.jar
javax.servlet-api-3.0.1.jar
jstl-1.2.jar
jstl-api-1.2.jar
jstl-impl-1.2.jar
jta-1.1.jar
validation-api-1.0.0.GA.jar
mail-1.4.6.jar

Tomcat 8

Following are dependencies that are required by OptiCash/OptiNet in Tomcat 8

File name
javax.el-api-3.0.0.jar
geronimo-jpa_2.0_spec-1.1.jar
javax.servlet.jsp-api-2.3.1.jar
javax.servlet-api-3.1.0.jar
jstl-1.2.jar
jstl-api-1.2.jar
jstl-impl-1.2.jar

jta-1.1.jar
validation-api-1.0.0.GA.jar
mail-1.4.6.jar

20.1.2 Tomcat 9

Following are dependencies that are required by OptiCash/OptiNet in Tomcat 9

File name
geronimo-jpa_2.0_spec-1.1.jar
javax.servlet.jsp-api-2.3.3.jar
javax.servlet-api-4.0.1.jar
taglibs-standard-impl-1.2.5.jar
taglibs-standard-spec-1.2.5.jar
jta-1.1.jar
validation-api-1.0.0.GA.jar

21 IMPORTANT NOTE

To upgrade the application version to 9.16 with SQL Server, below are the steps.

1. Customers having older versions (<9.16) must be upgraded to 9.16 without changing the DB server (Oracle).

This step is taken care by the application if 9.16 war with oracle properties is deployed into the webserver.

After deployment, the user is prompted to upgrade DB Schema. This is also specific to OC and OV. For VLM, products the upgrade is taken care by Liquibase.

2. Create Database and schema in SQL Server as mentioned in installation.
3. Migrate data from Oracle to SQLServer (taken care by NCR Team).
4. Update Oracle DB properties with SQLServer Details in 9.16 war and deploy.

22 EPSS Integration

After 10.x, the application must be integrated with EPSS for authentication and authorization.

User/Terminal Groups must be created in EPSS.

Please refer to CM apps Installation and EPSS Integration guide10.0.pdf for detailed steps.

CXBanking, OptiCash/OptiNet 10.0, Installation Guide
January 2023

NCR welcomes your feedback on this document. Your comments can be of great value in helping us improve our information products. Please contact us using the following address:

[email: xxxx@yyyy]

[web: <https://xxx.xxx.xxx>]

