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SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

93008A





SCHOLARSHIP EXEMPLAR

KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

Scholarship 2016 Latin

9.30 a.m. Monday 28 November 2016 Time allowed: Three hours Total marks: 32

ANSWER BOOKLET

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

Write your answers in this booklet.

Start your answer to each question on a new page. Carefully number each question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

Question	Mark	
ONE		
TWO		
THREE		
FOUR		
TOTAL	/32	

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

He [Nero] was being terrified by the warning signs of dreams and omers. Eventually, after his mother had been billed he saw in his sleep the Manual the helm for away from him as he steered that ship, and he himself being dragged by his wife Octavia water into they thick darkness complete and utter darkness, and being overwhelmed by a swarm of winged onts; [he saw] his horse, which he was very greatly food of, transformed into the figure of an age. From the mausoleum, with doors having opened of their own accord, a voice was head clearly, calling him by name.

He considered variously various courses of action: whether he should approach the Porthins or Calba as a humble petitioner, or, dressed in black, he should appear in a public place and from the speakers' platform they was pray, with assessment of pity he could master as much pity as he could possibly muster, for a pardon for his past sins or, if he had not smayed their hearts, he should beg that the governorship of Egypt be granted to him.

So, putting off these deliberations until the next day, and having been woken up in the meet middle of the night, when he tound out that the guard of soldiers had withdrawn, he jumped out of his bed and sent around his friends, and because nothing was reported back by anyone, he himself went with a few [Lattendants] to the rooms of each individual. But with all the Doors closed and no one replying, he returned to his bedroom, from where his guards had already fled. And straight away he called out for the gladiator Spiculus or some other would be !!

SSESSOR'S USE ONLY Question Two

In this passage Nero is portrayed as being utterly terrified. His paranoia and anxiety are first shown in line one portentis. ominum. "where the repeated idea of omens and portents tell us that his fate looks gain, and gon In the rest of the first paragraph (lines 1-5, "vidit... cientis") we are given a vivid description of his dreams: first he is drag from the helm of theship he is steering, which symbolises him losing power in Rome, Hen he is dragged into darkness by his own wife, where he is accosted) by a swarm of bugs. The description "pinnature formicarem" multidudine" in line 3, with its long genitive endings is 13 syllables long, which helps to convey the size of the swarm and its formidableness. His Lorse is then turned into an ape, and voice Issues farth from a nousoleum, calling him. These images show the terrified state of mind he is in. This is further developed in the third paragraph, lines 10-12 ("prosilvit... diffigurant."), where he jumps out of bed and tries to find his friends. This gives us the impression of a child woken by a night more, & goog to close waking his parents for comfort. In line 14, in his de speech "ergo ego" these those two And Similar sounding words give a stuttering effect, once again highlighting his terror. Nero can theretone be seen as anxious and paramoid, and despairing for by fate.

Also revealed in this passage is Neso's selfishness. In lines & 6-8 "varie... ocaret." to remedy the situation. First of all he considers going to Parthians for aid, enomies of Home,

this shows that he actually does not care greatly about Rome,
only about himself and his own nell-being, clearly not a
desirable quality in a leader. He then considers begging
for pity from the Norman ropole showing his lack of
for pity from the Romans people, showing his lack of
lionself. It also reggests that he has little removes for
the crimes he has committed. This shows further in lines
10-12 "crosileit adiit" where he was to make a his
10-12 "prosibil adiit" where he goes to make up his
triends in the middle of the night so that he can be comforted.
He is thinking the only of himself, and not for the nelface
of his friends (and their sleep), and his becomes to be seen
as rather pathetic-
Finally we come to the see the crazed state of mind he
Bin, as he begs for an assessin to come and kill
him. The careful choice of vocabilary in line 14 of "anicus"
and "inimizers" & emphasise his musings: "he has reither
fried nor fae". This total econor reties provides
comic relief, but also aids the image of a man driver
mad by terror.
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Question Four!
In line I "laurus" is not right at the beginn of the line
In line I "laurus" is put right at the beginning of the line, I along with its adjective "sacra" in live 2, when which enphasizes
its importance and believes lines 2-3 have a correctable
amount of chilans with me by the the
amount of sibilance, which may be suggesting the buzzing
Sound of the bees "stordore" which comes at the beginning
of line 4. Also in lines for 2-5 costone acropters
thre is a repitition of the idea of height and loftings ("coman", "summen", "apicen") which gives a sense of
(coman, Sumarum, apicem") which gives a sense of
importance and grandeur. The strange imagery in line 5
of the bees with interlocked feet storts to suggest the
Strangeress of the stration and the own to come.
Line 11 is spondaic, which couples with Virgil's use
of vocahlary ("tandir" etc.) which indicate holivers and good)
things (pietas"). Ins is then contrasted with
"refas" which indicates the suddeners of the
Om.
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Scholarship exemplar for 93008 – 2016 Total score		Total score: 22	
Q	Grade score	Annotation	
1	8	The candidate sustained a high degree of accuracy and fluency in translation, and showed a particularly good understanding of apposition, agreement, and word order in Latin. The translation was perceptive and communicated in a convincing manner.	
2	4	The candidate demonstrated awareness of the state of Nero's mind, and of his lack of leadership, showing him to be a person who cared solely for himself. Though the text was critically examined for such evidence, some unusual conclusions were made.	
3	8	The candidate communicated the meaning of the passage in English with a high degree of accuracy, despite at times incorrect agreement of noun and adjective. Overall precision and an impressive fluency was sustained.	
4	2	The candidate's response was incomplete and did not expand on the points made, especially the idea of holiness and the use of sibilance, though some basic awareness of critical appreciation was shown.	