

93401R



Scholarship 2012 Geography

2.00 pm Saturday 24 November 2012

RESOURCE BOOKLET

Refer to this booklet to answer the questions for Scholarship Geography 93401.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–30 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MAY KEEP THIS BOOKLET AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

CONTENTS

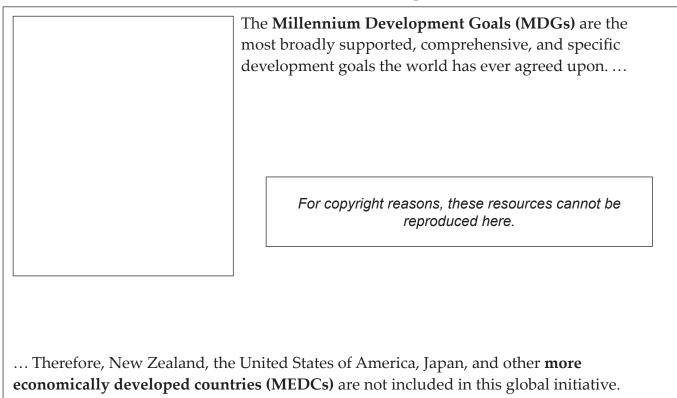
INTRODUCTION	3
CASE STUDIES: WORKING TOWARDS THE MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS	8
Note: The data supplied in the case studies of individual countries are the most up-to-date available.	
Asia	8
Africa	16
The Pacific	21
Latin America	24
WILL WE SUCCEED?	28

INTRODUCTION

"Extreme poverty can be ended, not in the time of our grandchildren, but in our time."

Jeffrey Sachs

What are the Millennium Development Goals?



Facts from Across the Globe

• 1.2 billion people across the world are hungry. Seven out of ten of them are women and girls. ...

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Figure 1: Women in India

. . .

• 1.2 billion people lack access to basic sanitation (**see Figure 1 above**). The vast majority of them live in rural areas.

argets are sh	tht main MDGs signed by world leaders, each with a number of targets. Some of the lown below.
	Achieve universal primary education
	Target 1: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling
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	Develop a global partnership for development
	 Target 1: Address the special needs of the LEDCs. This includes tariff and quota-free access for LEDC exports.
	• Target 2: Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of the LEDCs through natio and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.

Note: These targets have been abridged from those stated in the Millennium project, commissioned by the UN Secretary General.

Three Years to Go

By 2010, there had been undeniable progress on some MDGs in many countries. ...

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... Globally, there were noticeable reductions in poverty (see Figure 2 below).

Progress on Millennium Development Goals in LEDC countries				
	1990	2008	2015 target	
Population living on less than \$1.00 a day, % of total				
Undernourished population, % of total				
Deaths of children under five, % of live births				
Primary school enrolment, % of all primary school-age children				
Pregnant women attended at least once by skilled medical personnel, % of all pregnant women				
Population with access to an improved water source, % total				
Source: UN	*2005 ^1	990–92 §20	005-07 ~1998 **2	

Figure 2: Moving the right way

Some of the MDGs have had a significant impact on others – where success occurs in one of them, there can be success in another. ...

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... However, success has not been universal, with some parts of the world achieving better results than others (see Figure 3 below).



Success Stories

The African Star TimesSchool Fees Abolished

School fees have been abolished in Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Mozambique, Nepal, and Tanzania, resulting in an increase in the number of students attending school.

Bahrain Gazette

Ninety-eight Per Cent of Women Participated

In Bahrain, 98 per cent of women participated in a referendum in 2001, paving the way for legislative reforms that gave Bahraini women full rights as citizens.

Cambodian Daily Twice As Much Condom Use

Cambodia's 100 per cent Condom Use programme contributed to twice as much condom use among sex workers. HIV prevalence declined from 1.2 to 0.7 per cent between 2003 and 2008.

The African Post Income Generating Opportunities For Women

Small-scale micro-projects, such as provision of low-cost electricity in the form of biofuel platforms in Burkina Faso, Ghana, Mali, and Senegal, have created income-generating opportunities for women, while reducing time poverty by up to six hours a day.

The South Asian News

Women, Well-Being, Work, Waste, and Sanitation Project

In South Asia, the "Women, Well-being, Work, Waste, and Sanitation Project" trained women as sanitation facilities installers. It also allowed them to earn additional income.

The Ethiopian Herald Addressing The Rise in Slum-dwellers

Ethiopia promoted small- and medium-scale enterprises, community-based urban works programmes, and constructed over 80 000 public housing units to address the 60 per cent rise in slum-dwellers between 1990 and 2008.

Countries and their Progress by Goal

Go	als	India	Malawi	Mexico	Samoa	Thailand	Turkey
Α	Achieve universal primary education						
В	For copyright reasons, these resources cannot be reproduced here.						
С							
D							
E							
F							
G							
Н	Develop a global partnership for development						

Key			
	Achieved		Off track
	Very likely to be achieved, on track		Insufficient information
	Possible to achieve if some changes	s are i	made

Figure 4: Countries and their progress by goal

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Figure 5: Reduce hunger

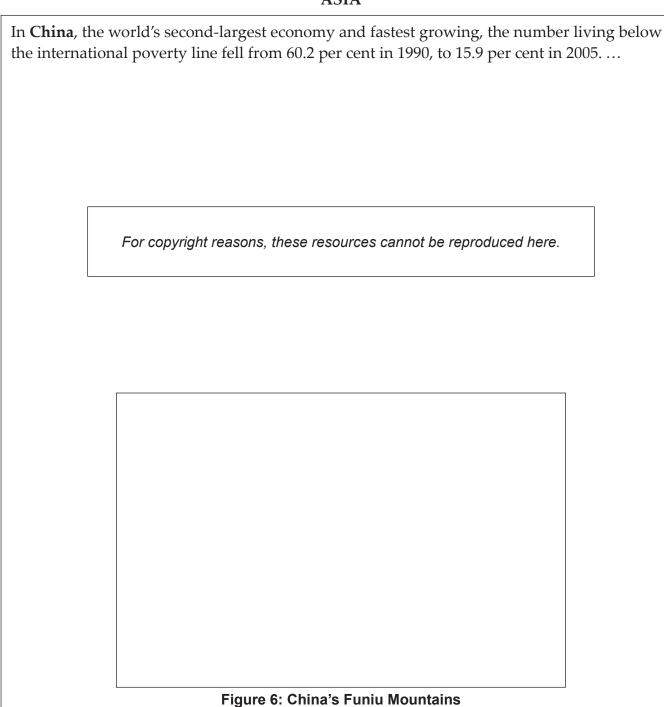
CASE STUDIES: WORKING TOWARDS THE MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS

This goal-setting exercise has pitfalls. Different countries in different regions face completely different circumstances. ...

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... The countries that have made most progress in cutting poverty have largely done so, not by spending public money, but by encouraging faster economic growth.

ASIA



... However, some 254 million Chinese still remain in extreme poverty, living on less than \$1.00 a day, suggesting that there is still much to do to reduce poverty and alleviate hunger in one of the world's fastest growing economies.

India is also recognised increasingly as a global power in key economic sectors, but although the number of people in the middle classes is increasing, and eight of the wealthiest 100 billionaires (\$US) in the world are from India, this has not solved the problems of the poor. ...

Figure 7: Children in India waiting to be fed

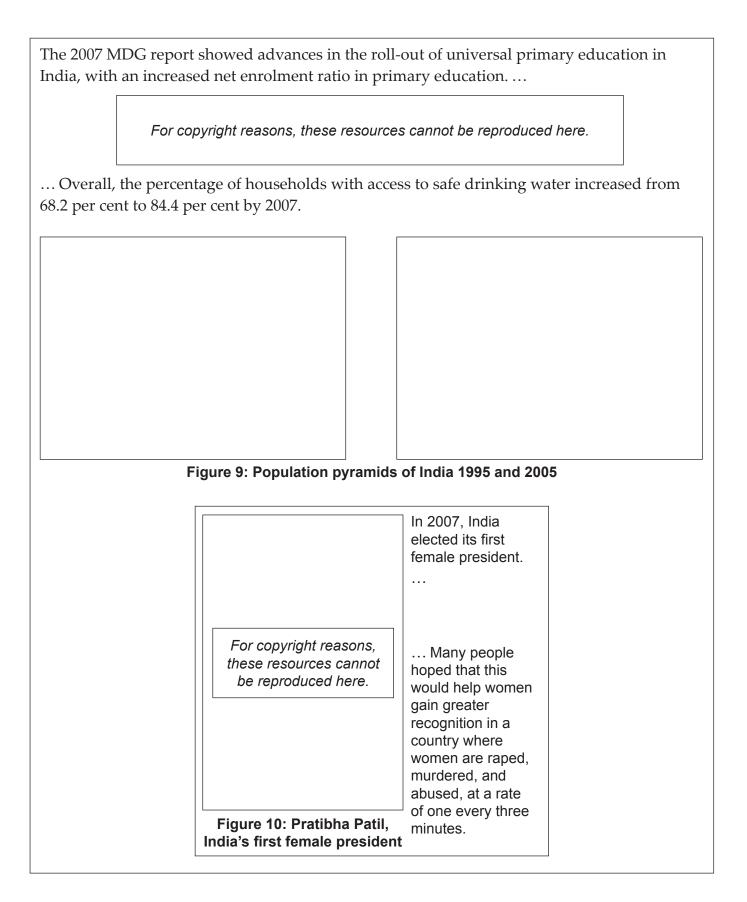
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... At this rate, India is likely to miss the target of reducing these figures to 42 for every 1 000 live births by 2015, and unless concerted national efforts are made by government and all sections of civil society working in tandem, India will not meet its targets.

India

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	Figure 8: India		
	J		
Land area			
Population			
Natural increase	ate		
Infant mortality ra	te		

Land area	
Population	
Natural increase rate	
Infant mortality rate	
Life expectancy	
Literacy rate	
Government type	
GDP per capita (US\$)	
Population below the poverty line	
Key industries	
Labour force by occupation	
Land use	

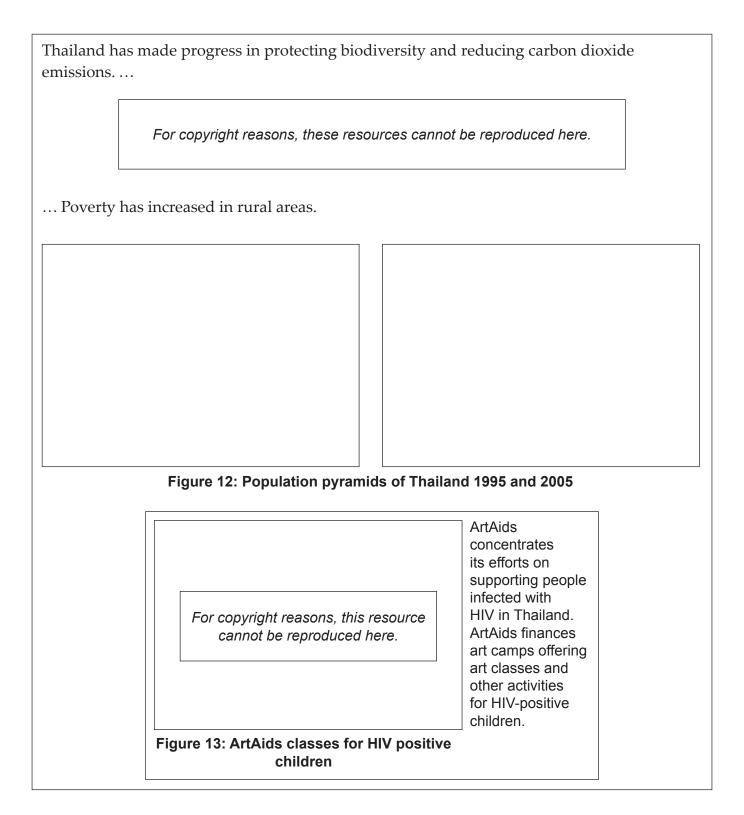


Thailand

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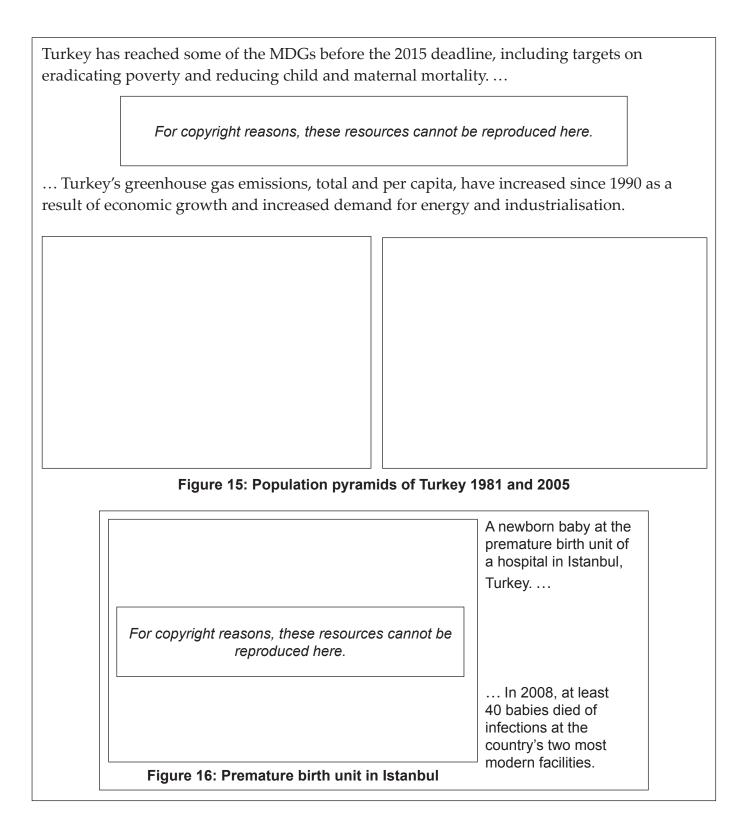
Figure 11: Thailand

Land area	
Population	
Natural increase rate	
Infant mortality rate	
Life expectancy	
Literacy rate	
Government type	
GDP per capita (US\$)	
Population below the poverty line	
Key industries	
Labour force by occupation	
Land use	

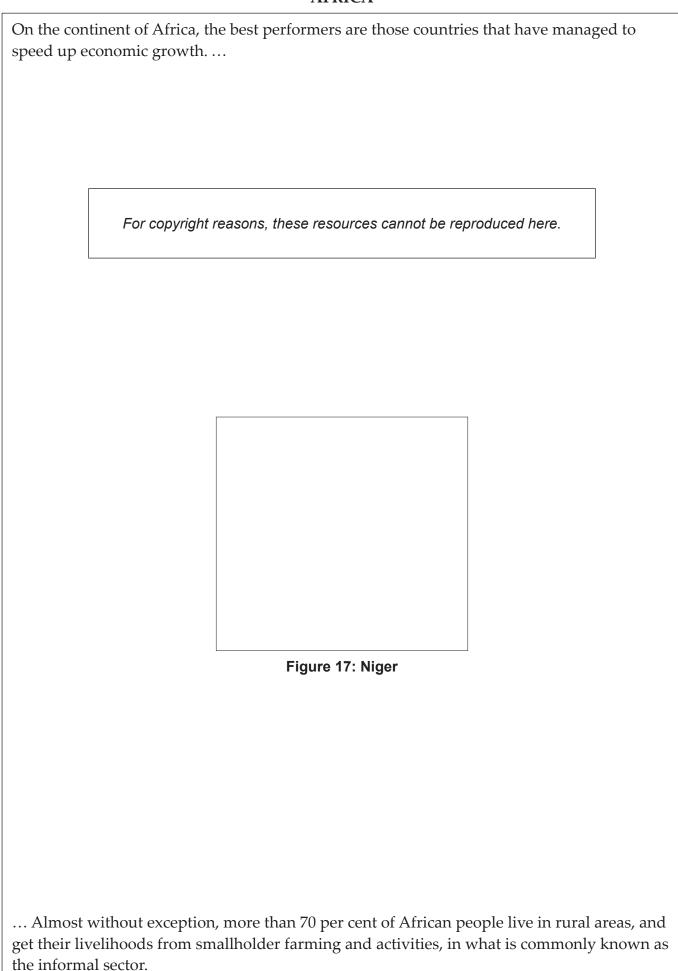


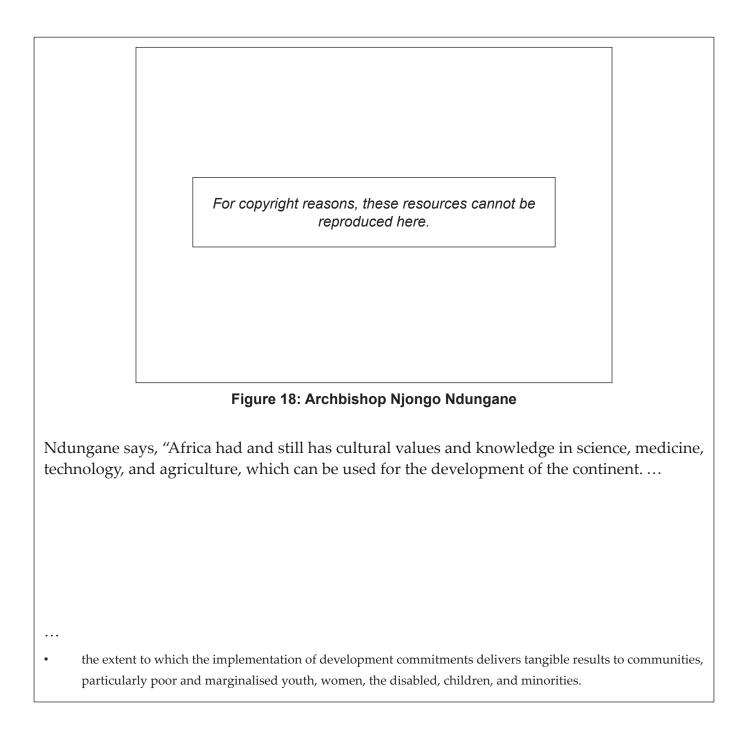
Turkey

			_
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		Figure 14: Turkey	
Land area			
Population			
Natural incre	ase rate		
Infant mortal	ity rate		
Life expectar	icy		
Literacy rate			
Government	type		
GDP per capi	ta (US\$)		
	elow the poverty line		
Key industrie			
Labour force	by occupation		
Land use			l .



AFRICA





Malawi

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,
Figure 19: Malawi

Land area	
Population	
Natural increase rate	
Infant mortality rate	
Life expectancy	
Literacy rate	
Government type	
GDP per capita (US\$)	
Population below the poverty line	
Key industries	
Labour force by occupation	
Land use	

In Malawi, five of the MDG goals are likely to be achieved, while the other three are in doubt; not for lack of effort to achieve them, but due to the fact that the country had a much lower starting base compared with other countries. ...

... It stands at 79 per cent, and the proportion of pupils starting grade one who reach grade five without repeating a grade, has declined from 86 per cent in 2006, to 75.7 per cent in 2008.

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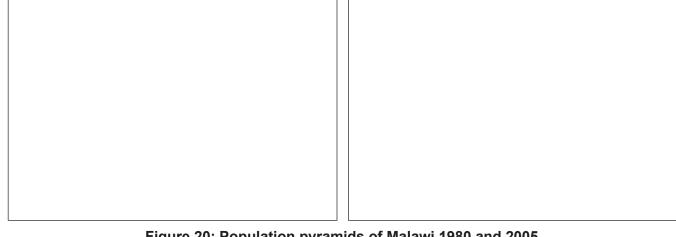


Figure 20: Population pyramids of Malawi 1980 and 2005

Note: The 1980 population pyramid for Malawi measures the population in thousands, and the 2005 population pyramid for Malawi measures the population in millions.

The first detailed digital soil map of sub-Saharan Africa is to be created.... For copyright reasons, these resources cannot be reproduced here. ... In the whole of Malawi, there is only one fertiliser recommendation for maize, but there are many different soil types. Figure 21: Maize farmers in Malawi

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THE PACIFIC

The reliance	e on aid is not unique to Africa	
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L		
It is critic	cal for the Pacific nations to deliver essential services for all their	
people – aff	fordable education, health care, safe water, and sanitation.	

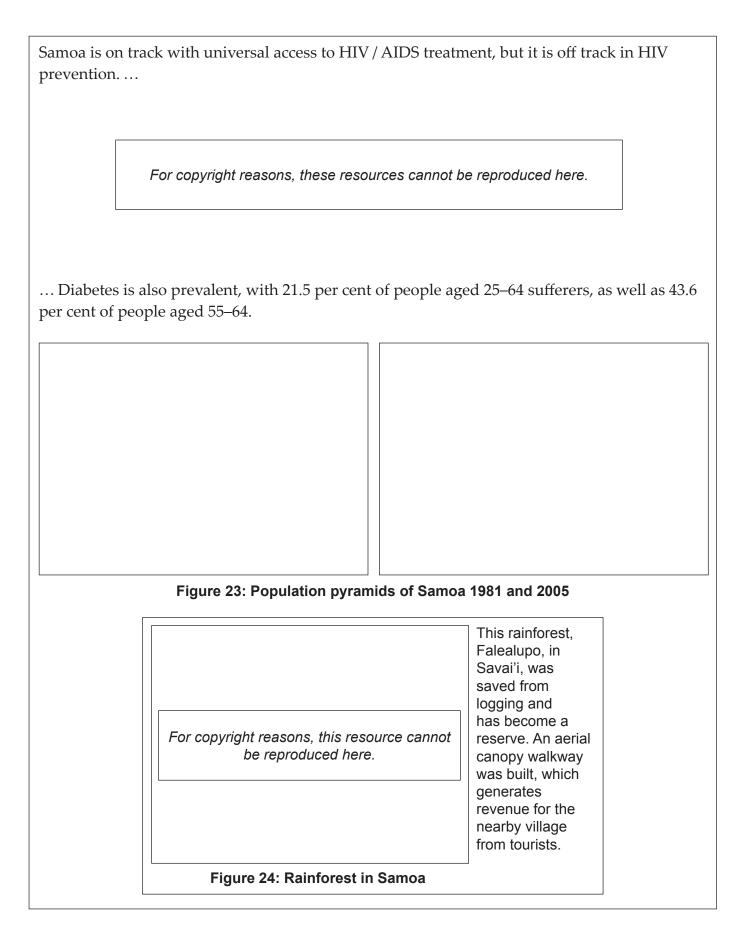
Samoa

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		Figure 20, Company	
		Figure 22: Samoa	
Land area			
Population			
Natural increas	e rate		
Infant mortality	rate		
Life expectancy	y		
Literacy rate			
Government ty			
GDP per capita			
Population belo	ow the poverty line		
(data not availa	ibie)		

Key industries

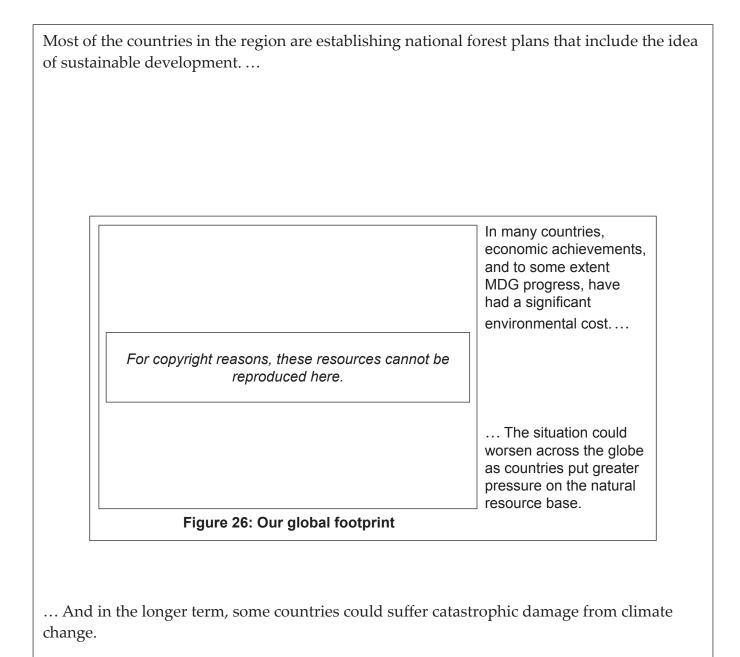
Land use

Labour force by occupation (data not available)



LATIN AMERICA

ncreasing	g threat
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1re 25 h	elow shows the global change in forested areas across the globe.
are 25 50	ciów shows the global change in forestea areas across the globe.
	Figure 25: Net change (%) in global forested area between 1990–2000 and 2000–2010



Mexico

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		Figure 27: Mexico		
Land area				
Population				
Natural incre				
Infant mortal	i			
Life expectar	ncy			
Literacy rate				
Government	type			
GDP per capi				
Population be	elow the poverty line			
Key industrie				
l abaum fama -	by occupation			
Labour force				

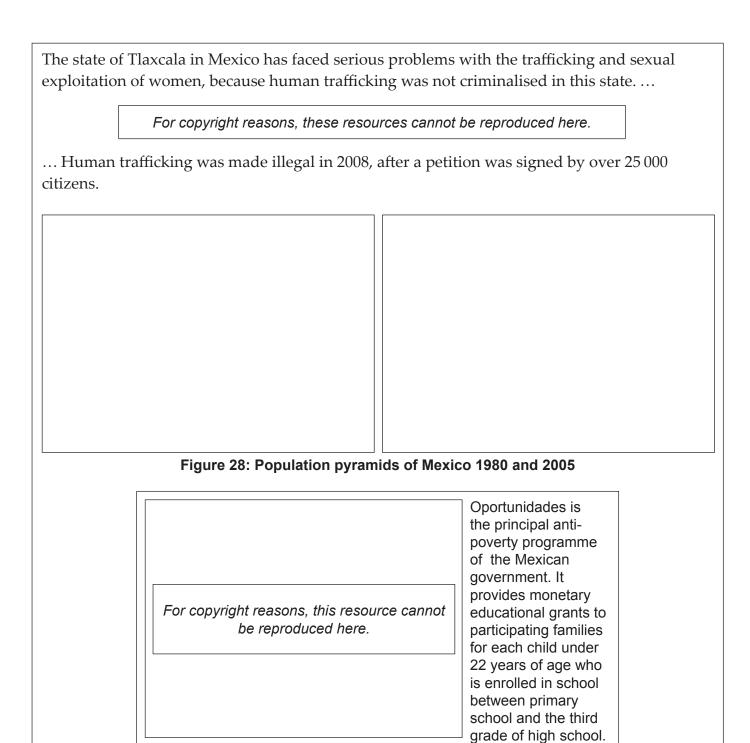


Figure 29: School in Mexico

WILL WE SUCCEED?

The Latest News

Are we on track to achieve the MDGs by 2015?

From "The Latest" INDEPENDENT NEWS

T he targets, set in 2000, were always ambitious....

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... But if you trash your environment, you trash your economy, and you trash livelihoods".

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Material from the following sources has been accessed and adapted for use in this examination.

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