

SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

93010



## **TOP SCHOLAR**



NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY MANA TOHU MÄTAURANGA O AOTEAROA

QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

# Scholarship 2015 Sāmoan

2.00 p.m. Wednesday 11 November 2015 Time allowed: Three hours Total marks: 24

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should answer ALL the questions in this booklet.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–11 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

#### INSTRUCTIONS

The exam consists of TWO parts, held in a three-hour time slot:

- first, a two-hour Writing section with two questions in response to spoken and written texts in Sāmoan
- second, a one-hour Speaking section with one question in Sāmoan.

You will undertake the two-hour Writing section in a Writing Room and will undertake the Speaking section individually in a Recording Room.

#### LISTENING

This question requires a response written in **Sāmoan**, to a passage spoken in Sāmoan, played from a recording.

In your written response, you are expected to:

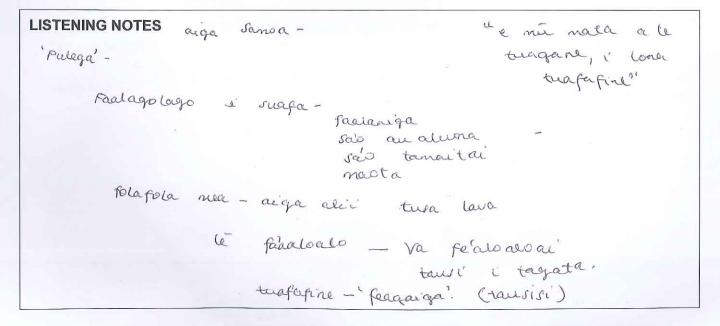
- effectively communicate with perception and insight and create meaning in Sāmoan
- use a wide variety of complex structures and vocabulary that are well integrated into a synthesised response
- show understanding of the text and its inferences, through analysis and evaluation, independent reflection, and extrapolation
- assemble ideas in a logical, clear, concise, and seamless/coherent manner, and make minimal use of expressions from the text
- go considerably beyond the information given in the text.

Listen to the story 'Āiga Sāmoa ma ona Pūlēga.

- You will hear the passage THREE times: The first time, you will hear it as a whole. The second and third times, you will hear the passage in sections, with a pause after each.
- While listening, make notes in the spaces provided. Your notes will not be assessed.
- Write your response, in Sāmoan, beginning on page 4. The instructions and the question are repeated on that page.

#### **QUESTION ONE**

'Aiseā e tāua ai tū ma aga tausili a Sāmoa o lo'o fa'amatalaina mai e le tusitala?



LISTENING NOTES Tuagagine 0 le ua paalanumeraire ave. taupou roponopo ante le monatre facepito è le isi e iai galutine - Ita uta grofie , ote taurala e e le merfair ona meloniertoà le fou le galulga tuagane i cona trafafine. Weles, e Paia pean = gain teine e nopo i le pele a le touvela. - Par galulga e sauvai lati o le tempala e riva, tampon a sanne solia a na ma one fai le saugai. mande nule, - Taupou i " auga faepae" al un "analuma" le tell iner - Solia le manabe o la mine aso. e le faire le fragalo de Ntaupon Su le loto a le tulepale leler. - rua pa/faalanique. ecc: aiga, apar e folapola men - Parese e fai une e le nuive "cuga alis" e numer paga e faditios ana tura se Eulopale " e cé foia alvalo pe or le talua lea feereele ai o aiga - faitare o la tulaga". taini rei; a promoter - and food its thought matail - u pull facadorio - Va o le tragane ma le trafafine. "Feagaiga" taurisia tupulaga. (1) - Taupou - matai fair ababa " ferre le pungalo a le taupou al fai le loto và o leiri alga ma le iri alga và ou taurala mer le tréafeile.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

In your written response, you are expected to:

- effectively communicate with perception and insight and create meaning in Sāmoan
- use a wide variety of complex structures and vocabulary that are well integrated into a synthesised response
- show understanding of the text and its inferences, through analysis and evaluation, independent reflection, and extrapolation
- assemble ideas in a logical, clear, concise, and seamless/coherent manner, and make minimal use of expressions from the text
- go considerably beyond the information given in the text
- write your response in Sāmoan.

#### **QUESTION ONE**

'Aiseā e tāua ai tū ma aga tausili a Sāmoa o lo'o fa'amatalaina mai e le tusitala?

aganulu fala Samoa, e falatauaria fe'alo'aloài lea tagata ma le iri tagata. tatou aganu'u faasamua o re nea ou te nitamita tole ma orga taurili o los faamamagai ai. Aua i'ai' Tu Ce uai i le aganin fáaranoa Mai le turitala, o los la galanatalacia to ma aga a Sanoa e pei 0 tuagare ma lone tuajapue, o (t Va matae 0 (a va o tauvala agai i 6 aiga na tua aga, ar maire Le va o le taurala po o tula fale - 0 taua 6 Tu fair pal 6 ma 60 Samoa fat matalaine e aga tauvili a 60 auai. ai. (e faaaloalo ma turitala Ce G fealopani a tagata Samoa. 6 agamin a 60 faia mamapa mai el. tagata Sanoa. Mo 60 taua le I totonu aiga Janoa faataitaiga. (a fe'aloalo'ali Le tuagare a tuapapine, tainai Samore (e a upu tuafafue. tuggane, i was

o le rei upu, o le tuagare e feagai ma le raaiga o le tuafafine. Ia fabaloalo i ai ma puipui mai i ni fabalavelave e tupupu mai e ono apaina ai le sorpia o lona tuafafine. O le galuega a le tuafafine, sa fabatuman-ina le ra pealofani a ona tuagare; Ia mana i le loto alopa ma ana Ni mana i le manatu fabapito i le tari. O le tuafafine o ca o le pae ma le auli e pabanapola-polacia ni nea na fabet tonne i totonne o le aiga. E tana tele le và o le tuagare ma le tuafafine, ana e afipi si ai totone le alopa, pileme ma le fabaloalo.

la gaamatalarior mai foi e le turitala, le va o le taupou po'o le auga pa'apal un una ora pai le ruapa matai poto le raspai. ma le matai. Faimai le turitala, o le laupou e para filifilaga ma o ia lea e mafai ena rolia tulafono neire. ae peitai na le toe tupu na mea i rei ona po. la tele ona le faia le finagalo a le taupou, al na pen le loto a le tulapale". O ina o 60 tana ai tu ma aga faiaaloalo a Samoa, avia a iloa ai ii le taupou/tagata Cellei pe ana faia la tulaga. O misi ia faataitaiga e tana ai le aganin faasamoa, atagia mai ai uiga tausala fi ma amio va o le fealofani ma le fepulea, o le le fanaloalo o tagata Samoq alolofa'ai ma na lauilba i le labolagi //

#### READING

Read the text below, then answer Question Two on page 7. Provide your answers in **English** or **te reo Māori**.

### Fa'afītāuli' o Fa'amaumauga ma Tusitusiga o le Tala Fa'asolopito o Sāmoa

O le tala fa'asolopito o le tala o tagata. O le tala e so'oso'o ai tagata ma le Atua, tagata ma isi tagata, tagata ma le lau'ele'ele, tagata ma le sami, tagata ma le lagi.

O le tala e fa'asino i tagata. E lē se tala i le 'au 'agelu po o le 'au pa'ia. O le tala o tagata losilosi, o tagata tu'inanau, o tagata faumālō, o tagata ma o lātou mālosi'aga, o tagata ma o lātou vaivaiga.

O le matāfaioi a ē tusitusia le tala fa'asolopito, ina ia sā'ili le mea moni. 'Aua ne'i fa'atafa pe 'alo, 'auā a fa'atafa pe 'alo, ua āfāina le mau.

E 'ese'ese tagata. Fai mai le Amapasa Isara'elu iā te a'u: E lē mafai ona e lagona le mamao ma le loloto o le fuai'upu o le Tusi Pa'ia:

A galo 'oe Ierusalema

'Ia pipi'i a'e lo'u laulaufaiva i lo'u gutu.

vaganā ua e mālamalama i le gagana Eperu. 'Auā e momoli mai e le gagana Eperu le tulu'iga o fītā ma le tulu'iga o le fiafia o lo mātou tala fa'asolopito. 'Auā o le gagana e feso'ota'i ai mātou ma ē o ola ma ē ua oti. O le gagana e feso'ota'i ai le tagata ma le Atua ma le lau'ele'ele. E leai se isi gagana e mafai ona pu'epu'e maua le gaogaosā, le felefele, le mamao ma le loloto o le olaga fa'a Eperu.

E fa'apēfea ona e tusi le tala fa'asolopito o Sāmoa pe'ā e lē mālamalama i le gagana Sāmoa? E fa'apēfea ona e lagona le gaogaosā ma le felefele, le mamao ma le loloto o le olaga fa'asāmoa pe 'afai e te lē iloa le gagana Sāmoa?

O le a fai atu nai tala nei, o molimau e 'ese lava le fua a le Sāmoa.

A ia manatua, e le mafai ona e fuaina le gaogaosa ma le felefele i se fua a se papalagi. 'Aua e ita le Samoa, e alofa le Samoa, e fa'aosofia le Samoa, e fa'agae'etia le Samoa ona o le fua fa'asamoa.

Sa muimui mai isi papālagi iā te a'u, 'ae fa'ato'ā 'uma lava le afā. 'Ae pagā e ō atu mātou ma fale'ie e fai ni malu o 'āiga 'ae nonofo tipitipi. Ona 'ou fe'auina lea o se matai o lo'u 'āiga ma 'ou fesili i ai. E māfua i se ā ona fa'atāma'ia ia fale'ie 'ae lē fa'aaogāina pei na fuafuaina? 'Ae tali le toea'tina: Tupua, o le afā e fai fai 'uma. 'Ae ta lē lavā savalivali atu ma le to'alua ma le fānau i le lotu i le Aso Sā a ua fa'asinosinomia: Va'ai i le 'au 'Ālapi nā e ō ane.

Na fai se 'aiga i le aoauli a se Hai Komisi. E pei o le aga māsani a papālagi, e tele i fuālā'au ma lā'au 'aina, 'ae 'au'au i se tama'i fasi povi. Na o le savali mai lava o To'omata Tua va'ai atu i le laulau, fai mai, "Ta'ino'ino i lenei papālagi lē māfaufau. Ua ia 'aumai nei vaovao o lona manatu o i tātou ni solofanua?"

O le tala lenei e silafia e le Ao o le Mālō. Ona ua ulua'i malaga ali'i i le Mālō 'Aufa'atasi, sa fa'afeao e se 'amupasa ta'uta'ua o Saina e igoa iā Wu. Sa to'atele fo'i le atunu'u sa taumulimuli ai i le faigāmalaga. Ona ō atu loa lea i se potu tele o tū mai ai le fa'afanua o le lalolagi. Ona alu atu lea o Amupasa Wu ua fa'asinosino le fa'afanua. O 'Amerika lea, o 'Europa lea, o Saina lea, o 'Ausetālia lea, o Niu Sila lea, ia ma Sāmoa lea, o le taelago i le fa'afanua. Ua lē tāofiofia le to'atāma'i o le isi toea'ina Sāmoa. Ua 'eu'eu nei Tamasese ma fai atu: "Tamasese! Tamasese! O ai le son of a bitch na na tūsia le fa'afanua lenei?"

E o'o lava i le fa'afanua o le lalolagi o faumālō ai le mau a Sāmoa.

This question requires a response written in **English** or **te reo Māori**. In your written response, you are expected to:

- effectively communicate with perception and insight, and create meaning, in English or te reo Māori
- express ideas convincingly and hold the interest of the reader
- show understanding of the written material and its inferences, through analysis and evaluation, independent reflection, and extrapolation
- justify your own arguments in a logical, coherent, and seamless manner.

#### **QUESTION TWO**

Is it possible for historians to show objectively what actually happened in the past? Clearly express your thoughts and opinions on the question.

Use evidence from the text to justify your ideas, opinions, and conclusions.

it possible for hertorians to show objectively what actually happened in the part? according to the parrage I have read, it tells about writing on this "History of Samoa". my understanding and my personal justification upon this particular matter, my opinion would be no it is not possible por historians to show objectively what actually happened in the part "È faipépea ona e turi le tala painolopito té malamalana i le gagana Sanoa? E paape pea ena e lagona le gaogavra ma le felepele namas ma le loloto o le claga fairsormoa pe le ilva le ogagana Panva? phrase, I'm translated like this " How can you a hirtorical report or write about Samoa if you do not understand Samoan Language? also how can you feel the Sanoan life and moralful ways of a if you have not lived it?" this From

it tells ur briefly what the writer how produced. And I believe that this in the arriver to why I think it is not possible for historians to show objectley what happened in the part; In order to write about something, you must know exactly what you are talking about. For many of ur, we like to believe in what we want too not because we have too something that we have because it is the joy of listening too. If the historians were to show objectively what pappened in part, many of w wort understand. Waters we have leved the liver of the part or have felt the pain that people go through. People are different, we all react differently in returnions. People are entitled to their own opinion and will have the right to speak their mirels. when you are given a source, you state whether it is a primary revoucce, a recondary resource bear. We have the option to decide whether or not it is true. The Mysteries will haver be rerealed unless we've actually hired it it happen. We live in a world where people are full of critics, many poloticians, racism etc. But what we do is believe in what know. Don't talk about what we don't know because that will be being only vocat

truth, which is what you know. We can not compare ourrelver to the other ethicities. We can't write history on other objects of what happened in the part because for example, The Buble, recentist who are vituding it, have a different opinion. Also there's always two sider of a story. For example, we christians believe God created the Heaven and the earth because in the bible it states it, whereas scientist have discovered that the earth was created by a "big bang". People have theorier and I believe that no one can even show objectively what has happened in the point because It will never be accurate nor ratir fying to anyone. Hence why, an old man warn't happy about what had been said, so he turns to the head of state and arked " who was the son of a bitch who wrote this "? This shows the types of people who varround this earth. Everyone is entitled to their own opinion and I believe no one chan change how people feel now about the part