```
[12]
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
      from sklearn.metrics import pairwise_distances_argmin
      from sklearn.datasets import load_sample_image
      from sklearn.utils import shuffle
      from time import time
      import cv2
      n_{colors} = 64
[15]
      # Load the Mother's Day photo
      image = cv2.imread(r"C:\Users\maniv\Downloads\Mother's
      Day\Mother's Day picture.jpg")
[16]
      image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
[17]
      # reshape the image to a 2D array of pixels and 3 color values
      (RGB)
      pixel_values = image.reshape((-1, 3))
[18]
      # convert to float
      pixel_values = np.float32(pixel_values)
[19]
      print(pixel_values.shape)
     (256230, 3)
[20]
      # define stopping criteria
      criteria = (cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_EPS + cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_MAX_ITER,
      100, 0.2)
[21] # number of clusters (K)
      k = 3
      _, labels, (centers) = cv2.kmeans(pixel_values, k, None,
      criteria, 10, cv2.KMEANS_RANDOM_CENTERS)
```

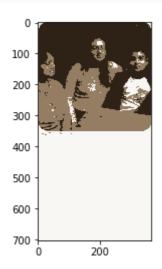
```
[22] # convert back to 8 bit values
  centers = np.uint8(centers)
```

```
[23] # flatten the labels array
labels = labels.flatten()
```

```
# convert all pixels to the color of the centroids
segmented_image = centers[labels.flatten()]
```

```
# reshape back to the original image dimension
segmented_image = segmented_image.reshape(image.shape)
```

```
# show the image
plt.imshow(segmented_image)
plt.show()
```



# disable only the cluster number 2 (turn the pixel into black)
masked\_image = np.copy(image)

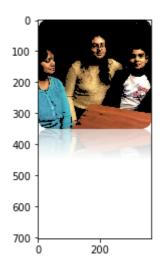
```
# convert to the shape of a vector of pixel values
masked_image = masked_image.reshape((-1, 3))
```

```
[29] # color (i.e cluster) to disable
cluster = 2
```

```
[30] masked_image[labels == cluster] = [0, 0, 0]
```

```
# convert back to original shape
masked_image = masked_image.reshape(image.shape)
```

```
# show the image
plt.imshow(masked_image)
plt.show()
```



[33]  $n_{colors} = 64$ 

```
print("Fitting model on a small sub-sample of the data")
t0 = time()
image_array_sample = shuffle(pixel_values, random_state=0)[:1000]
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=n_colors,
random_state=0).fit(image_array_sample)
print("done in %0.3fs." % (time() - t0))
```

Fitting model on a small sub-sample of the data done in 0.374s.

```
# Get labels for all points
print("Predicting color indices on the full image (k-means)")
t0 = time()
labels = kmeans.predict(pixel_values)
print("done in %0.3fs." % (time() - t0))
```

Predicting color indices on the full image (k-means) done in 0.247s.