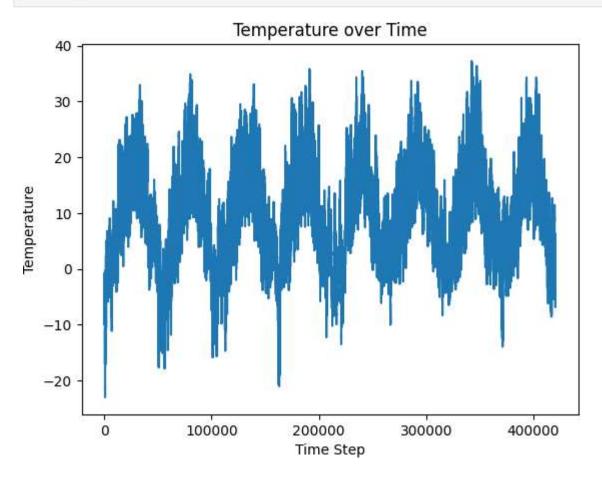
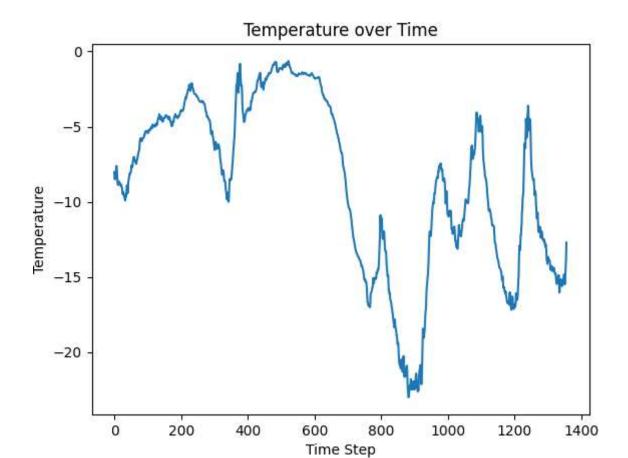
#### TIME SERIES DATA

```
!wget https://s3.amazonaws.com/keras-datasets/jena climate 2009 2016.csv.zip
In [1]:
         !unzip jena climate 2009 2016.csv.zip
        --2024-04-08 21:33:51-- https://s3.amazonaws.com/keras-datasets/jena climate 2009 20
        16.csv.zip
        Resolving s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.208.8, 52.216.171.45, 52.216.
        133.45, ...
        Connecting to s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)|52.216.208.8|:443... connected.
        HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
        Length: 13565642 (13M) [application/zip]
        Saving to: 'jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip'
        jena climate 2009 2 100%[========>] 12.94M 57.3MB/s
                                                                              in 0.2s
        2024-04-08 21:33:51 (57.3 MB/s) - 'jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip' saved [13565642/13
        565642]
        Archive: jena climate 2009 2016.csv.zip
          inflating: jena climate 2009 2016.csv
          inflating: __MACOSX/._jena_climate_2009_2016.csv
In [2]: import os
        # joining the file name with its path
        fname = os.path.join("jena_climate_2009_2016.csv")
         # reading the file
        with open(fname) as f:
             # reading the entire content of the file
             data = f.read()
            lines = data.split("\n")
             header = lines[0].split(",")
             lines = lines[1:]
        # printing the header and the number of lines
         print(header)
        print(len(lines))
        ['"Date Time"', '"p (mbar)"', '"T (degC)"', '"Tpot (K)"', '"Tdew (degC)"', '"rh
        (%)"', '"VPmax (mbar)"', '"VPact (mbar)"', '"VPdef (mbar)"', '"sh (g/kg)"', '"H2OC (m
        mol/mol)"', '"rho (g/m**3)"', '"wv (m/s)"', '"max. wv (m/s)"', '"wd (deg)"']
        420451
In [3]: import numpy as np
        # initialize arrays
        temperature = np.zeros((len(lines),))
         raw_data = np.zeros((len(lines), len(header) - 1))
         # iterate over lines and parse values
        for i, line in enumerate(lines):
             values = [float(x) for x in line.split(",")[1:]]
             temperature[i] = values[1]
             raw data[i, :] = values[:]
```

```
In [10]: # plot temperature data
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    plt.plot(range(len(temperature)), temperature)
    plt.xlabel('Time Step')
    plt.ylabel('Temperature')
    plt.title('Temperature over Time')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: plt.plot(range(1356), temperature[:1356])
  plt.xlabel('Time Step')
  plt.ylabel('Temperature')
  plt.title('Temperature over Time')
  plt.show()
```



```
# calculating the number of samples for training, validation, and testing
In [12]:
         num_train_samples = int(0.5 * len(raw_data))
         num_val_samples = int(0.25 * len(raw_data))
         num_test_samples = len(raw_data) - num_train_samples - num_val_samples
         # print the number of samples for each set
         print("Number of traning samples:", num_train_samples)
         print("Number of validation samples:", num_val_samples)
         print("Number of test samples:", num_test_samples)
         Number of traning samples: 210225
         Number of validation samples: 105112
         Number of test samples: 105114
         # normalize the data
In [19]:
         mean = np.mean(raw_data[:num_train_samples], axis=0)
         raw data -= mean
         std = np.std(raw_data[:num_train_samples], axis=0)
         raw_data /= std
In [22]:
         import numpy as np
         from tensorflow import keras
         # generate time series dataset
         int_sequence = np.arange(10)
         sequence_length = 3
         batch size = 2
         targets = int_sequence[3:]
         dummy_dataset = keras.utils.timeseries_dataset_from_array(
              data = int_sequence[:-3],
              targets = targets,
```

sequence\_length = sequence\_length,

batch\_size = batch\_size,

```
# iterate over the dataset and print inputs and targets
          for inputs, targets in dummy_dataset:
              for i in range(inputs.shape[0]):
                  print([int(x) for x in inputs[i]], int(targets[i]))
          [0, 1, 2] 3
          [1, 2, 3] 4
          [2, 3, 4] 5
          [3, 4, 5] 6
          [4, 5, 6] 7
In [26]:
                      rameters
          sampling_rate = 6
          sequence length = 120
          delay = sampling_rate * (sequence_length + 24 - 1)
          batch_size = 256
          # create training dataset
          train dataset = keras.utils.timeseries dataset from array(
              raw data[:-delay],
              targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling_rate=sampling_rate,
              sequence length=sequence length,
              shuffle=True,
              batch_size=batch_size,
              start_index=0,
              end index=num train samples)
          # create validation dataset
          val_dataset = keras.utils.timeseries_dataset_from_array(
              raw_data[:-delay],
              targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling_rate=sampling_rate,
              sequence_length=sequence_length,
              shuffle=True,
              batch size=batch size,
              start index=num train samples,
              end_index=num_train_samples + num_val_samples)
          # create testing dataset
          test dataset = keras.utils.timeseries dataset from array(
              raw data[:-delay],
              targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling_rate=sampling_rate,
              sequence_length=sequence_length,
              shuffle=True,
              batch size=batch size,
              start_index=num_train_samples + num_val_samples)
In [24]:
          for samples, targets in train_dataset:
              print("Samples shape:", samples.shape)
              print("Targets shape:", targets.shape)
              break
          Samples shape: (256, 120, 14)
          Targets shape: (256,)
In [27]: def evaluate_naive_method(dataset):
              total_abs_err = 0.
```

```
samples seen = 0
              for samples, targets in dataset:
                  preds = samples[:, -1, 1] * std[1] + mean[1]
                  total_abs_err += np.sum(np.abs(preds - targets))
                  samples_seen += samples.shape[0]
              return total_abs_err / samples_seen
         # evaluate on validation dataset
         val mae = evaluate naive method(val dataset)
         print(f"Validation MAE: {val_mae:.2f}")
         #evaluate on testing dataset
         test mae = evaluate naive method(test dataset)
         print(f"Test MAE: {test_mae:.2f}")
         Validation MAE: 10.28
         Test MAE: 10.40
In [29]: import keras
         from keras import layers
In [ ]: # define input layer
         inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
         # define GRU layers
         x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent_dropout=0.5, return_sequences=True)(inputs)
         x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent dropout=0.5)(x)
         # add dropout Layer
         x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
         # output layer
         outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
         # define the model
         model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
         # define callbacks
         callbacks = [
              keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras",
                                               save best only=True)
         # compile the model
         model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
         # train the model
         history = model.fit(train_dataset,
                              epochs=15,
                              validation_data=val_dataset,
                              callbacks=callbacks)
```

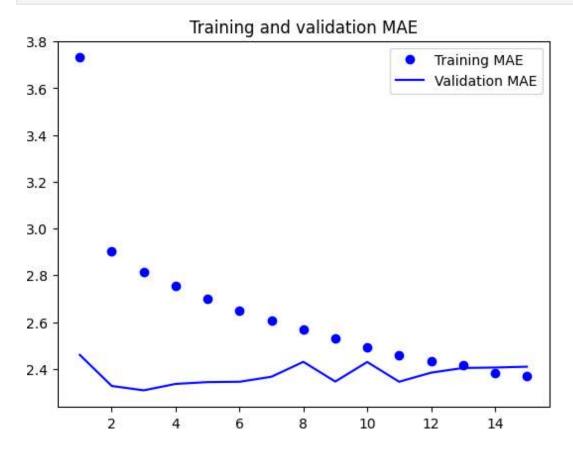
```
Epoch 1/15
    307 - val loss: 9.9940 - val mae: 2.4598
    Epoch 2/15
    035 - val_loss: 9.0268 - val_mae: 2.3269
    Epoch 3/15
    153 - val_loss: 8.8732 - val_mae: 2.3082
    Epoch 4/15
    536 - val loss: 9.0377 - val mae: 2.3357
    Epoch 5/15
    004 - val loss: 9.1149 - val mae: 2.3434
    Epoch 6/15
    508 - val_loss: 9.1215 - val_mae: 2.3449
    Epoch 7/15
    068 - val loss: 9.3053 - val mae: 2.3663
    Epoch 8/15
    819/819 [================= ] - 393s 479ms/step - loss: 10.9756 - mae: 2.5
    679 - val loss: 9.7665 - val mae: 2.4301
    Epoch 9/15
    321 - val loss: 9.1288 - val mae: 2.3458
    Epoch 10/15
    934 - val loss: 9.7865 - val mae: 2.4293
    Epoch 11/15
    819/819 [================= ] - 389s 475ms/step - loss: 10.0524 - mae: 2.4
    595 - val_loss: 9.0879 - val_mae: 2.3450
    Epoch 12/15
    819/819 [============= ] - 349s 426ms/step - loss: 9.8245 - mae: 2.43
    50 - val_loss: 9.4766 - val_mae: 2.3838
    Epoch 13/15
    70 - val_loss: 9.5795 - val_mae: 2.4039
    Epoch 14/15
    03 - val_loss: 9.6661 - val_mae: 2.4057
    Epoch 15/15
    90 - val_loss: 9.6572 - val_mae: 2.4094
In [ ]: # summary of the model
    model.summary()
```

Model: "model 1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 120, 14)]	0
gru_2 (GRU)	(None, 120, 32)	4608
gru_3 (GRU)	(None, 32)	6336
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
Total params: 10977 (42.88 KB) Trainable params: 10977 (42.88 KB)		

Trainable params: 10977 (42.88 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

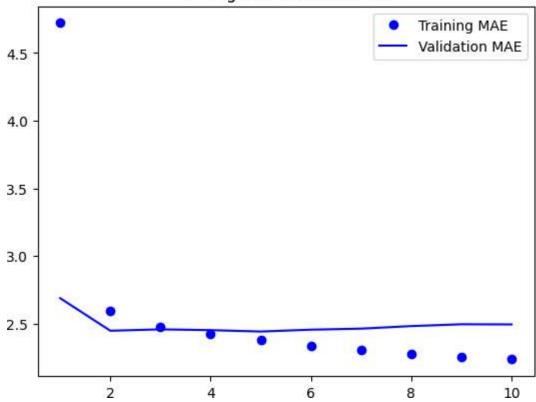
```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    # extract MAE values from the history object
    loss = history.history["mae"]
    val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
    epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
    # plot MAE
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
    plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: model = keras.models.load_model("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras")
        # evaluate the model on the testing dataset
        print(f"Test MAE: {model.evaluate(test dataset)[1]:.2f}")
        405/405 [=============== ] - 58s 136ms/step - loss: 9.8269 - mae: 2.454
        Test MAE: 2.45
In [ ]: # define the model architecture
        inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
        x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent_dropout=0.5, return_sequences=True)(inputs)
        x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent dropout=0.5)(x)
        x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
        outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
        model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
        # define callbacks
        callbacks = [
            keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras",
                                            save_best_only=True)
        # compile the model
        model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
        # train the model
        history = model.fit(train_dataset,
                             epochs=12,
                             validation_data=val_dataset,
                             callbacks=callbacks)
```

```
Epoch 1/12
    721 - val loss: 9.3886 - val mae: 2.3692
    Epoch 2/12
    062 - val_loss: 9.9173 - val_mae: 2.4660
    Epoch 3/12
    230 - val loss: 9.1357 - val mae: 2.3417
    Epoch 4/12
    584 - val_loss: 8.6929 - val_mae: 2.2892
    Epoch 5/12
    819/819 [========]
                          - 368s 449ms/step - loss: 12.1608 - mae: 2.7
    095 - val_loss: 8.8953 - val_mae: 2.3129
    Epoch 6/12
    606 - val_loss: 8.7522 - val_mae: 2.2934
    Epoch 7/12
    175 - val loss: 8.9374 - val mae: 2.3319
    Epoch 8/12
    717 - val_loss: 9.1890 - val_mae: 2.3572
    Epoch 9/12
    279 - val_loss: 9.0267 - val_mae: 2.3343
    Epoch 10/12
    918 - val loss: 9.5055 - val mae: 2.4190
    Epoch 11/12
    676 - val_loss: 9.5564 - val_mae: 2.4172
    Epoch 12/12
    72 - val_loss: 9.4911 - val_mae: 2.4224
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    # extract MAE values from the history object
    loss = history.history["mae"]
    val loss = history.history["val mae"]
    epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
    # plot MAE
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
    plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

## Training and validation MAE



```
In [ ]: model = keras.models.load_model("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras")
        # evaluate the model onthe testing dataset
        print(f"Test MAE: {model.evaluate(test_dataset)[1]:.2f}")
        405/405 [=============] - 49s 117ms/step - loss: 9.6238 - mae: 2.426
        Test MAE: 2.43
In [ ]: # define the input layer
        inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
        # define the output layer
        x = layers.LSTM(16)(inputs)
        outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
        # create the model
        model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
        # compile the model
        model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
        # train the model
        history = model.fit(train_dataset,
                            epochs=10,
                            validation_data=val_dataset)
```

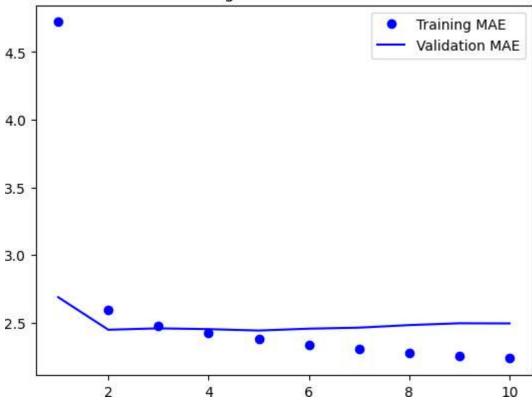
```
Epoch 1/10
    208 - val_loss: 12.6147 - val_mae: 2.6889
    Epoch 2/10
    969 - val loss: 9.9500 - val mae: 2.4484
    Epoch 3/10
    771 - val_loss: 10.0406 - val_mae: 2.4588
    Epoch 4/10
    39 - val_loss: 10.0231 - val_mae: 2.4529
    Epoch 5/10
    35 - val loss: 9.9082 - val mae: 2.4426
    Epoch 6/10
    94 - val_loss: 9.9654 - val_mae: 2.4564
    Epoch 7/10
    88 - val loss: 10.0098 - val mae: 2.4640
    Epoch 8/10
    97 - val loss: 10.1657 - val mae: 2.4828
    Epoch 9/10
    34 - val_loss: 10.2400 - val_mae: 2.4962
    Epoch 10/10
    819/819 [=============] - 107s 130ms/step - loss: 8.2104 - mae: 2.23
    66 - val loss: 10.2903 - val mae: 2.4951
In [ ]: # evaluate the model on testing dataset
    model.evaluate(test_dataset)
    [10.976113319396973, 2.6014609336853027]
Out[ ]:
    # summary of the model
In [ ]:
    model.summary()
    Model: "model 3"
    Layer (type)
                   Output Shape
                                 Param #
    ______
     input 4 (InputLayer)
                   [(None, 120, 14)]
     1stm (LSTM)
                    (None, 16)
                                 1984
     dense 3 (Dense)
                    (None, 1)
                                 17
    ______
    Total params: 2001 (7.82 KB)
    Trainable params: 2001 (7.82 KB)
    Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

# extract MAE values from the history object

loss = history.history["mae"]

```
val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
# plot MAE
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

### Training and validation MAE



```
In [ ]: # define the input layer
        inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
        # define the convolutional neural network architecture
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 24, activation="relu")(inputs)
        x = layers.MaxPooling1D(2)(x)
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 12, activation="relu")(x)
        x = layers.MaxPooling1D(2)(x)
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 6, activation="relu")(x)
        x = layers.GlobalAveragePooling1D()(x)
        # define the output layer
        outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
        # create the model
        model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
        # define callbacks
        callbacks = [
             keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_conv.keras",
                                              save_best_only=True)
        # compile the model
        model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
        # train the model
        history = model.fit(train dataset,
```

#### 

```
Epoch 1/10
      819/819 [=========]
                                     - 89s 107ms/step - loss: 22.3020 - mae: 3.71
      22 - val_loss: 15.7571 - val_mae: 3.1306
      Epoch 2/10
                                     - 84s 102ms/step - loss: 15.6251 - mae: 3.13
      819/819 [========]
      91 - val_loss: 17.2376 - val_mae: 3.2962
      Epoch 3/10
      75 - val_loss: 14.0966 - val_mae: 2.9580
      Epoch 4/10
      819/819 [=========]
                                      - 79s 96ms/step - loss: 13.3656 - mae: 2.895
      7 - val loss: 14.4072 - val mae: 2.9949
      Epoch 5/10
      819/819 [========]
                                      - 79s 97ms/step - loss: 12.7696 - mae: 2.826
      8 - val loss: 14.5965 - val mae: 3.0376
      Epoch 6/10
      - 82s 100ms/step - loss: 12.2956 - mae: 2.77
      22 - val_loss: 14.4835 - val_mae: 3.0024
      Epoch 7/10
      70 - val_loss: 13.6424 - val_mae: 2.9029
      Epoch 8/10
      819/819 [=========]
                                     - 83s 101ms/step - loss: 11.5457 - mae: 2.68
      55 - val loss: 13.9859 - val mae: 2.9393
      Epoch 9/10
      819/819 [============== ] - 80s 97ms/step - loss: 11.2190 - mae: 2.649
      9 - val_loss: 13.8619 - val_mae: 2.9112
      Epoch 10/10
      819/819 [========]
                                      - 89s 108ms/step - loss: 10.9253 - mae: 2.61
      38 - val_loss: 15.5370 - val_mae: 3.0851
      405/405 [=========]
                                     - 22s 53ms/step - loss: 17.7821 - mae: 3.313
      [17.782123565673828, 3.313836097717285]
Out[ ]:
```

```
In [ ]: # summary of the model
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	·	Param #
input_5 (InputLayer)	[(None	, 120, 14)]	0
conv1d (Conv1D)	(None,	97, 8)	2696
<pre>max_pooling1d (MaxPooling1 D)</pre>	(None,	48, 8)	0
conv1d_1 (Conv1D)	(None,	37, 8)	776
<pre>max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPoolin g1D)</pre>	(None,	18, 8)	0
conv1d_2 (Conv1D)	(None,	13, 8)	392
<pre>global_average_pooling1d ( GlobalAveragePooling1D)</pre>	(None,	8)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	1)	9
	3) L3 KB)		======

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # extract MAE values from the history object
         oss = history.history["mae"]
         val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
         epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
         # plot MAE
         plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
         plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```

# Training and validation MAE

