# Analysis of Vitamin C on Tooth Growth in Guinea Pigs

# Synopsis

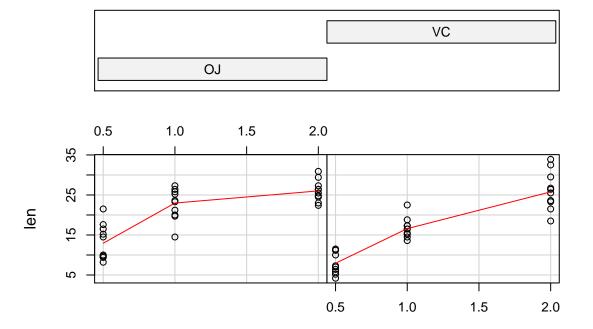
The purpose of this report is to analyze the effects of Vitamin C and delivery methods of the Vitamin C, on tooth growth in guinea pigs. The data set is provided within the datasets package provided by the R programming language.

#### Review of the data

The dataset contains 60 observations of tooth growth in guinea pigs. The observations are broken into six sets of ten, each set with a unique combination of the level of the dosage in millgrams, the supplement type (VC = ascorbic acid, OJ = orange juice) given to a guinea pig. We are assuming each set of observations contains ten different guinea pigs, which means the data is not paired in any way.

We use some code provided with the data set to plot the data and get a general overview of what the data looks like:

Given: supp



ToothGrowth data: length vs dose, given type of supplement

A quick look at the data suggests that in both types of dosage, larger levels of Vitamin C result in more tooth growth. Although not as obvious, it appears dosages deliered through orange juice result in larger tooth growth.

#### Statistical Analysis

Because our samples sizes are small, we will perform the statistical anlysis using t-confidence intervals. For each dosage type, we will compare the the dosage pair levels 0.5/1.0 and 1.0/2.0. For each dosage level, we will comare the dosage types. Each test will assume the null hypothesis is that the two samples have the same mean.

## Comparing Dosage Levels

Using the t.test function provided by R, we create a table that displays the t statistic values when comparing neighboring dosage levels for each dosage type.

```
## VC 1.0 vs 0.5: 7.463 17.86 6.811e-07 6.314, 11.266 16.77, 7.98
## VC 2.0 vs 1.0: 5.470 13.60 9.156e-05 5.686, 13.054 26.14, 16.77
## 0J 1.0 vs 0.5: 5.049 17.70 8.785e-05 5.524, 13.416 22.7, 13.23
## 0J 2.0 vs 1.0: 2.248 15.84 3.920e-02 0.189, 6.531 26.06, 22.7
```

The data provides pretty strong evidence that our initial assumption is correct. For both dosage types, increasing the dosage results in larger tooth growth.

### Comparing Dosage Levels

We now perform the same type of tests, except this time we are comparing dosage type across matching dosage levels.

```
## t df p-value conf interval sample estimates

## 0.5 OJ vs VC: 3.170 14.97 0.006359 1.719, 8.781 13.23, 7.98

## 1.0 OJ vs VC: 4.033 15.36 0.001038 2.802, 9.058 22.7, 16.77

## 2.0 OJ vs VC: -0.046 14.04 0.963852 -3.798, 3.638 26.06, 26.14
```

In this case, we see that there is strong evidence that larger tooth growth occurs for the OJ dosage type with 0.5 or 1 mg dosages compared to the VC dosage type. However, for dosage levels of 2 mg, we cannot say that there is any difference in tooth growth between the two types of dosages.