

Lab Quiz #4

# Microscopy

1. What are the three key elements of a microscope that are needed in order to produce an image? (5 points)

- Specimen
- Source of illumination
- Set of lenses

2. The process by which two or more waves combine to cancel/reinforce each other is called interference, and the pattern of additive/canceling exhibited by the waves is called diffraction. (5 points)

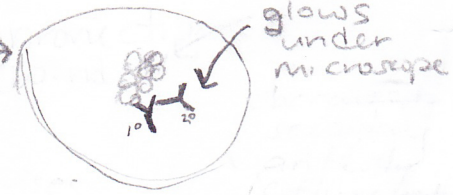
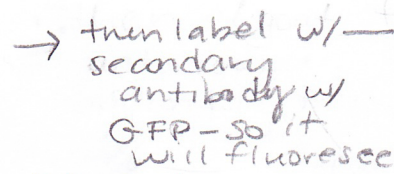
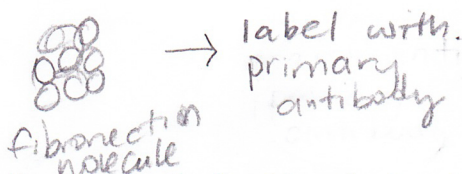
3. In what type of microscopy are the cells to be examined often killed first? (3 points)

~~phase-contrast~~ <sup>wo</sup> microscopy and electron microscopy

4. In order to visualize the actin filaments in a cell, what type of microscopy would you most likely use? Briefly justify your answer. (5 points)

Fluorescence-tag the actin filaments w/ an GFP antibody

5. Draw a small diagram of what indirect immunofluorescence binding looks like. Assume target molecule is fibronectin. (5 points)



6. What is the focal length of a microscope? (2 points)

The focal length of a microscope is the distance between the midline of an image to two points on it →

