PYTHON LAB BOOK

Python For Programmers

UCSC Extension Online

Lab 17 Developer Modules

Topics

• Context Manager class

• Module: unittest

• Module: optparse

©2007-2015 by Marilyn Davis, Ph.D. All rights reserved.

```
lab16_1.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
 2 """lab16_1.py A SortedDictionary class with only "description"
  3 allowed as an attribute -- using __setattr__"""
 5 class SortedDictionary(dict):
 6
 7
        allowed_attributes = 'description',
 8
        def keys(self):
 9
 10
            return sorted(dict.keys(self))
 11
            # more robust is:
            # return sorted(super(type(self), self).keys())
 12
13
        def __iter__(self):
 14
            """If we don't define this, it will use the regular dictionary
15
16
            __iter__ which does not call SortedDictionary.keys()."""
17
            for each in self.keys():
18
                yield each
19
20
        def __setattr__(self, attribute_name, value):
21
            if attribute_name not in SortedDictionary.allowed_attributes:
22
23
                raise TypeError, "can't set attributes of class %s" \
24
                      % self.__class___name__
            self.__dict__[attribute_name] = value
25
26
27 def main():
        for d in ( {'Zero':0, 'False':0, 'None':0, 'True':1}, # dictionary
28
29
                   {},
                                                         # empty dictionary
30
                   (('calling birds', 4), ('french hens', 3), # tuples
                    ('turtle doves', 2), ('partridge in a pear tree', 1))
31
                   ):
32
            sorted_dict = SortedDictionary(d)
33
            regular_dict = dict(d)
34
            print "regular_dict:", regular_dict.keys()
35
            print " sorted_dict:", sorted_dict.keys()
36
37
            print "
                            for:", ', '.join([str(k) for k in sorted_dict])
38
        sorted_dict.description = "Fourth Day of Christmas"
39
        print "sorted_dict.description =", sorted_dict.description
40
41
        try:
42
            regular_dict.description = "Fourth Day of Christmas"
43
        except AttributeError:
 44
            pass
```

```
45
       else:
46
           print "Unexpected behavior!"
47
       sorted_dict.x = 3
48
49 if __name__ == '__main__':
50
       main()
51
52 """
53 $ lab16_1.py
54 regular_dict: ['False', 'Zero', 'True', 'None']
55 sorted_dict: ['False', 'None', 'True', 'Zero']
56
            for: False, None, True, Zero
57 regular_dict: []
58 sorted_dict: []
59
            for:
60 regular_dict: ['turtle doves', 'french hens',\
                  'partridge in a pear tree', 'calling birds']
61
62 sorted_dict: ['calling birds', 'french hens',\
63
                  'partridge in a pear tree', 'turtle doves']
            for: calling birds, french hens, \
64
                 partridge in a pear tree, turtle doves
65
66 sorted_dict.description = Fourth Day of Christmas
67 Traceback (most recent call last):
68
     File "./lab16_1.py", line 58, in <module>
69
       main()
     File "./lab16_1.py", line 55, in main
70
    sorted_dict.x = 3
File "./lab16_1.py", line 32, in __setattr__
71
72
73
       % self.__class__._name__
74 TypeError: can't set attributes of class SortedDictionary
75 $ """
```

4

```
lab16_2.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
  2 """lab16_2.py A Money class"""
  3 import sys
  4 if __name__ == '__main__':
        sys.path.insert(0, "..")
  6 else:
  7
        sys.path.insert(0, os.path.join(os.path.split(__file__)[0], '..'))
  9 import lab_08_Comprehensions.lab08_4 as make_money_string
 10
 11 class Money(float):
 12
        def __add__(self, other):
 13
            return Money(float.__add__(self, other))
 14
 15
        def __div__(self, number):
 16
            return Money(float.__div__(self, number))
 17
 18
        def __rmul__(self, number):
 19
            return Money(float.__mul__(self, number))
 20
 21
        def __mul__(self, number):
 22
 23
            return Money(float.__mul__(self, number))
 24
        def __neg__(self):
 25
            return Money(float.__neg__(self))
 26
 27
        def __repr__(self):
 28
            return """Money('%f')""" % self
 29
 30
        def __str__(self):
 31
            return make_money_string.MakeMoneyString(self)
 32
 33
        def __sub__(self, other):
 34
            return Money(float.__sub__(self, other))
 35
 36
 37 def main():
        print Money(-123.21)
 38
        print Money(40.50)
 39
        print Money(-1001.011)
 40
        print Money(123456789.999)
 41
        print Money(.10)
 42
        print Money(.01)
 43
 44
        print Money(.055)
```

```
45
       print 'add:', Money(10) + Money(20), '==', Money(30)
      print 'repr:', eval(repr(Money(44.123))), '==', Money(44.123)
46
47
      print 'sub:', Money(44.333) - Money(55.444), '==', Money(-11.111)
      print 'neg:', -Money(10.00), '==', Money(-10.00)
48
       print 'mult:', 2 * Money(-11.11), '==', Money(-22.22), \
49
50
             '==', Money(11.11) * -2
       print 'div:', (Money(44.44))/4, '==', Money(11.11)
51
52
53 if __name__ == '__main__':
54
       main()
55
56 """
57 $ lab16_2.py
58 -$123.21
59 $40.50
60 -$1,001.01
61 $123,456,790.00
62 $0.10
63 $0.01
64 $0.06
65 add: $30.00 == $30.00
66 repr: $44.12 == $44.12
67 sub: -$11.11 == -$11.11
68 neg: -$10.00 == -$10.00
69 mult: -$22.22 == -$22.22 == -$22.22
70 div: $11.11 == $11.11
71 $ """
```

```
context.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
 2 """Making a context manager as a class from scratch."""
 3
 4 import sys
 5
 6 class OpenClose:
 7
        def __init__(self, file_name, mode="r"):
 8
            self.file_name = file_name
 9
            self.mode = mode
 10
 11
        def __enter__(self):
 12
13
            self.obj = open(self.file_name, self.mode)
            return self.obj
14
15
        def __exit__(self, exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb):
16
17
            self.obj.close()
18
19 def PrintFile(file_name, fail_on_read=False):
20
        try:
            with OpenClose(file_name) as file_object:
21
                for line in file_object:
22
23
                    print line,
                    if fail_on_read:
24
                        raise IOError, "Failed while reading."
25
26
        except IOError, msg:
27
            print msg
28
29 def main(file_name="ram.tzu"):
30
        print """\n
                       PrintFile("%s")""" % (file_name)
31
        PrintFile(file_name)
                       PrintFile("%s", fail_on_read=True)""" % (file_name)
32
        print """\n
        PrintFile(file_name, fail_on_read=True)
33
        print """\n
                       PrintFile("absent_file")"""
34
        PrintFile("absent_file")
35
36
37 if __name__ == '__main__':
38
        main()
39
40 """
41 $ ./context.py > context.out
42 $ diff context.out ../lab_10_File_IO_and_Packages/file2.out
43 $ """
```

```
context2.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
 2 """Using the OpenClose context manager class. """
 4 import context
 6 def WriteFile(file_name, text):
 7
       try:
 8
           with context.OpenClose(file_name, "w") as file_object:
 9
               file_object.write(text)
 10
       except IOError, msg:
           print msg
 11
 12
13 if __name__ == '__main__':
       WriteFile("sometimes", "Sometimes you win.\n")
 15
16 """
17 $ context2.py
                       JOSO FIXTORISION
18 $ cat sometimes
19 Sometimes you win.
20 $
21 """
22
```

```
pyunit.py
 1 #!/usr/bin/env python
 2 """This example of unittest is taken from
 3 http://www.python.org/doc/lib/module-unittest.html."""
 5 import random
 6 import unittest
 7
 8 class TestSequenceFunctions(unittest.TestCase):
 9
 10
       def setUp(self):
11
           self.seq = range(10)
 12
       def testShuffle(self):
13
           # make sure the shuffled sequence does not lose any elements
14
           random.shuffle(self.seq)
15
           self.seq.sort()
16
17
           self.assertEqual(self.seq, range(10))
18
       def testChoice(self):
19
           element = random.choice(self.seq)
20
           self.assert_(element in self.seq)
21
22
23
       def testSample(self):
           self.assertRaises(ValueError, random.sample, self.seq, 20)
24
           for element in random.sample(self.seq, 5):
25
               self.assert_(element in self.seq)
26
27
28 if __name__ == '__main__':
29
       unittest.main()
30 """
31 $ ./pyunit.py
32 ...
33 -----
34 Ran 3 tests in 0.006s
35
36 OK
37 $
38 """
```

```
parser.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
  2 """parser.py -f filename word-to-count [-q]
  3 Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.
  4
  5 Demonstrates the optparse module for parsing the command line options
  6 and putting them into suitably-named identifiers in a namespace.
  7 See: http://www.python.org/lib/optparse-tutorial.html
  8 """
  9 import optparse
 10 import string
 11
 12 def CollectCommand(parser):
 13
        # Here we harvest the command line and check that we have an
        # argument left-over.
 14
 15
        (options, args) = parser.parse_args()
        if len(args) != 1:
 16
 17
            parser.error("I need one word.")
 18
        if not options.filename:
            parser.error("No file name given.")
 19
 20
        return (options, args)
 21
 22 def main():
 23
        parser = SetUpParsing()
 24
        (options, args) = CollectCommand(parser)
 25
        the_word = args[0]
 26
        if options.verbose:
            print "reading %s..." % options.filename,
 27
 28
        count = ProcessFile(options.filename, the_word)
 29
        if options.verbose:
 30
                       %d occurances of '%s'" % (count, the_word)
            print "
 31
 32 def ProcessFile(filename, word):
 33
        count = 0
 34
        for line in file(filename):
 35
            count += [x.strip(string.punctuation) \
 36
                      for x in line.split()].count(word)
 37
        return count
 38
 39 def SetUpParsing():
        # Here we call add_option repeatedly, once for every unix-style
 40
 41
        # option we need for."""
 42
 43
        parser = optparse.OptionParser(
 44
            """%prog -f filename [-q][-v=False] word
```

```
Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.""")
45
       parser.add_option("-f", "--file", dest="filename",
46
                         help="read data from FILENAME")
47
       parser.add_option("-v", "--verbose",
48
49
                         action="store_true", dest="verbose", default=False)
       parser.add_option("-q", "--quiet",
50
51
                         action="store_false", dest="verbose")
52
       return parser
53
54 if __name__ == "__main__":
55
       main()
56 """
57 $ ./parser.py -f parser.py in -v
58 reading parser.py... 5 occurances of 'in'
59
60 $ ./parser.py
61 usage: parser.py -f filename [-q] word
62 Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.
64 parser.py: error: I need one word.
65
66 $ ./parser.py aaa
67 usage: parser.py -f filename [-q] word
68 Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.
69
70 parser.py: error: No file name given.
71
72 $ ./parser.py -x bb
73 usage: parser.py -f filename [-q] word
74 Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.
75
76 parser.py: error: no such option: -x
77
78 $ ./parser.py -h
79 usage: parser.py -f filename [-q] word
80 Counts the number of times word-to-count appears in filename.
81
82 options:
    -h, --help
                           show this help message and exit
83
    -f FILENAME, --file=FILENAME
84
                           read data from FILENAME
85
86
   -v, --verbose
    -q, --quiet
87
88 $ """
```

Quiz Answers

```
| Wheel |
                                          | Motor |
            /|\ /|\
                                          /|\ /|\
             1 1
     | Bicycle | | Car
                                  | Gas | | Electric |
     | Wheel | | Wheel
                                 | Motor |  | Motor
       /\
                         /\
                                   /\
                         | Car
     | Bicycle |
                                              | Washing- |
                                               | machine |
class Wheel:
                                       class Motor:
   pass
                                           pass
class BicycleWheel(Wheel):
                                       class GasMotor(Motor):
   pass
                                           pass
class CarWheel(Wheel):
                                       class ElectricMotor(Motor):
   pass
                                           pass
class Bicycle:
   number_of_bicycles = 0
   def __init__(self):
      self.wheels = [BicycleWheel() for i in range(2)]
      Bicycle.number_of_bicycles += 1
class Car:
   def __init__(self):
       self.wheels = [CarWheel() for i in range(5)]
       self.motor = GasMotor()
class WashingMachine:
   def __init__(self):
       self.motor = ElectricMotor()
```

Lab 17

12

Important Note: If you develop a unittest under Idle, it will, after successfully running your test, generate an error when it quits. This error has nothing to do with your code.

1. Develop a test class for either your Clock class, or your Money class, or both, as your time and energy allows.

You can use my solutions:

```
lab_16_New_Style_Classes/lab16_2.py
lab_15_Overriding/lab15.py
```

- 2. Create a command-line program to deal card games.
 - (a) Import and use:
 - labs/lab_12_Function_Fancies/lab12_3.py, if we studied generators.
 - labs/lab_08_Comprehensions/lab08_2.py, if not. My unittest for this project is test_play_cards.py, next, and at labs/lab_17_Developer_Modules/test_play_cards.py.

In either case:

- lab17_2.py deals 4 hands of 5 cards each, the default.
- lab17_2.py -p 6 -c 3 deals 6 hands (for 6 players) of 3 cards each
- 3. If you are familiar with signal handling, use:

labs/lab_12_Function_Fancies/timeout_decorator0.py and introspect the signal module to make a TimeOut context handler so that this call works:

```
with TimeOut(2) as ticker:
    try:
        time.sleep(5)
    except TimeOut:
        print "Sleeping 5 timed out!"

with TimeOut(5) as ticker:
    try:
        time.sleep(2)
        print "Sleeping 2 didn't time out."
    except TimeOut:
        print "Timed out!"
```

```
test_play_cards.py
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python
  2 """Test for lab17_1_2.py."""
  3
  4 import unittest
  5 import sys
  6 import lab17_2
  7
  8 # A Deck object is an iterator
  9 print lab17_2.Deck()
 10 whole_deck = sorted(lab17_2.Deck())
 11
 12 class TestPlayCards(unittest.TestCase):
 13
 14
        def testSmall(self):
 15
            little = lab17_2.GameDealer(1, 1).DealGame()
            self.assertEqual(len(little), 1)
 16
 17
            self.assertEqual(len(little[0]), 1)
            self.assert_(little[0][0] in whole_deck)
 18
 19
        def testZilch(self):
 20
 21
            self.assertEqual([], lab17_2.GameDealer(0, 1).DealGame())
 22
            self.assertEqual([[]], lab17_2.GameDealer(1, 0).DealGame())
 23
            self.assertEqual([], lab17_2.GameDealer(0, 0).DealGame())
 24
        def testWholeDeck(self):
 25
            all = lab17_2.GameDealer(9, 6).DealGame()
 26
 27
            for hand in all:
 28
                self.assertEqual(len(hand), 6)
 29
            self.assertEqual(len(all), 9)
 30
            all_collapsed = reduce(lambda x,y: x + y, all)
 31
            all_collapsed.sort()
 32
            self.assertEqual(all_collapsed, whole_deck)
 33
        def testTooMany(self):
 34
 35
            too_many = lab17_2.GameDealer(11, 5).DealGame()
            too_many_collapsed = reduce(lambda x,y: x + y, too_many)
 36
 37
            self.assert_('Blank' in too_many_collapsed)
 38
            too_many_collapsed.remove('Blank')
            too_many_collapsed.sort()
 39
 40
            self.assertEqual(too_many_collapsed, whole_deck)
 41
 42
        def testWayTooMany(self):
 43
            way_too_many = lab17_2.GameDealer(11, 6).DealGame()
 44
            way_too_many_collapsed = reduce(lambda x,y: x + y, way_too_many)
```

```
self.assertEqual(len(way_too_many_collapsed), 66)
45
         self.assertEqual(way_too_many_collapsed.count('Blank'), 12)
46
47
         for i in range(12):
48
             way_too_many_collapsed.remove('Blank')
         way_too_many_collapsed.sort()
49
         self.assertEqual(way_too_many_collapsed, whole_deck)
50
51
52 if __name__ == '__main__':
53
      unittest.main()
54
55 """
56 $ test_play_cards.py
57 .....
58 -----
59 Ran 5 tests in 0.006s
60
61 OK
62 $
                         JOSC-Fixtension
63
64 """
```