CLI Git Workshop

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WICS @ LSU, Fall 2022



A few considerations...

- This is a beginner-level workshop
- No prior experience required
- There's something for every level
- Follow along to the practical demo
- Ask questions
- Have fun! ©

Outline

- Presentation
 - What is Git
 - Why Git
 - How to Git
 - Basic CLI usage
 - Useful terminology
 - Git Terminology
 - Git Workflow
- Workshop
 - Setup
 - Basic Git usage
 - Github Page setup

What is Git

- Version Control System (VCS)
- Multiple different versions of the same project
- Used *everywhere* in the industry



Why Git?

- Keep track of changes
 - Doesn't apply only to code!
- Freedom to try different approaches and make mistakes
- Contribute to open source projects (good for resume)

How to Git

Git vs Github

- Git
 - VCS tool to manage your code
 - Works locally
- Github
 - Cloud-based host for Git repositories





There are others!





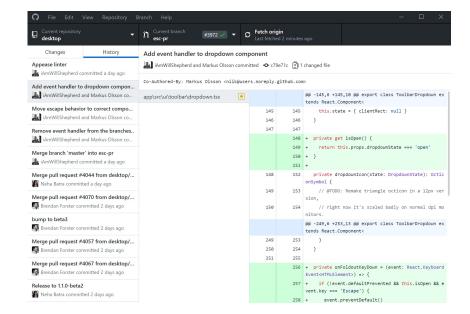






Desktop vs CLI

- Github has a desktop client
 - It's really easy to use!
- Git concepts are the same across all platforms
- CLI is less user-friendly
 - ...sometimes it's your only option



CLI Navigation Cheat Sheet

Windows

- Help shows help
- [tab] -- autocomplete
- Dir lists current directory
- Cd change directory
- Mkdir make directory
- Rmdir remove directory
- Cls clear screen
- [ctrl] + [c] interrupt process

Mac/Linux

- Help shows help
- [tab] -- autocomplete
- Is lists current directory
- Cd change directory
- Mkdir make directory
- Rm (-r) remove directory
- clear clear screen
- [ctrl] + [c] interrupt process

Useful Terminology

Remote

Needs network connection

Local

Works offline





Git Terminology

- Repository
 - Contains project files and stores file version history
- Branch
 - A version timeline within a repository
- Commit
 - "Save" the changes done to the project to the working version
- Clone
 - A local copy of a remote repository
- Fork
 - Personal copy of another user's repository
 - Changes made to your fork don't affect the other user's directly

Git Terminology (cont.)

- Fetch
 - Get changes from a remote repository without merging them
- Merge
 - Get changes from one branch and applies it into another
 - Either in the same repository or on another fork (aka Pull Request)
- Pull
 - Fetch and merge changes in one command
- Push
 - Send committed changes to a remote repository
- Pull Request (PR)
 - proposed changes to a repository submitted by a user and accepted or rejected by a repository's collaborators

General Workflow

- Clone/Fork/Create repository
- Create working branch
- Work and make changes
- Commit changes (frequently)
- Push local changes
- Merge changes into main branch

Workshop

References

- Git documentation https://git-scm.com/
- Github documentation https://docs.github.com/en
- Git cheat sheet https://training.github.com/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf
- Github Pages documentation- https://docs.github.com/en/pages
- Github Student https://education.github.com/students