experimento 5: 40 run 4 - 11d48772ac

USER

A base de dados anexada no arquivo dados 50 50.csv possui quatro variáveis: IDENTIFICADOR, CARGO, PERCENT_PRI E DISTANCE_KM. A primeira variável é o codigo que identifica o funcionário, a segunda apresenta os códigos dos cargos, a terceira é um indice que varia de 0 a 1, sendo o 0 o melhor e, por fim, a última variável é a distância em KM entre o funcionário e o cargo que ele poderá assumir, ou seja, quanto maior a distância, pior. Gostaria que me propusesse uma metodologia para solucionar meu problema de alocação de forma a minimizar o PERCENT PRI ou a DISTANCE KM ou os dois juntos. Determine e execute o código para solucionar o problema e indique o custo total minimizado.

BOT

To solve the problem of allocating employees to positions while minimizing **PERCENT PRI**, **DISTANCE KM**, or both together, we can model this as an **assignment problem**. The assignment problem is a type of optimization problem where we aim to assign resources (employees) to tasks (positions) in a way that minimizes the total cost.

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Here's a step-by-step methodology to solve the problem:
### **Step 1: Understand the Problem**
- **Objective**: Minimize the total cost of allocation.
 - Cost can be based on:
  1. **PERCENT_PRI** (priority index).
2. **DISTANCE_KM** (distance between employee and position).
  3. A **weighted combination** of both (e.g., `w1 * PERCENT_PRI + w2 * DISTANCE_KM`).
- **Constraints**:
 - Each employee can be assigned to only one position.
 - Each position can be assigned to only one employee.
This is a classic **linear assignment problem** that can be solved using optimization techniques like the **Hungarian
algorithm** or linear programming.
### **Step 2: Formulate the Problem**
1. **Decision Variables**:
  - Let `x[i, j]` be a binary variable:
   - `x[i, j] = 1` if employee `i` is assigned to position `j`.
   - x[i, j] = 0 otherwise.
2. **Objective Function**:
  - Minimize the total cost:
   - If minimizing **PERCENT PRI**: `minimize \Sigma(i, j) PERCENT PRI[i, j] * x[i, j]`.
   - If minimizing **DISTANCE_KM**: `minimize \Sigma(i, j) DISTANCE_KM[i, j] * x[i, j]`.
   - If minimizing both: `minimize Σ(i, j) (w1 * PERCENT PRI[i, j] + w2 * DISTANCE KM[i, j]) * x[i, j]`.
3. **Constraints**:
  - Each employee is assigned to exactly one position: \Sigma(j) \times [i, j] = 1 for all i.
  - Each position is assigned to exactly one employee: \Sigma(i) \times [i, j] = 1 for all i.
### **Step 3: Solve the Problem**
We will use Python and the `scipy.optimize.linear_sum_assignment` function, which implements the Hungarian
algorithm to solve the assignment problem efficiently.
### **Step 4: Implement the Solution**
Below is the Python code to solve the problem:
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```
```python
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from scipy.optimize import linear sum assignment
Step 1: Load the data
file_path = "dados_50_50.csv" # Replace with the correct file path
data = pd.read_csv(file_path, sep=";")
Step 2: Prepare the cost matrices
Convert PERCENT_PRI and DISTANCE_KM to numeric (replace commas with dots for decimals)
data['PERCENT_PRI'] = data['PERCENT_PRI'].str.replace(',', '.').astype(float)
data['DISTANCE KM'] = data['DISTANCE KM'].str.replace(',', '.').astype(float)
Pivot the data to create cost matrices
employees = data['IDENTIFICADOR'].unique()
positions = data['CARGO'].unique()
Create cost matrices for PERCENT PRI and DISTANCE KM
cost percent pri = data.pivot(index='IDENTIFICADOR', columns='CARGO', values='PERCENT PRI').to numpy()
cost distance km = data.pivot(index='IDENTIFICADOR', columns='CARGO', values='DISTANCE KM').to numpy()
Normalize the cost matrices (optional, for combined optimization)
cost percent pri /= cost percent pri.max()
cost_distance_km /= cost_distance_km.max()
Combine the costs (weighted sum)
w1, w2 = 0.5, 0.5 # Weights for PERCENT_PRI and DISTANCE_KM
combined_cost = w1 * cost_percent_pri + w2 * cost_distance_km
Step 3: Solve the assignment problem
row_ind, col_ind = linear_sum_assignment(combined_cost)
Step 4: Calculate the total minimized cost
total_cost = combined_cost[row_ind, col_ind].sum()
Step 5: Display the results
assignments = pd.DataFrame({
 "Employee": employees[row ind],
 "Position": positions[col ind],
 "Cost": combined cost[row ind, col ind]
})
print("Optimal Assignments:")
print(assignments)
print(f"Total Minimized Cost: {total_cost}")
Step 5: Explanation of the Code
1. **Data Preparation**:
 - The data is loaded and cleaned (e.g., converting `PERCENT PRI` and `DISTANCE KM` to numeric).
 - Cost matrices are created for `PERCENT PRI` and `DISTANCE KM`.
2. **Cost Combination**:
 - If both criteria are to be minimized, a weighted combination of the two matrices is created.
3. **Optimization**:
 - The `linear_sum_assignment` function is used to find the optimal assignment that minimizes the total cost.
4. **Results**:
 - The optimal assignments and the total minimized cost are displayed.
Step 6: Output
```

The output will include:

- 1. A table showing the optimal assignment of employees to positions and the associated cost for each assignment.
- 2. The total minimized cost.

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#### ### \*\*Step 7: Next Steps\*\*

- Adjust the weights `w1` and `w2` to prioritize either \*\*PERCENT\_PRI\*\* or \*\*DISTANCE\_KM\*\*.
- Analyze the results to ensure the solution aligns with your business goals.

Let me know if you need further assistance!

#### **Execution Result:**

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#### Optimal Assignments:

Optimal Assignments:	
Employee	Position Cost
0 1	14 0.609065
1 2	2 0.658924
2 3	3 0.769260
3 4	5 0.439027
4 5	55 0.420782
5 6	17 0.931846
6 7	56 0.512248
7 8	6 0.695864
8 9	57 0.511853
9 10	7 0.962081
10 11	70 0.392220
11 12	9 0.043284
12 13	10 0.341080
13 14	11 0.907152
14 15	58 0.531797
15 16	59 0.724956
16 17	60 0.668815
17 18	12 0.832347
18 19	71 0.679455
19 20	18 0.622527
20 21	61 0.726129
21 22	15 0.715622
22 23	16 0.948931
23 24	20 0.332597
24 25	22 0.529328
25 26	62 0.042555
26 27	19 0.545412
27 28	25 0.764711
28 29	21 0.673072
29 30	29 0.532049
30 31	23 0.507430
31 32	63 0.658180
32 33	64 0.611315
33 34	24 0.522967
34 35	65 0.668815
35 36	73 0.593167
36 37	66 0.689401
37 38	26 0.313706
38 39	27 0.647186
39 40	67 0.647868
40 41	28 0.521633
41 42	69 0.348171
42 43	68 0.479090
	8 0.502807
44 45	13 0.589484
45 46	30 0.789665
46 47	1 0.508048
47 48	72 0.658180
48 49	4 0.423548
49 50	74 0.562435
Total Minimized Cost: 29 3080855	

Total Minimized Cost: 29.308085556184693

