Homework 1

Tuesday, January 30, 2024 4:10 AM



INSTRUCTOR: MICHAEL O'NEILL

HOMEWORK 1: LINEAR ALGEBRA REVIEW AND BASIC LP FORMULATIONS

Question 1. (**5 points**): Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$. Compute the product AB using the definition of matrix multiplication.

Question 2. (15 points): We are given matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & b & a \\ z & 4 & u \\ g & c & f \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & v & k \\ k & \ell & w \\ v & t & s \end{bmatrix}.$$

The numbers a, b, c, etc. are unknown constants.

- 1. Suppose C = AB and the elements of C are denoted by C_{ij} . What is C_{12} ? What is C_{23} ? What is C_{32} ?
- 2. Suppose $C = A^T B$ and the elements of C are denoted by C_{ij} . What is C_{12} ? What is C_{23} ? What is C_{23} ?
- 3. Suppose $C = A^T B^T$ and the elements of C are denoted by C_{ij} . What is C_{12} ? What is C_{23} ? What is C_{32} ?

Question 3. (10 points): I have up to \$1000 to invest. I can invest my money in stocks and bonds. Each dollar invested in stocks yields 15 cents of profit, and each dollar invested in bonds yields 5 cents of profit. No more than 25% of all money invested can be in stocks, and at least \$450 must be in bonds. Formulate an LP to maximize total profit earned from my investment.

Question 4. (25 points): Kooky Candy Company makes 2 kinds of gourmet chocolate bars. The milk chocolate bar sells for \$1.50, and the dark chocolate bar sells for \$2.00. Both require cocoa butter and almonds, which are currently available in limited supply (other required ingredients are available in essentially unlimited quantities). Kooky Candy can obtain 50,000 oz. of cocoa butter, and 25,000 oz. of almonds. A milk chocolate bar requires 2 oz. of cocoa butter and 1 oz of almonds, while a dark chocolate bar requires 5 oz. of cocoa butter and 1 oz. of almonds.

a) Formulate an LP to maximize the total revenue of the Kooky Candy Company.

b) Convert your solution to standard form. Then, convert the standard form into the matrix form, i.e. clearly state the matrix *A* and vectors *b* and *c* in the standard form.

Question 5. (45 points): Consider the following table indicating the nutritional value of different food types:

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Student's name:

Foods	Price (\$)	Calories	Fat (g) per	Protein (g)	Carbohydrate
	per Serving	per Serving	Serving	per Serving	(g) per Serving
Raw carrots	0.14	23	0.1	0.6	6
Baked potatoes	0.12	171	0.2	3.7	30
Wheat bread	0.2	65	0	2.2	13
Cheddar cheese	0.75	112	9.3	7	0
Peanut butter	0.15	188	16	7.7	2

You need to decide how many servings of each food to buy each day so that you minimize the total cost of buying your food while satisfying the following daily nutritional requirements:

- · Calories must be at least 2000,
- Fat must be at least 50g,
- Protein must be at least 100g,
- Carbohydrates must be at least 250g.

Formulate an LP to determine how many servings of each of the aforementioned foods meet all of the nutrional requirements, while minimizing the total cost of food (you may buy fractional numbers of servings).

1. Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 423 \\ 234 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 01 \\ 2-3 \end{bmatrix}$

Compate AB using det of matrix multiplication.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 423 \\
 234
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 0 \\
 0 & 1 \\
 2-3
 \end{bmatrix}
 =
 \begin{bmatrix}
 10 & -7 \\
 10 & -9
 \end{bmatrix}$$

2, We are givan matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & a \\ \frac{2}{5} & 4 & u \\ 9 & c & f \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & v & K \\ K & \ell & w \\ V & \ell & S \end{bmatrix}$$

Let a, b, C,... be unknown constants a. Suppose C=AB and the elements of Care denoted by Cij. what is C12, C23, C32? $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 9 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & V & K \\ K & 6 & W \\ V & t & S \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 + bk + av & 2v + bl + at & 2k + bw + as \\ 3z + 4k + & uv & 2v + 4l + ub & 2k + 4w + us \\ 3g + Ck + fv & gv + Cl + ft & gk + Cw + As \end{bmatrix}$ C12 = 2 V + b e + at C23=2K+4w+us

3. I have up to \$1,000 to invest. I can investing money in Stocks and bonds. Each dollar invested in Stocks yields Is conts of profit, and each dollar invested in bonds yields 5 corts of profit. No more than 25% of all money invested can be in Stocks, and at least \$450 must be in bonds. Formulate a LP to maximize total wroth earned from an investment.

 $C_{32} = gv + Cl + ft$

max $z_2 0.15^{x_1} + 0.05^{x_2}$ $X_1 + x_2 \le 1,000$ S.t. $X_1 \le 0.25(X_1 + X_2)$ $X_2 \ge 450$ $X_1 \ge \emptyset$

4. Kooky Condy Company Makes 2 Kinds of governer Chacolate bars. The Milk chocolate bar sells for \$1.50; and the dark Chocolate bar sells for \$2.00. Both regarde Cocoa butter and almosts, which are currently a vailable in limited Supply Cother injector have unimited learning. Kooky condy can obtain 50,000 oz of Cocoa butter, and 25,000 oz. of almosts. A milk chocolate bar requires 2 oz. of cocoa butter and 1 oz of almosts, while a dark chocolate bar requires 5 oz of cocoa butter and 1 oz. of almosts.

a. Foundate and p to maximize the total revoue of the Kooky Candy Company.

 $X_1 = m: |K|$. Chocolate box $X_2 = dax$ Chocolate box

S.t.
$$2X_1 + 5X_2 \le 50,000$$

 $X_1 + X_2 \le 25,000$
 $X_1, X_2 = \emptyset$

problem

lequal. rits

Lymultiply objective by-1 min 2=-1(1.5x, +2x2) =-1.5x, -2x2 La InHoduce Stage Valiables to consum S.t. 2x, + sx, +s, = \$0,000 inequalities to

X, + X2 + S2=25,000

X,, X2, S1, S2 Z Ø

table indicating the hutlitional value of 5. Consider the following different food types:

- 1					
Food	price(s)	Cal.	Fatlg)	Proten(g)	Carb (9)
X1= Carro + S	0.14	23	0.1	0.6	6
X2= Baked Potenees	0.12	171	0.2	3.7	30

$$X_3 = \frac{1}{100}$$
 Bread 0.2 65 $\frac{1}{100}$ 2.2 13

 $X_4 = \frac{1}{100}$ Cheese 0.75 112 9.3 7

 $X_5 = \frac{1}{100}$ Peanat 0.15 188 16 7.7 2

min $Z = 0.14 X_1 + 0.12 X_2 + 0.2 X_3 + 0.75 X_4 + 0.15 X_5$ S.t. $23 X_1 + 171 X_2 + 65 X_5 + 112 X_4 + 188 X_5 \ge 2,000$ $0.1 X_1 + 0.2 X_2 + 9.3 X_4 + 16 X_5 \ge 50$ $0.6 X_1 + 3.7 X_2 + 2.2 X_3 + 7 + 4 + 7.7 X_5 \ge 100$ $6 X_1 + 30 X_2 + 13 X_3 + 2 X_5 \ge 250$ $X_{1,1}, ..., X_5 \ge 0$