# UNIVERSITY OF THE PHILIPPINES VISAYAS COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES DIVISION OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES AND MATHEMATICS

# CMSC 131 Introduction to Computer Organization and Machine Level Computing A.Y. 2022 - 2023

**Assignment Guide** 

Prepared by:

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#### **ACADEMIC INTEGRITY**

As a student of the University of the Philippines, I pledge to act ethically and uphold the value of honor and excellence. I understand that suspected misconduct on given assignments/examinations will be reported to the appropriate office and if established, will result in disciplinary action in accordance with University rules, policies and procedures. I may work with others only to the extent allowed by the Instructor.

# **Laboratory Exercise #8**

# Reading

• Read Section 4.7 of Paul Carter's PC Assembly Book

## **Practice Exercise:**

- Execute "sub5.asm" and interface it with "main5.c". What is the purpose of sub5.asm? What is the purpose of main5.c? Explain the relationship between them.
- Analyze the sample codes **sub5.asm** and **main.c**.

```
$ nasm -f elf sub5.asm

$ gcc -m32 -o sub5 main5.c sub5.o asm_io.o

$ ./sub5

Sum integers up to: 10

Stack Dump # 1

EBP = FFF26A58 ESP = FFF26A50

+16 FFF26A68 FFF26B3C

+12 FFF26A64 FFF26A78

+8 FFF26A60 00000000A

+4 FFF26A5C 565D880D

+0 FFF26A58 FFF26A88

-4 FFF26A54 00000000

-8 FFF26A50 565D9FC4

Sum is 55
```

## Problem #8.

*Teacher:* Why are you doing your multiplication on the floor?

Student: You told me not to use tables.

Teacher: ??? ... Well, this time, you will.

Student: :O

• Write an assembly program that *prints the multiplication table*.

• Below is the code snippet in high level language (C language) named "main.c".

#### main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "cdecl.h"

void PRE_CDECL mult(int) POST_CDECL; /* prototype for assembly routine */
int main(void)
{
  int n, product;
  printf("Input upto the table number starting from 1 : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Multiplication table from 1 to %d \n",n);

mult(n);
  return 0;
}
```

• Create a program named "mult.asm" that computes for each product to be presented in the table, which should interface with "main.c".

• Below is an example pseudocode for the *mult* function.

• The output of your program should be something like this:

```
Input up to the table number starting from 1: 2
Multiplicaton Table from 1 to 2
      1
      2
                4
Input up to the table number starting from 1: 4
Multiplication Table from 1 to 4
               2
                                4
                        3
      1
                        6
                                8
      2
               4
                        9
                                12
      3
               6
               8
                                16
      4
                        12
```

- A good programming practice is to *write comments on important line of codes* for readability and documentation.
- Save your program in a file called *SurnameFirstLetterOfFirstName\_lab8.asm* in camel case. For instance, if your surname is "Juan Dela Cruz", submit it as follows:

### DelaCruzJ\_lab8.asm

• Take a screen recording of your working code and make sure to **record a video explaining each line of your code** as well as showing the correct output of your code. Use screen recorder application in Ubuntu (<a href="https://itsfoss.com/best-linux-screen-recorders/">https://itsfoss.com/best-linux-screen-recorders/</a>) or Windows (<a href="https://atomisystems.com/screencasting/record-screen-windows-10/">https://atomisystems.com/screencasting/record-screen-windows-10/</a>)

### **Submission Requirements:**

- 1. Program Code ('.asm' file)
- 2. Screen Recorded Defense Video

DEADLINE: December 5, 2022, 11:59 PM

## **Rubric for Programming Exercises**

Program (50 pts)	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Program Execution	Program executes correctly with no syntax or runtime errors (9-10)	Program executes with minor (easily fixed) error (4-8)	Program executes with a major (not easily fixed) error (2-3)	Program does not execute (0-1)
Correct Output	Program displays correct output with no errors (9- 10)	Output has minor errors (6-8)	Output has multiple errors (3-5)	Output is incorrect (0- 2)
Design of Output	Program displays more than expected (7-8)	Program displays minimally expected output (5-6)	Program does not display the required output (3-4)	Output is poorly designed (0-2)
Design of Logic	Program is logically well- designed (9-10)	Program has slight logic errors that do not significantly affect the results (6-8)	Program has significant logic errors (3-5)	Program is incorrect (0-2)
Standards	Program is stylistically well designed (6-7)	Few inappropriate design choices (i.e., poor variable names, improper indentation) (4-5)	Several inappropriate design choices (i.e., poor variable names, improper indentation) (2-3)	Program is poorly written (0-1)
Documentation	Program is well documented (5)	Missing one required comment (4)	Missing two or more required comments (2- 3)	Most or all documentation missing (0-1)