# Survey on Knowledge and Knowledge Management





This document is a survey of knowledge management practices of scientific software developers. Large-scale scientific software projects are among the most knowledge-intensive undertakings in all of human history, consisting of extremely diverse communities of practice and inquiry. The purpose of this survey is to understand the kinds of knowledge that are created and shared and their relationship to the software project.

This study is being conducted through the Interoperable Design of Extreme-scale Application Software (IDEAS-ECP) project. Only the researchers involved in this study will see your responses. Your participation in this study is voluntary. If you do not want to participate, please return the questionnaire to the researcher. You also do not have to answer any question that makes you uncomfortable. This survey is expected to take about 20 minutes to complete.

**WARNING**: Not all PDF readers will allow you to fill out this survey, and not all will allow you to save your results. If you are able to fill out the results, it is highly recommended that you use the Print option and print the result to a PDF file. Alternatively, you can print out a paper copy of the attached survey to complete it. In either case, once you have done so, you may scan and/or email the document to rmilewi@sandia.gov. Alternatively, place the survey in a sealed envelope and deliver it to CSRI/253.

## Informed Consent Form

## 1. Participation

Your participation in this survey is voluntary. You may refuse to take part in the research, and you are free to decline to answer any particular question you do not wish to answer for any reason.

### 2. Benefits

You will receive a report detailing the anonymized results of this survey. The researchers of this study intend on using the data you provide to produce a publication characterizing the work habits of scientific software developers. The aim is to inform better policies and practices for the broader scientific software community.

# 3. Confidentiality

Your responses will remain anonymous. No one will be able to identify you or your answers, and no one will know whether or not you participated in the study, not even your manager. This form asks your name and Github handle (if you have one). However, any uniquely identifying information we collect will be stored separately from the survey responses, and it will not be present in the data we use for analysis.

## 4. Risks

The possible risks or discomforts of the study are minimal. You may feel somewhat uncomfortable answering questions about the problems you face in doing your work. We reiterate, however, that none of your responses will be tied to you individually.

## 5. Contact

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Reed Milewicz (1426), the PI for this survey. You are welcome to reach out to him by email (rmilewi@sandia.gov) or phone (505-845-0278) if you have any concerns about your participation or the survey process.

### 6. Consent

Signing your name below indicates that

- 1. You have read the above information.
- 2. You voluntarily agree to participate.

Additionally, we ask for two more things. First, we request your Github handle you use to contribute to the Trilinos project (if any); this information is needed to link your survey responses to your contributions in order to better understand the evolution of the software project. Second, to aid in de-identifying your survey responses, please provide a code name below. This self-identification code will take the place of any identifying information collected in this survey. It will only be known to the researchers, and only the researchers will have a key linking your name to your pseudonym.

Your Signature	Your Github handle	Your Code Name

	Your Code Name Your relationship t	o Sandia	
	Studer	nt Intern	
		octoral Appointee	
	Contra		
		ed-term Employee	
	Full-ti	me Employee	
	Other	(please specify)	
#3:	What is the highes	t level of education	n which you have completed?
		High school degr	gree or equivalent
		Associate's degre	ree
		Bachelor's degre	ee
		Master's degree	
		Doctoral degree	
<b>#4</b> :	How many years of	experience do you	u have working in your area of interest?
		Less than	n 2 years
		2-5 years	
		6-10 years	s
		11-15 year	urs
		16-20 year	urs
		21-25 year	urs $\square$
		More than	n 25 years
<b>#5</b> :	How many people	do you work with o	on a regular basis?
		1-2	
		3-5	
		6-10	
		11-15	
		16-20	
		More t	than 20

#6: How many projects do you contribute to in the confunded or unfunded.	urse of a year? These activities may be
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \square \\ 2 & \square \\ 3 & \square \\ 4 \text{ or more} \end{array} $	
#7: Select one or more topics that encompass your are	as of interest.
Scalable solvers	
Optimization	
Adaptivity and mesh refinement	
Graph-based, discrete, and combinatorial algorithms	
Uncertainty estimation	
Mesh generation	
Dynamic load balancing	
Visualization	
Scalable heterogeneous computing	
Parallel I/O	
Theoretical computer science	
Multiscale methods	
Nonlinear systems	
Distributed systems	
Software engineering	
Other (please specify)	

#8: Scientific software developers often find themselves taking on many different responsibilities. How important are the following activities to your career currently? Answer on a scale ranging from unimportant to very important.

Q.	Activity	Unimportant	Somewhat Impor- tant	Very Impor- tant
8.0	Conducting research			
8.1	Producing academic publications			
8.2	Writing software for your own use			
8.3	Using or modifying software written by others			
8.4	Writing software for the benefit of others			
8.5	Maintaining software for which you are responsible			
8.6	Mentoring less experienced employ- ees			
8.7	Receiving mentoring from others			
8.8	Providing consultation or support to others			
8.9	Leveraging the talents of others			
8.10	Communicating directly with clients			
8.11	Working with people in other areas of expertise			
8.12	Working with people within your own area of expertise			
8.13	Building relationships with other teams			
8.14	Attending professional conferences			

#9: What means do you use to receive and share information with colleagues? How often do you use them? Answer on a scale ranging from never or not in the last year to daily.

Q.	Statement	Never or not in the last	Less than once a month	Monthly	Weekly	Daily
	Face-to-face interpersonal comn	year nunicatio	n			
9.0	Private, unrecorded one-on-one conversations					
9.1	Unstructured impromptu meetings with multiple people					
9.2	Regular planned meetings					
9.3	Large meetings with multiple teams or stakeholders					
	Digital interpersonal communica	ition				
9.4	Private email exchanges					
9.5	Public mailing lists					
9.6	One-on-one phone calls					
9.7	Conference phone calls					
9.8	SMS text messages					
9.9	Videoconferencing software (e.g. Skype, BlueJeans)					
9.10	Personal instant messaging services					
	External sources of information					
9.11	Social media (e.g. social networking sites, forums, blogs)					
9.12	Team collaboration software (e.g. Confluence, Slack, Wiki)					
9.13	Issue tracking and task manage- ment software (e.g. Github, Bugzilla)					
9.14	Documentation, code comments, or tutorials					

#10: Scientific software development demands many different kinds of expertise, oftentimes more than any one individual can possess. For each of the following topics, answer how knowledgeable or comfortable you are with that subject, on a scale from not very knowledgeable to very knowledgeable. Additionally, check the box on the far right if you work with someone else that you could turn to for help on that topic.

Q.	Topic	Not very knowl- edge- able	Somewhat knowl- edge- able	t	Very knowl- edge- able	Know some- one else
10.0	Knowledge of the real-world phenomena that the software is used to study					
10.1	The selection of mathematical techniques to attack a problem					
10.2	Software design					
10.3	Software construction (e.g. use of $C++$ , Fortran)					
10.4	Compilers and compiler optimizations					
10.5	The effects of the hardware architecture on algorithm performance					
10.6	Using a version control system					
10.7	How the software is integrated with client codes					

#11: Are any of the following problems for software development that you encounter in your work? If so, to what extent? For each, select whether it is not a problem, a (moderately difficult) problem, or a difficult problem.

Q.		Not a prob	- A problem	A difficult problem
11.0	Understanding the rationale behind a piece of code			
11.1	Understanding code that someone else wrote			
11.2	Finding the right person to talk to about a piece of code			
11.3	Understanding the history of a piece of code			
11.4	Understanding code that I wrote a while ago			
11.5	Having to switch tasks often because of requests from my teammates or manager			
11.6	Having to switch tasks because my current task gets blocked			
11.7	Having to divide my attention be- tween many different projects			
11.8	Being aware of changes to code elsewhere that impact my code			
11.9	Understanding the impact of changes I make on code elsewhere			
11.10	Finding the right person to review a change before a check-in			
11.11	Finding all the places code has been duplicated			
11.12	Understanding who "owns" a piece of code			
11.13	Finding the bugs related to a piece of code			
11.14	Finding code related to a bug			
11.15	Finding the right person to talk to about a bug			
11.16	Finding out who is currently modi- fying a piece of code			

11.17	Convincing managers that I should spend time rearchitecting, refactoring, or rewriting code		
11.18	Convincing developers to make changes to code I depend on		