ASM Practice

Local Linear Regression

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The aim of this project is to compute the conditional variance $\sigma^2(x)$ of the variable lgWeight = log(Weight) of the aircraft dataset (in sm package) given the year, Yr, variable.

```
# Load data and pre-process
data("aircraft")
attach(aircraft)
lgPower <- log(Power)
lgSpan <- log(Span)
lgLength <- log(Length)
lgWeight <- log(Weight)
lgSpeed <- log(Speed)
lgRange <- log(Range)</pre>
```

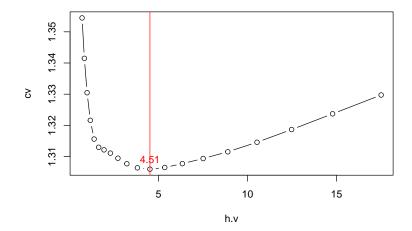
Estimation using *locpolreg* function

We load our local function *locpolreg* along with the *bandwith_selection* script which contains different functions for bandwith selection. We will choose the bandwith hyper-parameter by LOOCV. We use the appropriate function in the *bandiwth_selection* script to get the LOOCV and GCV estimates (which uses the *locpolreg* function). Regarding the Kernel choice, we decide to use the *normal* kernel.

```
# Load local functions
source("locpolreg.R")
source("bandwith_selection.R")
```

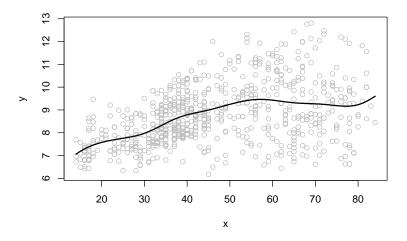
In first place, we have to compute the local linear regression for the predicted variable lgWeight depending on Yr. We choose the badnwith as the one that minimizes the LOOCV estimate:

```
# Choice between "normal" (Gaussian, default),
# "epan"
            (Epanechnikov) or
# "rs.epan" (re-scaled Epanechnikov)
# "unif"
           (Uniform Kernel in [-1,1])
kernel.type <- "normal"</pre>
# Define Bandwith candidates
h.v <- exp(seq(log(diff(range(Yr))/100), log(diff(range(Yr))/4),1=20))
# Get LOOCV and GCV estimates
h.result <- h.cv.gcv(x=Yr, y=lgWeight, h.v=h.v, q=1, type.kernel=kernel.type) %>%
  as.data.frame() %>% arrange(h.v)
plot(cv~h.v, h.result, type="b")
h.min <- h.result[which.min(h.result$cv), "h.v"]</pre>
abline(v=h.min, col=2)
text(x=h.min,y=h.result[which.min(h.result$cv),"cv"], labels
     =round(h.min,digits=2), pos = 3, col = 2)
```



After choosing the bandwith, we build the local linear regression model using the *locpolreg* function and compute the residual values.

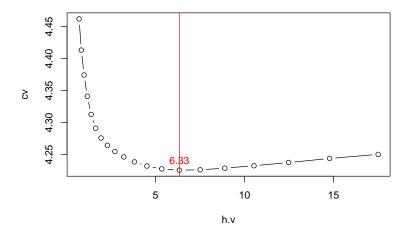
```
m.result <- locpolreg(x=Yr,y=lgWeight,h=h.min,q=1,type.kernel=kernel.type)</pre>
```



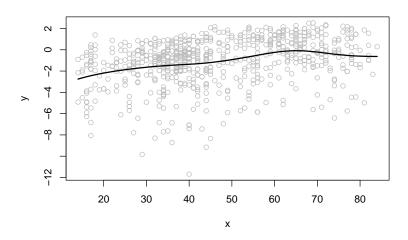
```
eps <- lgWeight - m.result$mtgr
eps2 <- eps*eps
Z <- log(eps2)</pre>
```

Now we have the residual values $\hat{\epsilon}_i = y_i - \hat{m}(x_i)$ and their logarithm $z_i = \log \hat{\epsilon}_i^2$. We need to build a new model for z_i against x_i . We choose the new badnwith and build the model:

```
h.v <- exp(seq(log(diff(range(Yr))/100), log(diff(range(Yr))/4),l=20))
# Get LOOCV and GCV estimates
h.result <- h.cv.gcv(x=Yr, y=Z, h.v=h.v, q=1, type.kernel=kernel.type) %>%
    as.data.frame() %>% arrange(h.v)
plot(cv~h.v, h.result, type="b")
h.min <- h.result[which.min(h.result$cv),"h.v"]
abline(v=h.min, col=2)
text(x=h.min,y=h.result[which.min(h.result$cv),"cv"], labels
    =round(h.min,digits=2), pos = 3, col = 2)</pre>
```



q.result <- locpolreg(x=Yr,y=Z,h=h.min,q=1,type.kernel=kernel.type)</pre>

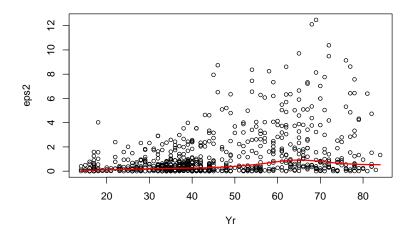


Finally, the conditional variance $\hat{\sigma}^2(x) = \exp \hat{q}(x)$ where $\hat{q}(x)$ is the estimate of the previous model.

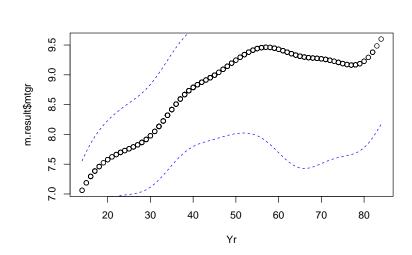
```
sigma2 <- exp(q.result$mtgr)
sigma <- sqrt(sigma2)</pre>
```

To sum up the results, we plot the value of ϵ_i^2 against x_i superimposing the values of $\hat{\sigma}^2(x)$, and also the values of $\hat{m}(x)$ with the bands $\hat{m}(x) \pm 1.96 \hat{\sigma}(x)$.

```
plot(Yr, eps2, cex=0.8)
points(Yr, sigma2, type="l", col="red", lwd=2)
```



```
plot(Yr,m.result$mtgr)
points(Yr,m.result$mtgr+1.96*sigma, type="1", col="blue", lty=2)
points(Yr,m.result$mtgr-1.96*sigma, type="1", col="blue", lty=2)
```



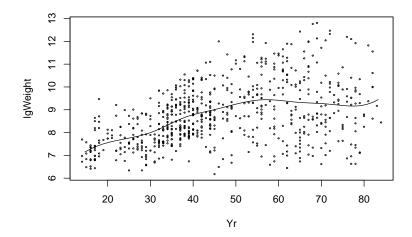
Estimation using sm.regression function

We use the function dpill in the KernSmooth package in order to compute the Plug-in bandwith parameter. Afterwards, we use this badnwith with the sm.regression function in the sm package to compute the local linear regression models, both $\hat{m}(x)$ and $\hat{q}(x)$. Regarding the Kernel choice, we decide to use the normal kernel.

```
h.min <- dpill(x=Yr, y=lgWeight)
```

After choosing the bandwith, we build the local linear regression model using the *locpolreg* function and compute the residual values.

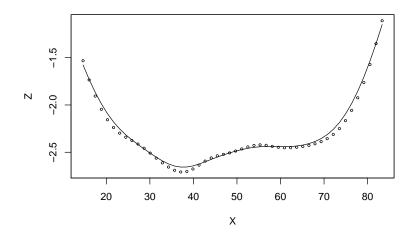
```
m.result <- sm.regression(x=Yr,y=lgWeight,h=h.min)</pre>
```



```
X <- m.result$eval.points
eps2 <- m.result$se
eps <- sqrt(eps2)
Z <- log(eps2)</pre>
```

Now we have the residual values $\hat{\epsilon}_i = y_i - \hat{m}(x_i)$ and their logarithm $z_i = \log \hat{\epsilon}_i^2$. We need to build a new model for z_i against x_i . We choose the new badnwith and build the model:

```
h.min <- dpill(x=X, y=Z)
q.result <- sm.regression(x=X,y=Z,h=h.min)</pre>
```



Finally, the conditional variance $\hat{\sigma}^2(x) = \exp \hat{q}(x)$ where $\hat{q}(x)$ is the estimate of the previous model.

```
sigma2 <- exp(q.result$estimate)
sigma <- sqrt(sigma2)</pre>
```

To sum up the results, we plot the value of ϵ_i^2 against x_i superimposing the values of $\hat{\sigma}^2(x)$, and also the values of $\hat{m}(x)$ with the bands $\hat{m}(x) \pm 1.96\hat{\sigma}(x)$.

```
plot(X, eps2, cex=0.8)
points(X, sigma2, type="1", col="red", lwd=2)
```

