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Normal Distribution Normal Distribution

the end.



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RAFAEL IRIZARRY: Histogram and density plots

provide excellent summaries of a distribution.

But can we summarize even further?

We often see the average and the standard deviation

used as a summary statistic for a list of



Video

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Textbook link

For more information, consult this textbook section on the normal distribution.

Correction

At 3:27 and 3:50, the audio gives incorrect values for the average and standard deviation. The code on screen and the transcript are correct.

Key points

- The normal distribution:
 - Is centered around one value, the *mean*
 - Is symmetric around the mean
 - Is defined completely by its mean (μ) and standard deviation (σ)
 - Always has the same proportion of observations within a given distance of the mean (for example, 95% within 2 σ)
- The standard deviation is the average distance between a value and the mean value.
- Calculate the mean using the mean() function.
- Calculate the standard deviation using the sd() function or manually.
- Standard units describe how many standard deviations a value is away from the mean. The z-score, or number of standard deviations an observation x is away from the mean μ :

$$Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

- Compute standard units with the scale() function.
- **Important**: to calculate the proportion of values that meet a certain condition, use the mean() function on a logical vector. Recause TRIJE is converted to 1 and EALSE is converted to 0, taking the mean of this vector yields the proportion of TRUE.

Equation for the normal distribution

The normal distribution is mathematically defined by the following formula for any mean μ and standard deviation σ :

$$\Pr(a < x < b) = \int_a^b \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} dx$$

Code

```
# define x as vector of male heights
library(tidyverse)
library(dslabs)
data(heights)
index <- heights$sex=="Male"</pre>
x <- heights$height[index]</pre>
# calculate the mean and standard deviation manually
average <- sum(x)/length(x)
SD \leftarrow sqrt(sum((x - average)^2)/length(x))
# built-in mean and sd functions - note that the audio and printed valu
average <- mean(x)</pre>
SD \leftarrow sd(x)
c(average = average, SD = SD)
# calculate standard units
z \leftarrow scale(x)
# calculate proportion of values within 2 SD of mean
mean(abs(z) < 2)
```

Note about the sd function

The built-in R function sd() calculates the standard deviation, but it divides by length(x)-1 instead of length(x). When the length of the list is large, this difference is negligible and you can use the built-in sd() function. Otherwise, you should compute σ by hand. For this course series, assume that you should use the sd() function unless you are told not to do so.

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