

### Problem 1

- Header / Declaration
- Body / Implementation
- Call
- Parameter
- Argument
- Local
- Scope
- Global

### Problem 2

- `def times_ten(number):`  
    `print(number * 10)`
- `show_value(12)`
- A=3, B=2, C=1
- A=5, B=6, C=4

### Problem 3

a.

global	z 14 y 10
print_diff_times_ten	a 14 y 10 diff 4
print_times_ten	x 4

Program's output is 40.

c.

global	
main	x 6 y 12
change_us	a 6 (initial argument) b 12 (initial argument) a 0 b 0

Program's output is 6 12 since `change_us()` had no effect on `main`'s `x` and `y` variables.

b.

global	
main	x 4 y 8
print_difference	x 8 y 4 diff 4

Program's output is 4.

d.

global	tickets 10 price 12.5
display_total_due	num_tickets 10 ticket_price 12.5 total_due 125.0
print_money	dollars 125.0

Program output:

Enter the number of tickets: 10  
Enter the price of each ticket: \$12.50  
Total due:  
\$125.00

### Problem 4

- `my_function(c=6, b=4, a=2)`
- Given the above values (2, 4, 6), the function will print 2.0.

### Problem 5

- The `print_twice` function doesn't have any variable or parameter named `message`. The parameter should be added to the function header, and then the call to `print_twice()` needs to be changed to add the argument.
- `print_course_name` is defined but not properly called. Adding parentheses will call the function.
- The call to `print_average()` is missing a third argument. Create a third value and then add it to the arguments in the function call.