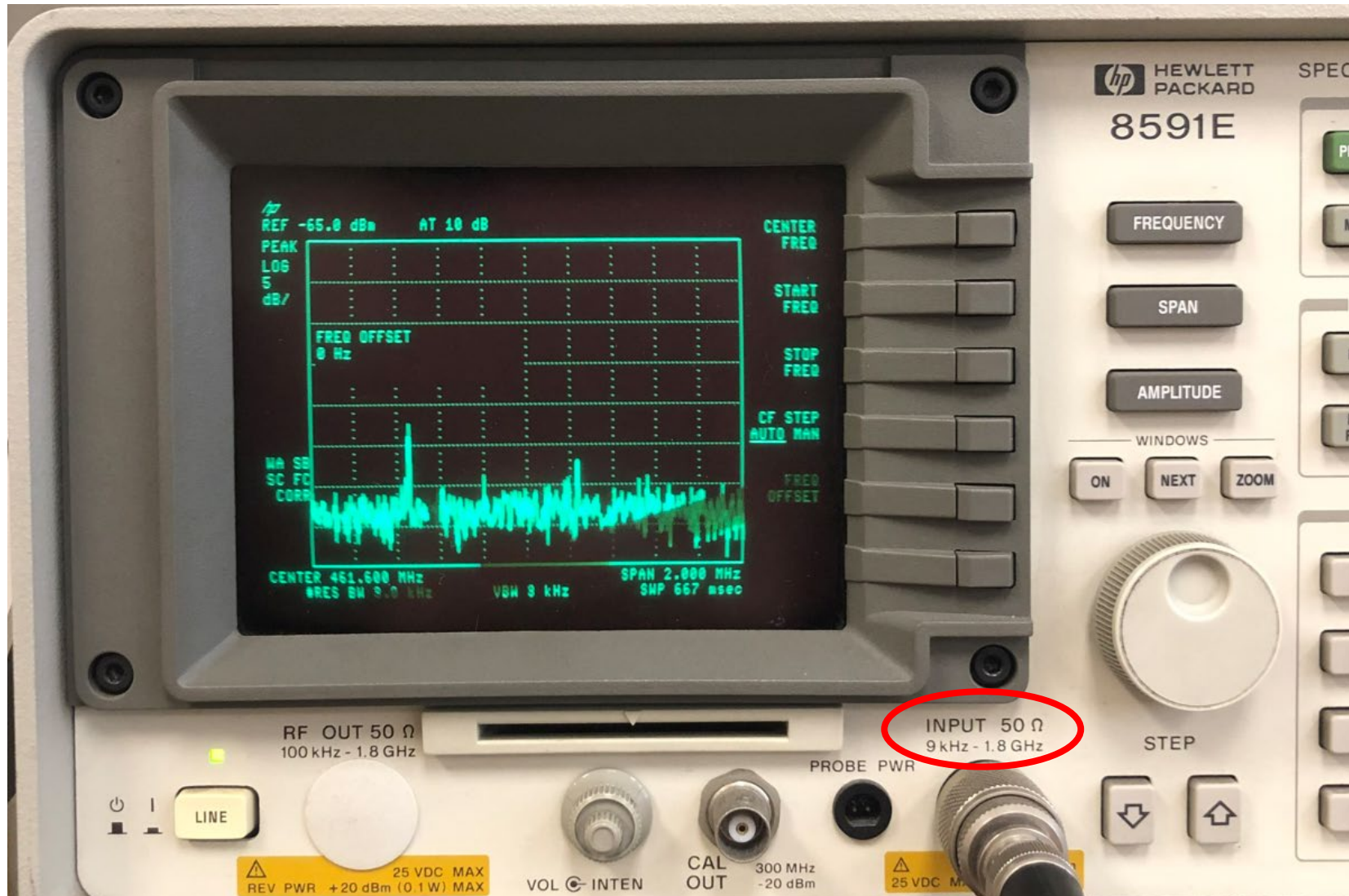


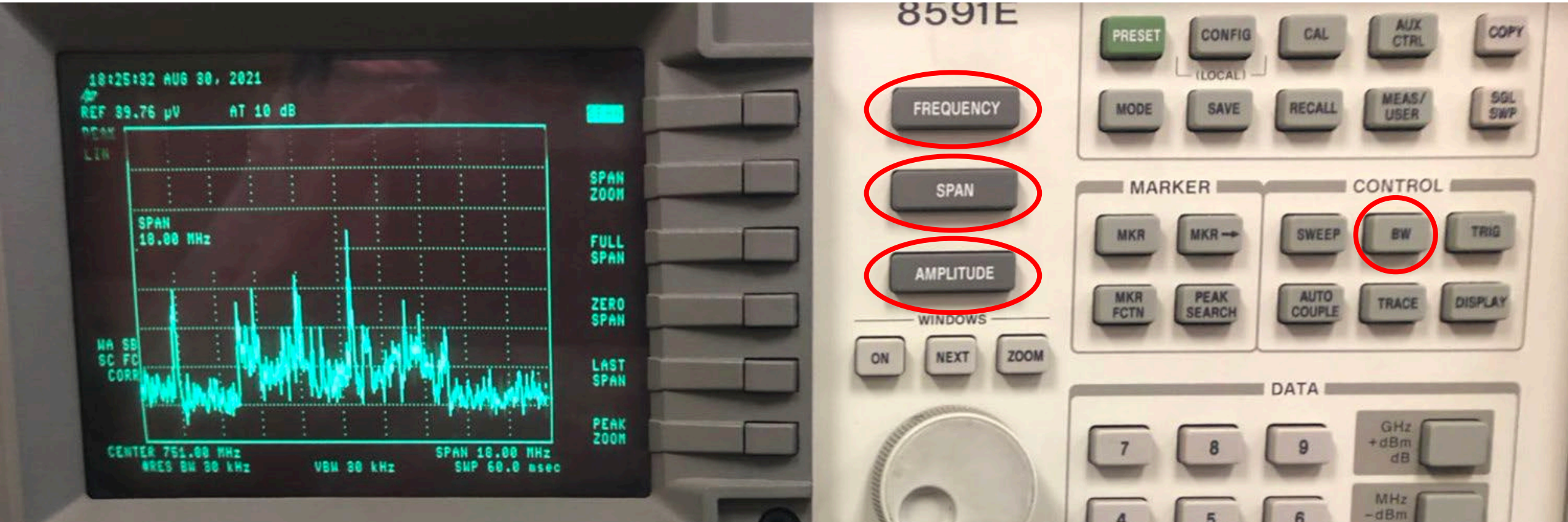
Notes on the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) EE160 Laboratory (room E238)

Robert Morelos-Zaragoza, Professor
Electrical Engineering
San José State University

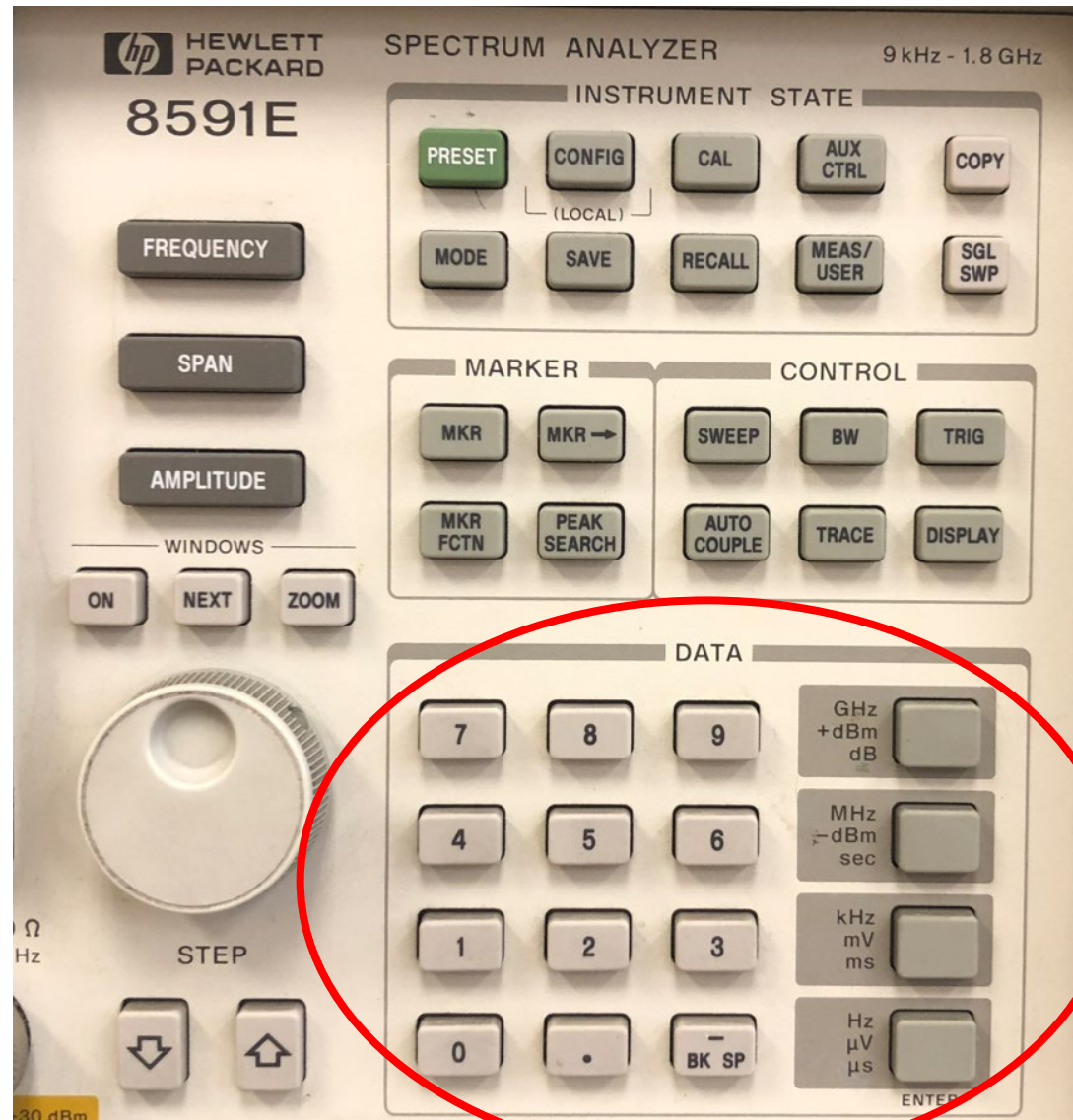
The input impedance is 50 Ω



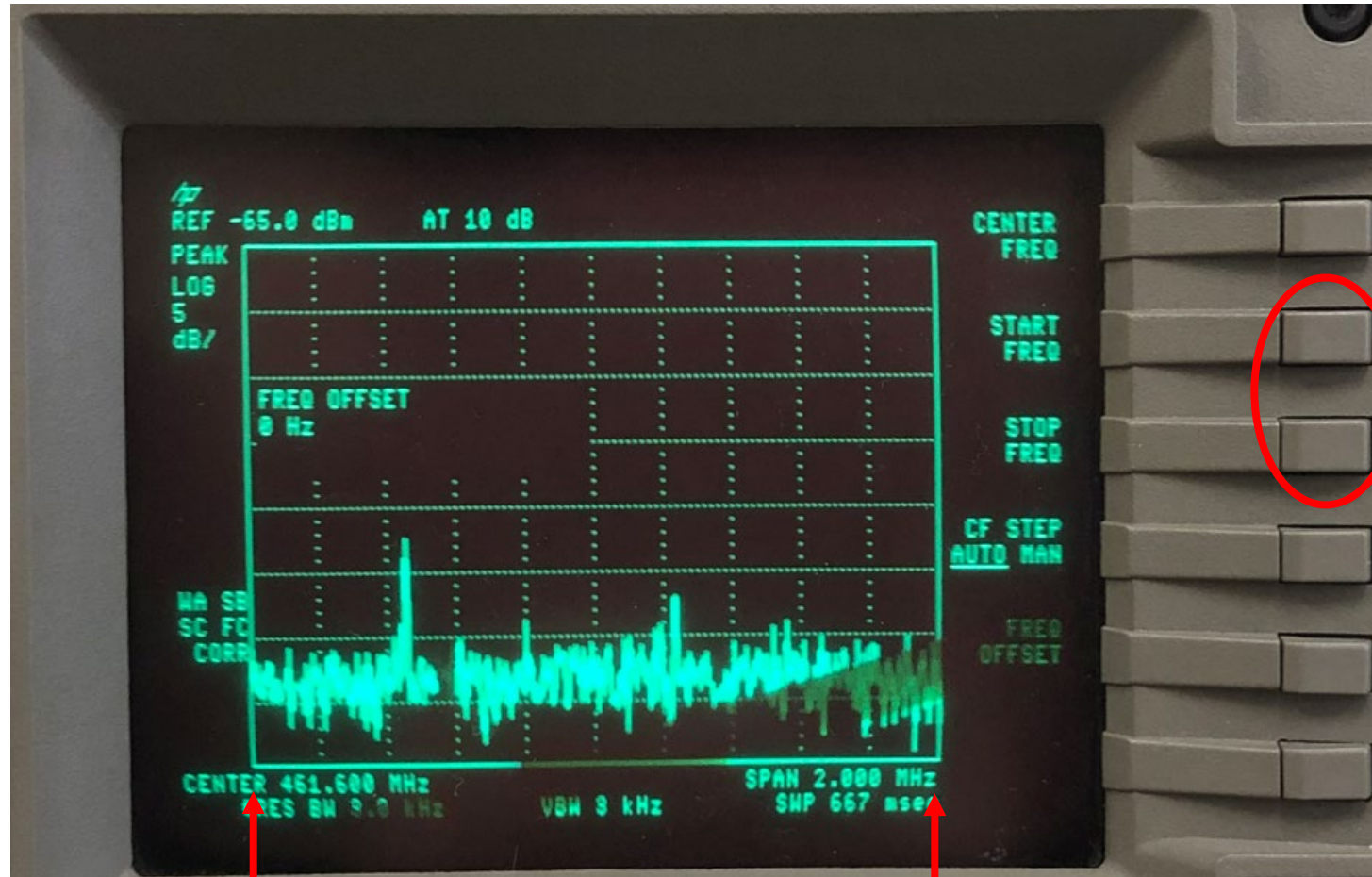
Front panel: Main buttons



Numerical (DATA) pad



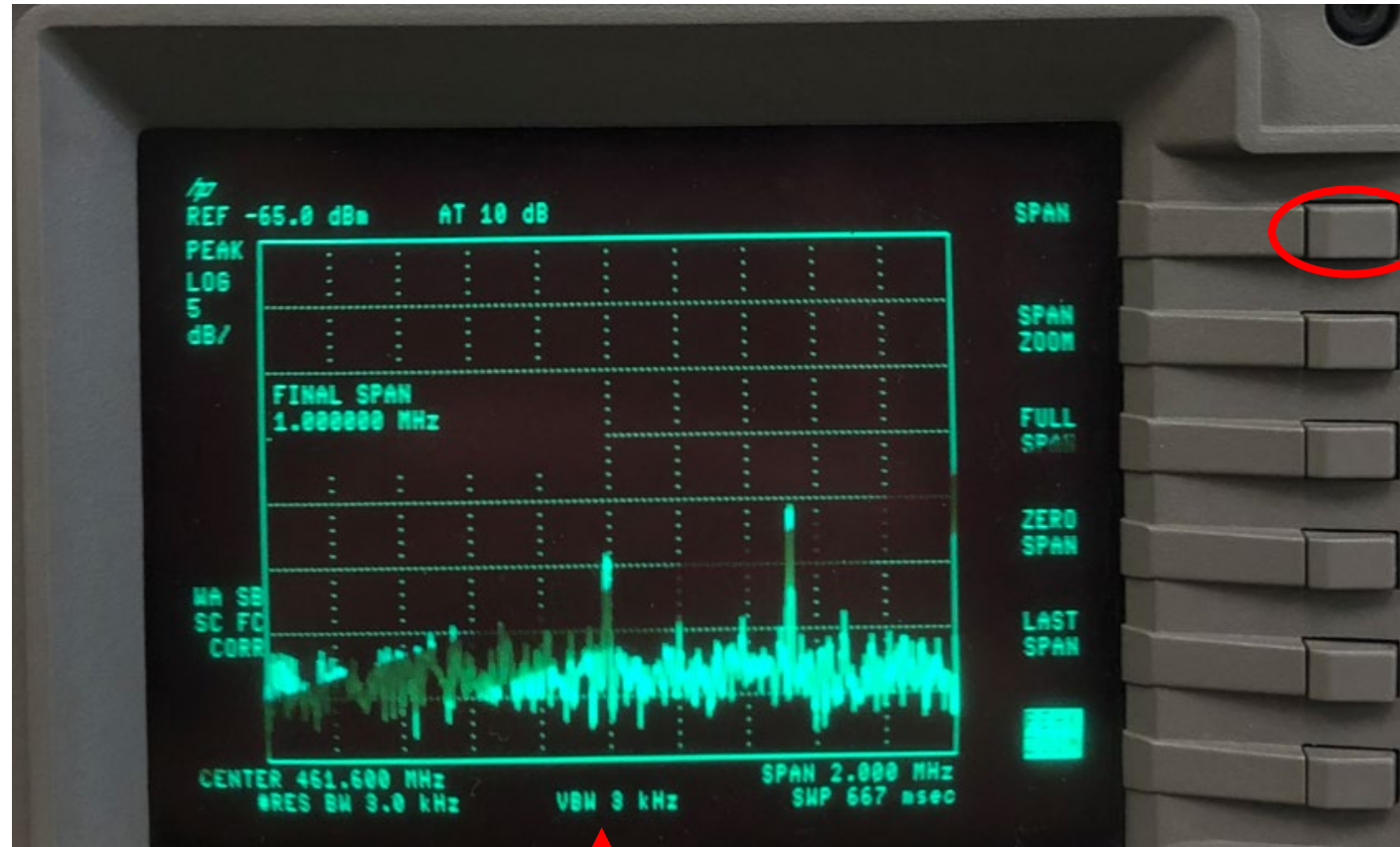
FREQUENCY button



START frequency

STOP frequency

FREQUENCY and SPAN buttons

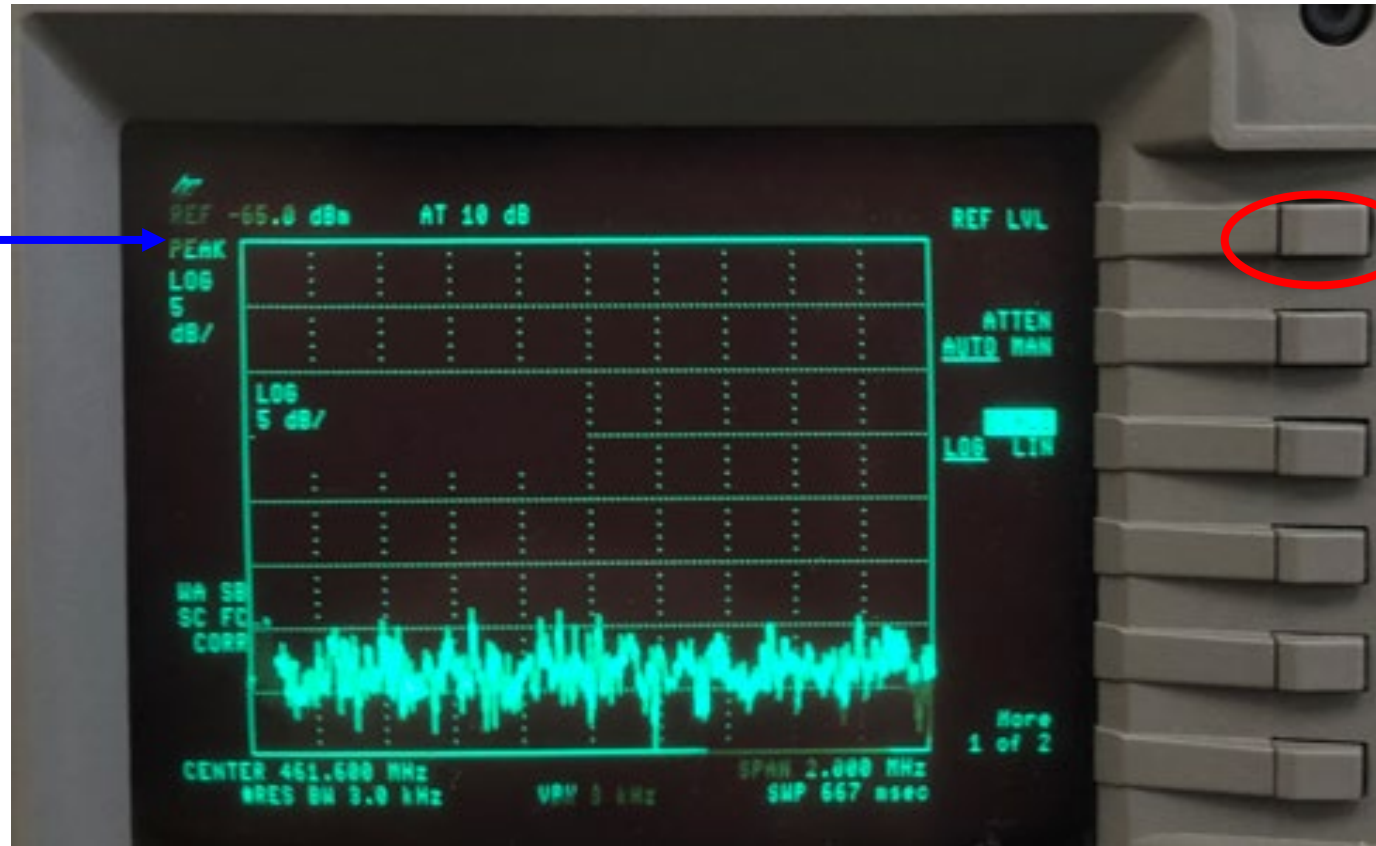


↑ CENTER frequency

← SPAN →

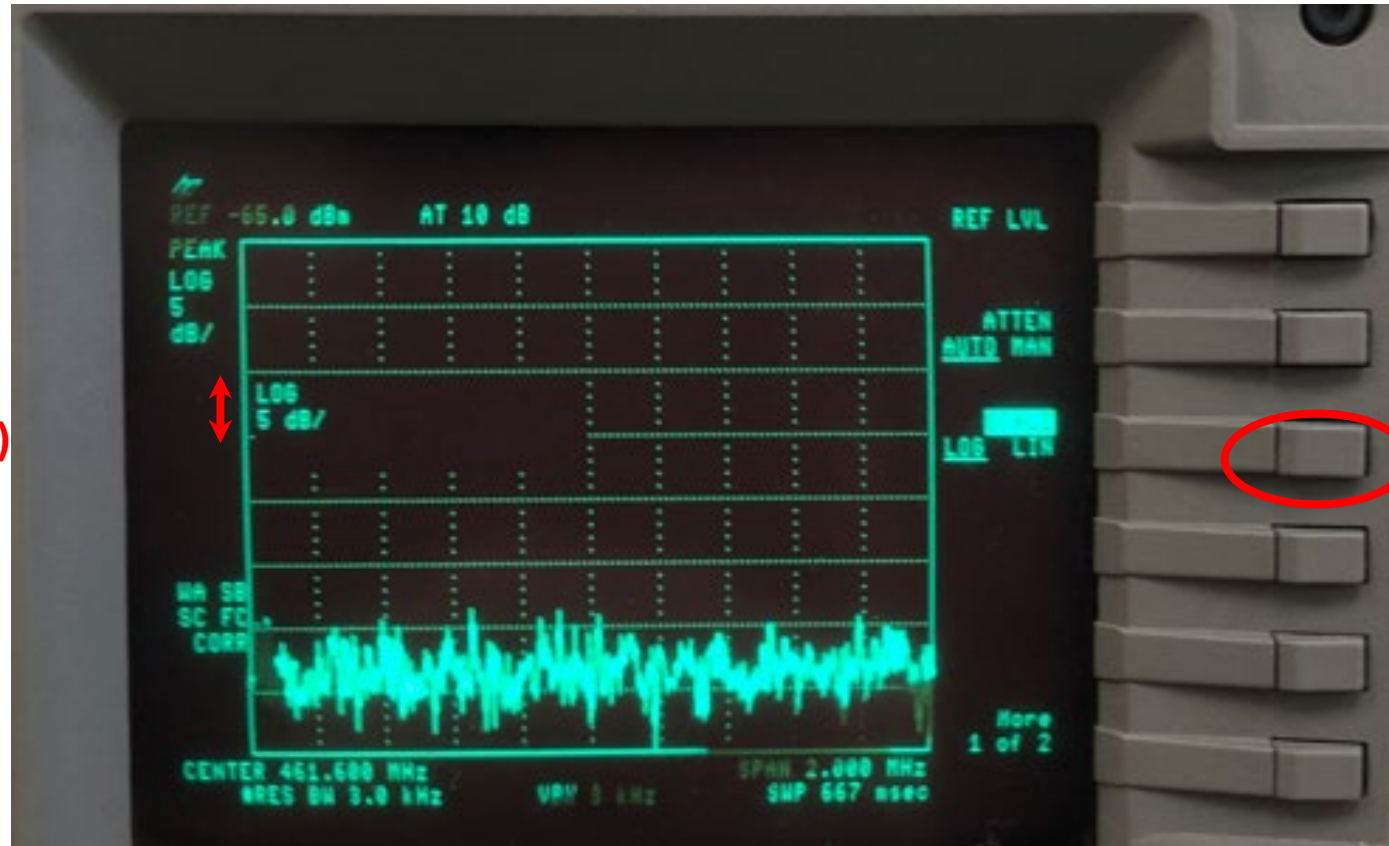
AMPLITUDE button

REFerece
(dBm)

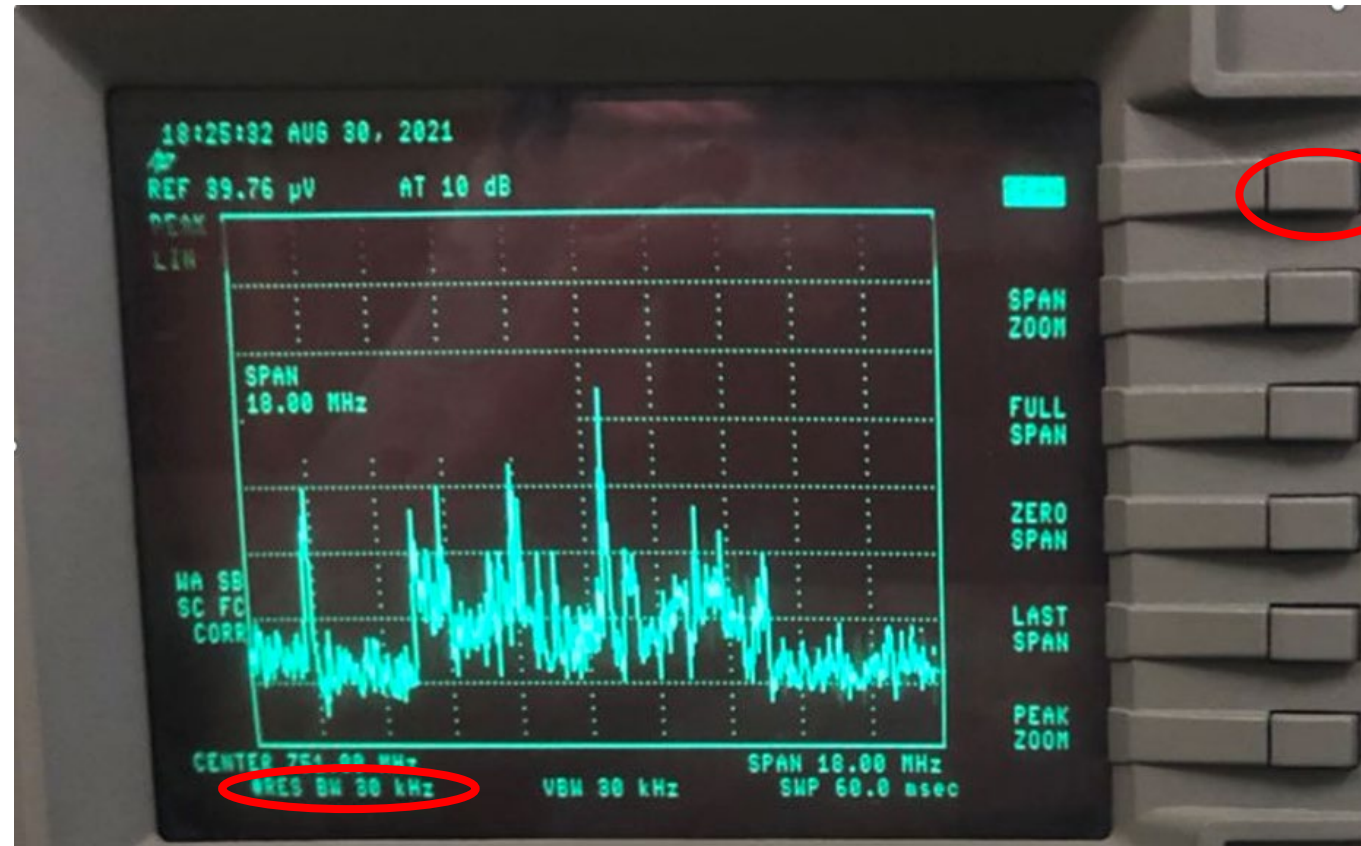


AMPLITUDE button

SCALE
(dB/div)



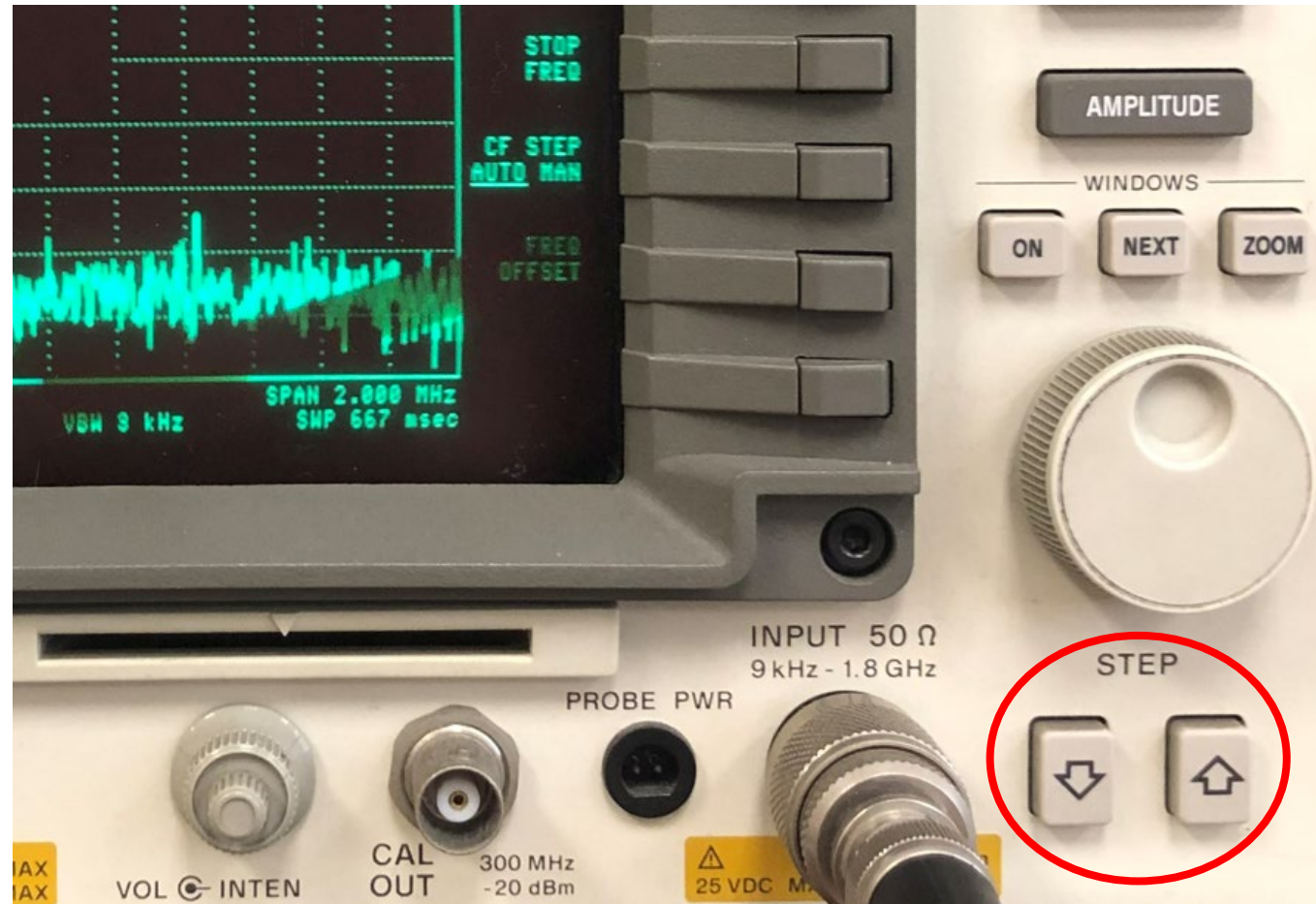
BW (CONTROL) button



Resolution
bandwidth

“The larger the span, the larger the resolution BW needs to be for a relatively fast sweep time”
- RMZ

STEP buttons



Use these to quickly increase/decrease values

That peak at 0 Hz

1. There is *always* a “*peak at 0 Hz*”. To avoid it, set the start frequency away from 0 Hz.
2. Measure power at *positive frequency values only*

Two-tone test (September 2024)

