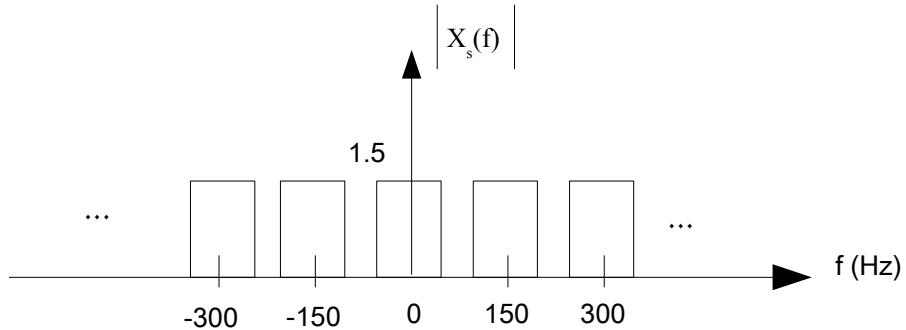


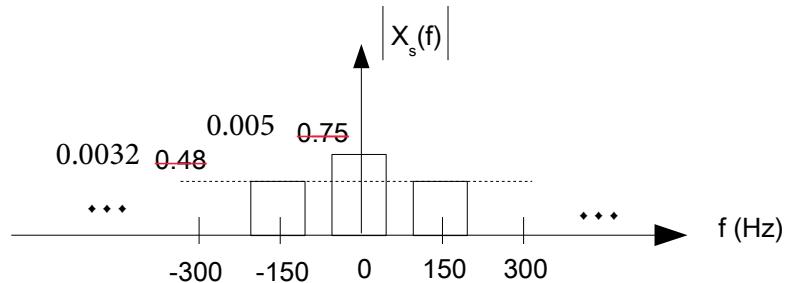
Solution of Homework # 4

1. (a) $f_{s,\min} = 100$ Hz.

(b) A guardband of 50 Hz gives $f_s = 150$ Hz. Sketch:



(c) Practical sampling with 50% duty cycle. Sketch:



2. (a) Transfer function:

$$H(f) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{150}, & |f| \leq 50, \\ g(f), & 50 < |f| \leq 100, \\ 0, & |f| > 100, \end{cases}$$

where $g(f)$ is an arbitrary function.

(b) Aliasing occurs. Assuming an ideal lowpass filter of bandwidth $W' = 50$ Hz, i.e., $g(f) = 0$ (no rolloff) in part (a), the spectral density of the output is given by

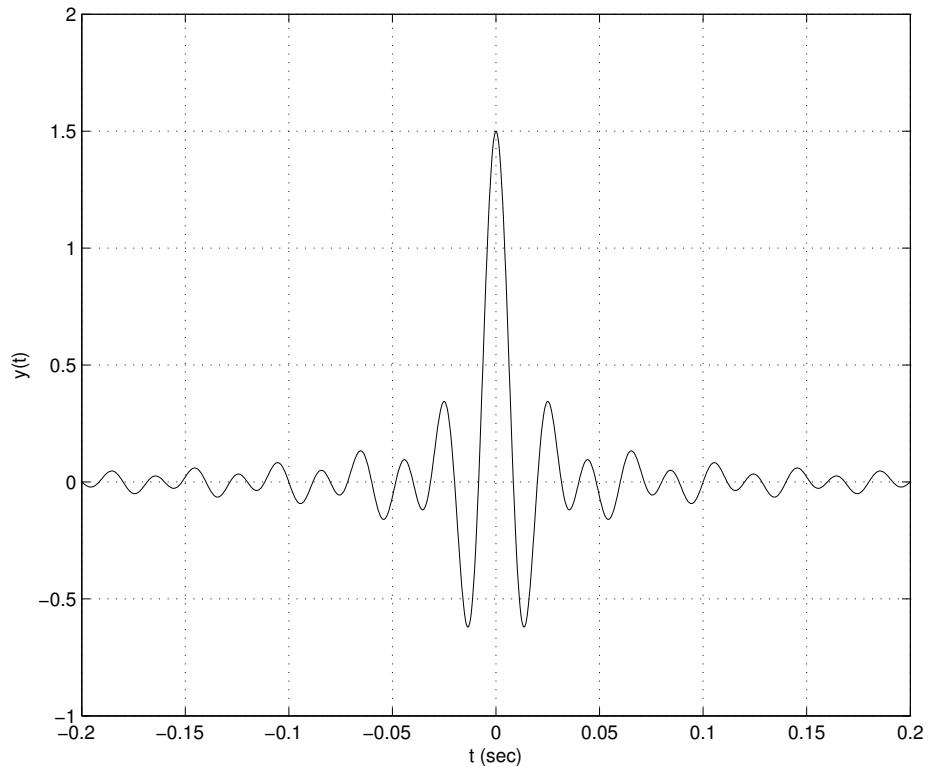
$$Y(f) = \frac{1}{150} \left[\frac{3}{2} \Pi\left(\frac{f}{50}\right) + \frac{6}{2} \left(\Pi\left(\frac{f+37.5}{25}\right) + \Pi\left(\frac{f-37.5}{25}\right) \right) \right].$$

Consequently,

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} \text{sinc}(50t) + \text{sinc}(25t) \cos(75\pi t).$$

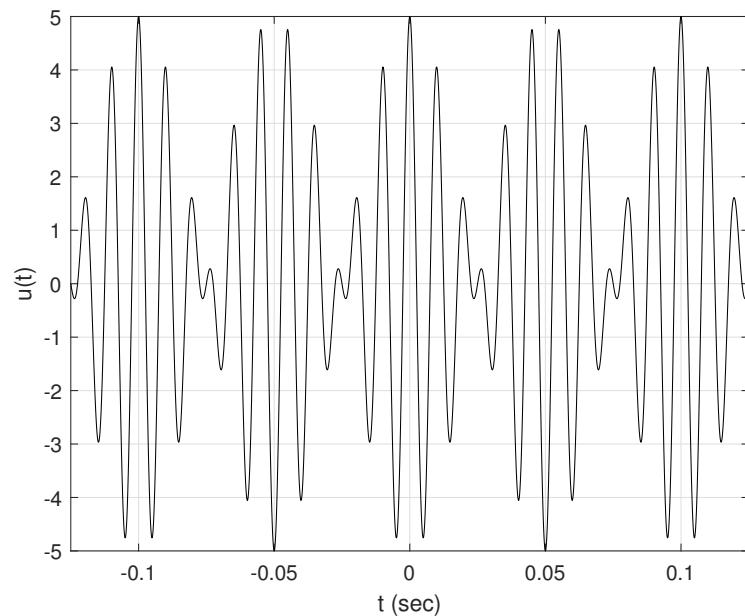
A sketch is shown below using Matlab script

```
t=-1/5:1/2500:1/5; y = 0.5*sinc(50*t)+sinc(25*t).*cos(75*pi*t);
plot(t,y,'-k'), axis([-0.2 0.2 -1 2]), xlabel('t (sec)'), ylabel('y(t)'), grid on
```

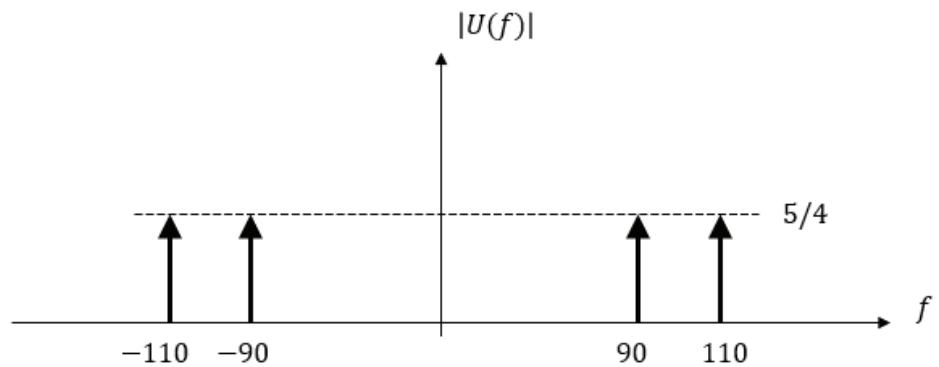


Alternative solution: Write $Y(f) = \frac{1}{150} \left[3 \Pi\left(\frac{f}{100}\right) - \frac{3}{2} \Pi\left(\frac{f}{50}\right) \right]$. Then $y(t) = 2\text{sinc}(100t) - \frac{1}{2} \text{sinc}(50t)$. You are invited to verify that this gives the same waveform as above.

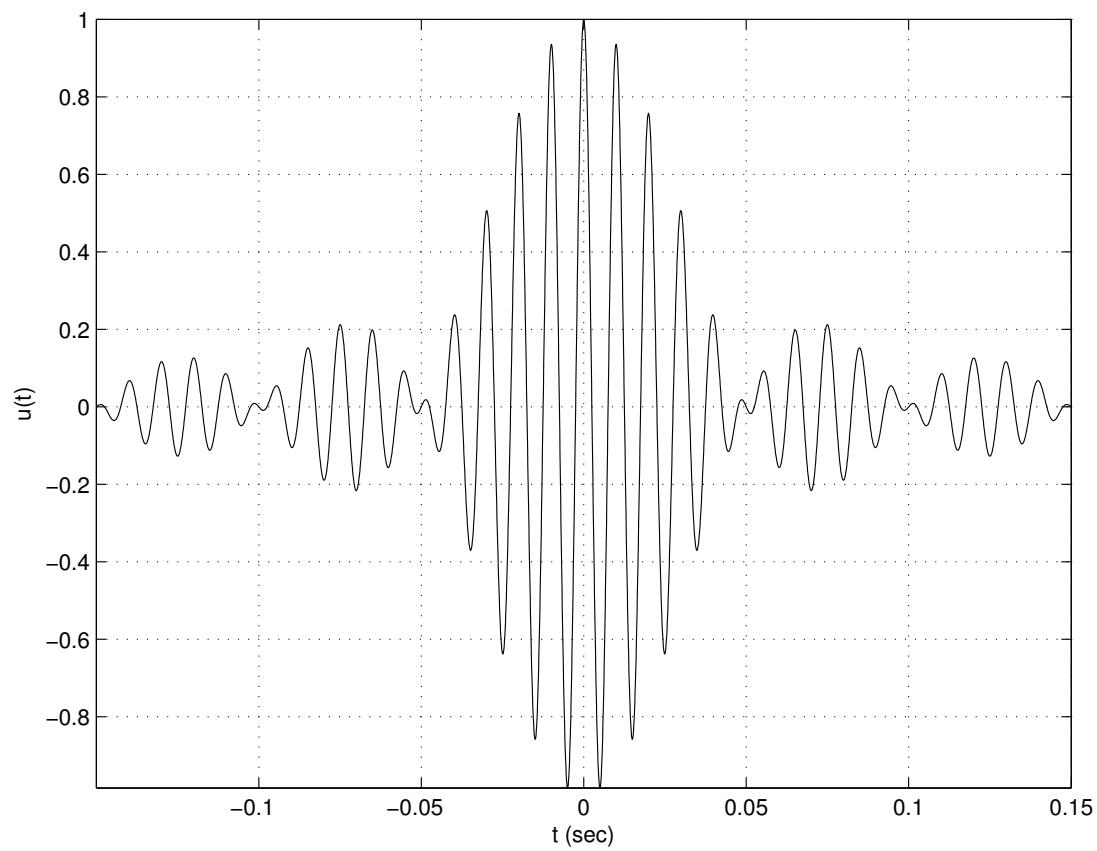
3. (a) Sketch:



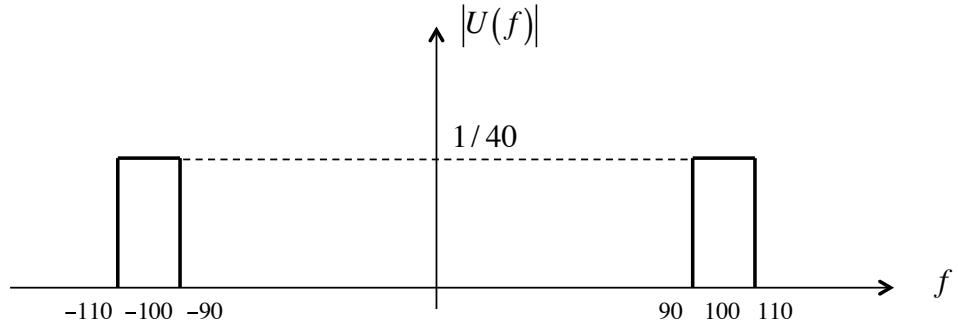
(b) Sketch:



4. (a) Sketch:



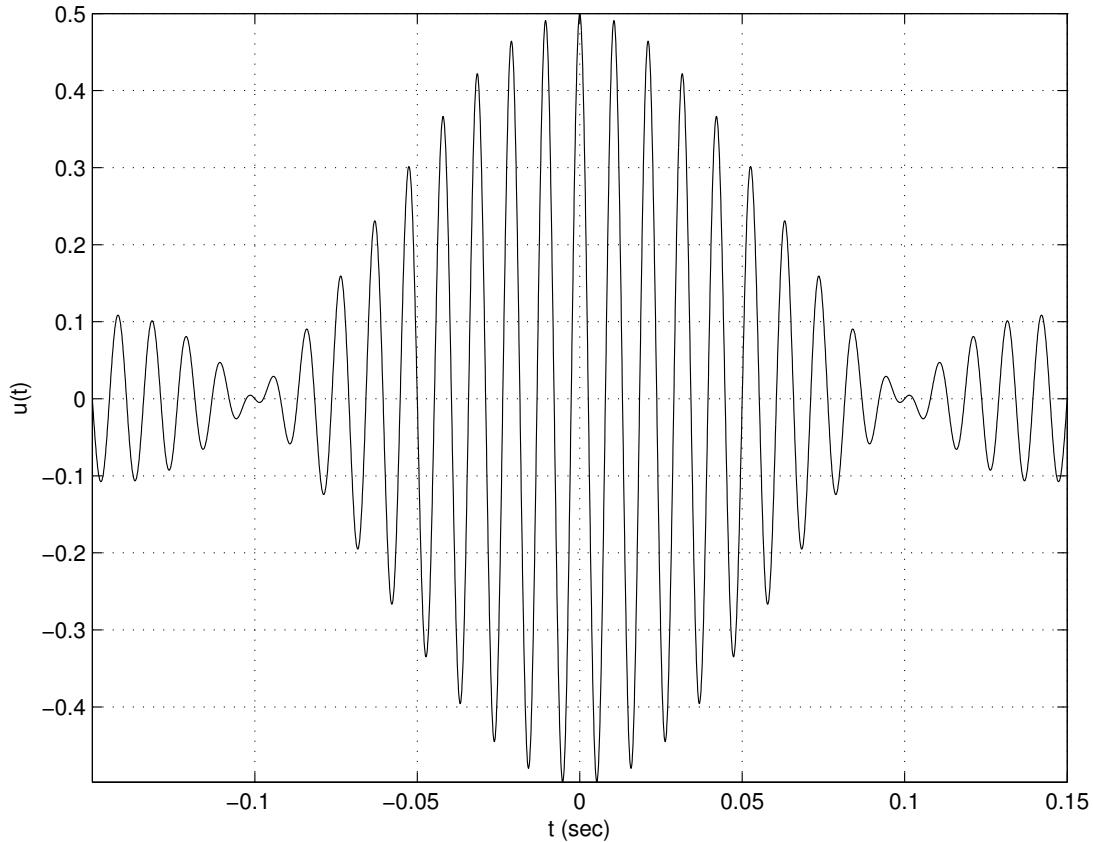
(b) Sketch:



(c) Lower sideband: The shape of the spectral density $U_\ell(f)$ is a rectangular pulse of width 10 Hz centered at 95 Hz. Therefore,

$$u(t) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sinc}(10t) \cos(190\pi t).$$

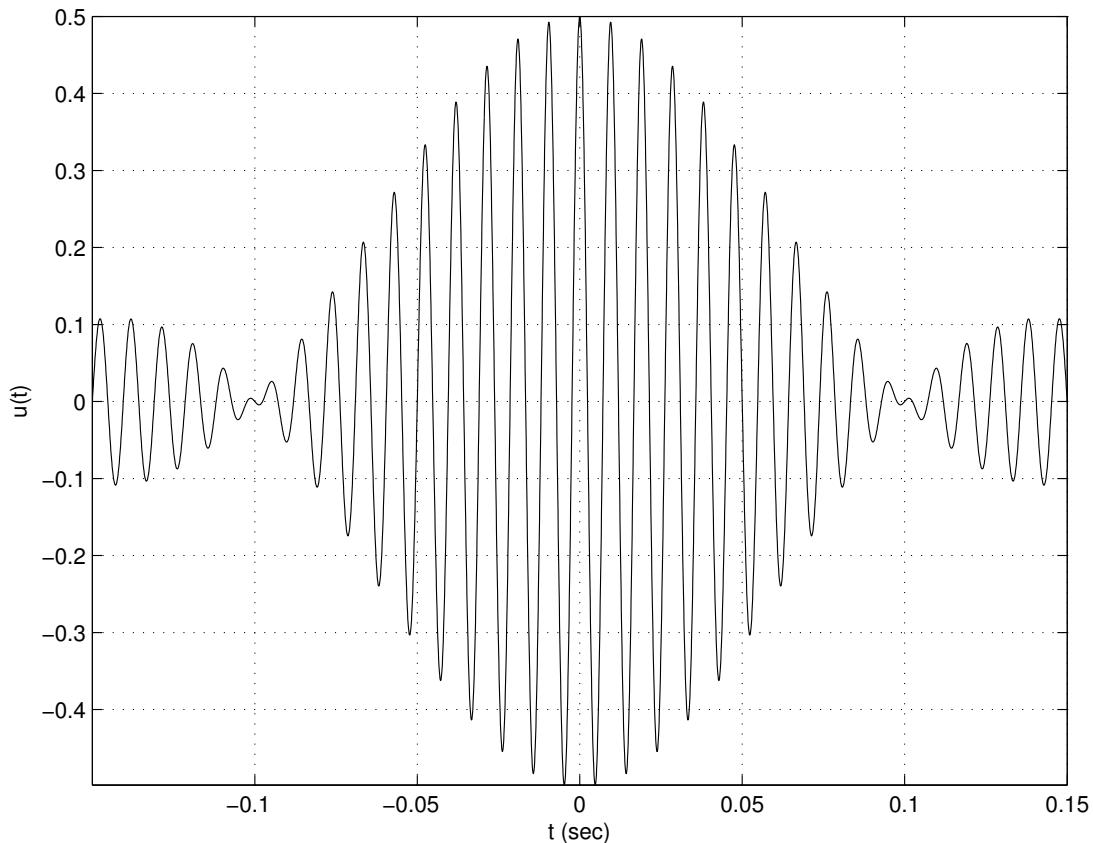
Sketch:



- (d) Upper sideband: The shape of the spectral density $U_u(f)$ is a rectangular pulse of width 10 Hz but now centered at 105 Hz. Therefore,

$$u(t) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sinc}(10t) \cos(210\pi t).$$

Sketch:



- (e) The plots (not shown) are left as an exercise.