Overview of the Functions

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```
clean_pop_B <- function(pop, cards){</pre>
  pop[max(cards),
                   ,] <- "Call"
                , "0",] <- "Call"
 ] qoq
 return(pop)
confront <- function(strategy_A, strategy_B, n_card, dim_mat, bets, ante, win_game){</pre>
           <- array(rep(strategy_A, each = n_card
                                                          ), dim = dim_mat)
  action_B <- array(strategy_B[ , match(strategy_A, bets)], dim = dim_mat)</pre>
                            <- (ante + bet_A) * win_game
 gain A[action B=="Fold"] <- ante</pre>
 profitability_A <- mean(gain_A)</pre>
 return(profitability_A)
confront_populations <- function(pop_A, pop_B, name_strategy, fitness,</pre>
                                  n_card, dim_mat, bets, ante, win_game){
  for(strat_a in name_strategy){
    for(strat_b in name_strategy){
      fitness[strat_b, strat_a] <- confront(strategy_A = pop_A[ , strat_a ],</pre>
                                              strategy_B = pop_B[ , , strat_b],
                                              n_card = n_card, dim_mat = dim_mat,
                                              bets = bets, ante = ante,
                                              win_game = win_game)
   } # end-for
 } # end-for
 return(fitness)
generate_A <- function(fitness, pop, n_parents, dim_pop_A, dimname_pop_A,</pre>
                        n_strategy, bets, mutation_rate){
  # Parent Selection
  fitness_strategy <- colMeans(fitness)</pre>
  fitness_parents <- head(sort(fitness_strategy, decreasing = T), n_parents)</pre>
 name_parents
                  <- names(fitness_parents)</pre>
                    <- pop[ , name_parents]</pre>
 parents
  # Child Generation
  pop <- array(sample(name_parents, size = prod(dim_pop_A), replace = T,</pre>
                       prob = exp(fitness_parents)),
               dim = dim_pop_A, dimnames = dimname_pop_A)
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for(parent in name_parents){
    strategy_parent <- parents[ , parent]</pre>
    position_parent <- pop == parent</pre>
    pop[position_parent] <- rep(strategy_parent, n_strategy)[position_parent]</pre>
  }
  pop <- array(as.numeric(pop), dim = dim_pop_A, dimnames = dimname_pop_A)
  # Mutation
  mutation_position <- array(sample(c(T, F), size = prod(dim_pop_A), T,</pre>
                                      prob = c(mutation_rate, 1-mutation_rate)),
                              dim = dim_pop_A, dimnames = dimname_pop_A)
  n_{mutations}
                    <- sum(mutation_position)
  mutation_outcome <- sample(bets, size = n_mutations, replace = T)</pre>
  pop[mutation_position] <- mutation_outcome</pre>
 return(pop)
}
generate_B <- function(fitness, pop, n_parents, dim_pop_B, dimname_pop_B,
                        n_strategy, mutation_rate, cards){
  # Parent Selection
                  <- - fitness
  fitness
 fitness_strategy <- rowMeans(fitness)</pre>
 fitness_parents <- head(sort(fitness_strategy, decreasing = T), n_parents)</pre>
  name_parents
                   <- names(fitness_parents)
                    <- pop[ , , name_parents]</pre>
 parents
  # Child Generation
  pop <- array(sample(name_parents, size = prod(dim_pop_B), replace = T,</pre>
                       prob = exp(fitness parents)),
                dim = dim_pop_B, dimnames = dimname_pop_B)
  for(parent in name_parents){
    strategy_parent <- parents[ , , parent]</pre>
    position_parent <- pop == parent</pre>
    pop[position_parent] <- rep(strategy_parent, n_strategy)[position_parent]</pre>
  }
  # Mutation
  mutation_rate <- 2 * mutation_rate</pre>
  # double mutation_rate because since player B has only two possible
  # actions i.e. "Call" or "Fold", half of the mutations will have no effect.
  mutation_position <- array(sample(c(T, F), size = prod(dim_pop_B), replace = T,
                                      prob = c(mutation_rate, 1-mutation_rate)),
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dim = dim_pop_B, dimnames = dimname_pop_B)
                          <- <pre>sum(mutation_position)
  n_mutations
                          <- sample(c("Call", "Fold"), n_mutations, T)
  mutation_outcome
  pop[mutation_position] <- mutation_outcome</pre>
  pop <- clean_pop_B(pop = pop, cards = cards)</pre>
  return(pop)
}
my_genetic_algorithm <- function(cards = 1:10, bets = seq(0,20,2), ante = 5,
                                   n_strategy = 200, n_generations = 200,
                                   prop_parents = 2/3, mutation_rate = 0.05,
                                   gen_print = seq(0, n_generations, by = 40)){
  # Setup
                <- length(cards)
  n_card
  n bet
                <- length(bets)
  n_parents
                <- n_strategy * prop_parents</pre>
  name_strategy <- paste("s", 1:n_strategy, sep="")</pre>
                <- c(n_card, n_strategy)
  dim_pop_A
  dim_pop_B
                 <- c(n_card, n_bet, n_strategy)</pre>
  dim_mat
                 <- c(n_card, n_card)
                <- c(n_strategy, n_strategy)</pre>
  dim_fit
  dimname_pop_A <- list(cards, name_strategy)</pre>
  dimname_pop_B <- list(cards, bets, name_strategy)</pre>
  dimname_mat <- list(cards, cards)</pre>
  dimname_fit <- list(name_strategy, name_strategy)</pre>
                 <- array(numeric(n card*n card), dim = dim mat)
  upperTriangle(win_game, diag = F) <- 1</pre>
  lowerTriangle(win_game, diag = F) <- -1</pre>
  fitness <- array(NA, dim = dim_fit, dimnames = dimname_fit)</pre>
  par(mfrow=c(2,2), cex = 1.1)
  # Initialization
  pop_A <- array(sample(bets, size = prod(dim_pop_A), replace = T),</pre>
                  dim = dim_pop_A, dimnames = dimname_pop_A)
  pop_B <- array(sample(c("Call", "Fold"), size = prod(dim_pop_B), replace = T),</pre>
                  dim = dim_pop_B, dimnames = dimname_pop_B)
  pop_B <- clean_pop_B(pop_B, cards = cards)</pre>
  generation <- 0
          <- 0
  gain_A
             <- 0.5
  call B
  # Loop
```

```
while(generation <= n_generations){</pre>
  # Plots
  if(generation %in% gen_print){
    barplot(rowMeans(pop_A), ylim = c(0, max(bets)),
            main = "Average Strategy for Player A",
            xlab = "Player A's Card", ylab = "Average Bet")
    abline(h=bets, lty=2)
    mtext(paste("Generation", generation), cex = 2, adj = -0.1, line = 2.5)
    image(cards, bets, rowMeans(pop_B == "Call", dims = 2),
          col = gray((100 : 0) / 100),
          main = "Average Strategy for Player B",
          xlab = "Player B's Card", ylab = "Average Action")
    plot(0 : generation, gain_A, type = "l", xlim = c(0, generation),
         main = "Average Gain/Loss (Player A)",
         xlab = "Generation", ylab = "Player A's Average Gain/Loss")
    abline(h = 0, lty = 0)
    abline(h = seq(-10, 10, 0.5), lty = 2)
    plot(0 : generation, call_B, type = "l", xlim = c(0, generation),
         main = "Proportion of Calls (Player B)",
         xlab = "Generation", ylab = "Average Proportion of Calls")
    abline(h = 0, lty = 0)
    abline(h = seq(-10, 10, 0.04), lty = 2)
  } # close if-statement
  fitness <- confront_populations(pop_A = pop_A, pop_B = pop_B,
                                   name_strategy = name_strategy,
                                   fitness = fitness, n_card = n_card,
                                   dim_mat = dim_mat, bets = bets,
                                   ante = ante, win_game = win_game)
  pop_A <- generate_A(fitness = fitness, pop = pop_A, n_parents = n_parents,</pre>
                       dim_pop_A = dim_pop_A, dimname_pop_A = dimname_pop_A,
                       n_strategy = n_strategy, bets = bets,
                      mutation_rate = mutation_rate)
  pop_B <- generate_B(fitness = fitness, pop = pop_B, n_parents = n_parents,</pre>
                       dim_pop_B = dim_pop_B, dimname_pop_B = dimname_pop_B,
                       n_strategy = n_strategy, cards = cards,
                      mutation_rate = mutation_rate)
  gain_A <- c(gain_A, mean(fitness))</pre>
  call_B <- c(call_B, mean(pop_B == "Call"))</pre>
  generation <- generation + 1</pre>
} # close for-loop
```