

Stingray User Guide



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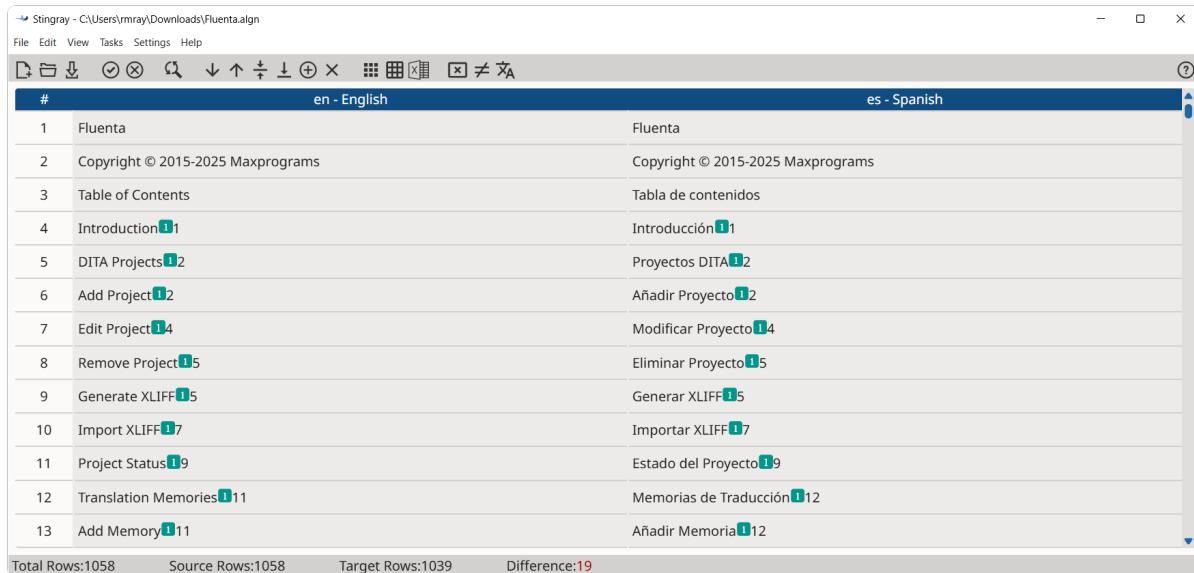
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Introduction

Stingray is a cross-platform document aligner designed to assist professional translators in the production of translation memories from existing translated material.

Translation memories in TMX format generated by Stingray can be used in most modern CAT (Computer Assisted Translation) tools, including [Swordfish](#).

The following image shows Stingray User Interface:



Supported File Formats

The file formats currently supported by Stingray are:

- **General Documentation Types**

- Adobe InCopy ICML
- Adobe InDesign Interchange (INX)
- Adobe InDesign IDML CS4, CS5, CS6 & CC
- HTML
- Microsoft Office (2007 and newer)
- Microsoft Visio XML Drawings (2007 and newer)
- MIF (Maker Interchange Format)
- OpenOffice / LibreOffice / StarOffice
- Plain Text
- QTI (IMS Question and Test Interoperability)
- QTI Packages
- SRT Subtitles

- **XML Formats**

- XML (Generic)

- DITA 1.0, 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3
- DocBook 3.x, 4.x and 5.x
- SVG
- Word 2003 ML
- XHTML

- **Software Development Types**

- JavaScript
- Java Properties
- JSON
- PHP Arrays
- RC (Windows C/C++ Resources)
- ResX (Windows .NET Resources)

The filter for XML files supports custom configuration. Users can define conversion rules for almost any XML vocabulary.

Supported Platforms

Stingray works on these Operating Systems:

- Microsoft Windows 10 and 11
 - Monterey (12.0), Ventura (13.0), Sonoma (14.0), Sequoia (15.0) and Tahoe (26.0)
 - Linux for 64-bit x86 (Intel/AMD) processors
-



NOTICE

Stingray installers for Linux are built and tested on Ubuntu 24.04 LTS. The installers are not tested on other distributions.

Getting Started

Aligning is a process with 3 basic steps:

1. Create an alignment file, selecting the documents to align.
2. Correct the alignment of the generated/imported segment pairs.
3. Export the aligned segments to a useful file format.

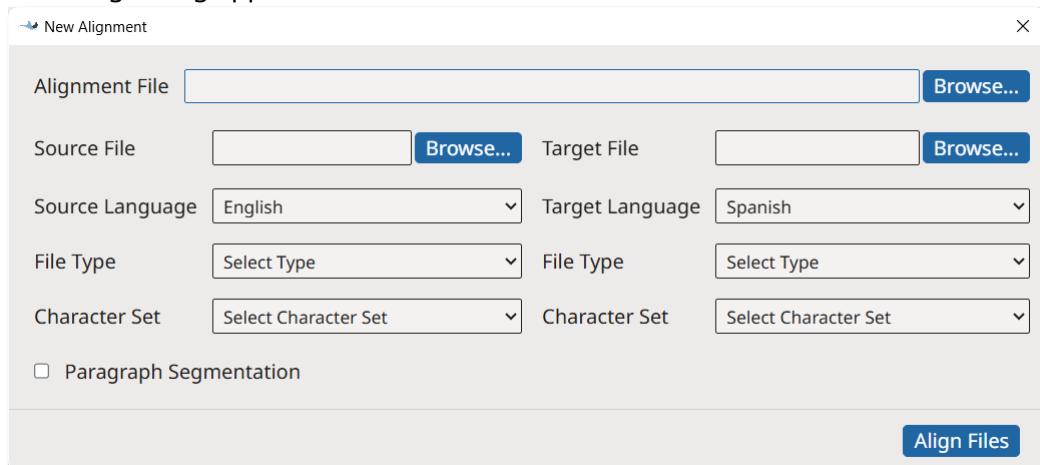
Step 1: Create Alignment File

Alignment work is performed on an alignment file, a special file created from a document and its translation.

Procedure

1. In main menu, select **File → New Alignment** ([**Ctrl+N**] on Windows/Linux, [**Cmd+N**] on macOS) or click the  button on the main toolbar.

The following dialog appears:



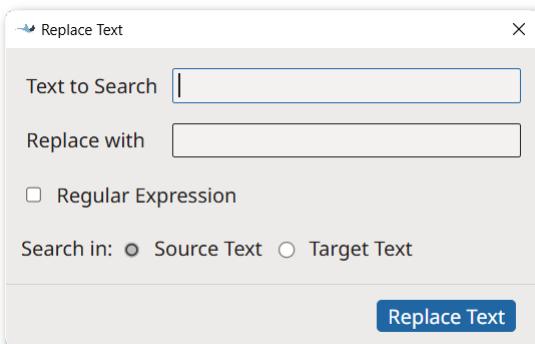
2. Enter the name of the alignment file in the **Alignment File** text box or use the **Browse...** button next to it to select a name and location.
3. Select the original file and configure its properties in the left panel.
 - a. Type the name of the original file in the **Source File** text box or use the **Browse...** button next to it to select a file from the operating system. When you use the **Browse...** button, the programs tries to automatically detect document type and character set.
 - b. Select or adjust the type of document in the **File Type** drop-down list.
 - c. Select or adjust the character set of the document in the **Character Set** drop-down list.
4. Select the file that contains the translations and configure its properties in the right panel.
 - a. Type the name of the translated file in the **Target File** text box or use the **Browse...** button next to it to select a file from the operating system. When you use the **Browse...** button, the programs tries to automatically detect document type and character set.
 - b. Select or adjust the type of document in the **File Type** drop-down list.
 - c. Select or adjust the character set of the document in the **Character Set** drop-down list.
5. Check the **Paragraph Segmentation** box if you want to align paragraphs instead of sentences.

6. Click the **Align Files** button to create the alignment file and display it in Stingray's main panel.

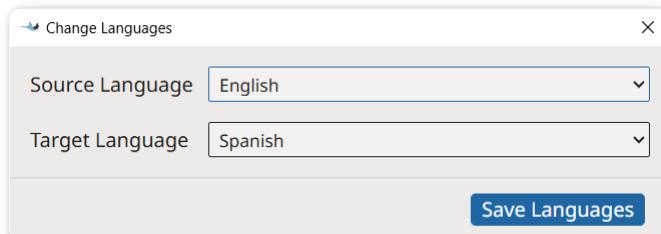
Step 2: Align extracted segments

Use these options to correct alignment errors when necessary

- Use the buttons that appear on the main toolbar, or their equivalent entries from the **Edit** menu, to correct the segments.
 - To edit the content of the source or translation text box, click on a cell and modify its text. Save your changes with the **Confirm Edit** button (⌚) or discard them using the **Cancel Edit** button (⌚).
 - Use the **Replace Text** button (⌚) to replace text anywhere in the document using the **Replace Text** dialog.



- Use the **Move Segment Down** (↓) and **Move Segment Up** (↑) buttons to move a selected cell up and down until it matches the corresponding source/translation in the other column.
- If you need to split the text in a source or target cell to match the counterpart in the other column, click on the cell and put the cursor where you want the division to happen. Finally, click on the the **Split Segment** button (÷).
- If you need to add missing text, click the cell above the correct location and click the **Insert Segment Below** button (⊕).
- Use the **Merge with Next Segment** button (↓) to combine the text on a selected source or translation cell with the text of the following segment.
- Use the **Remove Segment** button (ⓧ) to delete the selected source or translation cell.
- Use the **Remove Tags** button (ⓧ) to remove inline tags from all segments at once.
- Use the **Remove Duplicates** button (≠) to remove all duplicate entries at once.
- Use the **Change Languages** button (⤓) to modify the languages in your file using the the **Change Languages** dialog.



- Use these keyboard shortcuts for faster editing. On macOS replace 'Ctrl' with 'Cmd' and 'Alt' with 'Option'.

Button	Keyboard Shortcut	Action
	Ctrl+F	Opens the Replace Text dialog
	Alt+Enter	Confirm Edit
	Escape	Cancel Edit
	Alt+Ctrl+Down Arrow	Move Segment Down
	Alt+Ctrl+Up Arrow	Move Segment Up
	Ctrl+L	Split Segment
	Ctrl+M	Merge with Next Segment
	Alt+Ctrl+I	Insert Segment Below
	Ctrl+D	Remove Segment
	Ctrl+X	Cut
	Ctrl+C	Copy
	Ctrl+V	Paste
	Ctrl+A	Select All
	Ctrl+Z	Undo
	Page Up	Select Segment Above
	Page Down	Select Segment Below
	Alt + Right Arrow	Select Target Segment
	Alt + Left Arrow	Select Source Segment

Step 3: Export aligned segments

Stingray can export aligned segments in these file formats:

- TMX 1.4 Files
- TAB Delimited Files
- Excel Files



Note

TAB delimited files exported by Stingray can be opened directly by Microsoft Excel or Apple Numbers without any special configuration.

Export as TMX File

Procedure

1. In main menu, select **File** → **Open Alignment** ([**Ctrl+O**] on Windows/Linux, [**Cmd+O**] on macOS) or click the  button.
2. Use the dialog from the Operating System that appears to locate and open the alignment file that you want to export.
3. In main menu, select **File** → **Export Alignment as TMX** or click the  button.
4. Select a file name and location for storing the generated TMX file.

Results

A TMX file is generated and saved in the selected location.

Export as TAB Delimited File

Procedure

1. In main menu, select **File** → **Open Alignment** ([**Ctrl+O**] on Windows/Linux, [**Cmd+O**] on macOS) or click the  button.
2. Use the dialog from the Operating System that appears to locate and open the alignment file that you want to export.
3. In main menu, select **File** → **Export Alignment as TAB Delimited** or click the  button.
4. Select the file to generate.

Results

A TAB delimited text file is created and saved in the selected location.

Export as Excel File

Procedure

1. In main menu, select **File** → **Open Alignment** ([**Ctrl+O**] on Windows/Linux, [**Cmd+O**] on macOS) or click the  button.
2. Use the dialog from the Operating System that appears to locate and open the alignment file that you want to export.
3. In main menu, select **File** → **Export Alignment as Excel** or click the  button.
4. Select the file to generate.

Results

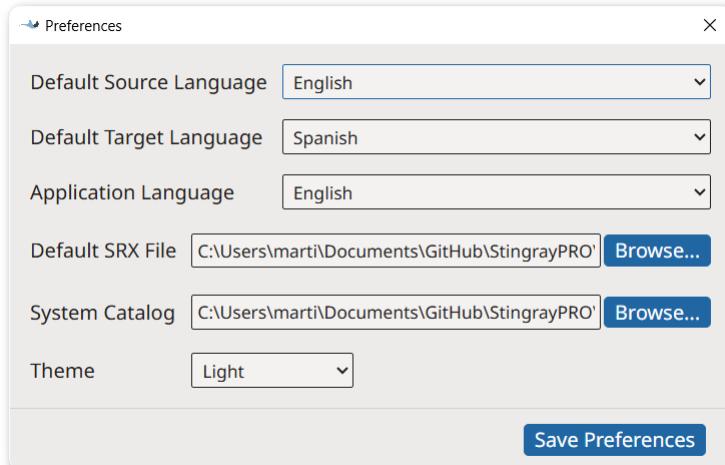
An Excel file is created and saved in the selected location.

Program Settings

Procedure

- On macOS, select **Apple** → **Preferences** → **Settings** on the menu or press [Cmd + ,].
 - On Windows or Linux menu, select **Settings** → **Preferences**.

The following dialog appears:



- Use the **Default Source Language** and **Default Target Language** drop-down selectors to define the languages that Stingray will use as default when creating an alignment file.
- If you prefer to do segmentation using a custom set of SRX rules, enter the path of the SRX file in the **Default SRX File** text box or use the **Browse...** button next to it to select a file from the file system.
- If you align custom XML files that require an XML catalog, enter the path to your catalog in the **Default Catalog** text box or use the **Browse...** button next to it to select a catalog file from the file system.
- Use the **Theme** drop-down to control the application's default appearance. Available options are:
 - Select **System Default** to let your Operating System control the default text/background color combination (this option is not supported in some Linux distributions).
 - Select **Dark** to work with light text on dark background.
 - Select **Light** to work with dark text on light grey background.
 - Select **High Contrast** for a dark theme with enhanced contrast.
- Click the **Save Preferences** button to save and activate selected settings.

Results

Theme changes are adopted immediately. All other settings are applied the next time an alignment file is created.

Subscriptions

Stingray is available in two modes:

- Source Code
- Yearly Subscriptions for installers and support

Source Code

Source code of Stingray is free. Anyone can download the source code from [Github.com](#), compile, modify and use it at no cost in compliance with the accompanying license terms.

Subscriptions

Ready to use installers and technical support for Stingray are available as yearly subscriptions at [Maxprograms Online Store](#).

The version of Stingray included in the official installers can be used at no cost for 7 days requesting a free Evaluation Key.

Subscription Keys cannot be shared or transferred to different machines.

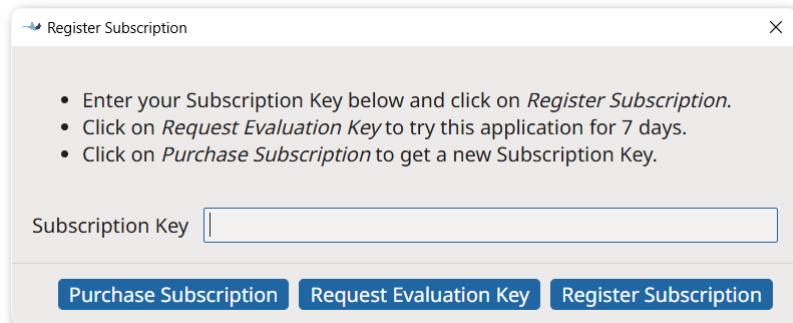
Differences Summary

	Source Code	Subscription Based
Ready To Use Installers	No	Yes
Notarized macOS launcher	No	Yes
Signed launcher and installer for Windows	No	Yes
Associate app with .algx extension on Windows and macOS	No	Yes
Restricted Features	None	None
Technical Support	• Peer support at Groups.io	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Direct email at tech@maxprograms.com• Peer support at Groups.io

First Registration - Evaluation Request

Procedure

1. When you open Stingray from the official installers for the first time, or when the Subscription Key is not registered, the following dialog is displayed:

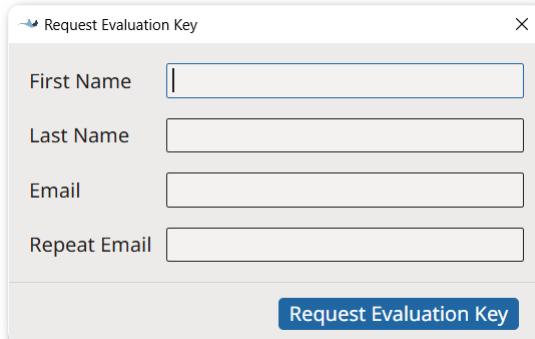


2. If you have a Subscription Key, type it in the **Subscription Key** text box and click the **Register Subscription** button.

On registration success, the main editing screen will be presented.

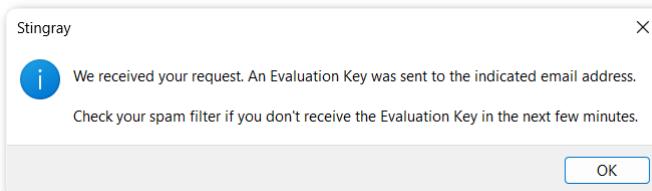
3. If you don't have a Subscription Key and wish to test the program during 7 days, click the **Request Evaluation Key** button.

The following dialog appears:



4. Enter the requested data and click the **Request Evaluation Key** button.

On success, an email with the requested Evaluation Key will be sent to the indicated address and the following dialog will be displayed:



Check your email and register the Evaluation Key using the instructions shown above.

Subscription Renewal

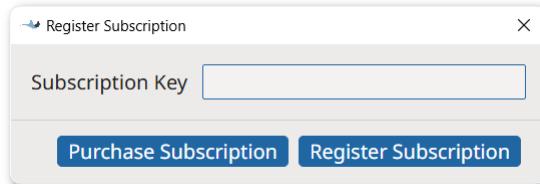
About this task

You can register a new subscription key before your existing subscription expires.

Procedure

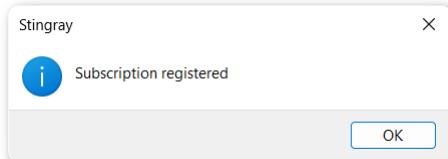
1. In **Help** menu, select **Register Subscription...** option.

The following dialog appears:



2. If you don't have a subscription key yet, click on the **Purchase Subscription** button to open [Maxprograms Online Store](#) on your internet browser.
3. If you have a Subscription Key, type it in the **Subscription Key** text box and click the **Register Subscription** button.

On registration success, the following dialog appears:



Licenses

Singray uses components from these open source projects:

BCP47J

- Available from <https://github.com/rmraya/BCP47J>
- Published under Eclipse Public License 1.0

Electron

- Available from <https://www.electronjs.org/>
- Published under MIT License

Java

- Available from <https://adoptium.net/>
- Published under GPL with CLASSPATH Exception

JSON-java

- Available from <https://github.com/stleary/JSON-java>
- Public domain <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stleary/JSON-java/master/LICENSE>

jsoup

- Available from <https://jsoup.org>
- Published under MIT License

OpenXLIFF Filters

- Available from <https://www.maxprograms.com/products/openxliiff.html>
- Published under Eclipse Public License 1.0

XMLJava

- Available from <https://github.com/rmraya/XMLJava>
- Published under Eclipse Public License 1.0

Glossary

Computer Assisted Translation (CAT)

Computer technology application designed to assist human translators in the translation process.

Character Set

A character set (sometimes referred to as code page) is a collection of characters that are associated with a sequence of natural numbers in order to facilitate the storage of text in computers and the transmission of text through telecommunication networks.

CSV

CSV (Comma Separated Values) is a standard file format used to store tabular data.

SRX

[Segmentation Rules eXchange](#) (SRX) is an XML-based open standard, published by [LISA](#) (Localization Industry Standards Association), for describing how translation and other language-processing tools segment text for processing.

TMX

[Translation Memory eXchange](#) (TMX) is an open standard originally published by [LISA](#) (Localization Industry Standards Association). The purpose of TMX is to allow easier exchange of translation memory data between tools and/or translation vendors with little or no loss of critical data during the process.

Translation Memory

Translation Memory (TM) is a language technology that enables the translation of segments (paragraphs, sentences or phrases) of documents by searching for similar segments in a database and suggesting matches that are found in the databases as possible translations.