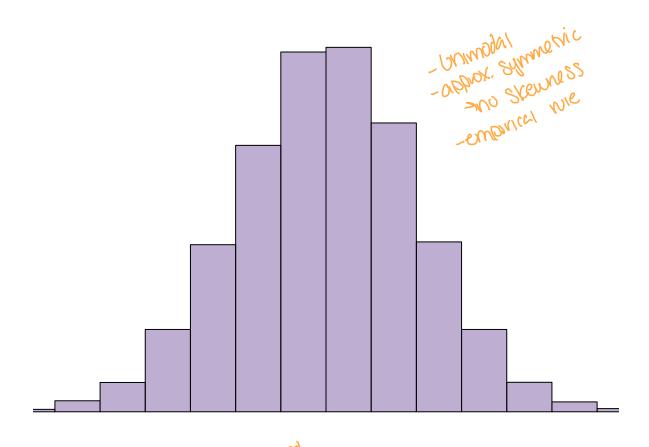
# HW2\_240\_SPR25

### 2025-01-31

1. (Select all that apply) Which of the following is true about this data:



- A. The median is less than the mean
- **b**. There is more than one mode
- c. The median is equal to the mean
- d) 95% of the data is within  $\mu \pm 2\sigma$
- f. The median is
- f. The median is greater than the mean

- 2. What percentage of observations in a distribution lie between the first and third quartile?
- a. 25%



c. 75%

- outlers helpful 3. To make a boxplot of a distribution, you must know:
- a. all the individual observations
- b. the mean and the standard deviation
- c. the five-number summary

4. What are all the values that a standard deviation s can possibly take? -shickly positive -unbounded measure



b.  $0 \le s \le 1$ 

 $c_{i} -1 \le s \le 1$ 

5. Which of the following is least affected if an extreme high outlier is added to your data?



- b. the mean with
- c. the standard deviation

The previous homework described a study of female golden orb weaver spiders. The study also reported the body mass (in grams) for each of the 21 spiders. Here are the data:

	0.04	0.11	0.16	0.07	0.13	0.1	0.17	=.78	
	0.25	0.36	0.33	0.29	0.14	0.32	0.57	2.76	
13+,14	0.31	0.79	0.49	0.64	0.6	0.99	0.81	463	C 1
-10	35								.D/t

·04, ·07, ·1, ·11, ·13, ·14.16, ·17, ·25, ·29, ·31, ·32, ·33, ·36, ·49, ·57, ·6, ·64, ·79, ·81, ·99

6. Give the five number summary and the mean for this data. How do the mean and the median compare?

				Max
.04	.135	.31	.585	.99

7. Calculate the IQR. Are there any outliers in the data set?   

$$IQR = Q3 - Q1 = .585 - .135 = .45$$
 no outliers

Outlier boundaries 7.585+(15)(.45)=1.26, .135 - (1.5)(.45)=-.54

In the early 1980s, Canadian gray wolves began colonizing the northwestern portion of Montana and by 1987, there were an estimated 10 gray wolves in Montana. With the increase in wolf numbers in the western U.S., there has been a corresponding increase in cattle and sheep depredation due to wolves. Below is tracking data from the years 1987-1991 regarding these wolf populations as well as wolf, cattle, and sheep depredation.

Cattle Depredated	Sheep Depredated	Wolves Killed	Wolf Population	
6	10	4	10	1987
0	0	0	14	188
3	0	1	12	89
5	0	1	33	'90
2	2	0	29	91
权			•	

8. Make a time plot for the wolf population year over year (1987-1991). Draw a line across the plot for the mean wolf population.



9. Make a scatterplot to observe the relationship between Cattle Depredated and Wolf Population. How would you describe this relationship? relationship is an almost ho. linear Below are summary statistics and a boxplot for a study conducted on schizophrenic and nonschizophrenic individuals. Participants had their reaction times recorded over a series of tests.

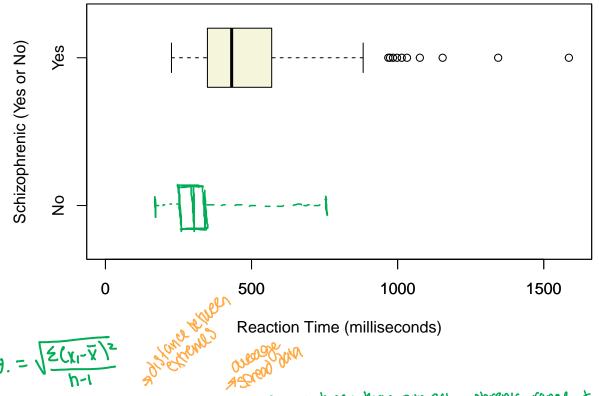
#### Schizophrenics

n	$\bar{x}$	$\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$	Max	Min	$Q_1$	$Q_3$	Median
180	506.8667	12366881	1714	226	349	569	432

#### Non-Schizophrenics

n	$\bar{x}$	$\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$	Max	Min	$Q_1$	$Q_3$	Median
330	310.1697	1384918	778	204	266	344	303

## **Reaction Times of Study Participants**



Schrophrenic S.d. + range is way larger than non-schrophrenic range & S.d. 10. Calculate the range and standard deviation for both groups. How do they compare?

Schizophrenic 5.d.= 
$$\sqrt{\frac{12566881}{180-1}}$$
 non-schizophrenic 5.d.=  $\sqrt{\frac{1384918}{530-1}} = \sqrt{4209.5}$   
range =  $1714$ - 226= 1488 =  $\sqrt{\frac{180-1}{69088.7}} = 262.8$ 

11. Plot the boxplot for the non-schizophrenics. What conclusions can be drawn from comparing your plot with the plot for the schizophrenics?