The U-net Model

A Fully Convolutional Neural Network Model

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Outline

Learning Goals

The U-net Model

Summary



Learning Goals

Understand the U-net architecture and its building blocks

Discuss potential applications of the U-net model



The U-net Model

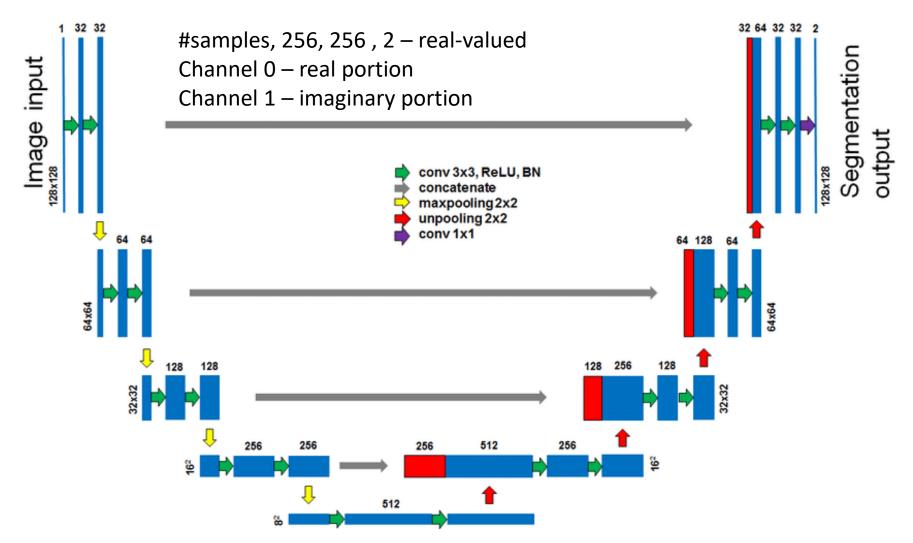
 The U-net is a fully convolutional neural network (i.e., no fully connected layers)

Initially proposed for biomedical image segmentation problems

• It maps an input of size N into an output also of size N (if the convolutions are padded)



The U-net Model

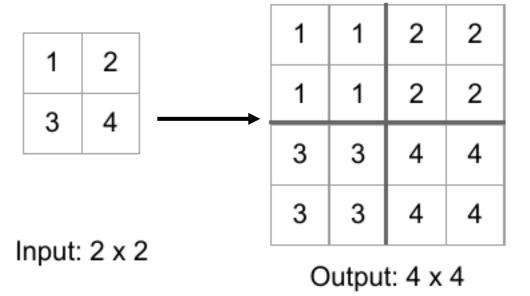




 $(256,256,2) \rightarrow (256,256,32) \rightarrow (256,256,32) \rightarrow (128,128,32) \rightarrow (128,128,64)$

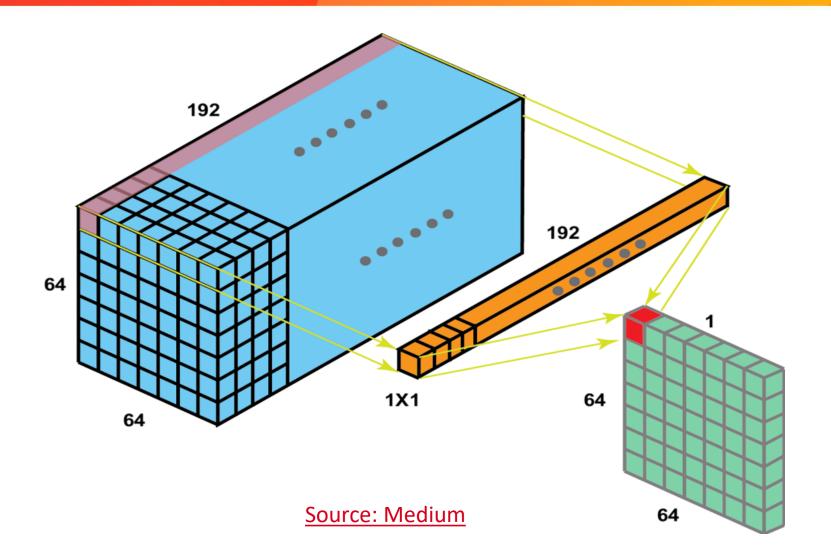
Up Sampling

- Opposite effect of max-pooling
- Many ways to do it
- Simplest way is nearest neighbor interpolation
- UpSampling2D -> <u>Keras layer</u>





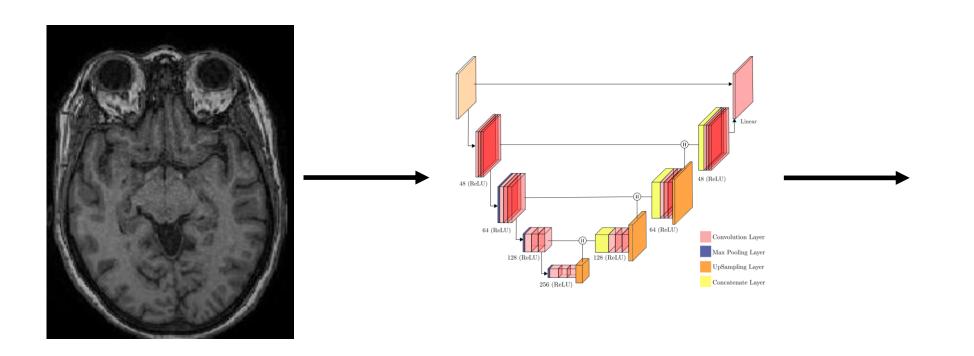
1x1 Convolution

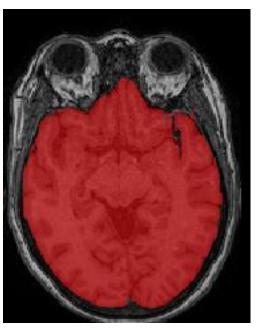




U-net - Segmentation

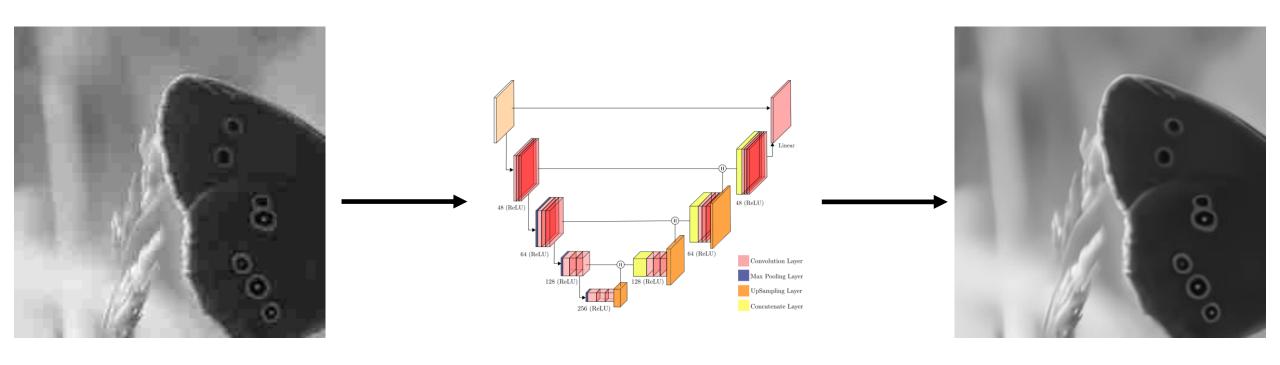
Segmentation = pixel-wise or voxel-wise segmentation







U-net –Regression





Metrics

- For regression:
 - Mean squared error
 - Mean absolute error
 - •
- For segmentation:
 - Dice coefficient
 - Jaccard coefficient
 - •



Summary

 The U-net is a very powerful deep learning model that maps inputs to outputs of the same size

The model works across different scales of the input signal/image

It is a fully convolutional model that is independent of the input size



Thank you!

