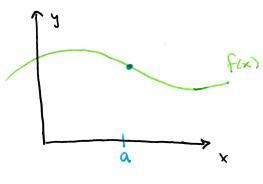
2D Limits:

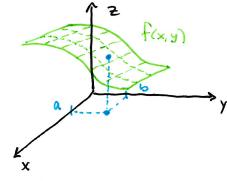
$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = L$$



To Exist:

3D Limits:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(a,b)}f(x,y)=L$$



To Exist:

· Definition:

· Definition

Example 1 Show that $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2}$ DNE.

Example 3 Show that lin (x,y) -> (0,0) x2+y4 DNE.

Example 4 Find Lim (x,y) -1(0,0) x2+ y2 if it exists.

- · Continuousat (a,b):
- · Continuous on D'.

Theorem $\lim_{(x,y)\to(a,b)} x=a$ $\lim_{(x,y)\to(a,b)} y=b$ $\lim_{(x,y)\to(a,b)} (x_{y})\to(a,b)$

Corollary All polynomials of two variables are continous.

[Example 8] Is $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2y}{x^2+y^2} & \text{if } (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$ Continous?

Section 14.2 - Limits & Continuity

MUC

· Extra Examples:

9 Lim
$$\frac{x^4 - 4y^2}{x^2 + 2y^2}$$

39 Lim
$$\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$$