

**FRQ Packet #6 - Differential Equations****2004 AP Calculus AB FRQ (Form A) Question 6**

No Calculator - In Class

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2(y - 1)$ .

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the twelve points indicated.  
**(Note: Use the axes provided in the pink test booklet.)**
- (b) While the slope field in part (a) is drawn at only twelve points, it is defined at every point in the  $xy$ -plane. Describe all points in the  $xy$ -plane for which the slopes are positive.
- (c) Find the particular solution  $y = f(x)$  to the given differential equation with the initial condition  $f(0) = 3$ .

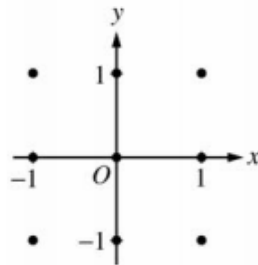


2006 AP Calculus AB FRQ (Form B) Question 5

No Calculator - In Class

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (y - 1)^2 \cos(\pi x)$ .

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the nine points indicated.  
(Note: Use the axes provided in the exam booklet.)



- (b) There is a horizontal line with equation  $y = c$  that satisfies this differential equation. Find the value of  $c$ .  
(c) Find the particular solution  $y = f(x)$  to the differential equation with the initial condition  $f(1) = 0$ .

## 2010 AP Calculus AB FRQ (Form A) Question 6

No Calculator - HW Not Timed

Solutions to the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^3$  also satisfy  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = y^3(1 + 3x^2y^2)$ . Let  $y = f(x)$  be a particular solution to the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^3$  with  $f(1) = 2$ .

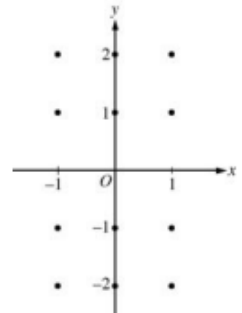
- (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of  $y = f(x)$  at  $x = 1$ .
- (b) Use the tangent line equation from part (a) to approximate  $f(1.1)$ . Given that  $f(x) > 0$  for  $1 < x < 1.1$ , is the approximation for  $f(1.1)$  greater than or less than  $f(1.1)$ ? Explain your reasoning.
- (c) Find the particular solution  $y = f(x)$  with initial condition  $f(1) = 2$ .

# 2005 AP Calculus AB FRQ (Form A) Question 6

No Calculator - HW Timed 15 minutes

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2x}{y}$ .

- On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the twelve points indicated.  
(Note: Use the axes provided in the pink test booklet.)
- Let  $y = f(x)$  be the particular solution to the differential equation with the initial condition  $f(1) = -1$ . Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $(1, -1)$  and use it to approximate  $f(1.1)$ .
- Find the particular solution  $y = f(x)$  to the given differential equation with the initial condition  $f(1) = -1$ .

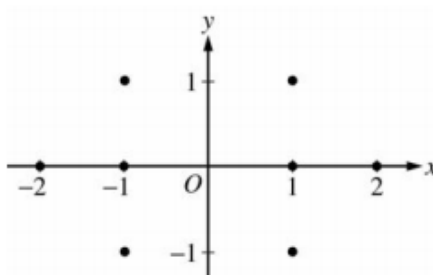


## 2006 AP Calculus AB FRQ (Form A) Question 5

No Calculator - HW Timed 15 minutes

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1+y}{x}$ , where  $x \neq 0$ .

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the eight points indicated.  
(Note: Use the axes provided in the pink exam booklet.)



- (b) Find the particular solution  $y = f(x)$  to the differential equation with the initial condition  $f(-1) = 1$  and state its domain.