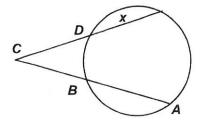
## PRECALCULUS AB PRECOMP REVIEW PROBLEM SET 1

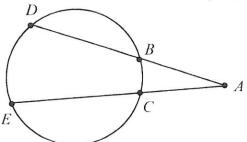
NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

PERIOD: \_\_\_\_

1. Find the value of x if AB = 15, BC = 8, and CD = 7.

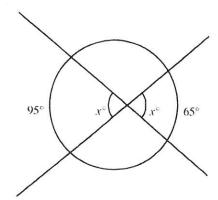


2. If  $m\widehat{DE} = 131$  and  $m\widehat{BC} = 69$ , find the measure of  $\angle A$ .

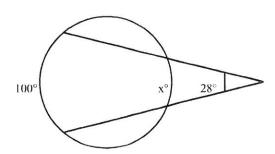


Find x.

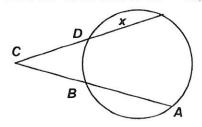
3.



4.



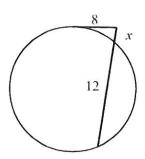
5. Find the value of x if AB = 18, BC = 10, and CD = 9.



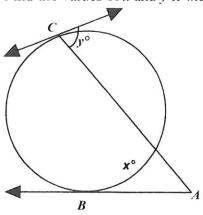
[A] 22.1

[B] 23.7

6. Solve for x.



7. Find the values of x and y if  $m\angle A = 22$  and  $m\widehat{BC} = 106$ .

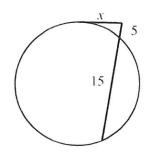


[A] 84; 96

[B] 62; 192

8. Solve for x.





- 9. Write the equation of the line that passes through the point (-4, -2) and is perpendicular to -3x = -6y + 6.
- 10. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point (5, 1) and is parallel to the line 3x 5y = -2.

11. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point (2, -6) and is parallel to the line 5x + 4y = 1.

[A] 
$$2x - 6y = 1$$

[B] 
$$5x + 4y = -14$$

[A] 
$$2x-6y=1$$
 [B]  $5x+4y=-14$  [C]  $5x+4y=-22$  [D]  $5x-4y=1$ 

[D] 
$$5x - 4y = 1$$

- 12. Solve by completing the square:  $-2 + 2x^2 = -6x$
- 13. Solve by completing the square:  $-3 + x^2 = 2x$
- 14. Solve by completing the square:  $-5+3x^2 = -4x$
- 15. Solve by completing the square:  $4x^2 + 6x 2 = 0$

[A] 
$$\frac{-3 \pm 2\sqrt{17}}{4}$$
 [B]  $\frac{3 \pm 2\sqrt{17}}{4}$  [C]  $\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$  [D]  $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$ 

[B] 
$$\frac{3 \pm 2\sqrt{17}}{4}$$

[C] 
$$\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$$

[D] 
$$\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$$

16. Solve by completing the square:  $3x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0$ 

[A] 
$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$

[B] 
$$\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$

[C] 
$$\frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

[A] 
$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$
 [B]  $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$  [C]  $\frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$  [D]  $\frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{3}$ 

- 17. Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of an octagon.
- 18. Find the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon with 18 sides.

19. Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a hexagon.

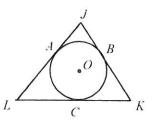
[A] 360°

[B] 540°

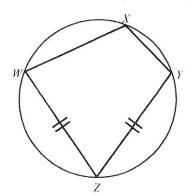
[C] 900°

[D] 720°

20. The triangle and the circle are tangent at three points as shown (not drawn to scale). If JA = 10, AL = 14, and CK = 12, find the perimeter of  $\Delta JKL$ .



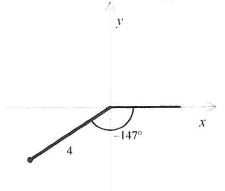
21. Given:  $m \angle X = 110$ ;  $\overline{WZ} \cong \overline{YZ}$ ;  $m \angle Y = 100$ 



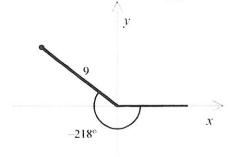
Refer to the diagram to find the measure of each of the following:

- a)  $m \angle Z$
- b)  $m\widehat{WZ}$
- c)  $m \angle W$
- d)  $m\widehat{WX}$

22. Describe the vector using polar notation.



23. Describe the vector using polar notation.



[A] (-9, 218°) or 
$$9 \frac{218°}{142°}$$
  
[C] (9, 142°) or  $9 \frac{142°}{142°}$ 

[B] (9, 
$$-218^{\circ}$$
) or  $9\sqrt{-218^{\circ}}$ 

[D] (9, 38°) or 
$$-9/38^{\circ}$$

- 24. Convert -1.5i + 3.6j to polar coordinates. (Write four forms for the point.)
- 25. Convert  $3/30^{\circ}$  to rectangular coordinates.

- 26. Convert -1.3i 8.4j to polar coordinates. (Write four forms for the point.)
  - $8.5/261.2^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5/81.2^{\circ}$  ,  $8.5/-98.8^{\circ}$  ,  $-8.5/-278.8^{\circ}$ [A]
  - [B]  $8.5 \ 8.8^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 \ 188.8^{\circ}$  .  $8.5 \ -351.2^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 \ -171.2^{\circ}$  [C]  $8.5 \ 261.2^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 \ 81.2^{\circ}$  .  $8.5 \ -351.2^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 \ -171.2^{\circ}$

  - [D]  $8.5 / 8.8^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 / 188.8^{\circ}$  .  $8.5 / -98.8^{\circ}$  .  $-8.5 / -278.8^{\circ}$
- 27. Find the resultant of  $6/22^{\circ}$  +  $4/40^{\circ}$ . Write the answer in polar coordinates.
- 28. Find the resultant of  $6\sqrt{22^{\circ}} + 8\sqrt{155^{\circ}}$ . Write the answer in polar coordinates.
- 29. Find the resultant of  $3/15^{\circ}$  +  $4/28^{\circ}$ . Write the answer in polar coordinates. [A]  $6.96/22.47^{\circ}$  [B]  $7.00/43.00^{\circ}$  [C]  $8.00/43.00^{\circ}$  [D]  $6.96/67.53^{\circ}$

- 30. Factor:  $15x^{3n+2} + 9x^{7n+1}$
- 31. Simplify by factoring the numerator:  $\frac{x^{12d} y^{12d}}{x^{6d} + y^{6d}}$
- 32. Simplify by factoring the numerator:  $\frac{x^{8a} y^{8a}}{y^{4a} + y^{4a}}$

33. Simplify by factoring the numerator: 
$$\frac{x^{6f} - y^{6f}}{x^{3f} + y^{3f}}$$

[A] 
$$x^{3/} + y^{3/}$$

[B] 
$$x^{3j} - y^{3j}$$

[C] 
$$x^{2j} - y^{2j}$$

[A] 
$$x^{3f} + y^{3f}$$
 [B]  $x^{3f} - y^{3f}$  [C]  $x^{2f} - y^{2f}$ 

34. Simplify by factoring the numerator: 
$$\frac{x^{12e} - y^{12e}}{x^{6e} - y^{6e}}$$

[A] 
$$x^{2e} + y^{2e}$$
 [B]  $x^{6e} - y^{6e}$  [C]  $x^{6e} + y^{6e}$  [D]  $x^{2e} - y^{2e}$ 

[B] 
$$x^{6e} - v^{6e}$$

[C] 
$$x^{6\epsilon} + y^{6\epsilon}$$

$$[D] x^{2\epsilon} - y^{2\epsilon}$$

Factor:

35. 
$$5x^5y^{12} - 40x^5z^9$$

36. 
$$4x^5y^{12} + 500x^5z^6$$

[A] 
$$4x^5 (y^4 + 5z^2)(y^8 - 5y^4z^2 + 25z^4)$$

[A] 
$$4x^5 (y^4 + 5z^2)(y^8 - 5y^4z^2 + 25z^4)$$
 [B]  $4x^5 (y^4 + 5z^2)(y^8 + 10y^4z^2 + 25z^4)$ 

[C] 
$$4y^4 + 5z^2(y^4 + 20z^2)(4y^8 + 25z^2)$$
 [D]  $x^5(4y^4 + 5z^2)(y^4 + 20z^2)^2$ 

[D] 
$$x^5 (4y^4 + 5z^2)(y^4 + 20z^2)^2$$