

Pre-Comp Review - Trig Equations1. Solve for x algebraically. Show your work.

(e) $2 \sin^2 x + 5 \sin x = 3$, $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(a) $4 \sin x + 5 = 0$, $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(f) $4 \sec^2 \frac{x}{2} - 7 \sec \frac{x}{2} - 2 = 0$, $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$

(b) $4 \sec x + 8 = 0$, $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(g) $3 \csc^2 \frac{x}{2} - 2 \csc \frac{x}{2} - 1 = 0$, $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$

(c) $\cot x - \sqrt{3} = 0$, $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(d) $3 \cot^2 x - 1 = 0$, $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(h) $4 \sin^2 x - 3 = 0$, $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$

2. Solve for x algebraically. Show your work.

(a) $\cos 2x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

(i) if $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(ii) if $-\pi \leq x < \pi$

(b) $\cos 2x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

(i) if $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

(ii) Give the general solution

(c) $\cos^2 x - \cos x - 2 = 0$

(i) if $-\pi \leq x < \pi$

(ii) if $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

3. Solve $2 \sin^2 x - 1 = 0$ algebraically. Give the general solutions.

4. How many solutions are there in the interval $0 \leq x < 2\pi$ to the following:

(a) $\cos 5x = 0$

(b) $\sin 4x = 1$

(c) $(2 \sin 3x - 1)(\cos 2x + 1) = 0$