# Code

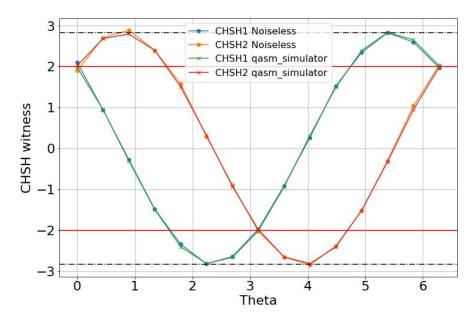
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## 1 Experiment 1



```
# #import qiskit tools
import qiskit
from qiskit import QuantumCircuit, ClassicalRegister,
    QuantumRegister, transpile, Aer, IBMQ
from qiskit.tools.visualization import circuit_drawer
from qiskit.tools.monitor import job_monitor, backend_monitor,
    backend_overview
```

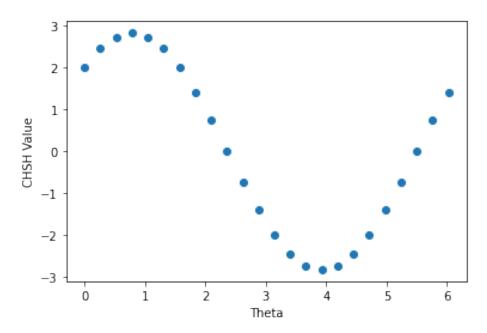
```
6 from qiskit.providers.aer import noise
8 #import python stuff
9 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
10 import numpy as np
11 import time
13 # Set devices
14 IBMQ.load_account()
provider = IBMQ.get_provider('ibm-q')
qasm_simulator = provider.get_backend('ibmq_qasm_simulator')
sim = Aer.get_backend('aer_simulator')
20 def make_chsh_circuit(theta_vec):
      """Return a list of QuantumCircuits"""
21
      chsh_circuits = []
22
23
24
      for theta in theta_vec:
          obs_vec = ['00', '01', '10', '11']
25
           for el in obs_vec:
26
               qc = QuantumCircuit(2,2)
27
               qc.h(0)
28
29
               qc.cx(0, 1)
               qc.ry(theta, 0)
30
31
               for a in range(2):
                   if el[a] == '1':
32
                      qc.h(a)
33
               qc.measure(range(2), range(2))
34
               chsh_circuits.append(qc)
35
36
      return chsh_circuits
37
38
def compute_chsh_witness(counts):
       """Compute expectation values (ZZ,ZX,XZ,XX) """
40
41
      CHSH1 = []
42
43
      CHSH2 = []
      \# Divide the list of dictionaries in sets of 4
44
45
      for i in range(0, len(counts), 4):
          theta_dict = counts[i:i + 4]
46
          zz = theta_dict[0]
47
48
          zx = theta_dict[1]
          xz = theta_dict[2]
49
          xx = theta_dict[3]
50
51
          no_shots = sum(xx[y] for y in xx)
52
53
          chsh1 = 0
54
          chsh2 = 0
55
56
57
          for element in zz:
               parity = (-1)**(int(element[0])+int(element[1]))
58
               chsh1+= parity*zz[element]
59
               chsh2+= parity*zz[element]
60
61
62
          for element in zx:
```

```
parity = (-1)**(int(element[0])+int(element[1]))
63
                chsh1+= parity*zx[element]
                chsh2-= parity*zx[element]
65
66
            for element in xz:
67
                parity = (-1)**(int(element[0])+int(element[1]))
chsh1-= parity*xz[element]
68
69
                chsh2+= parity*xz[element]
70
71
72
            for element in xx:
                parity = (-1)**(int(element[0])+int(element[1]))
73
                chsh1+= parity*xx[element]
74
                chsh2+= parity*xx[element]
75
76
            CHSH1.append(chsh1/no_shots)
77
            CHSH2.append(chsh2/no_shots)
78
79
       return CHSH1, CHSH2
80
81
number_of_thetas = 15
theta_vec = np.linspace(0,2*np.pi,number_of_thetas)
84 my_chsh_circuits = make_chsh_circuit(theta_vec)
86 my_chsh_circuits[4].draw()
87 my_chsh_circuits[5].draw()
88 my_chsh_circuits[6].draw()
89 my_chsh_circuits[7].draw()
91 # Execute and get counts
92 result_ideal = sim.run(my_chsh_circuits).result()
94 tic = time.time()
95 transpiled_circuits = transpile(my_chsh_circuits, qasm_simulator)
96 job_real = qasm_simulator.run(transpiled_circuits, shots=8192)
97 job_monitor(job_real)
98 result_real = job_real.result()
99 toc = time.time()
101 print(toc-tic)
102
103 # For display
104 CHSH1_ideal, CHSH2_ideal = compute_chsh_witness(result_ideal.
       get_counts())
105 CHSH1_real, CHSH2_real = compute_chsh_witness(result_real.
       get_counts())
106
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 22})
plt.plot(theta_vec,CHSH1_ideal,'o-',label = 'CHSH1 Noiseless')
plt.plot(theta_vec,CHSH2_ideal,'o-',label = 'CHSH2 Noiseless')
plt.plot(theta_vec,CHSH1_real,'x-',label = 'CHSH1 qasm_simulator')
plt.plot(theta_vec,CHSH2_real,'x-',label = 'CHSH2 qasm_simulator')
114
plt.grid(which='major',axis='both')
plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 16})
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.axhline(y=2, color='r', linestyle='-')
plt.axhline(y=-2, color='r', linestyle='-')
plt.axhline(y=np.sqrt(2)*2, color='k', linestyle='-.')
plt.axhline(y=np.sqrt(2)*2, color='k', linestyle='-.')
plt.xlabel('Theta')
plt.ylabel('CHSH witness')
```

Listing 1: CHSH IBM Quantum Experience qasm Simulation Results

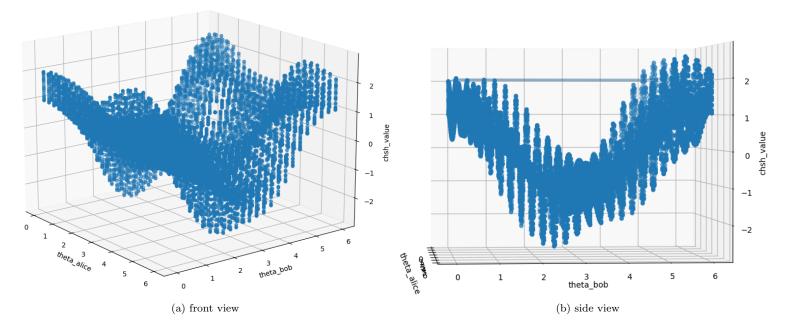
## 2 Experiment 2



```
1 import numpy as np
2 import math
{\tt 3} import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x_axis = [0] * 24
6 y_axis = [0] * 24
7 i = 0
9 for theta in range(0,350,15):
10
11
     theta = math.radians(theta)
    \# A = Z \text{ and } a = X
12
13
    A = np.array([[1,0],[0,-1]])
    a = np.array([[0,1],[1,0]])
14
15
    rotation_arr = np.array([[math.cos(theta),-math.sin(theta)],[math
       .sin(theta), math.cos(theta)]])
17
    \mbox{\tt\#} B and b are rotations of A and a
18
    B = np.matmul(rotation_arr,A)
19
20
    b = np.matmul(rotation_arr,a)
21
22
     zero_state = np.array([[1],[0]])
     one_state = np.array([[0],[1]])
23
    phi_bra = np.array([1/math.sqrt(2),0,0,1/math.sqrt(2)])
24
    phi_ket = np.array([[1/math.sqrt(2)],[0],[0],[1/math.sqrt(2)]])
25
26
    matrix_AB = np.kron(A,B)
28
    result_AB = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_AB)
```

```
result_AB = np.matmul(result_AB,phi_ket)
30
31
     matrix_Ab = np.kron(A,b)
32
33
     result_Ab = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_Ab)
34
     result_Ab = np.matmul(result_Ab,phi_ket)
35
36
     matrix_aB = np.kron(a,B)
37
38
     result_aB = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_aB)
39
     result_aB = np.matmul(result_aB,phi_ket)
40
41
     matrix_ab = np.kron(a,b)
42
43
     result_ab = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_ab)
result_ab = np.matmul(result_ab,phi_ket)
44
45
46
     result = result_AB - result_Ab + result_aB + result_ab
47
48
49
50
     print(theta, result)
51
52
    x_axis[i] = theta
     y_axis[i] = result[0]
53
54
55
plt.scatter(x_axis,y_axis)
```

Listing 2: CHSH Theoretical Experiment for Fixed Basis Results



### 3 Experiment 3

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import math
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 from mpl_toolkits import mplot3d
  # for display
  t1 = []
9 t2 = []
10 r = []
11
  for phi1 in range(0,360,15):
12
       for theta1 in range(0,360,15):
13
           theta1 = math.radians(theta1)
14
           rotation_arr1 = np.array([[math.cos(theta1),-math.sin(
15
      theta1)],[math.sin(theta1),math.cos(theta1)]])
           general_unitary = np.array([[math.cos(theta1/2),-(math.e
16
      **(1j))*math.sin(theta1/2)],[(math.e**(phi1*1j))*math.sin(
      theta1/2),(math.e**(phi1*1j))*math.cos(theta1/2)]])
17
           \mbox{\tt\#} A and a are rotations of Z and X
18
           A = np.matmul(rotation_arr1, np.array([[1,0],[0,-1]]))
19
20
           a = general_unitary
21
           for theta2 in range(0,360,15):
22
               theta2 = math.radians(theta2)
23
24
               t1.append(theta1)
               t2.append(theta2)
```

```
rotation_arr2 = np.array([[math.cos(theta2),-math.sin(
       theta2)],[math.sin(theta2),math.cos(theta2)]])
27
               # B and b are rotations of A and a
28
               B = np.matmul(rotation_arr2,A)
29
               b = np.matmul(rotation_arr2,a)
30
31
               # calculate phi, the entangled wave function
               zero_state = np.array([[1],[0]])
33
               one_state = np.array([[0],[1]])
34
               phi_bra = np.array([1/math.sqrt(2),0,0,1/math.sqrt(2)])
35
               phi_ket = np.array([[1/math.sqrt(2)],[0],[0],[1/math.
36
      sqrt(2)]])
37
               # expected value of AB
38
               matrix_AB = np.kron(A,B)
39
               result_AB = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_AB)
40
               result_AB = np.matmul(result_AB,phi_ket)
41
               # expected value of Ab
42
               matrix_Ab = np.kron(A,b)
43
               result_Ab = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_Ab)
44
               result_Ab = np.matmul(result_Ab,phi_ket)
45
               # expected value of aB
46
47
               matrix_aB = np.kron(a,B)
               result_aB = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_aB)
48
49
               result_aB = np.matmul(result_aB,phi_ket)
               # expected value of ab
50
               matrix_ab = np.kron(a,b)
51
               result_ab = np.matmul(phi_bra,matrix_ab)
52
               result_ab = np.matmul(result_ab,phi_ket)
53
54
               # CHSH value (AB - Ab + aB + ab)
55
               result = result_AB - result_Ab + result_aB + result_ab
56
               r.append(result)
57
58
59
     print(theta, result)
60 #
61 # for display
62 ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
63
64 x = t1
65 y = t2
66 z = r
67
68 ax.set_xlabel("theta_alice")
69 ax.set_ylabel("theta_bob")
70 ax.set_zlabel("chsh_value")
ax.scatter(x, y, z)
73 plt.show()
```

Listing 3: CHSH Theoretical Experiment for General Basis Results