

from Beginner to Master

# DevOps를 위한 Docker 가상화

## Section 10. Capstone Project

```
let fs = require('fs');
if setdata(self, title, price, author);
self.title = title
self.price = price
self.author = author
console.log(data); // 3
});
```

```
ApplicationDelegate> f
```

```
<service>
<service-name>serverController</service-name>
<service-class>com.lanconsulting.controller.ServerController
<init-param>
<param-name>user_name</param-name>
<param-value>henneh Lee</param-value>
</init-param>
</service>
```

</services>

# 프로필

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Dowon Lee

수강생 19K 강의평점 4.8(1K)



멘토링 ON

멘토링 설정

- 홈
- 강의
- 로드맵
- 수강평
- 게시글
- 블로그

강의 전체 6



IntelliJ IDEA Setting for SW

Java Web Programming

[개정판] 웹 애플리케이션 개발을 위한 IntelliJ IDEA 설정

▶ 학습중

0강 / 25강 (0%)

818명



Virtualization Setting for SW

Vagrant + VirtualBox

멀티OS 사용을 위한 가상화 환경 구축 가이드 (Docker + Kubernetes)

▶ 학습중

0강 / 16강 (0%)

924명



CI/CD Pipeline with Jenkins

Cloud Native

Jenkins를 이용한 CI/CD Pipeline 구축

▶ 학습중

81강 / 83강 (98%)

독점 2709명



Spring Cloud  
with Microservices



Spring Boot  
with RESTful Web Services

Spring Cloud로 개발하는 마이크로서비스 애플리케이션(MSA)

▶ 학습중

156강 / 156강 (100%)

독점 5531명



IntelliJ IDEA  
Java Web Programming

Spring Boot를 이용한 RESTful Web Services 개발

▶ 학습중

3강 / 48강 (6%)

독점 3862명



[구버전] 웹 애플리케이션 개발을 위한 IntelliJ IDEA 설정 (2020 ver.)

▶ 학습중

14강 / 14강 (100%)

813명

수정하기

- Section 0: Introduction to Cloud Native Technologies
  - Section 1: Docker Essentials - Container
  - Section 2: Docker Essentials - Image
  - Section 3: Docker Network and Storage
  - Section 4: Building and Managing Containerized Application
  - Section 5: Container Orchestration
  - Section 6: Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment
  - Section 7: Docker Security
  - Section 8: Logging and Monitoring
  - Section 9: Advanced Docker Usage
  - **Section 10: Capstone Project**
- 

Section 10.

# Capstone Project

- Deploy Web Application
- Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축



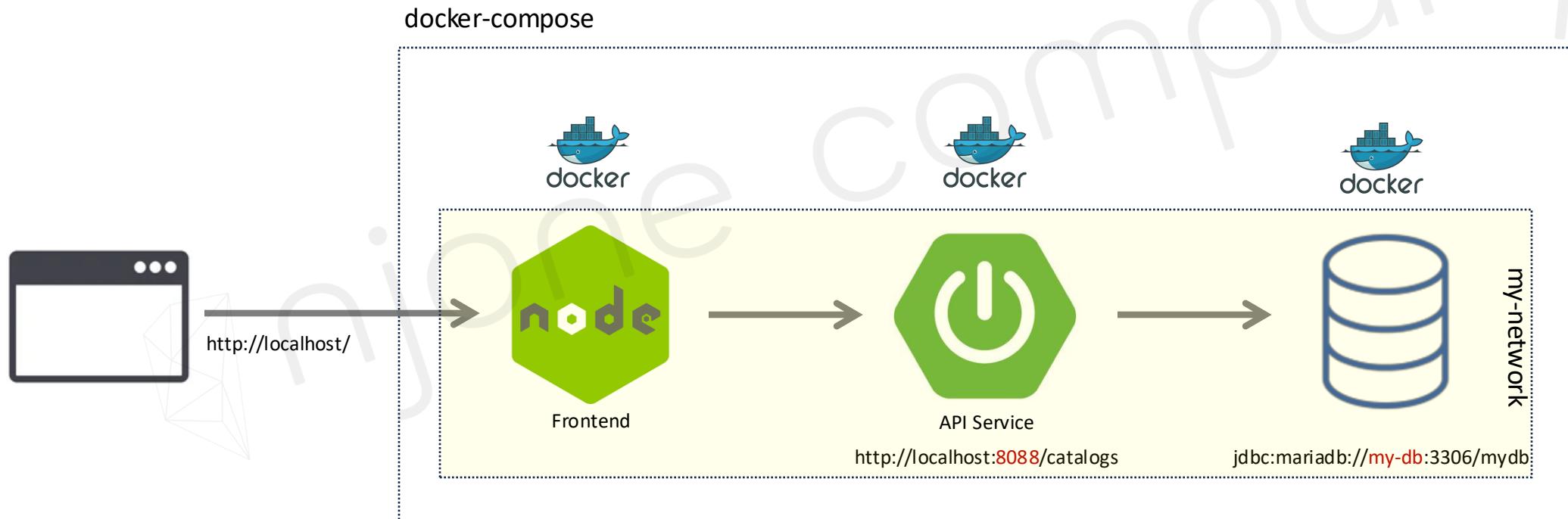
# Deploy Web Application

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## Node + Spring Boot + MariaDB

### ■ Docker Compose

- | Docker Image, Container의 활용
- | MSA의 이해, MSA Architecture의 장점
- | CI/CD Pipeline 구축
- | Docker Compose를 활용한 멀티 컨테이너 운영

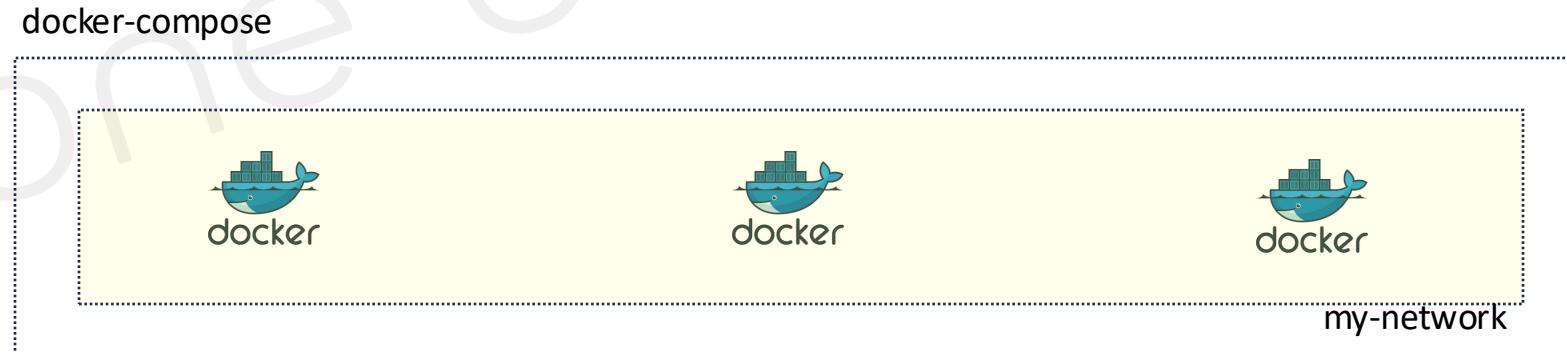


# Deploy Web Application

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## Node + Spring Boot + MariaDB

- Dockerfile + docker-compose.yml
  - | Frontend + API Service를 위한 Dockerfile 작성
  - | docker-compose.yml 파일을 정의하여 각 서비스들에 대한 Orchestrate
  - | Network, Volume mount를 사용한 Container 관리



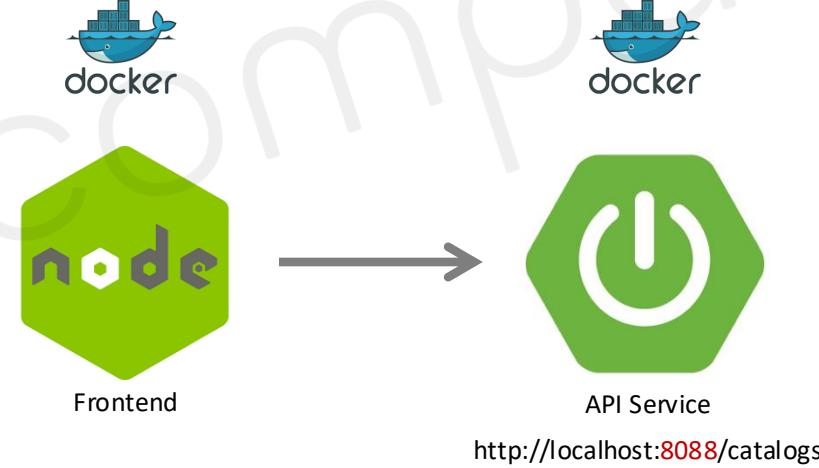
# Deploy Web Application

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## Node + Spring Boot + MariaDB

- Frontend Service

- | React로 구현 된 Web Application
- | API Service를 호출하여 UI에 결과 출력



# Deploy Web Application

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## Node + Spring Boot + MariaDB

### ■ API Service

- | Spring Boot + Spring framework로 구현 된 RESTful API 서비스
- | API Endpoint에 대한 CRUD 처리
- | 외부 RDB와의 연동



API Service

<http://localhost:8088/catalogs>

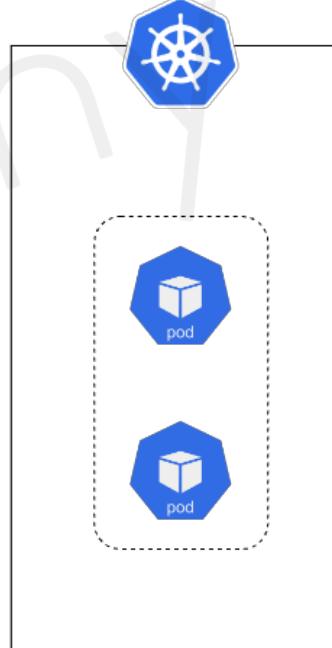


jdbc:mariadb://**my-db**:3306/mydb

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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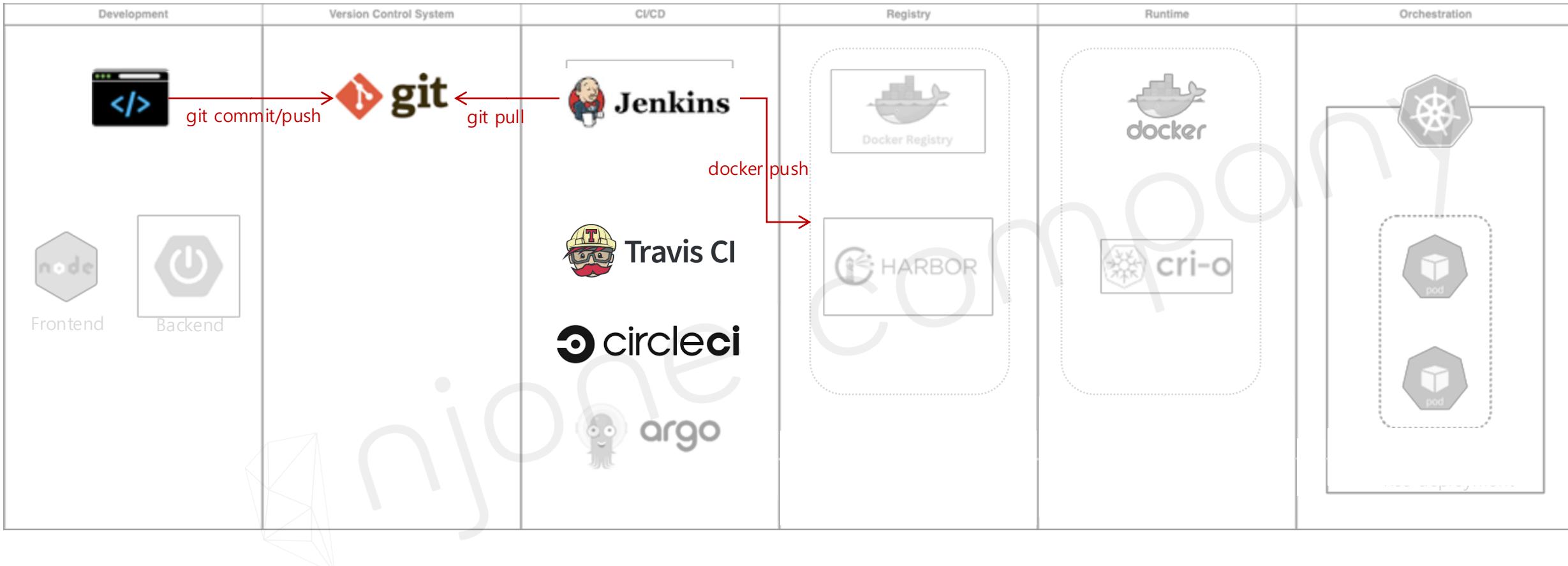
## CI/CD

Development	Version Control System	CI/CD	Registry	Runtime	Orchestration
  Frontend		   	 	  	

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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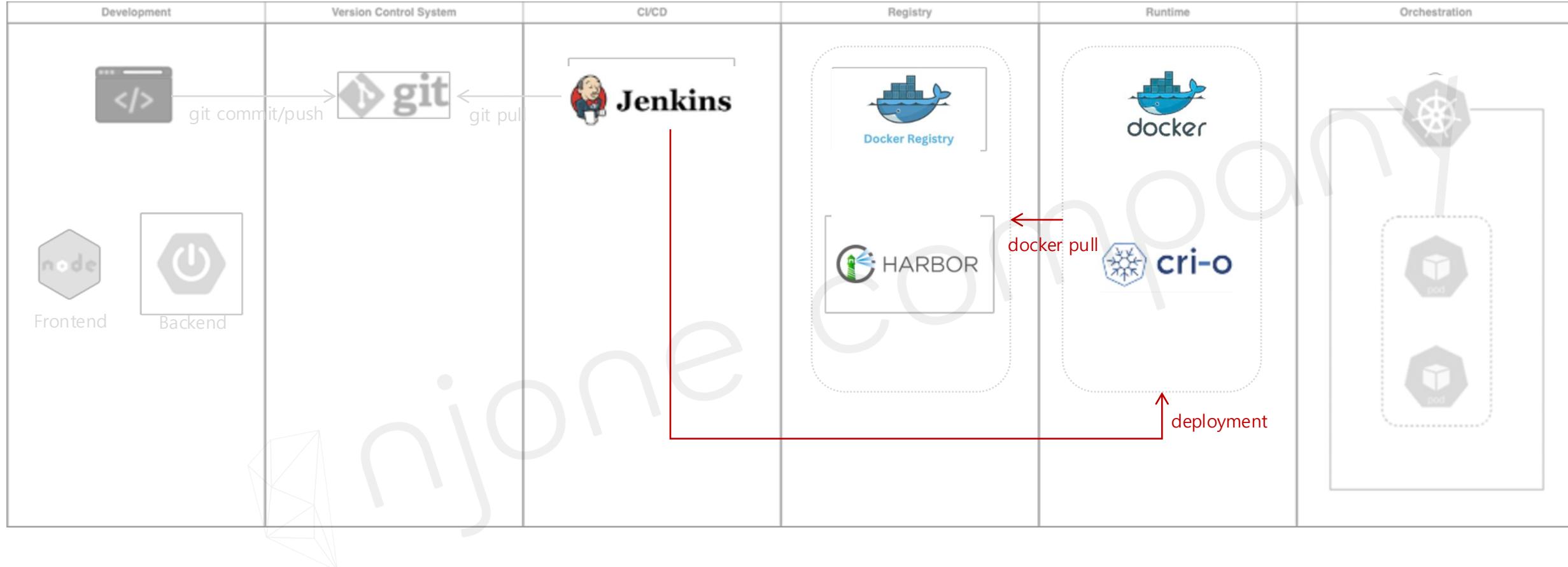
## CI(Continuous Integration)



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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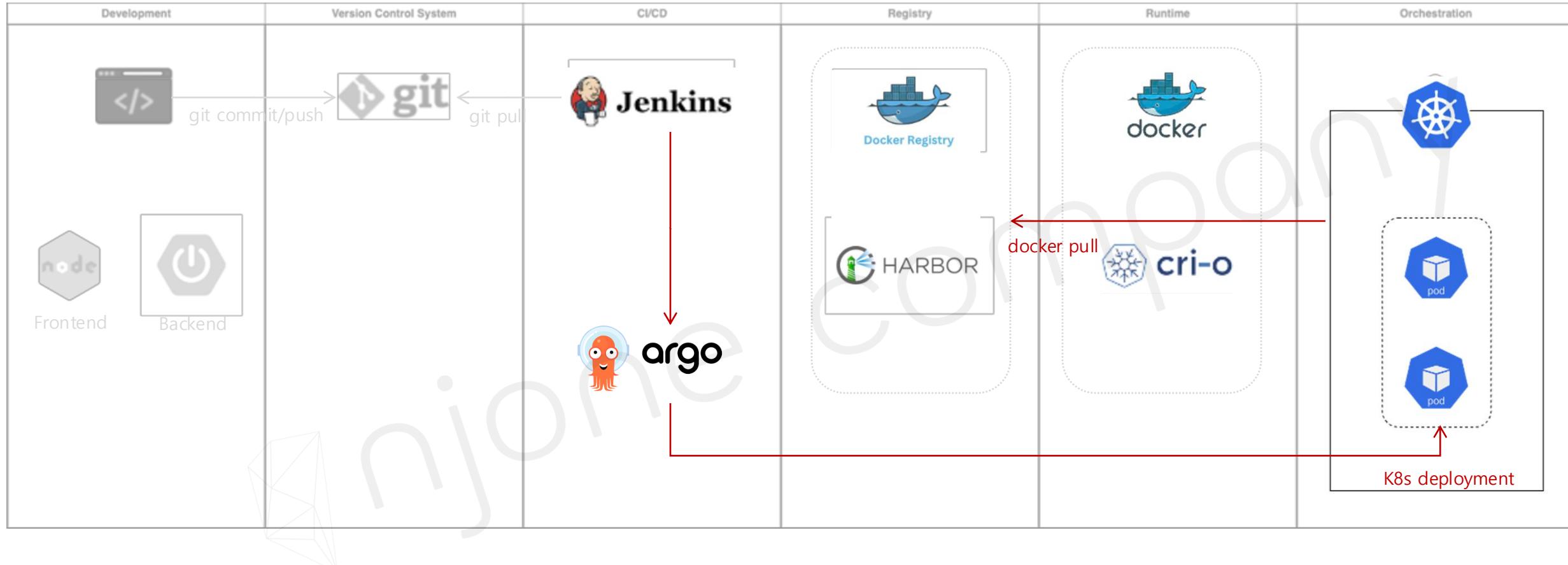
CD(Continuous Deployment) → Container runtime



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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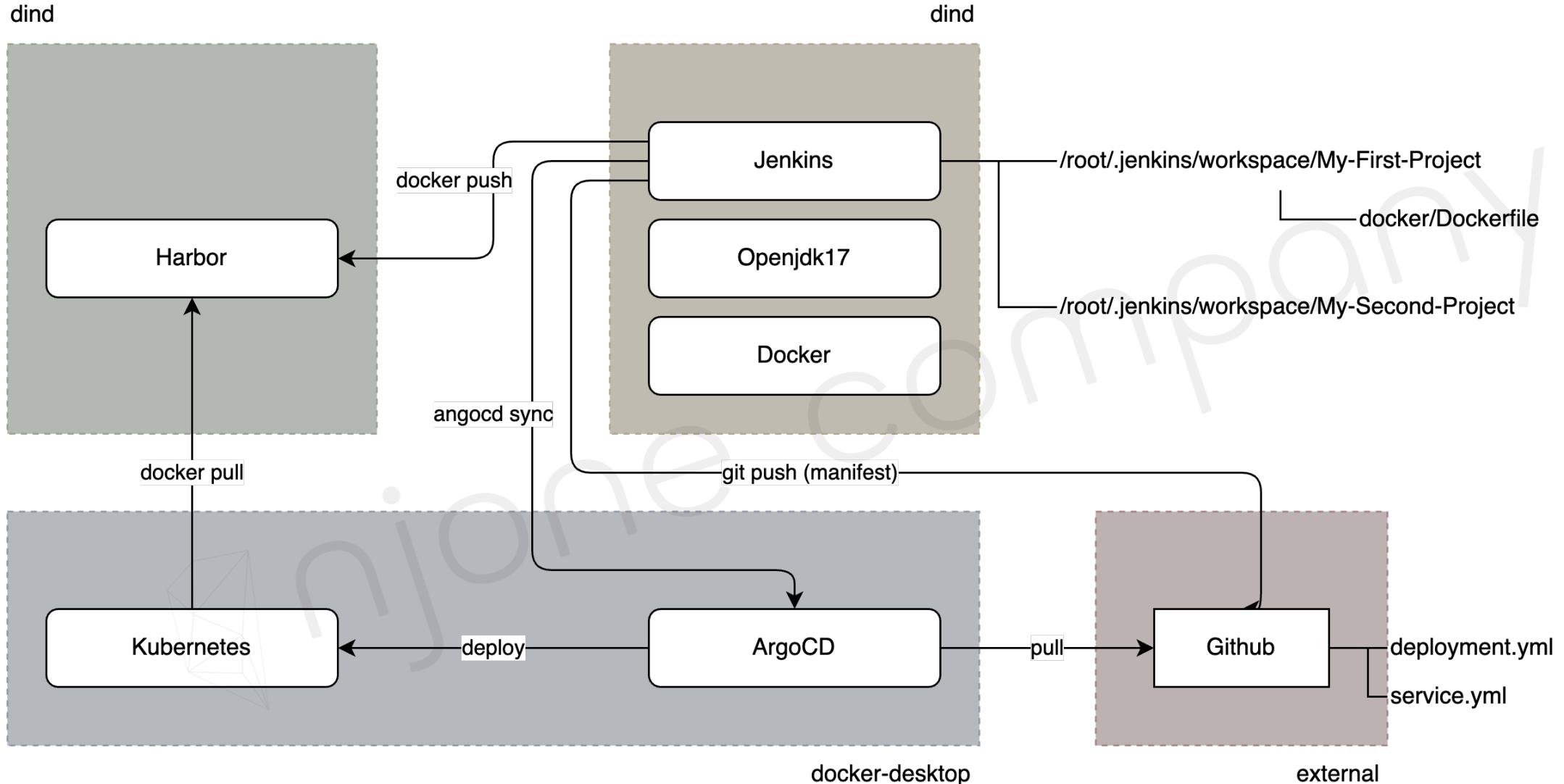
CD(Continuous Deployment) → Kubernetes + Argocd



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## CI/CD Pipeline



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## Jenkins

- 설치

- | <https://www.jenkins.io>
- | Docker dind 이미지에서 설치 (Jenkins + Docker 사용)
- | Port mapping 추가 -p 8080:8080 등
- | Private registry 사용을 위한 /etc/docker/daemon.json 수정 → insecure-registries 추가
- | Openjdk 설치

```
$ yum list java*-openjdk-devel
```

```
$ yum install java*-openjdk-devel
```

```
$ .bashrc에 JAVA_HOME 등록
```

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-17.0.1.0.12-2.el8_5.x86_64  
export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## Jenkins

- 설치

- | 추가 SW 설치

```
$ yum install -y wget git
```

```
$ wget https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/jenkins/war-stable/2.452.1/jenkins.war
```

- Jenkins 실행

- | 실행

```
$ java -jar jenkins.war
```

- | 초기 Plugins 설치, 계정 추가

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## Jenkins

### ■ 설정

#### | Plugins 추가 설치

- Docker API Plugin, Docker, Docker Commons Plugin, Docker Pipeline, Docker Plugin
- docker-build-step
- Maven Integration, Publish over SSH, Stage View 등

#### | Tools

- JDK (Openjdk 17.0.1m JAVA\_HOME), Maven 3.9.5

#### | System

- Docker Build → unix:///var/run/docker.sock

#### | Credentials

- Harbor 계정 추가 → user1

## Jenkins – My-First-Project

- Git → <https://github.com/joneconsulting/cicd-web-project>
- Maven Build → clean compile package –DskipTests=true
- Post Steps
  - | Execute Docker command → Create/build image
    - Build context folder → \$WORKSPACE
    - Tag of the resulting docker image → **192.168.0.41**/devops/helloworld:\$BUILD\_NUMBER
  - | Execute Docker command → Push image
    - Name of the image to push (repository/image) → **192.168.0.41**/devops/helloworld
    - Tag → \$BUILD\_NUMBER
    - Registry → (Empty)
    - Docker registry URL → **192.168.0.41**
    - Registry credentials → user1/\*\*\*\*\*

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## Jenkins – My-Second-Project

- Pipeline item

```
pipeline {  
    agent none  
    tools {  
        maven "Maven3.9.5"  
    }  
}
```

stages {

// ①

// ②

// ③

```
}
```

```
stage('Maven Install') {  
    agent any  
    steps {  
        git branch: 'main', url: 'https://github.com/joneconsulting/cicd-web-project'  
        sh 'mvn clean compile package -DskipTests=true'  
    }  
}
```

```
stage('Docker Build') {  
    agent any  
    steps {  
        sh 'docker build -t 192.168.0.41/devops/cicd-web-project:$BUILD_NUMBER '  
    }  
}
```

```
stage('Docker Push') {  
    agent any  
    steps {  
        withDockerRegistry(credentialsId: 'harbor-user', url: 'https://192.168.0.41') {  
            sh 'docker push 192.168.0.41/devops/cicd-web-project:$BUILD_NUMBER'  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## Jenkins – My-Second-Project

- Harbor registry

The screenshot shows the Harbor Registry interface. The URL in the browser is <https://192.168.0.41/harbor/projects/2/repositories/cicd-web-project>. The left sidebar has a 'Projects' tab selected, showing other options like 'Logs', 'Administration', 'Users', 'Robot Accounts', 'Registries', 'Replications', 'Distributions', 'Labels', 'Project Quotas', and 'Interrogation Services'. The main content area shows the 'cicd-web-project' repository under the 'devops' project. It has tabs for 'Info' and 'Artifacts'. The 'Artifacts' tab is active, displaying a table with two rows of data:

	Artifacts	Pull Command	Tags	Size	Vulnerabilities	Annotations	Labels	Push Time	Pull Time
<input type="checkbox"/>	sha256:56fa5a5e		13	216.83MB	Unsupported				6/18/24, 5:11 PM
<input type="checkbox"/>	sha256:7eaa26db		12	216.83MB	Unsupported				6/18/24, 1:17 PM

At the bottom right of the table, it says 'Page size 15 1 - 2 of 2 items'. There is also a 'SCAN' button and an 'ACTIONS' dropdown menu.

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- K8s
  - | Docker desktop에 포함된 K8s 사용
- ArgoCD 설치
  - | kubectl create namespace argocd
  - | kubectl apply -n argocd -f <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/argoproj/argo-cd/v2.3.3/manifests/install.yaml>
  - | kubectl get pod -n argocd
  - | kubectl get service -n argocd
  - | kubectl edit svc argocd-server -n argocd → NodePort 변경

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- ArgoCD Cli 설치

- | Windows) Powershell 사용

```
$version = (Invoke-RestMethod https://api.github.com/repos/argoproj/argo-cd/releases/latest).tag_name  
$url = "https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/releases/download/" + $version + "/argocd-windows-amd64.exe"  
$output = "argocd.exe"  
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $url -OutFile $output
```

- | MacOS) homebrew 사용

```
$ brew install argocd
```

- | Terminal(CMD)에서 argocd 설치 확인

```
$ argocd version
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

### ■ ArgoCD Login

| admin 로그인 암호 확인 (방법1, MacOS)

```
$ kubectl get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -n argocd -o "jsonpath={.data.password}" | base64 -d
```

| admin 로그인 암호 확인 (방법2, Windows)

```
$ kubectl get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -n argocd -o "jsonpath={.data.password}"
```

**ABCSEDFGHKKSKQL...** → encode.b64로 저장

```
$ certutil -decode encode.b64 decode.txt
```

| admin 로그인 암호 확인 (방법3)

```
$ argocd admin initial-password -n argocd
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows)

```
Windows PowerShell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

새로운 크로스 플랫폼 PowerShell 사용 https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\zitan> $version = (Invoke-RestMethod https://api.github.com/repos/argoproj/argo-cd/releases/latest).tag_name
PS C:\Users\zitan> $url = "https://github.com/argoproj/argo-cd/releases/download/" + $version + "/argocd-windows-amd64.exe"
PS C:\Users\zitan> $output = "argocd.exe"
PS C:\Users\zitan> Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $url -OutFile $output
PS C:\Users\zitan> -
```

```
C:\> C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\zitan>kubectl get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -n argocd -o "jsonpath={.data.password}"
bG5QS2pscDRPOHVzckRpUw==
C:\Users\zitan>
C:\Users\zitan>argocd admin initial-password -n argocd
InPKjIp408usrDIS

This password must be only used for first time login. We strongly recommend you update the password using
`argocd account update-password`.

C:\Users\zitan>
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows 실행 명령어)

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\zitan>kubectl get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -n argocd -o "jsonpath={.data.password}"
bG5QS2pscDRPOHVzckRpUw==
C:\Users\zitan>
C:\Users\zitan>argocd admin initial-password -n argocd
InPKjIp408usrDIS

This password must be only used for first time login. We strongly recommend you update the password using
`argocd account update-password`.

C:\Users\zitan>
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows 실행 명령어)

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\#Users\zitan>argocd login --insecure 192.168.0.41:31360
Username: admin
Password:
'admin:login' logged in successfully
Context '192.168.0.41:31360' updated

C:\#Users\zitan>argocd account generate-token --account admin
time="2024-06-19T21:30:00+09:00" level=fatal msg="rpc error: code = Unknown desc = account 'admin' does not
have apiKey capability"

C:\#Users\zitan>
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows 실행 명령어)

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\zitan>argo cd login --insecure 192.168.0.41:31360
Username: admin
Password:
'admin:login' logged in successfully
Context '192.168.0.41:31360' updated

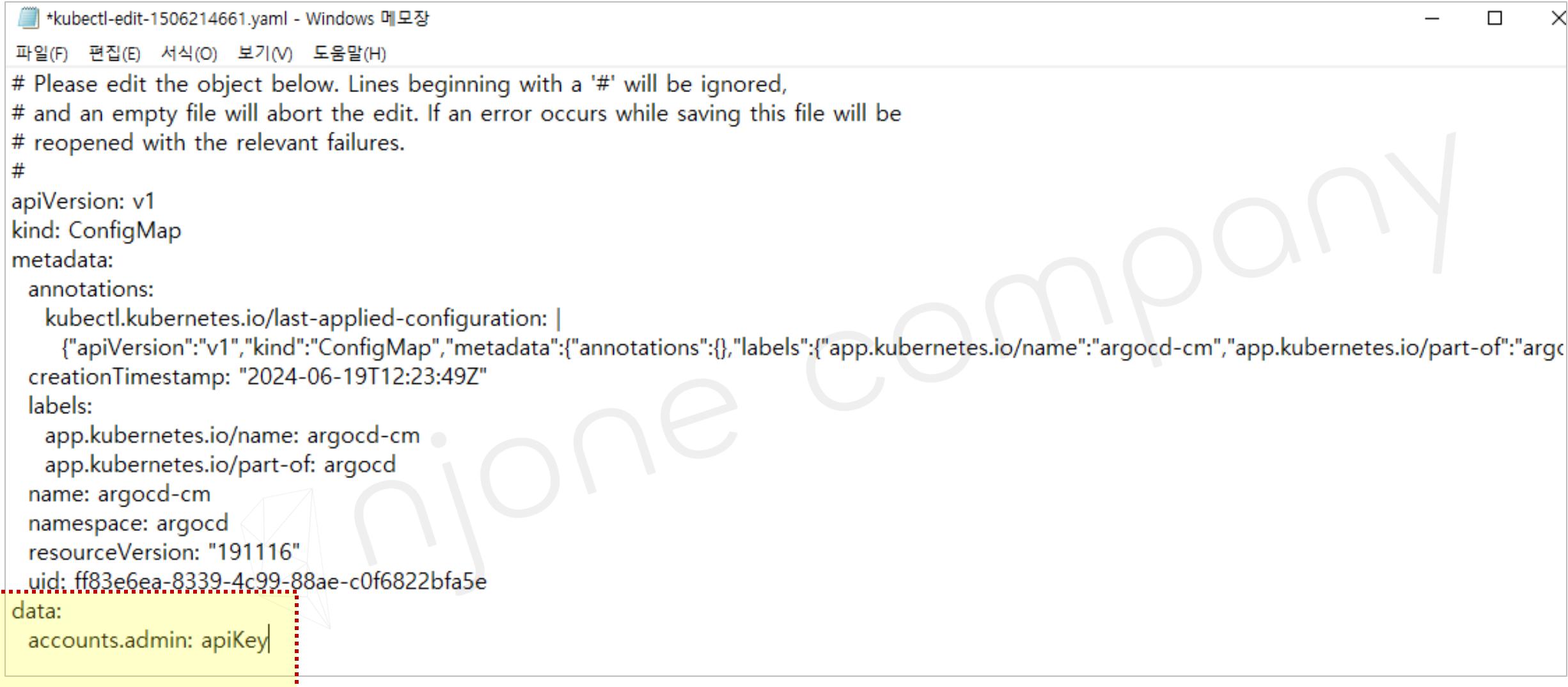
C:\Users\zitan>argo cd account generate-token --account admin
time="2024-06-19T21:30:00+09:00" level=fatal msg="rpc error: code = Unknown desc = account 'admin' does not
have apiKey capability"

C:\Users\zitan>kubectl edit cm argo cd-cm -n argo cd
configmap/argo cd-cm edited
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows 실행 명령어)



The screenshot shows a Windows Notepad window with a file named `*kubectl-edit-1506214661.yaml`. The content of the file is a YAML configuration for a Kubernetes ConfigMap:

```
# Please edit the object below. Lines beginning with a '#' will be ignored,
# and an empty file will abort the edit. If an error occurs while saving this file will be
# reopened with the relevant failures.
#
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  annotations:
    kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration: |
      {"apiVersion":"v1","kind":"ConfigMap","metadata":{"annotations":{},"labels":{"app.kubernetes.io/name":"argocd-cm","app.kubernetes.io/part-of":"argocd"}}, "creationTimestamp: "2024-06-19T12:23:49Z"
  labels:
    app.kubernetes.io/name: argocd-cm
    app.kubernetes.io/part-of: argocd
  name: argocd-cm
  namespace: argocd
  resourceVersion: "191116"
  uid: ff83e6ea-8339-4c99-88ae-c0f6822bfa5e
data:
  accounts.admin: apiKey
```

A red dashed box highlights the `accounts.admin: apiKey` line, and a yellow box highlights the entire `data:` section.

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows 실행 명령어)

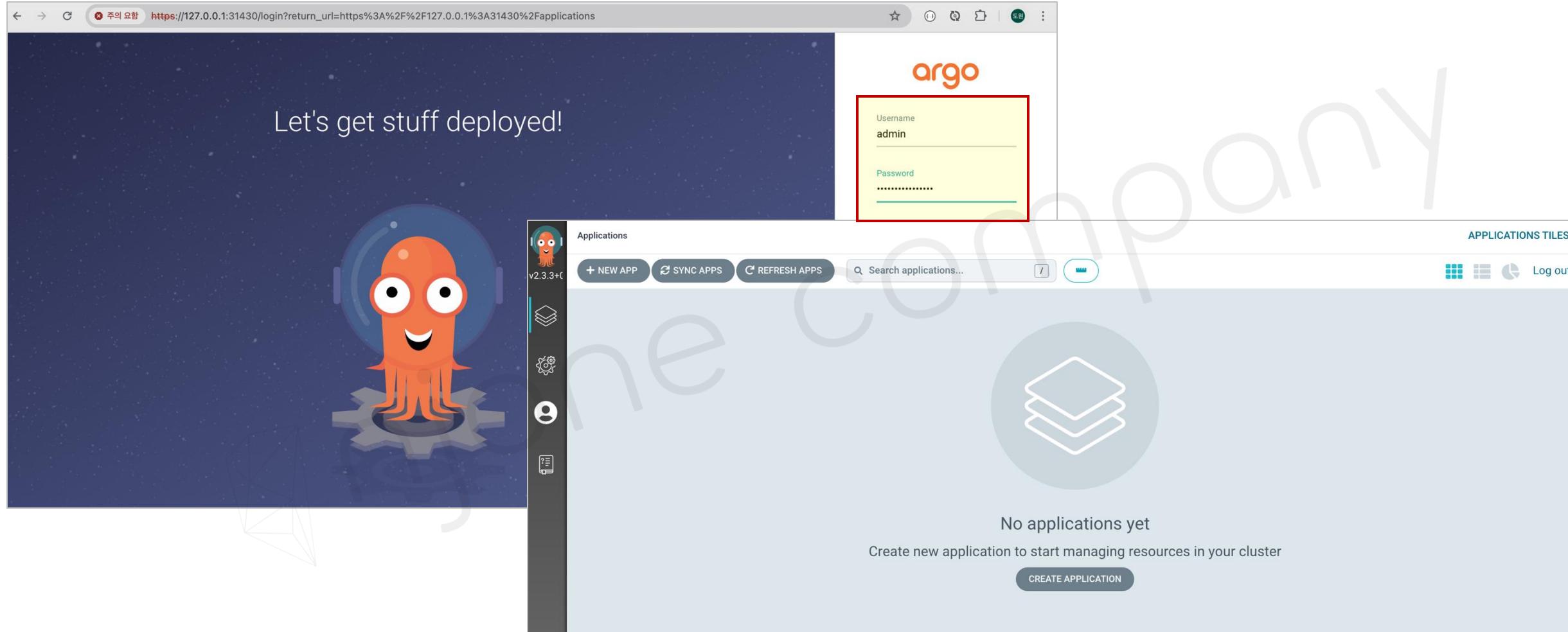
```
C:\Users\zitan>argocd account generate-token --account admin  
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cC16IkpxVCJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJhcmbdvY2Q1LCJzdWIiOiJhZG1pbjp...  
BKe9xJKjvnTPWQQpq9aQXU  
  
C:\Users\zitan>curl -k -L -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cC16IkpxVCJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJhcmbdvY2Q1LCJzdWIiOiJhZG1pbjp...  
GUyLTijNTYtMDAyODE30WY3N2IxIn0.snPsPw8PsajwKSJ90WIPNBKe9xJKjvnTPWQQpq9aQXU" https://192.168.0.41:31360/api/v1/applications  
{"metadata":{"resourceVersion":"191848"},"items":null}  
C:\Users\zitan>
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- ArgoCD Login



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- ArgoCD Login
  - | argocd login --insecure **192.168.0.41:30764** ← NodePort

- ArgoCD Token 생성
  - | argocd account generate-token --account admin

Error) account 'admin' does not have apiKey capability 발생 시

- \$ kubectl edit cm argocd-cm -n argocd → 아래 항목 추가

data:

accounts.admin: apiKey

- | curl 명령어로 applications 확인

```
$ curl -k -L -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJhcmdvY2QiLCJ..."\n  https://192.168.0.41:30674/api/v1/applications
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동 (Windows)

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\zitan>argocd login --insecure 192.168.0.41:31360
Username: admin
Password:
'admin:login' logged in successfully
Context '192.168.0.41:31360' updated

C:\Users\zitan>argocd account generate-token --account admin
time="2024-06-19T21:30:00+09:00" level=fatal msg="rpc error: code = Unknown desc = account 'admin' does not
have apiKey capability"

C:\Users\zitan>kubectl edit cm argocd-cm -n argocd
configmap/argocd-cm edited

C:\Users\zitan>argocd account generate-token --account admin
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cC16IkpxVCJ9.eyJpc3Mi0iJhcmbvY2QilLCJzdWIi0iJhZG1pbjphcGILZXkiLCJuYmYi0jE3MTg4MDAyOD
csImIhdC16MTcx0DgwMDI4NywianRpIjoIZDQ4NDFhYWMtYTY5Ny00NGUyLTijNTYtMDAyODE30WY3N2IxIn0.snPsPw8PsajwKSJ90WIPN
BKe9xJKjvnTPWQOpq9aQXU

C:\Users\zitan>curl -k -L -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cC16IkpxVCJ9.eyJpc3Mi0iJhcmbvY2
QilLCJzdWIi0iJhZG1pbjphcGILZXkiLCJuYmYi0jE3MTg4MDAyODcsImIhdC16MTcx0DgwMDI4NywianRpIjoIZDQ4NDFhYWMtYTY5Ny00N
GUyLTijNTYtMDAyODE30WY3N2IxIn0.snPsPw8PsajwKSJ90WIPNBKe9xJKjvnTPWQOpq9aQXU" https://192.168.0.41:31360/api/
v1/applications
{"metadata":{"resourceVersion":"191848"},"items":null}
C:\Users\zitan>
```

```
*kubectl-edit-1506214661.yaml - Windows 메모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
# Please edit the object below. Lines beginning with a '#' w
# and an empty file will abort the edit. If an error occurs w
# reopened with the relevant failures.
#
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  annotations:
    kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration: |
      {"apiVersion":"v1","kind":"ConfigMap","metadata":{"anno
  creationTimestamp: "2024-06-19T12:23:49Z"
  labels:
    app.kubernetes.io/name: argocd-cm
    app.kubernetes.io/part-of: argocd
  name: argocd-cm
  namespace: argocd
  resourceVersion: "191116"
  uid: ff83e6ea-8339-4c99-88ae-c0f6822bfa5e
data:
  accounts.admin: apiKey
```

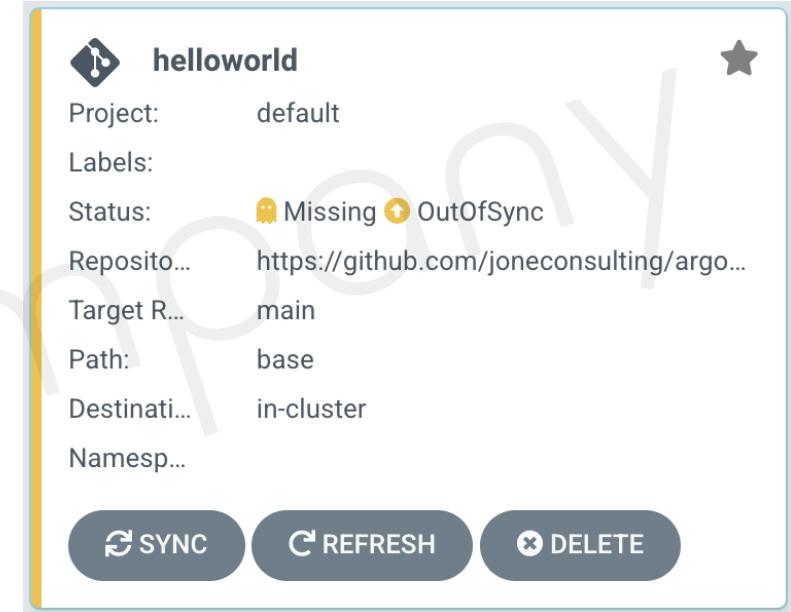
# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- ArgoCD New Project

- | Application Name: helloworld
- | Project: default
- | Cluster: in-cluster (<https://Kubernetes.default.svc>)
- | Namespace: default
- | Repo URL: <https://github.com/joneconsulting/argocd-sample>
- | Target revision: main
- | Path: base
- | Retry options: Retry disabled



- Sample → <https://github.com/joneconsulting/argocd-sample>

- | base/deployment.yml
- | base/service.yml

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- K8s에서 docker-registry에 대한 인증 정보 등록

```
$ kubectl create secret docker-registry regcred \
--docker-server=192.168.0.41 \
--docker-username=user1 \
--docker-password=Harbor12345 \
--docker-email=
```

- | MacOS) kubectl get secret regcred --output=yaml
- | MacOS) kubectl get secret regcred --output="jsonpath={.data.\.dockerconfigjson}" | base64 --decode

```
{"auths":{"127.0.0.1":{"username":"user1","password":"Harbor12345","auth":"dXNlcjE6SGFyYm9yMTIzNDU="}}
```
- | Windows) certutil -decode dockerregistry.encode dockerregistry.txt 등으로 내용 확인 가능

```
$ kubectl get secret regcred -n argocd -o "jsonpath={.data.password}"
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

- deployment.yml 파일에 imagePullSecrets 항목 추가

```
spec:  
  containers:  
    - name: hello-kubernetes  
      image: 192.168.0.41/devops/cicd-web-project:10  
      imagePullPolicy: IfNotPresent  
      ports:  
        - name: http  
          containerPort: 8080  
      imagePullSecrets:  
        - name: regcred
```

- ArgoCD sync

| deployment.yml 변경 사항을 Git에 push 후 ArgoCD Sync 실행

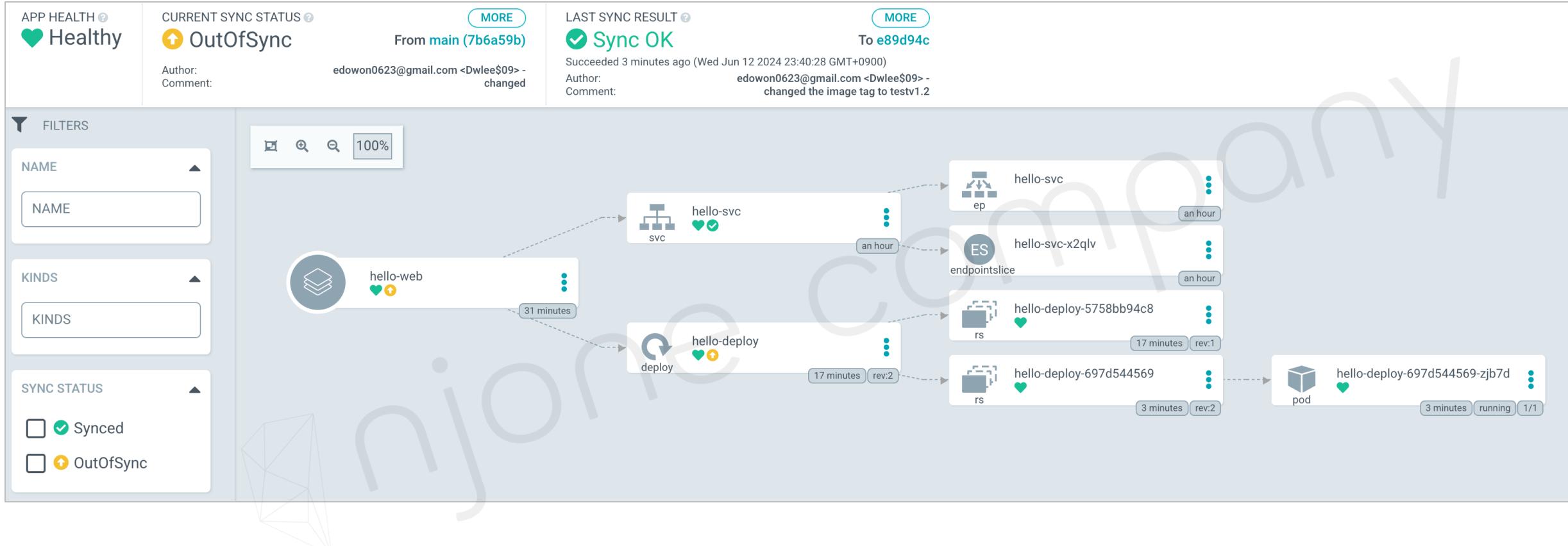
```
$ curl -k -L -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NilsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9eyJpc3MiOiJhcmdvY2QiLCJ..."\  
-X POST https://192.168.0.41:30674/api/v1/applications/hello-web/sync
```

# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## K8s + ArgoCD 연동

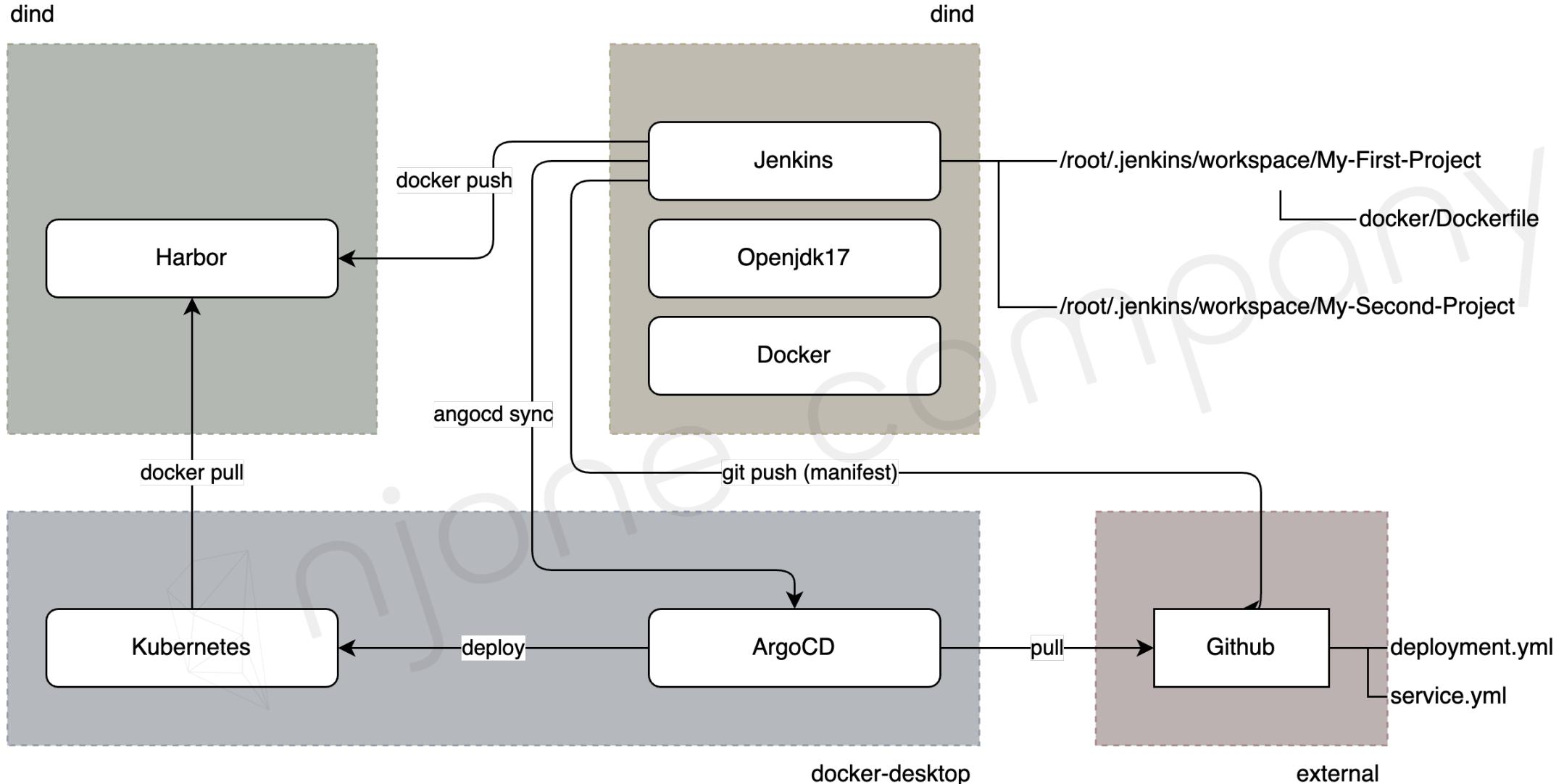
### ■ ArgoCD sync



# Docker를 활용한 자동화 빌드 시스템 구축

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## CI/CD Pipeline



# Appendix

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## K8s + Kustomize 연동

- Kustomize → Manifest 파일 변경 자동 감지
  - | <https://kubernetes.io/ko/docs/tasks/manage-kubernetes-objects/kustomization/>
- Kustomize CLI 설치
  - | 설치 → <https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/kustomize/releases>
  - | Windows) choco install kustomize
  - | MacOS) brew install kustomize

# Appendix

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## K8s + Kustomize 연동

- Kustomize를 위한 폴더 구성

- | appcd-sample

```
./base
  - deployment.yml
  - kustomization.yml
  - service.yml
./kustomize1
  - application.properties
  - kustomization.yml
./kustomize2
  - deployment.yml
  - kustomization.yml
./kustomize3
  - kustomization.yml
./overlay/dev
  - kustomization.yml
```

```
resources:
  - deployment.yml
  - service.yml
apiVersion: kustomize.config.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: Kustomization
```

```
resources:
  - deployment.yml
configMapGenerator:
  - name: example-configmap-1
    files:
      - application.properties
```

# Appendix

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## K8s + Kustomize 연동

- Kustomize 설정 확인

- | kubectl kustomize ./kustomize1 (or ./kustomize)

```
▶ kubectl kustomize ./kustomize1
apiVersion: v1
data:
  application.properties: FOO=Bar
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  name: example-configmap-1-tcgd99d22m
```

- | kustomize build .

- Kustomize 적용 (Deployment에 적용)

- | kustomize **edit** set image 192.168.0.41/devops/cicd-web-project:newest

- | kubectl **apply** -k ./kustomize1 (or ./kustomize2 or ./kustomize3)



# Appendix

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## K8s + Kustomize + ArgoCD 연동

- Kustomize에서 변경 된 결과를 Git에 반영
  - | kubectl kustomize ./kustomize1 (or ./kustomize)

# Thank you

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- **Section 0: Introduction to Cloud Native Technologies**
- **Section 1: Docker Essentials - Container**
- **Section 2: Docker Essentials - Image**
- **Section 3: Docker Network and Storage**
- **Section 4: Building and Managing Containerized Application**
- **Section 5: Container Orchestration**
- **Section 6: Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment**
- **Section 7: Docker Security**
- **Section 8: Logging and Monitoring**
- **Section 9: Advanced Docker Usage**
- **Section 10: Capstone Project**

# Thank you

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