關於生命週期的一點事兒

The relationship of Lifetimes and DataFlow

Rnic / H.-S. Zheng *Aug 17, 2019 @ COSCUP*

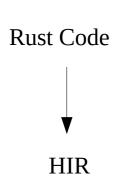
Audience

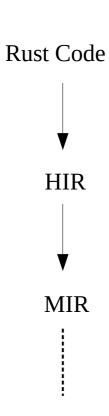
- 讀過 Rust Book
- 想要了解編譯器怎麼看待 Lifetimes
- 對編譯器有那麼一點興趣
- 想要輕鬆駕馭 Rust's Lifetimes
- 想要快快樂樂寫 Rust

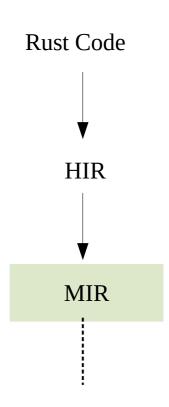
Outline

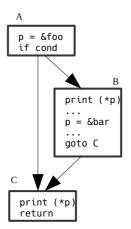
- 1. Introduction
 - Example1
 - Basic Lifetimes Concepts
- 2. Borrow Checker
 - Collaborate with Data Flow
 - Example2
 - Datafrog (a datalog engine used in Polonius)

Rust Code

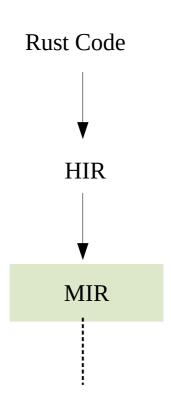


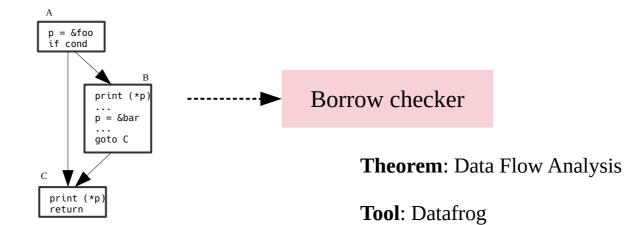




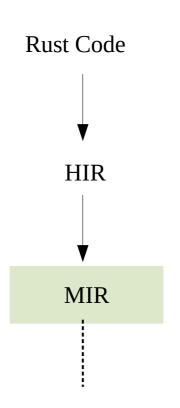


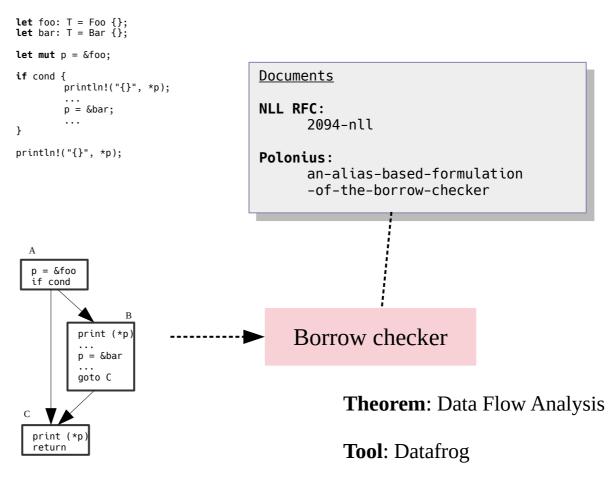
Control Flow Graph





Control Flow Graph





Control Flow Graph

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
   head
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                               cur
    head
                                             Some
                                              Box
                                                1
                                                             2
                                                           next
                                               next
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                               cur
    head
                                             Some
                                              Box
                                                1
                                                             2
                                                           next
                                               next
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                               cur
    head
                                             Some
                                              Box
                                                -2
                                                             2
                                                           next
                                               next
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                            cur
    head
                                             Some
                                              Box
                                                -2
                                                             2
                                                           next
                                               next
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
   head
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                   head
                                              mut borrow
   head
                                              cur
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                   head
                                              mut borrow
   head
                                              cur
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                   head
                                              mut borrow
   head
                                              cur
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                  head
                                             mut borrow
   head
                                             cur
                                          不再使用
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                  head
                                             mut borrow
   head
                                             cur
                                          不再使用
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
                                        `cur' only used here
    while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                   head
                                              mut borrow
   head
                                              cur
                                           不再使用
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
                                                      *cur, cur
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                  mut borrow
                                               nodeBox
```

```
fn list not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>
   let mut cur = &mut head;
   while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
                                                      *cur, cur
       nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
       cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                  mut borrow
                                               nodeBox
```

```
fn list_not(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>>

let mut cur = &mut head;

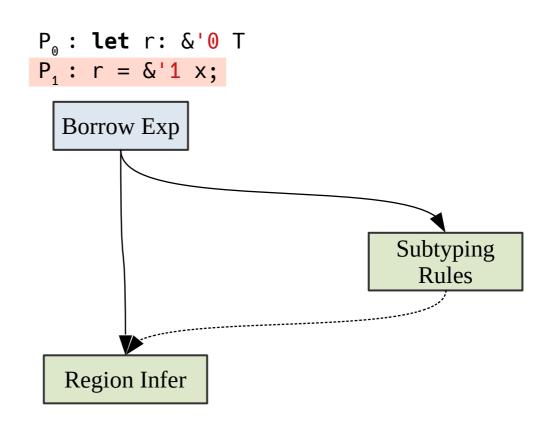
while let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
    nodeBox.val = !nodeBox.val;
    cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
}

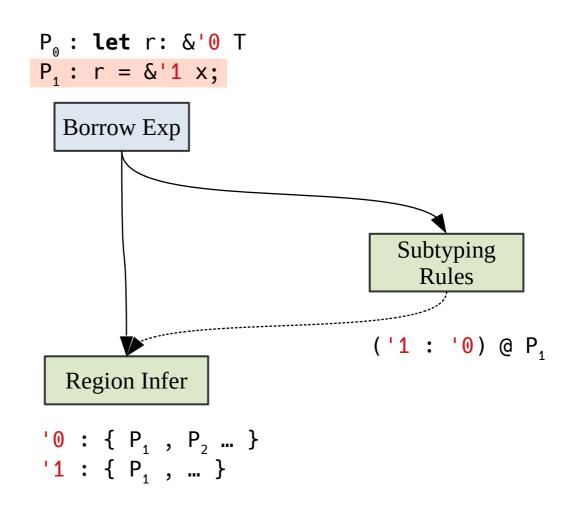
head

nodeBox
```

- 1. **nodeBox** finally used here
- 2. Assignment to `cur' killed the borrow expression

Borrow Exp

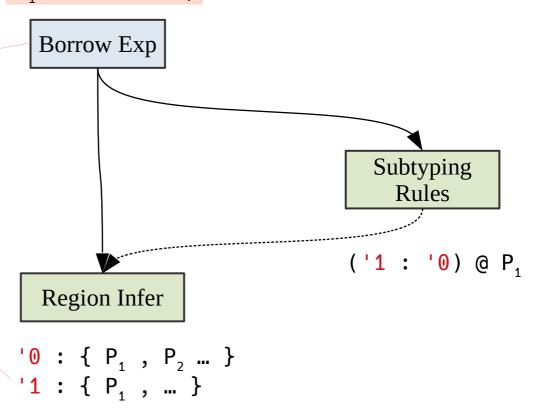


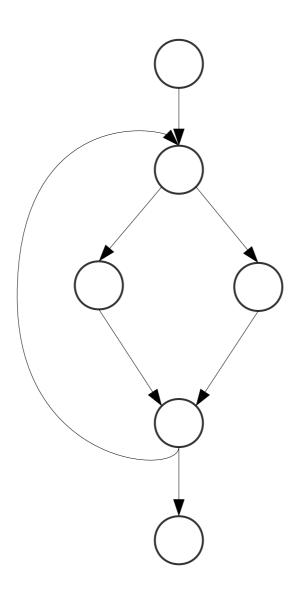


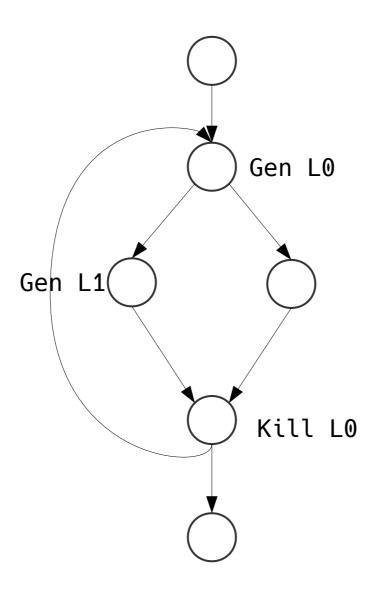
Each Borrow expression will corresponding to each Loan

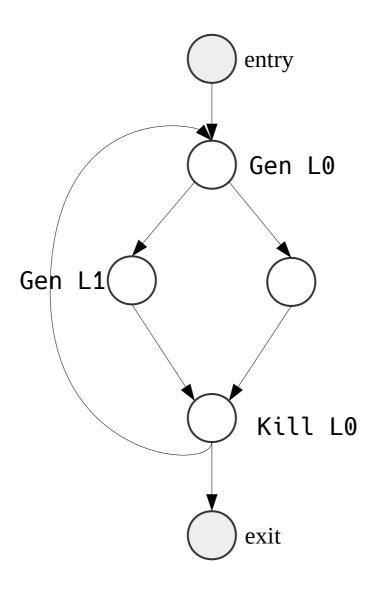
```
Loan LO {
    point: P<sub>1</sub>,
    path: x,
    kind: shared
    region: '1 {
        P<sub>1</sub> ...
    }
}
```

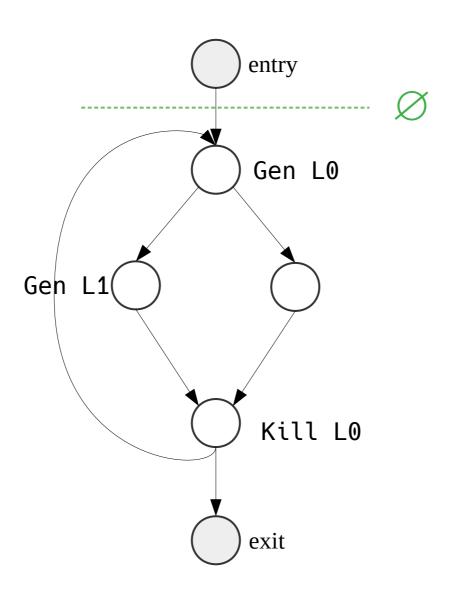
```
P_0: let r: &'0 T
P_1: r = &'1 x;
```

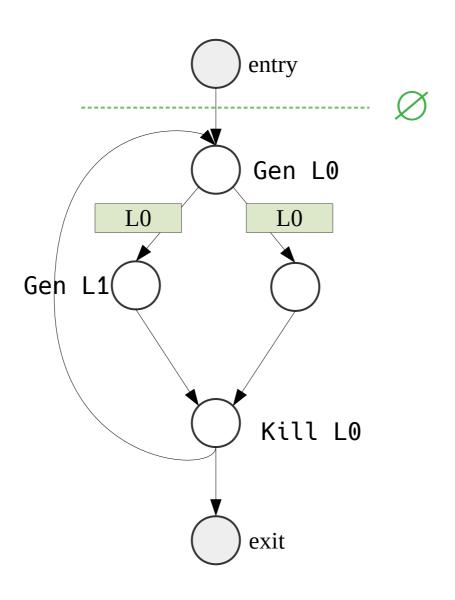


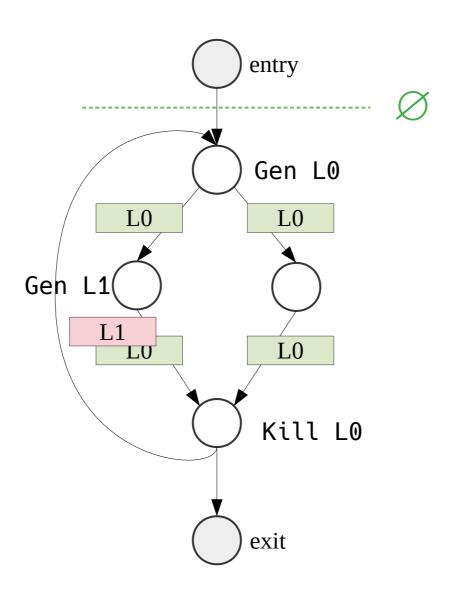


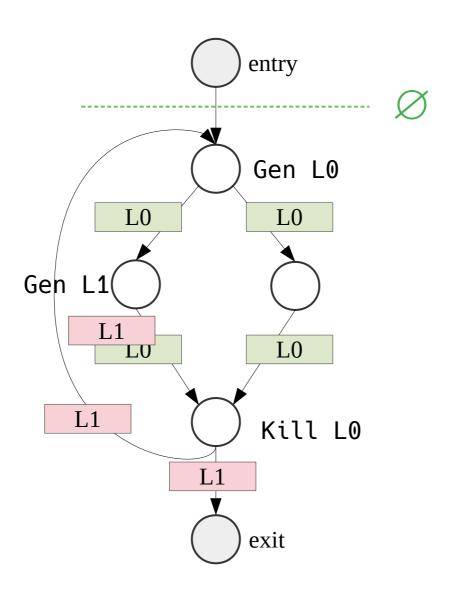




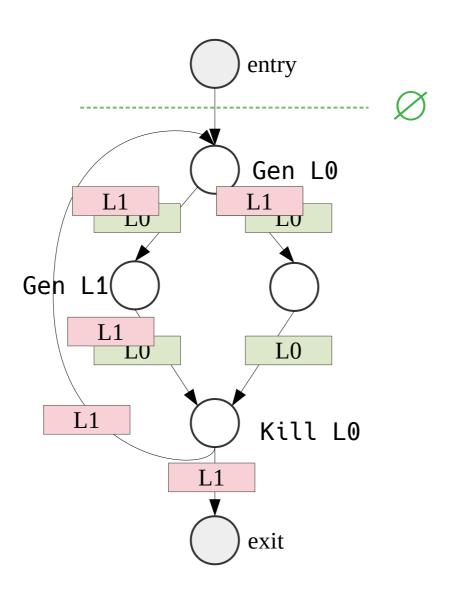




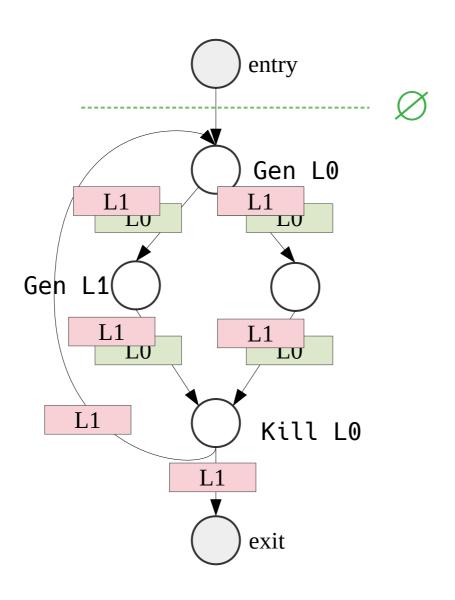




The Data Flow of the Loan



The Data Flow of the Loan



The Data Flow of the Loan

entry Gen L0 L1 L1 LU LU Gen L1 L1 L0LU L1 Kill L0 L1 exit

Key: which loan live at which points

When all the sets are stable, that's mean **the state is not changed anymore**, then the data flow computation is complete.

When to Gen, Kill

Gen Loan:

If it's a borrow expression, then gen a Loan

Kill Loan:

- 1) $LV = Loan_i$. path
- 2) point ∉ Loan, . region

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;

    if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;

        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
    }
}
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
                                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
}
                                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                     L2
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
}
                                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                     L2
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
                                    cur
                 Some
                   Box
                   next
                                    next
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
    if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
    }
}

Why L2' live at this point?
```

```
fn do_something(mut head: Option<Box<ListNode>>)
{
    let mut cur = &mut head;
   if let Some(nodeBox) = cur.as_mut() {
        cur = &mut nodeBox.next;
                                                     L2
        println!("{:?}", nodeBox);
}
                   Why L2' live at this point?
                   1. no assignment to { nodeBox, nodeBox.next }
                   2. `cur' will be used later
```

參考題目

Leetcode: remove linked list elements

Datafrog

The tool used in Rust's new borrow checker called Polonius

每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

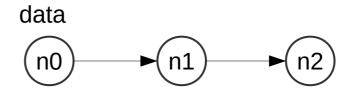
▶ 每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

▶ 每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

$$\frac{N(a,x)}{e(a,b)}$$

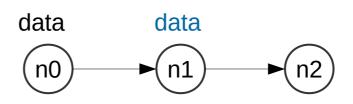
$$\frac{N(b,x)}{N(b,x)}$$



每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

$$\frac{N(a,x)}{e(a,b)}$$

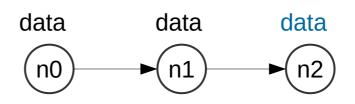
$$\frac{N(b,x)}{N(b,x)}$$



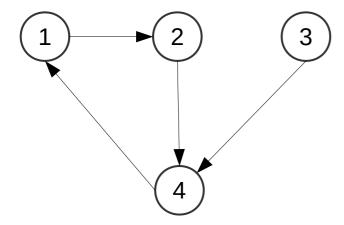
每次都往前推論一步,直到每個節點都達到穩態即推論完畢

$$\frac{N(a,x)}{e(a,b)}$$

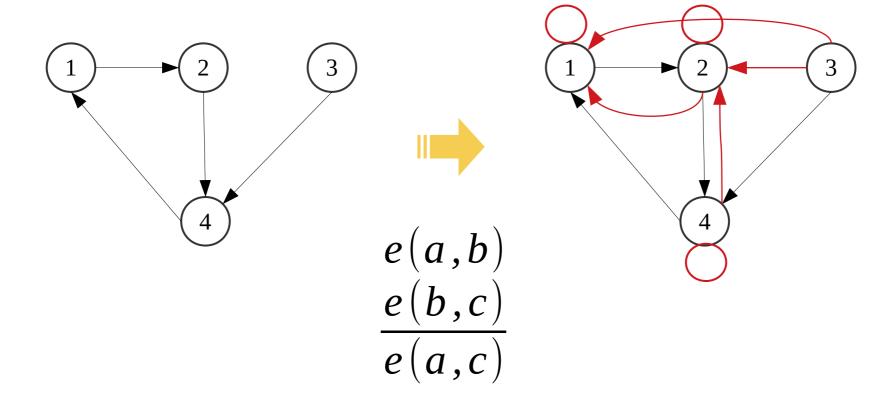
$$\frac{N(b,x)}{N(b,x)}$$



Example . Transitive Closure



Example . Transitive Closure



Implementation – Initial

```
// create a iteration context
let mut iteration = Iteration::new();
// create some variables for later use
let v_edges = iteration.variable::<(u32, u32)>("edges");
let v_redges = iteration.variable::<(u32, u32)>("reverse edges");
// load the initial variables
v edges.insert(edges.into());
// start iteration
while iteartion.changed() {
}
let result = v_edges.complete();
```

Implementation – Initial

```
// create a iteration context
let mut iteration = Iteration::new();
// create some variables for later use
let v_edges = iteration.variable::<(u32, u32)>("edges");
let v_redges = iteration.variable::<(u32, u32)>("reverse edges");
// load the initial variables
v edges.insert(edges.into());
// start iteration
while iteartion.changed() {
                        Writing Rules here
}
let result = v_edges.complete();
```

```
while iteration.changed() {
    // reverse edges for mapping
    v_redges.from_map(&v_edges, |&(a, b)| (b, a));

    // e(a,c) <- e(a,b), e(b,c)
    v_edges.from_join(&v_redges, &v_edges, |_b, &a, &c| (a, c));
}</pre>
```

```
while iteration.changed() {
    // reverse edges for mapping
    v_redges.from_map(&v_edges, |&(a, b)| (b, a));

    // e(a,c) <- e(a,b), e(b,c)
    v_edges.from_join(&v_redges, &v_edges, |_b, &a, &c| (a, c));
}</pre>
```

$$\frac{e(a,b)}{e(b,c)}$$

$$\frac{e(b,c)}{e(a,c)}$$

```
while iteration.changed() {
    // reverse edges for mapping
    v_redges.from_map(&v_edges, |&(a, b)| (b, a));
   // e(a,c) <- e(a,b), e(b,c)
   v_edges.from_join(&v_redges, &v_edges, |_b, &a, &c| (a, c));
}
```

$$\frac{e(a,b)}{e(b,c)} \qquad \qquad \frac{e(a,b)}{r(b,a)} \qquad \qquad \frac{e(b,a)}{e(a,c)}$$

$$r(b,a)$$
 $e(b,c)$
 $e(a,c)$

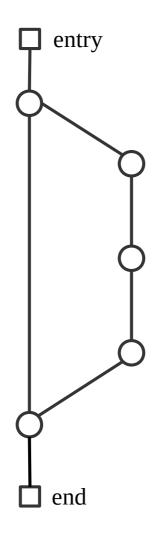
```
while iteration.changed() {
    // reverse edges for mapping
    v_redges.from_map(&v_edges, |&(a, b)| (b, a));

    // e(a,c) <- e(a,b), e(b,c)
    v_edges.from_join(&v_redges, &v_edges, |_b, &a, &c| (a, c));
}</pre>
```

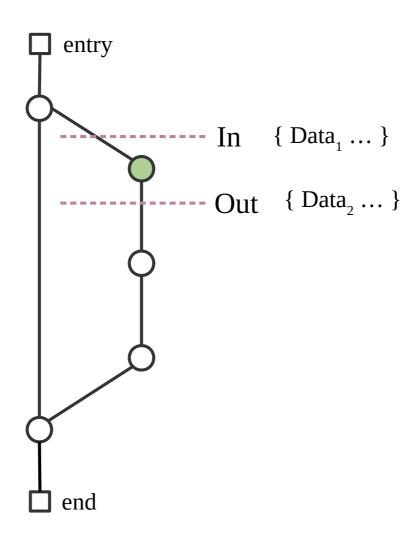
$$\frac{e(a,b)}{e(b,c)} \qquad \frac{e(a,b)}{r(b,a)} \qquad \frac{e(b,a)}{e(b,c)}$$

QA

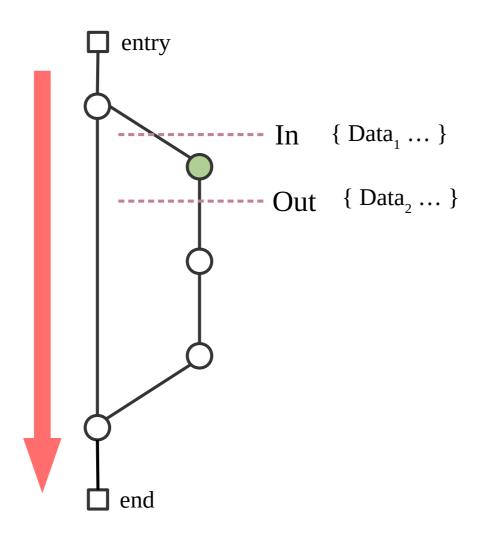
Data Flow Concepts <D, V, \land , F>



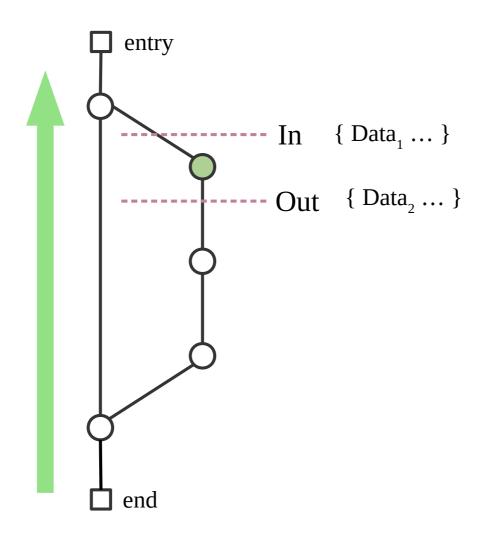
Data Flow Concepts <D, V, Λ , F>



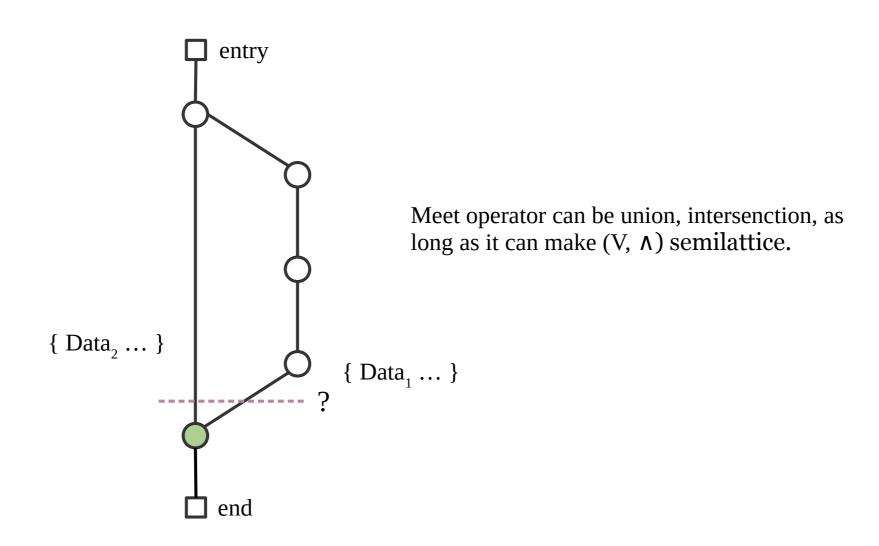
Data Flow Concepts $\langle \mathbf{D}, V, \Lambda, F \rangle$



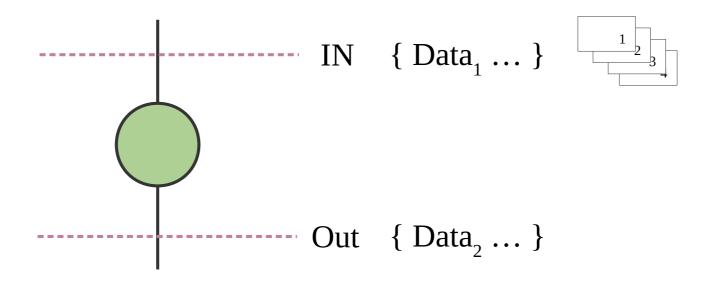
Data Flow Concepts $\langle \mathbf{D}, V, \Lambda, F \rangle$



Data Flow Concepts <D, V, ∧, F>



Data Flow Concepts $\langle D, V, \Lambda, F \rangle$



Data Flow Concepts $\langle D, V, \Lambda, F \rangle$

