Advanced Premium 2.11 Lesson 27

Exam Practice

Use of English 1 Speaking 2 Listening 1

Exam Technique

Use of English 3







What type of hotel is this? Would you like to have this experience?







Staying in a hotel made of ice

Our hosts welcomed their guests with warm drinks. They had fired up the sauna and soon we had all piled in. How the mood (11) as we warmed up. Supper was meat stew, which (12) faster than we could eat it.

1	Α	all	В	whole	С	amount	D	lot
2	Α	handful	В	set	C	pack	D	band
3	Α	styles	В	lines	С	models	D	ideas
4	A	providing	В	advertising	C	suggesting	D	offering
5	A	covers	В	layers	C	levels	D	wrappings
6	A	half	В	part	C	most	D	much
7	Α	running	В	splashing	C	dancing	D	hopping
8	Α	controlled	В	rationed	C	restrained	D	limited
9	A	takes	В	directs	С	leads	D	passes
10	A	involves	В	consists	C	includes	D	contains
11	Δ	lifted	B	rose	C	increased	D	climbed

Answers

1	A	all
2(A	handful
3	A	styles
4	A	providing
5	A	covers
6	A	half
7	A	running
8	A	controlled
9	Α	takes
10	A	involves
11	A	lifted

12 A melted

В	whole
В	set
В	lines
В	advertising
В	layers
В	part
В	splashing
B	rationed
В	directs
B	consists
В	rose
B	cooled

С	amount	(D	lot
C	pack		D	band
C	models		D	ideas
C	suggesting		D	offering
C	levels		D	wrappings
C	most		D	much
C	dancing		D	hopping
C	restrained		D	limited
C	leads		D	passes
C	includes		D	contains
C	increased		D	climbed
C	thawed		D	chilled



Speaking

Repair strategies

My _____ gone blank

It's ____ my mind

I've lost my ____ of thought.....

What I ____ is.....

The name for it is on the tip of my ____ ...

Repair strategies

My mind's gone blank

It's <u>slipped</u> my mind

I've lost my train of thought.....

What I <u>mean</u> is.....

The name for it is on the tip of my __tongue _...

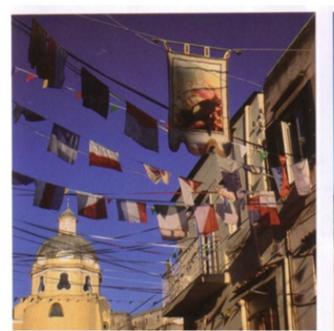
Speaking part 2

e feel like this?

What feelings are being expressed?
What might have made the people feel like this?





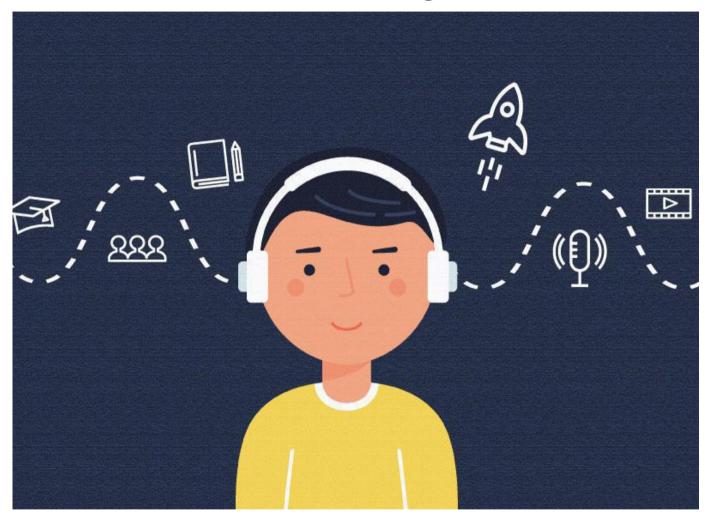




Why are the flags being used?
What effect might they have on people who see them?



Listening



Listening part 1

You hear part of a radio programme about making a cake called a Swiss Roll.

- 1 What did the man have to do before he could make the cake?
 - A make space in his kitchen
 - B choose the most suitable recipe
 - C buy the correct type of baking tray
 - 2 How did he feel while he was making the cake?
 - A confident that it would turn out well
 - B pleased to be trying something new
 - C surprised at how easy the process seemed to be



Extract Two

You hear part of an interview with the novelist Joanna Marley, who is talking about the notebooks she uses.

- 3 What does Joanna say about the notebook she's chosen for her next novel?
 - A It's taken a long time to find one she's happy with.
 - B Its outward appearance matches the novel 's theme.
 - C It's finally inspired her to start doing some research.
- 4 How does Joanna feel about her notebook once she is actually writing her novel?
 - A reluctant to follow her tutor's advice
 - B worried if she doesn't have it with her
 - C unwilling to make much reference to it

Extract Three

You hear a man and a woman discussing professional tennis players.

- 5 Which aspect of professional tennis would the woman find most stressful?
 - A the unpredictability of the weather
 - B the hostile comments from people in the crowd
 - C the loneliness of being on court for a long time
- 6 The man is particularly impressed by professional tennis players'
 - A use of relaxation techniques.
 - B mental preparation prior to the match.
 - C ability to stay calm at critical moments.

Answers

- 1. C
- 2. B
- 3. B
- 4. C
- 5. C
- 6. B

Paper 3 Part 3 Word formation

In Part 3 of the Use of English test (Paper 3), you are given a text. Most of the lines in this text contain one gap. At the end of the line is a word in capitals. You have to form a word from the same root as the word in capitals to fit the gap in that line.

	il-	im-	ir-	
We often use	before	e words beg	ginning with <i>m</i>	and p.
We often use	before	e words beg	ginning with <i>I</i> .	
We often use	before	e words beg	ginning with <i>r</i> .	

il- im- ir-

We often use $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ before words beginning with m and p.

We often use ____ before words beginning with /.

We often use $\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}}$ before words beginning with r.

Bear in mind that sometimes the words will need to have a prefix added to them. Add a negative prefix to the words below.

Verbs	Adjectives	Nouns
wrap	safe	appearance
ice	loyal	security
spell	sane	ease
tie	comfortable	comfort
entangle	European	mobility
understand	responsible	balance

Answers

Bear in mind that sometimes the words will need to have a prefix added to them. Add a negative prefix to the words below.

Verbs		Adjectives	Nouns
un wrap	un	safe	disappearance
de- ice	dis	loyal	in security
mis spell	in	sane	un ease
un tie	un	comfortable	discomfort
dis entangle u	n/noi	European	im mobility
mis understand	ı ir	responsible	im balance

List as many words as you can based on the words below.

a	law
b	hope
c	act
	press
e	centre
f	head
g	office
h	spoon
i	place
j	broad

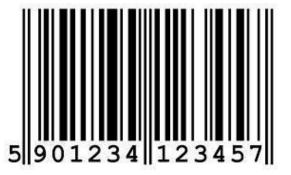
Here are some examples -can you add more?

List as many words as you can based on the words below.

a	law lawyer lawful unlawful lawfully lawfulness
b	hope unhopeful hopefulness hopelessness
c	act reaction proactive
d	press pressure depress
e	centre centring centred
	head headlong headline ahead
	office official officialdom
h	spoon spoonful spoonfed
i	place displaced placement
j	broad abroad broader broaden

The Inventor of the Bar Code

Although you may never have heard of Joe Woodland, you almost certainly use his invention on a (0) basis. DAY For Joe was the man who came up with the idea of the bar code - that little box containing parallel lines of (17) REGULAR width and (18) that you find on the packaging LONG of most products that are offered for sale at retail (19) LET world wide. Joe Woodland actually invented the bar code way back in 1949, when the manager of a supermarket in Philadelphia asked him to design an electronic (20) CHECK system which would be both simple and effective. The purpose of the bar code is to store (21) information CODED about the product, which (22) speeds up the POTENTIAL process of recording sales and restocking the shelves. The idea was way ahead of its time however, and didn't **APPLY** find any immediate practical (23) It was the (24) of laser gun technology decades later which ARRIVE allowed Joe's invention to come into everyday use.



Answers The Inventor of the Bar Code

Although you may never have heard of Joe Woodland, you almost certainly use his invention on a (0) basis. DAY For Joe was the man who came up with the idea of the bar REGULAR code - that little box containing parallel lines of (17) width and (18) that you find on the packaging LONG of most products that are offered for sale at retail (19) LET world wide. Joe Woodland actually invented the bar code way back in 1949, when the manager of a supermarket in Philadelphia asked him to design an electronic (20) CHECK system which would be both simple and effective. The purpose of the bar code is to store (21) information CODED about the product, which (22) speeds up the **POTENTIAL** process of recording sales and restocking the shelves. The idea was way ahead of its time however, and didn't find any immediate practical (23) It was the APPLY (24) of laser gun technology decades later which ARRIVE allowed Joe's invention to come into everyday use.

0. daily

17. irregular

18. length

19. outlets

20. checkout

21. encoded

22. potentially

23. application(s)

24. arrival

Are you up to date with your homework?

Platform -complete all homework

Examlabs - you need 80% of Listening and RUOE



