

# Verification Logics for Quantum Programs WPE-II

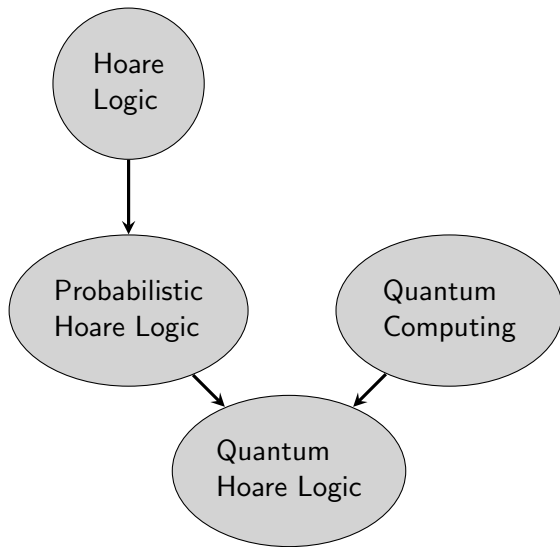
Robert Rand

University of Pennsylvania

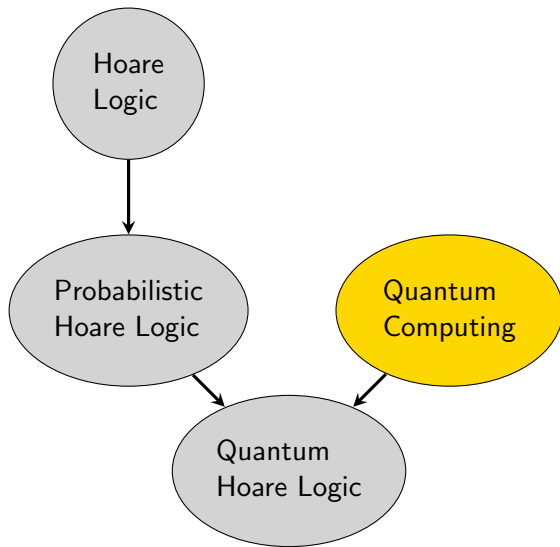
Saturday 7<sup>th</sup> May, 2016



# A Rough Outline



# Preliminaries: Quantum Computing



We have a function

$$f : \{0, 1\} \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$$

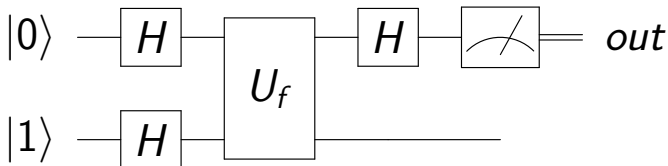
Is  $f$  constant?



Let  $f'(x, y) = (x, f(x) \oplus y)$

This allows us to represent  $f'$  as a *unitary* matrix  $U_f$ , such that  $U_f^\dagger U_f = I$ .





$$out = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } f \text{ is constant} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$|0\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$|0\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$



# Multibit States

$$|0\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

$$|1\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

$$(H \otimes H)(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle)$$



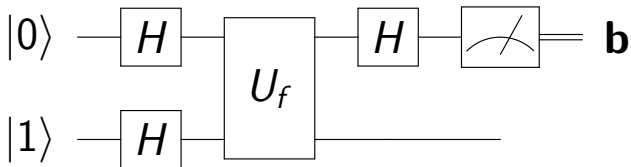
$$|0\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

$$|1\rangle \text{ --- } \boxed{H} \text{ ---}$$

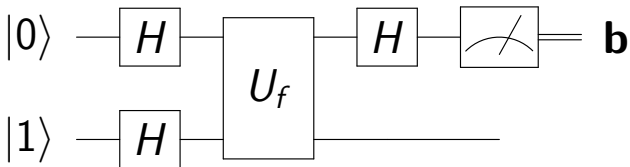
$$(H \otimes H)(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle) = H|0\rangle \otimes H|1\rangle$$



# Deutsch's Algorithm

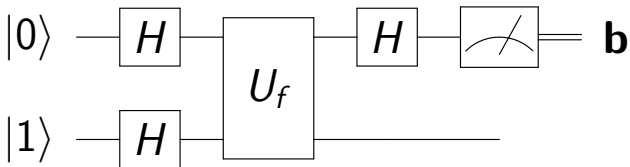


$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$$



$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$$

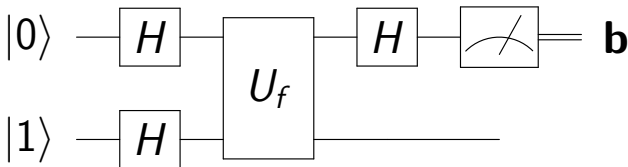
$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= H \otimes H;$$



$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= H \otimes H;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= U_f;$$



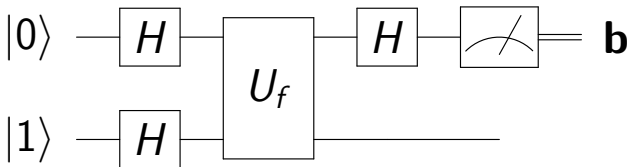
$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = H \otimes H;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = U_f;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 * = H;$$





$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$

$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= H \otimes H;$

$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= U_f;$

$\mathbf{q}_0 \ast= H;$

$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0)$



Where  $f(0) = f(1) = 1$  derive the following:

$\{\text{True}\}$

$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$

$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = H \otimes H;$

$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = U_f;$

$\mathbf{q}_0 * = H;$

$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0)$

$\{b = 0\}$



Where  $f(0) = f(1) = 1$  derive the following:

$$\{Pr(\text{True}) = 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 := |0\rangle, |1\rangle;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = H \otimes H;$$

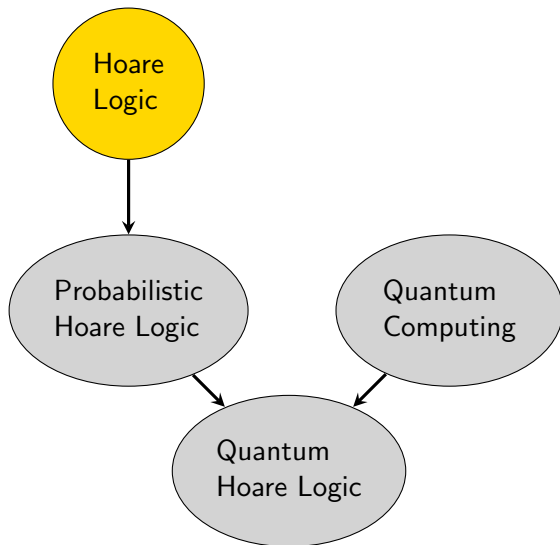
$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 * = U_f;$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 * = H;$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0)$$

$$\{Pr(\mathbf{b} = 0) = 1\}$$





$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$



$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$

$$\frac{P(\sigma) \quad c / \sigma \Downarrow \sigma'}{\quad}$$



$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$

$$\frac{P(\sigma) \quad c / \sigma \Downarrow \sigma'}{Q(\sigma')}$$



$$\{even(x)\} x := x + 1 \{odd(x)\}$$





$$\{even(x)\} \ x := x + 1 \ \{odd(x)\}$$

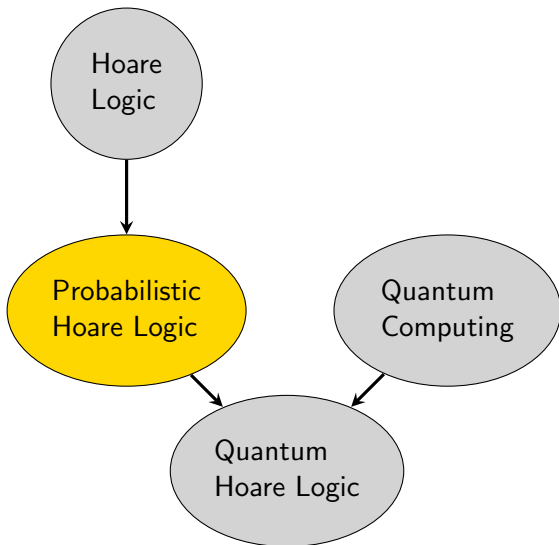
$$\frac{even(\sigma(x)) \quad x := x + 1 \ / \ \sigma \Downarrow \sigma'}{\quad}$$



$$\{even(x)\} x := x + 1 \{odd(x)\}$$

$$\frac{even(\sigma(x)) \quad x := x + 1 \ / \ \sigma \Downarrow \sigma'}{odd(\sigma'(x))}$$





$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$



$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$
$$? \quad c / \quad ? \quad \Downarrow \quad ?$$

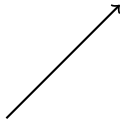


$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$

?

$c /$  ?  $\Downarrow$  ?

proposition?

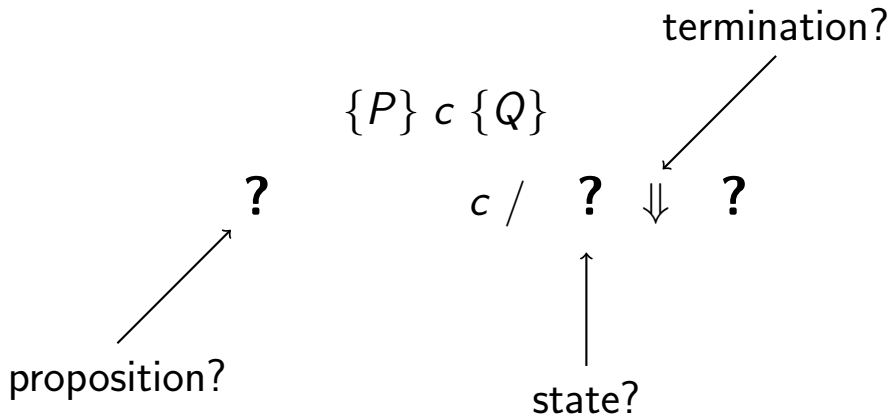


$$\{P\} c \{Q\}$$

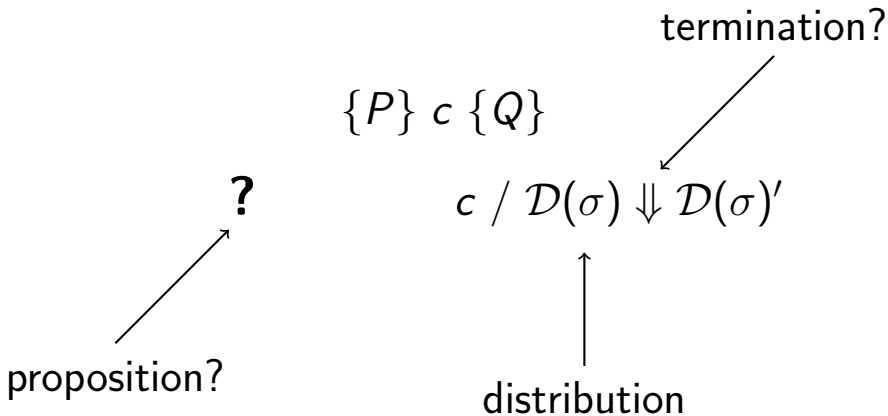
proposition?  $\nearrow$  ?

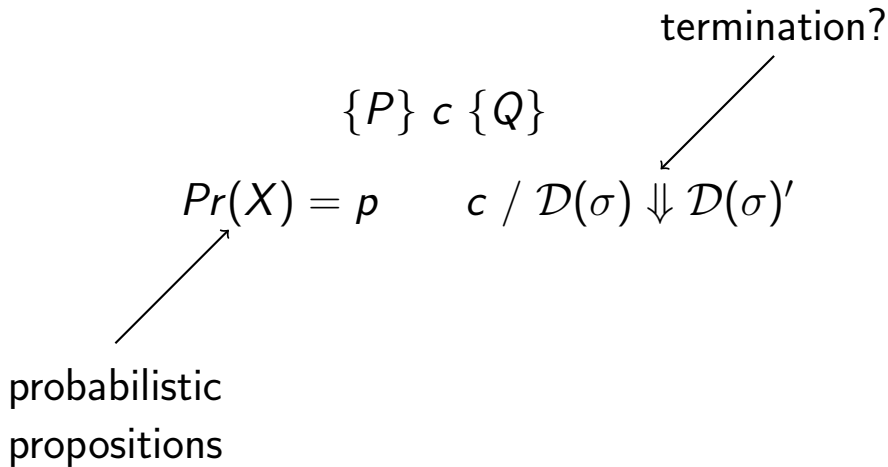
$c /$  ?  $\Downarrow$  ?  
 $\uparrow$   
state?











almost-sure  
termination

$$\{P\} \text{ c } \{Q\}$$

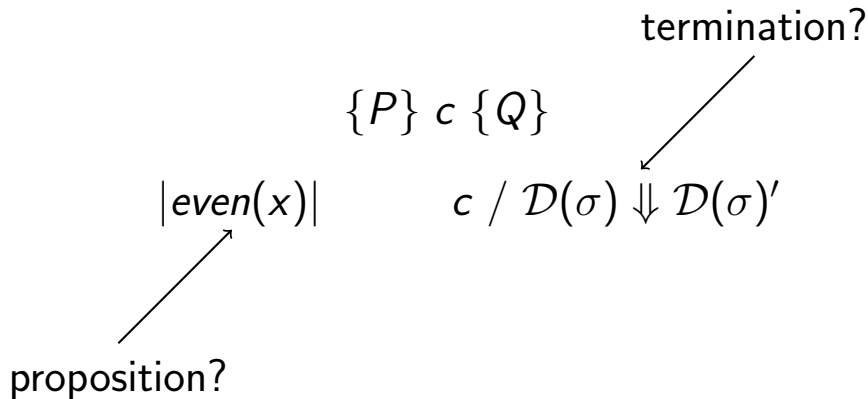
$$Pr(X) = p \quad \text{ c } / \mathcal{D}(\sigma) \Downarrow \mathcal{D}(\sigma)'$$

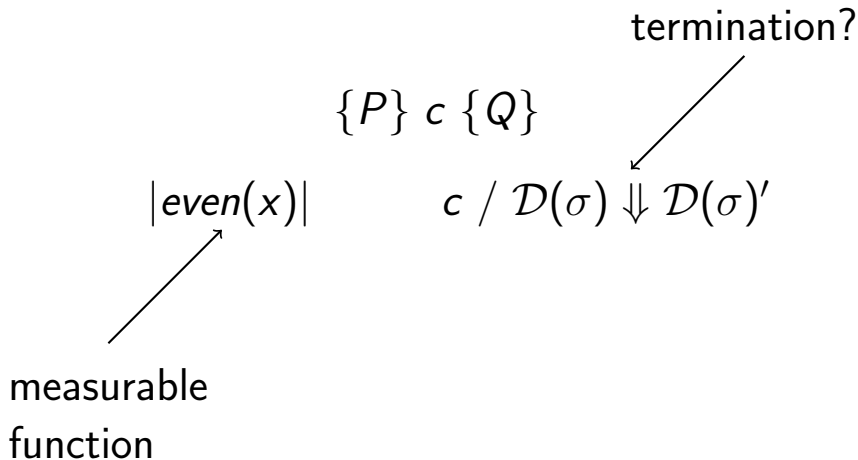
probabilistic  
propositions

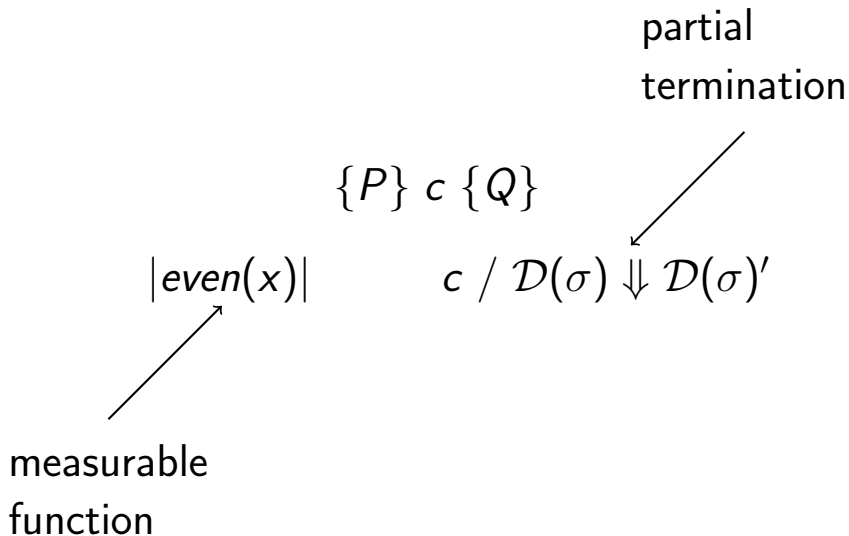


$$\begin{array}{c} \{ \textit{Pr}(\textit{even}(x)) = \frac{1}{3} \} \\ x := x + 1 \\ \{ \textit{Pr}(\textit{odd}(x)) = \frac{1}{3} \} \end{array}$$









$\{ \textit{even}(x) \}$  $x := x + 1$  $\{ \textit{odd}(x) \}$ 



$$\begin{array}{c} \{ \textit{even}(x) \} \\ x := x + 1 \\ \{ \textit{odd}(x) \} \end{array}$$

$$\forall \mathcal{D}, |\textit{even}(x)|(\mathcal{D}) \leq |\textit{odd}(x)|(\llbracket x := x + 1 \rrbracket \mathcal{D})$$



$$\begin{array}{l} \{ \textit{even}(x) \} \\ x := x + 1 \\ \{ \textit{odd}(x) \} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \forall \mathcal{D}, |\textit{even}(x)|(\mathcal{D}) \leq |\textit{odd}(x)|(\llbracket x := x + 1 \rrbracket \mathcal{D}) \\ \quad + \textit{probability of non-termination} \end{array}$$



**b** := toss( $p$ )



$$\overline{\{P_b^p\} \mathbf{b} := \text{toss}(p) \{P\}}$$



$$\overline{\{P_b^p\} \mathbf{b} := \text{toss}(p) \{P\}}$$

$$P_b^p = P[Pr(X) \mapsto p * Pr(X[\mathbf{b} \mapsto \mathbf{t}]) + (1 - p) * Pr(X[\mathbf{b} \mapsto \mathbf{f}])]$$



$$\left\{ \frac{2}{3} * Pr(\mathbf{t}) + \frac{1}{3} * Pr(\mathbf{f}) = \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{toss}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\{Pr(\mathbf{b}) = \frac{2}{3}\}$$



	Chadha	
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<sup>1</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

	Chadha	
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	

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<sup>1</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007



	Chadha	
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	
While Loops	None	

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While Loops	None	
WP-form	Yes	

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	Chadha	
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	
While Loops	None	
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	Almost <sup>1</sup>	

<sup>1</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

$$c_1 \oplus_{\frac{1}{3}} c_2$$

$$\frac{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \oplus_p \ c_2 \ \{Q_1 \ \oplus_p \ Q_2\}}$$

$$\frac{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \oplus_p \ c_2 \ \{p * Q_1 + (1 - p) * Q_2\}}$$

$$\frac{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \ c_1 \ \oplus_p \ c_2 \ \{p * Q_1 + (1 - p) * Q_2\}}$$

$$\mathcal{D} \models p * Q_1 + (1 - p) * Q_2$$

$$\equiv$$

$$\mathcal{D} = p * \mathcal{D}_1 + (1 - p) * \mathcal{D}_2 \text{ s.t.}$$

$$\mathcal{D}_1 \models Q_1 \text{ and } \mathcal{D}_2 \models Q_2$$



$$\frac{\{b?P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{\neg b?P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \text{ if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \ \{Q_1 + Q_2\}}$$



$$\frac{\{b?P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{\neg b?P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \text{ if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \ \{Q_1 + Q_2\}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{D} &\models b?P \\ &\equiv \\ \mathcal{D} &= b?\mathcal{D}^+ \text{ s.t. } \mathcal{D}^+ \models P \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{P \text{ invariant for } \langle b, c \rangle}{\{P\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \quad \{P \wedge Pr(b) = 0\}}$$

	Chadha	Den Hartog
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	
While Loops	None	
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	Almost <sup>2</sup>	

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<sup>2</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

	Chadha	Den Hartog
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	$c_1 \oplus_p c_2$
While Loops	None	
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	Almost <sup>2</sup>	

---

<sup>2</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

	Chadha	Den Hartog
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	$c_1 \oplus_p c_2$
While Loops	None	Yes
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	Almost <sup>2</sup>	

---

<sup>2</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

	Chadha	Den Hartog
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	$c_1 \oplus_p c_2$
While Loops	None	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No
Complete	Almost <sup>2</sup>	

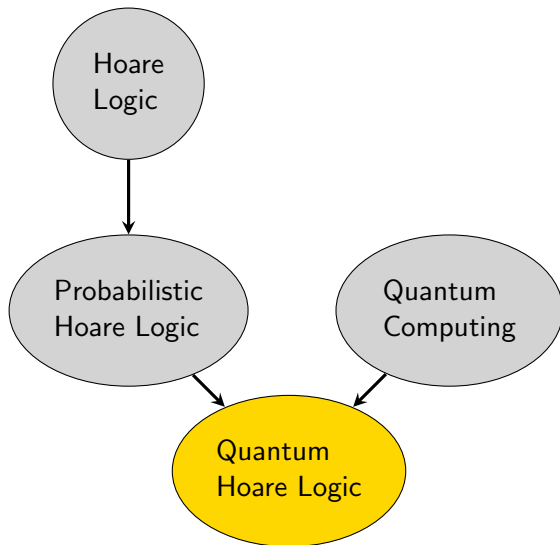
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<sup>2</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007

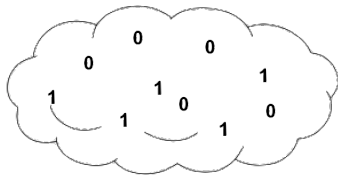
	Chadha	Den Hartog
Probability	$b := \text{toss}(p)$	$c_1 \oplus_p c_2$
While Loops	None	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No
Complete	Almost <sup>2</sup>	No

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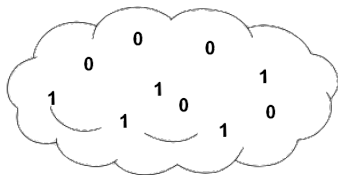
<sup>2</sup>Complete version in Chadha et al. 2007







**b** := toss( $p$ )



$\mathbf{b} := \text{toss}(p)$

$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q})$



# Problems of Measurement



$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q})$



$\mathbf{b} := \text{toss}(p)$

$$Pr(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$Pr(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

- Could correspond to the amplitude  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  or  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



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- Could also correspond to a *distribution* over  $\mathbf{q}$



$$Pr(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

- Could correspond to the amplitude  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  or  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- Could also correspond to a *distribution* over  $\mathbf{q}$
- Neglects entanglement



$$Pr(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

- Could correspond to the amplitude  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  or  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- Could also correspond to a *distribution* over  $\mathbf{q}$
- Neglects entanglement
- Really want to describe *vectors* or *matrices*





$$\mathcal{D}(\sigma, |\psi\rangle)$$

$\sigma$  : map from identifiers to  $\mathbb{N}$

$|\psi\rangle$  : pure state



## Quantum Commands

$$U ::= I \mid H : \mathbf{q} \mid H : \mathbf{qn} \mid \sigma_x : \mathbf{q} \mid \sigma_x : \mathbf{qn}(e, e) \mid \\ \text{qif } \mathbf{q} \text{ then } U \text{ else } U \mid UU$$

## Classical Commands

$$c ::= U \mid \text{skip} \mid \mathbf{b} := b \mid \mathbf{n} := e \mid c ; c \mid \\ \text{if } \mathbf{b} \text{ then } c \text{ else } c \mid \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{qn})$$


$$Pr(\mathbf{n} = 4) = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$Pr(\mathbf{n} = 4) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Pr(\langle \mathbf{q}_1 : 0, \mathbf{q}_2 : 1 \mid \mathbf{t} \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) = \frac{1}{3}$$



$$\frac{}{\{P[P(x) \mapsto m_1^{\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{q}}(x) + m_0^{\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{q}}(x)]\} \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}) \{P\}}$$

Where  $m_1^{\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{q}}(x)$ :



$$\frac{}{\{P[P(x) \mapsto m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x) + m_0^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)]\} \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}) \{P\}}$$

Where  $m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)$ :

- Scales by the probability of the outcome 1



$$\overline{\{P[P(x) \mapsto m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x) + m_0^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)]\} \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}) \{P\}}$$

Where  $m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)$ :

- Scales by the probability of the outcome 1
- Sets the amplitudes of all  $\mathbf{q} : 0$  valuations to 0



$$\frac{}{\{P[P(x) \mapsto m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x) + m_0^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)]\} \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}) \{P\}}$$

Where  $m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)$ :

- Scales by the probability of the outcome 1
- Sets the amplitudes of all  $\mathbf{q} : 0$  valuations to 0
- Scales up the amplitudes of all  $\mathbf{q} : 0$  valuations





$$\frac{}{\{P[P(x) \mapsto m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x) + m_0^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)]\} \mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}) \{P\}}$$

Where  $m_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(x)$ :

- Scales by the probability of the outcome 1
- Sets the amplitudes of all  $\mathbf{q} : 0$  valuations to 0
- Scales up the amplitudes of all  $\mathbf{q} : 0$  valuations
- Replaces all instances of  $\mathbf{b}$  with  $t$



$$\overline{\{P[\langle\omega|t\rangle \mapsto \langle U\omega|t\rangle]\} \cup \{P\}}$$



$$\overline{\{P[\langle \omega | t \rangle \mapsto \langle U\omega | t \rangle]\} \cup \{P\}}$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle 1 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1)\}$$

$$H : q$$

$$\{\Box(\langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1)\}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \{ \Box(\langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1) \rightarrow \\
& \{ \Box(\tfrac{1}{2} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle + \tfrac{1}{2} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1) \} \rightarrow \\
& \{ \Box(\tfrac{1}{2} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle + \tfrac{1}{2} \langle 1 | \mathbf{t} \rangle + \tfrac{1}{2} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle - \tfrac{1}{2} \langle 1 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1) \} \\
& \quad H : q \\
& \{ \Box(\tfrac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle + \tfrac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle 1 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1) \} \\
& \quad H : q \\
& \{ \Box(\langle 0 | \mathbf{t} \rangle = 1) \}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\{\Box(\langle 01 | t \rangle = 1)\}$$

$$H_2 : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$U_f : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$H : \mathbf{q}_0;$$

$$\{\Box(|\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{1 * Pr((0 = 0) \wedge 1 * |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + 1 * |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) + Pr(\dots) = 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0);$$

$$\{Pr((\mathbf{b} = 0) \wedge |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) = 1\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{\Box(\mathbf{b} = 0)\}$$



$$\{\Box(\langle 01 | t \rangle = 1)\}$$

$$H_2 : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

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$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$H : \mathbf{q}_0;$$

$$\{\Box(|\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{1 * Pr((0 = 0) \wedge 1 * |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + 1 * |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) + Pr(\dots) = 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0);$$

$$\{Pr((\mathbf{b} = 0) \wedge |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) = 1\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{\Box(\mathbf{b} = 0)\}$$



$$\{\Box(\langle 01 | t \rangle = 1)\}$$

$$H_2 : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$U_f : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$H : \mathbf{q}_0;$$

$$\{\Box(|\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{1 * Pr((0 = 0) \wedge 1 * |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + 1 * |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) + Pr(\dots) = 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0);$$

$$\{Pr((\mathbf{b} = 0) \wedge |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) = 1\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{\Box(\mathbf{b} = 0)\}$$



$$\{\Box(\langle 01 | t \rangle = 1)\}$$

$$H_2 : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$U_f : (\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1);$$

$$\{\Box(\frac{1}{2}(|\langle 00 | t \rangle + \langle 10 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle + \langle 11 | t \rangle|^2 = 1))\}$$

$$H : \mathbf{q}_0;$$

$$\{\Box(|\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{1 * Pr((0 = 0) \wedge 1 * |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + 1 * |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) + Pr(\dots) = 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{b} := \text{measure}(\mathbf{q}_0);$$

$$\{Pr((\mathbf{b} = 0) \wedge |\langle 00 | t \rangle|^2 + |\langle 01 | t \rangle|^2 = 1) = 1\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{\Box(\mathbf{b} = 0)\}$$





# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language			
Assertions			
Objects			
While Rule			
WP-form			
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions			
Objects			
While Rule			
WP-form			
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
Objects			
While Rule			
WP-form			
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
Objects	Ensembles		
While Rule			
WP-form			
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
Objects	Ensembles		
While Rule	None		
WP-form			
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
Objects	Ensembles		
While Rule	None		
WP-form	Yes		
Complete			



# Comparison

	EEQPL		
Language	Classical		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
Objects	Ensembles		
While Rule	None		
WP-form	Yes		
Complete	No		



$c ::= \text{skip} \mid c ; c \mid \text{bit } \mathbf{b} \mid \text{qbit } \mathbf{q} \mid \text{discard } \mathbf{q}$   
 $\mid \mathbf{b} := 0 \mid \mathbf{b} := 1 \mid \vec{\mathbf{q}} * = U \mid \text{while } \mathbf{b} \text{ do } c$   
 $\text{if } \mathbf{b} \text{ then } c \text{ else } c \mid \text{measure } \mathbf{q} \text{ then } c \text{ else } c$





$$\begin{aligned}
 c ::= & \text{skip} \mid c ; c \mid \text{bit } \mathbf{b} \mid \text{qbit } \mathbf{q} \mid \text{discard } \mathbf{q} \\
 & \mid \mathbf{b} := 0 \mid \mathbf{b} := 1 \mid \vec{\mathbf{q}} * = U \mid \text{while } \mathbf{b} \text{ do } c \\
 & \text{if } \mathbf{b} \text{ then } c \text{ else } c \mid \text{measure } \mathbf{q} \text{ then } c \text{ else } c
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\llbracket c \rrbracket : A \rightarrow A$$



$$|\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = |\psi\rangle \times |\psi\rangle^\dagger$$



$$|\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = |\psi\rangle \times |\psi\rangle^\dagger$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$



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$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\sum_i p_i |\psi_i\rangle\langle\psi_i|$$

where

$$Pr(|\psi_i\rangle) = p_i \text{ \& } \sum_i p_i = 1$$



$$\sum_i p_i |\psi_i\rangle\langle\psi_i|$$

where

$$Pr(|\psi_i\rangle) = p_i \text{ \& } \sum_i p_i \leq 1$$



$$Pr(\mathbf{q}) = p$$



$$\overline{\{\vec{q} U^\dagger P\} \vec{q} * = U \{P\}}$$





$$\overline{\{\vec{q} U^\dagger P\} \vec{q} * = U \{P\}}$$

$$A \models UP$$

$$\equiv$$

$$A = (U \otimes I)A'(U^\dagger \otimes I) \text{ s.t. } A' \models P$$



$$\frac{\{^q|1\rangle\langle 0|P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{^q|1\rangle\langle 1|P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \text{ measure } q \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \ \{Q_1 + Q_2\}}$$



$$\frac{\{^q|1\rangle\langle 0|P\} \ c_1 \ \{Q_1\} \quad \{^q|1\rangle\langle 1|P\} \ c_2 \ \{Q_2\}}{\{P\} \text{ if } q \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \ \{Q_1 + Q_2\}}$$



$$\frac{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 1) = 1\} \text{ c } \{P\}}{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(t) = 1\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 0) = 1\}}$$



$$\frac{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 1) = 1\} \text{ c } \{P\}}{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(t) = 1\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 0) = 1\}}$$

Subject to the following conditions:



$$\frac{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 1) = 1\} \text{ c } \{P\}}{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(t) = 1\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 0) = 1\}}$$

Subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The invariant  $P$  has no negation, disjunction or existentials.



$$\frac{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 1) = 1\} \text{ c } \{P\}}{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(t) = 1\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 0) = 1\}}$$

Subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The invariant  $P$  has no negation, disjunction or existentials.
- 2 The program always terminates.



$$\frac{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 1) = 1\} \text{ c } \{P\}}{\{P \wedge \text{Pr}(t) = 1\} \text{ while } b \text{ do } \text{ c } \{P \wedge \text{Pr}(b = 0) = 1\}}$$

Subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The invariant  $P$  has no negation, disjunction or existentials.
- 2 The program always terminates.
- 3 The guard is independent of all other variables.





$\{Pr(\text{True}) = 1\}$   
qbit  $\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1$ ;  
 $\{Pr(q_0 = 0 \wedge q_1 = 0) = 1\} \rightarrow$   
 $\{(H \otimes I)U_f H_2(I \otimes N)Pr(\mathbf{q}_0 = 0) = 1\}$   
 $\mathbf{q}_1 \ast= N$ ;  
 $\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= H_2$ ;  
 $\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast= U_f$ ;  
 $\mathbf{q}_0 \ast= H$ ;  
 $\{Pr(\mathbf{q}_0 = 0) = 1\}$   
measure  $\mathbf{q}_0$  then  $\mathbf{b} := 1$  else  $\mathbf{b} := 0$   
 $\{Pr(\mathbf{b} = 0) = 1\}$



	EEQPL	QHL	
Language	Classical + Quantum		
Objects	Ensembles		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
While Rule	None		
WP-form	Yes		
Complete	No		



	EEQPL	QHL	
Language	Classical + Quantum	"Classical" + Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles		
Assertions	Truth Functional		
While Rule	None		
WP-form	Yes		
Complete	No		



	EEQPL	QHL	
Language	Classical + Quantum	"Classical" + Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional		
While Rule	None		
WP-form	Yes		
Complete	No		



	EEQPL	QHL
Language	Classical + Quantum	“Classical” + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional
While Rule	None	
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	No	



	EEQPL	QHL
Language	Classical + Quantum	"Classical" + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional
While Rule	None	Limited
WP-form	Yes	
Complete	No	



	EEQPL	QHL
Language	Classical + Quantum	“Classical” + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional
While Rule	None	Limited
WP-form	Yes	No
Complete	No	



	EEQPL	QHL	
Language	Classical + Quantum	"Classical" + Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	
While Rule	None	Limited	
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	





## Truth Functional

- Propositions over states.

## Arithmetic

- Propositions over states.



## Truth Functional

- Propositions over states.
- Propositions about probabilities over states.

## Arithmetic

- Propositions over states.
- Measurable functions over distributions.



## Truth Functional

- Propositions over states.
- Propositions about probabilities over states.
- Propositions about probabilities over quantum (and classical) states.

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- Propositions over states.
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## Truth Functional

- Propositions over states.
- Propositions about probabilities over states.
- Propositions about probabilities over quantum (and classical) states.

## Arithmetic

- Propositions over states.
- Measurable functions over distributions.
- Bounded positive operators over density matrices<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>3</sup>D'Hondt and Panangaden, 2006



Defined via the Löwner partial order:

$$\begin{aligned} 0_{H_x} \sqsubseteq M \sqsubseteq I_{H_x} \\ \equiv \\ \operatorname{tr}(0\rho) \leq \operatorname{tr}(M\rho) \leq \operatorname{tr}(I\rho) \end{aligned}$$

for all density matrices  $\rho$  over  $H_x$ .



Defined via the Löwner partial order:

$$\begin{aligned} 0_{H_x} \sqsubseteq M \sqsubseteq I_{H_x} \\ \equiv \\ 0 \leq \operatorname{tr}(M\rho) \leq \operatorname{tr}(\rho) \end{aligned}$$

for all density matrices  $\rho$  over  $H_x$ .



Propositional  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \sigma, P(\sigma) \rightarrow Q(\llbracket c \rrbracket \sigma)$$

Probabilistic  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \mathcal{D}, P(\mathcal{D}) \leq Q(\llbracket c \rrbracket \mathcal{D})$$

Quantum  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \rho, \text{tr}(P\rho) \leq \text{tr}(Q\llbracket c \rrbracket \rho)$$





Propositional  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \sigma, P(\sigma) \rightarrow Q(\llbracket c \rrbracket \sigma) \vee \uparrow$$

Probabilistic  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \mathcal{D}, P(\mathcal{D}) \leq Q(\llbracket c \rrbracket \mathcal{D}) + Pr(\uparrow)$$

Quantum  $\{P\} c \{Q\}$ :

$$\forall \rho, tr(P\rho) \leq tr(Q\llbracket c \rrbracket \rho) + tr(\uparrow)$$



$$c ::= \text{skip} \mid c ; c \mid \mathbf{q} := 0 \mid \vec{\mathbf{q}} * = U \mid$$
$$\text{measure } M[\vec{\mathbf{q}}] : \vec{c} \mid \text{while } M[\vec{\mathbf{q}}] \text{ do } c$$


$$\overline{\{U^\dagger P U\} \vec{\mathbf{q}} * = U \{P\}}$$



$$\frac{\forall m, \{P_m\} \ c_m \ \{Q\}}{\{\sum_m M_m^\dagger P_m M_m\} \text{ measure } M[\mathbf{q}] \ : \ \vec{c} \ \{Q\}}$$



$$\frac{\{Q\} c \{M_0^\dagger P M_0 + M_1^\dagger Q M_1\}}{\{M_0^\dagger P M_0 + M_1^\dagger Q M_1\} \text{ while } M[\vec{a}] \text{ do } c \{P\}}$$



While End:  $\langle \text{while } M[\vec{\mathbf{q}}] \text{ do } \vec{c}, \rho \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{skip}, M_0 \rho M_0^\dagger \rangle$

While Loop:  $\langle \text{while } M[\vec{\mathbf{q}}] \text{ do } \vec{c}, \rho \rangle \rightarrow$

$\langle c ; \text{while } M[\vec{\mathbf{q}}] \text{ do } \vec{c}, M_1 \rho M_1^\dagger \rangle$



We want to show that:

$$\forall \rho, \llbracket \text{deutsch} \rrbracket \rho = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho'$$

for some  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $\rho'$ , hence:

$$\forall \rho, \text{tr}(I_4 \rho) \leq \text{tr}((|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes I_2) \llbracket c \rrbracket \rho)$$



We want to show that:

$$\forall \rho, \llbracket \text{deutsch} \rrbracket \rho = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho'$$

for some  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $\rho'$ , hence:

$$\forall \rho, \text{tr}(I_4 \rho) \leq \text{tr}(|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes I_2) \llbracket c \rrbracket \rho$$

$$P = I_4 \quad Q = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes I_2$$





$$\{I_4\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{|0\rangle_1 \langle 0| |0\rangle_2 \langle 0| (|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2) |0\rangle_2 \langle 0| |0\rangle_1 + \dots\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 := 0; \mathbf{q}_1 := 0$$

$$\{(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)\} \rightarrow \{(I_4 \otimes N) |0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2 (I_4 \otimes N)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 \ast = N$$

$$\{(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{H_2(I_2 \otimes N)(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)(I_2 \otimes N)H_2\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast = H_2;$$

$$\{(I_2 \otimes N)(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)(I_2 \otimes N)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast = U_f;$$

$$\{(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 \ast = H$$

$$\{|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2\}$$



$$\{I_4\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{|0\rangle_1 \langle 0| |0\rangle_2 \langle 0| (|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2) |0\rangle_2 \langle 0| |0\rangle_1 + \dots\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 := 0; \mathbf{q}_1 := 0$$

$$\{(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)\} \rightarrow \{(I_4 \otimes N) |0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2 (I_4 \otimes N)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 \ast = N$$

$$\{(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\{H_2(I_2 \otimes N)(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)(I_2 \otimes N)H_2\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast = H_2;$$

$$\{(I_2 \otimes N)(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)(I_2 \otimes N)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1 \ast = U_f;$$

$$\{(H \otimes I_2)(|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2)(H \otimes I_2)\}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_0 \ast = H$$

$$\{|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes I_2\}$$



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	
While Rule	None	Limited	
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	~Classical +Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	
While Rule	None	Limited	
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical +Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	
While Rule	None	Limited	
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic
While Rule	None	Limited	
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	
Complete	No	No	



# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical +Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes
Complete	No	No	





# Comparison

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes
Complete	No	No	Yes



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	qPD+
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Complete	No	No	Yes	Yes





# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Complete	No	No	Yes	



# What's Next?

	EEQPL	QHL	qPD	QLNext
Language	Classical + Quantum	$\sim$ Classical + Quantum	Quantum	Classical + Quantum
Objects	Ensembles	Density Matrices	Density Matrices	Density Matrices + ?
Assertions	Truth Functional	Truth Functional	Arithmetic	Truth Functional?
While Rule	None	Limited	Yes	Yes
WP-form	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Complete	No	No	Yes	Yes



Thank You

