**INF1511 Unit 1 Visual Programming I** 

**Environment Set Up**& Data Operations

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# Unit 1 Describe the programming concepts for computing including performing arithmetic operations

- Python and its features are explained
- Python is installed on different platforms
- Python can be interacted with through Command Line Mode
- Program is written in Python.
- Comments, continuation lines and printing messages.
- Arithmetic operations are performed.

#### **Overview**

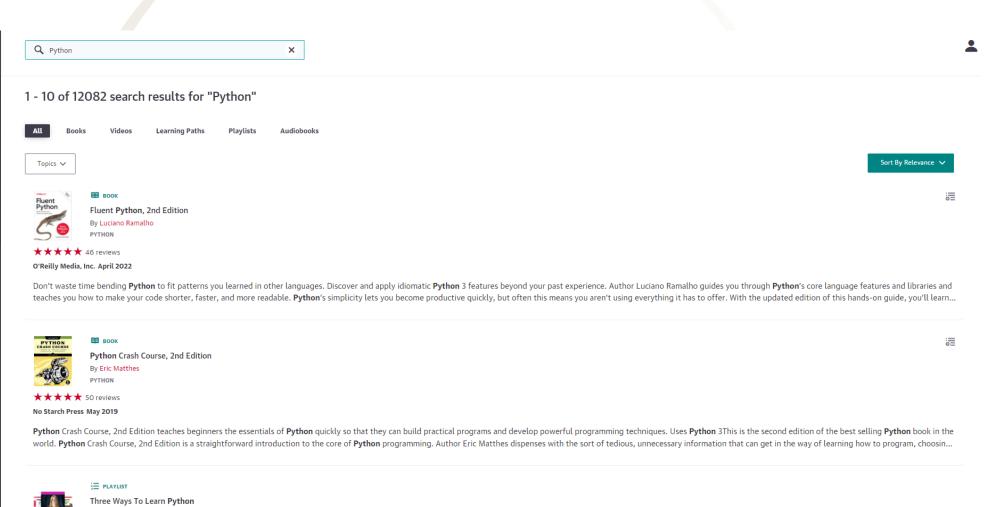
- Environment. Set up of programming environment.
- Resources. The use of Unisa library. Python basics.
- Theory of data and data operations in programming.
- Assessment of learning in this unit.
- Practical application (and demonstration) of data and data operations in programming.

#### **Environment**

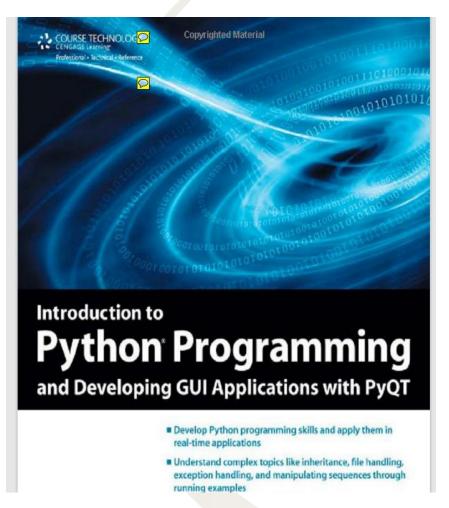
- Please read the read-me-first document.
- On the internet, find ANACONDA installation.
- Install ANACONDA
- You are welcome to use any Python programming environment (HOWEVER only Anaconda is used in the teaching and learning and is supported in INF1511).

# Resources Python Books See Safari Additional Books

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#### Additional resources (theory)



#### Theory – What is programming?

- Problem solving. There is a problem.
- A system. Input, process and output.
- Where shall we start?
- Programming principles.
- Programming language used to solve a problem by applying the programming principles.
- Perseverance, practise, practise, ...persistence

#### Theory – the elements

- The literals
- The variables
- The keywords

# Naming and using variables easier to read and understand

- Letters, numbers and underscores. Cannot start with a number.
- Use underscores NOT spaces.
- NO keywords.
- Meaningful names.
- Upper and lower case.

#### Which are ok variable names?

- 1\_myname
- Hername\_1
- name surname
- name\_surname
- print
- The\_length\_of\_the\_surname
- I\_n

#### **Programming elements - Comments**

- Comments ensure that code is more readable (by humans ☺).
- Useful, re-useable.
- Developing good programming habits start today. Programming gets complicated, and programming teams get VERY large! Errors get expensive!
- Lots of comments, lots of back-ups ...

## Theory – Data, Data types and Operations (store data and use data)

- 1. Integers: 1,2,3,
- 2. Real (floating): 4.2 .... 78.989
- 3. Boolean: True / False
- 4. Complex numbers (real and imaginary part)
- 5. Strings: 'December' 'Mary' (quotes, immutable (cannot modify existing string))
- 6. Lists (ordered sequence), tuples (ordered, immutable), sets (unordered) and dictionaries
- 7. Operations: what you DO with the data.
- 8. Number data types. Add, Subtract, Multiply and Divide.
- 9. String data types. Partition, join, find, 'add', subset.

#### **Theory - Programming elements - Variables**

- Variables are assigned, hold data values.
- Names of variables made up of letters, numbers and underscores.
- The names CANNOT start with a number (1\_Num)
- The names CANNOT be keywords. (Keywords (30 in Python ... and else elif exec ...)
- Names must be the same case.
- Names must be short and meaningful.
- Spelling!!!!

#### What is Python? Just a language ...

- Easy to learn
- Easy to read
- Uses white space
- Includes libraries
- Can by integrated
- Can be interpreted
- Memory management, exception handling
- Used for web-development, robotics, data science

#### Theory - The Zen of Python (please read all)

- Beautiful is better than ugly.
- Simple is better than complex.
- Complex is better than complicated.
- Readability counts.
- NOW is better than never!

#### Assessment for Unit 1 (MAY 2023)

- Theory MCQ quiz. Multiple attempts.
- Practical Programming activities on Jupyter Notebook page. Practise! Complete Assignment 1.
- Practical MCQ quiz Assignment 1. One attempt.

#### **Summary Unit 1 INF1511**

- This unit introduces and explains the concept of programming using Python software. This includes the components that are used to develop a program to capture input and to display output.
- Objectives you should be able to:
- To identify different implementations of Python.
- To describe unique features of Python programming language.
- To be aware of Python installations.
- To list and implement the data types.
- To apply concepts to solve problems using data operations for numbers.
- Key Terms: integers, literals, variables, print, comment

#### **Practical application**

- DEMONSTRATION OF DATA TYPES AND DATA OPERATIONS.
- Using the ANACONDA programming environment.

### Thank you

