



# Modern Event-Driven Workloads with Knative

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#### Wait ... wat?





#### Serverless

"Serverless computing refers to the concept of building and running applications that do not require server management. It describes a finer-grained deployment model where applications, bundled as one or more functions are uploaded to a platform and then executed, scaled, and billed in response to the exact demand needed at the moment"

<sup>--</sup> CNCF Definition, <a href="https://www.cncf.io/blog/2018/02/14/cncf-takes-first-step-towards-serverless-computing/">https://www.cncf.io/blog/2018/02/14/cncf-takes-first-step-towards-serverless-computing/</a>



#### Serverless vs. FaaS

Serverless is a **Deployment Model** that abstracts away the driving machine infrastructure.

- No server management required
- Executed, scaled and billed according to demand
- Defines a deployment packaging, but otherwise agnostic to the application

FaaS (Function-as-a-Service) is a **Programming Model** that mandates developing your application with fine grained function that match a given signature.

- Deployed as Serverless application
- Typically used as glue code to connect services





Kubernetes-based platform to deploy and manage modern serverless workloads.

https://knative.dev



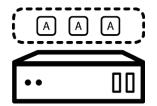
### Components

#### Serving

A request-driven model that serves the container with your application and can "scale to zero".

#### **Eventing**

Common infrastructure for consuming and producing events that will stimulate applications.







### Background Information

- Started as an Open Source Project mid-2018 by Google
- Community driven with a lot of vendor backing
  - https://qithub.com/knative
  - https://knative.dev
  - Support by Google, Red Hat, IBM, VMware, Triggermesh, SAP and more
  - Organized in multiple Working Groups with weekly meetings
- Releases
  - Current: **v0.23**
  - 6 week release cadence



### Try Knative!

- Install from resource descriptors on any Kubernetes Cluster
  - https://knative.dev/docs/install/
- IBM Cloud Code Engine
  - https://www.ibm.com/cloud/code-engine
- Google Cloud Run
  - https://cloud.google.com/run/
- Red Hat OpenShift Serverless
  - https://www.openshift.com/learn/topics/serverless
  - Supports all Knative features
  - Full support for Knative Serving & Eventing





Route, scale-to-zero and track application revisions with ease.



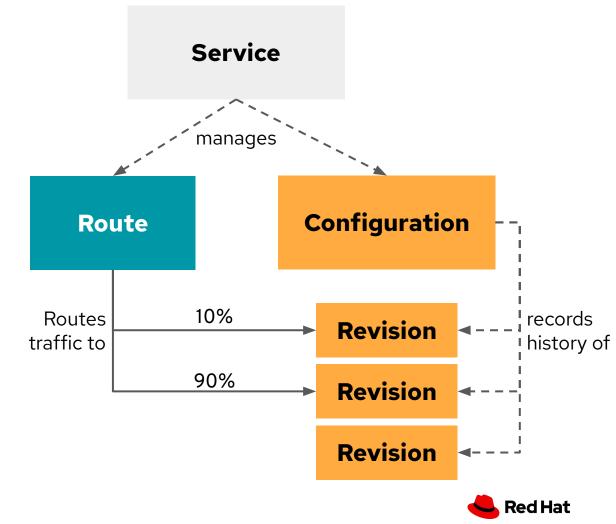
### Concepts

- Extends the Kubernetes model by leveraging Custom Resource
   Definitions (CRDs)
- Demand-based autoscaling, including scale-to-zero
- Separation of code and configuration
- Opinionated and simplified deployment model catered for stateless applications
  - Single Port
  - No PersistentVolumes
- Rich **traffic split capabilities** to enable custom rollout strategies of new versions



### Serving Resources

- Configuration represent the floating
   HEAD of a history of Revisions
- **Revision** represents an immutable snapshot of code and configuration
- Route configure ingress over a collection of Revisions
- Service (not K8s services!) is a top-level entity that manage a set of Routes and Configurations



### From **Deployment** to **KService**

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: random
spec:
                                        spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: random
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: random
    spec:
      containers:
      - image: rhuss/random-number
        name: random
        ports:
        - containerPort: 8080
```

```
apiVersion: serving.knative.dev/v1
kind: Service
metadata:
 name: random
                       Service or required!
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: random
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
       app: random
    spec:
      containers:
      - image: rhuss/random-number
        name: random
        ports:
        - containerPort: 8080
```

### Demo





### Demo

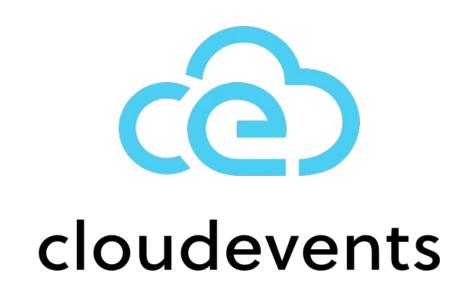


Universal subscription, delivery, and management of CloudEvents.



### Eventing

- Based on CloudEvents (CNCF Standard)
- Pluggable event transport via Channels
  - In-Memory
  - Apache Kafka



- Flexible event routing from Sources to Sinks
  - **Source**: Adapter for integrating 3rd party systems and emitting CloudEvents
  - Sink: Addressable endpoint for CloudEvents (like a Knative Service)



#### **Event Sources**

- Integrating 3rd party systems with Knative
- More often "Adapter" than an original event source
- Declared with a Custom Resource
- Evaluated by an Operator
- Push or Pull based
- Converting custom event formats to CloudEvents



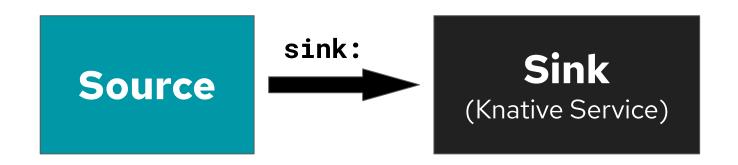
#### Sources

Builtin Sources	
PingSource	Emitting static CloudEvents periodically
ApiServerSource	Kubernetes API Server events as CloudEvents
SinkBinding	Binds an arbitrary Pod specification to a Sink
ContainerSource	Meta-Source combining SinkBinding & Deployment

Contributed Sources	
GitHubSource	Converts GitHub webhooks events to CloudEvents
KafkaSource	Apache Kafka messages as CloudEvents
Kamelet	Apache Camel components as sources (and sinks)



#### Source → Sink: Direct Connection



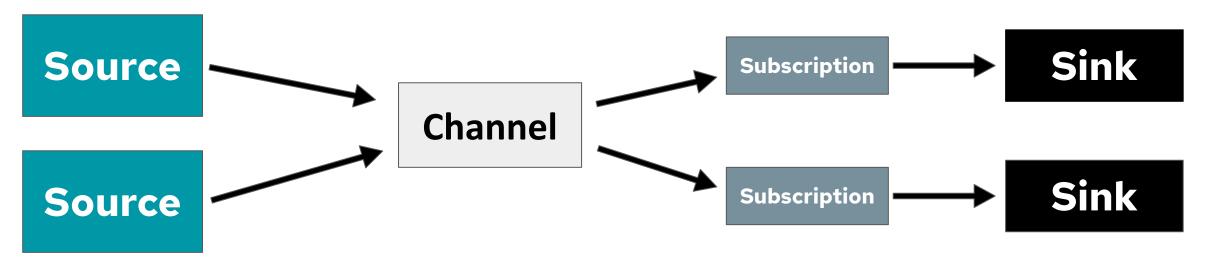
- Simplest way to get CloudEvents to a Knative Service
- Drawbacks:
  - No queuing support when sink is unavailable
  - No back pressure support
  - Only one Service can consume events
  - No filtering, Service gets always all events



### Demo



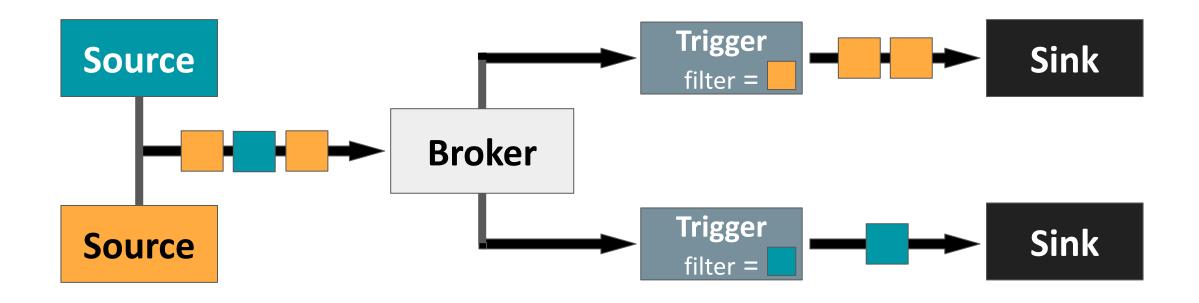
### Source → Service : Channel & Subscription



- Multiple Services can consume the same event
- Subscription can point to a reply channel (not shown here)
- Various Channel Backends available
  - In-Memory, Kafka, (write your own)
- Drawbacks:
  - Channel Infrastructure needs to be set up manually
  - No filtering, Service gets always all events



### Source → Service: Broker & Trigger



#### **Broker**

- Eventing Mesh for distributing Events
- Addressed by sources as sink

#### **Trigger**

- Filter on CloudEvent attributes (e.g. type)
- Connects a Sink with Broker



#### Source → Service: Broker & Trigger

#### Broker

- Eventing Mesh (or Event Delivery System)
- Connects Sources with Sinks
- Uses Channels internally, creating on the fly
- Multi-tenant

#### Trigger

- Filter events (e.g. type and/or source)
- Can produce new events (returned to Broker)
- Delivered as CloudEvents



### More Knative Eventing

#### EventRegistry

- EventType CRD
- Discoverability of Events

#### Sequence

- Chaining multiple Services
- Sinking to an "Addressable" (Service, Channel, Sequence, Broker ...)

#### Parallel

- Branching of events with filters
- Allows to implement conditional processing





### Summary

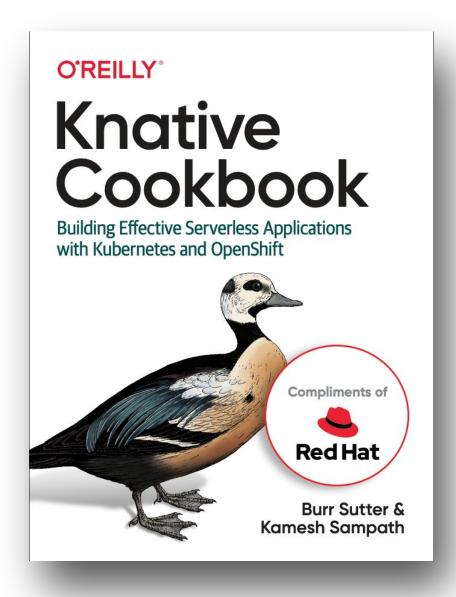
#### **Knative Serving**

- Simplified Deployment for stateless workloads
- Traffic based autoscaling including Scale-to-Zero
- Traffic splitting for custom rollout / rollback scenarios

#### **Knative Eventing**

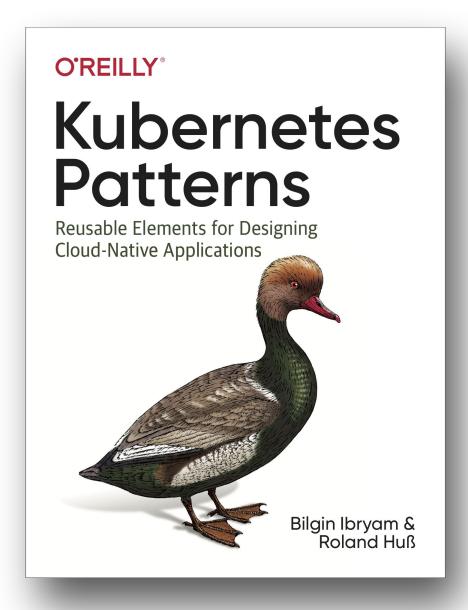
- External Triggers for feeding Knative Services
- Based on CloudEvents
- Backed by proven messaging systems
- Flexible messaging setup







#### **Kubernetes Patterns**







## Thank you

@ro14nd



### Picture Credits

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