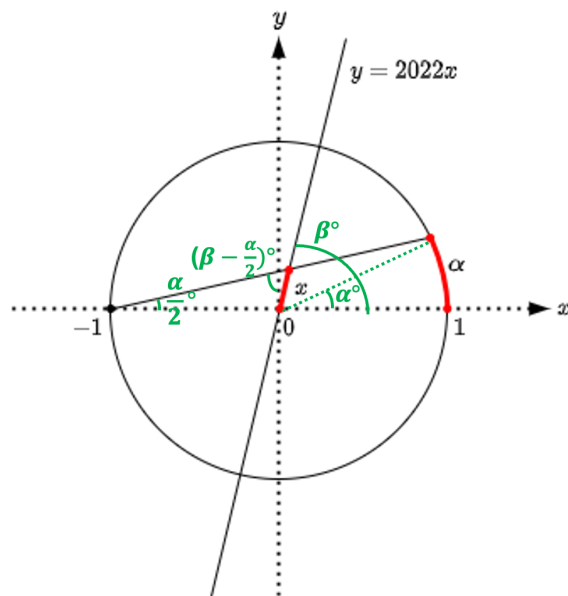


A detailed version for the formula part of [TetCTF-2022 Intended Solutions](#).



According to the [law of sines](#):

$$\frac{a}{\sin(A)} = \frac{b}{\sin(B)} \quad (1)$$

We have:

$$\frac{x}{\sin(\frac{\alpha}{2})} = \frac{1}{\sin(\beta - \frac{\alpha}{2})} \quad (2)$$

That is:

$$x = \frac{\sin(\frac{\alpha}{2})}{\sin(\beta - \frac{\alpha}{2})} \quad (3)$$

According to the [Euler's formula](#):

$$\sin(x) = \frac{e^{i \cdot x} - e^{-i \cdot x}}{2 \cdot i} \quad (4)$$

We have:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{e^{i \cdot \frac{\alpha}{2}} - e^{-i \cdot \frac{\alpha}{2}}}{e^{i \cdot (\beta - \frac{\alpha}{2})} - e^{-i \cdot (\beta - \frac{\alpha}{2})}} \\ &= \frac{e^{i \cdot \alpha} - 1}{e^{i \cdot \beta} - e^{-i \cdot (\beta + \alpha)}} \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

That is:

$$e^{i \cdot \alpha} = \frac{1 + x \cdot e^{i \cdot \beta}}{1 + x \cdot e^{-i \cdot \beta}} \quad (6)$$

According to the [Euler's formula](#):

$$\tan(x) = \frac{e^{i \cdot x} - e^{-i \cdot x}}{i \cdot (e^{i \cdot x} + e^{-i \cdot x})} \quad (7)$$

We have:

$$\begin{aligned} e^{i \cdot \beta} &= \sqrt{\frac{1 + i \cdot \tan(\beta)}{1 - i \cdot \tan(\beta)}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1 + i \cdot 2022}{1 - i \cdot 2022}} \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Finally we have:

$$e^{i \cdot \alpha} = \frac{1 + x \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1 + i \cdot 2022}{1 - i \cdot 2022}}}{1 + x \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + i \cdot 2022}{1 - i \cdot 2022}}}} \quad (9)$$