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#!/usr/bin/env python
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# This file is part of Robotic Arm: Pick and Place project for Udacity
# Robotics nano-degree program
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# import modules
import rospy
import tf
from kuka_arm.srv import *
from trajectory_msgs.msg import JointTrajectory, JointTrajectoryPoint
from geometry_msgs.msg import Pose
from mpmath import *
from sympy import *
import numpy as np
def handle_calculate_IK(req):
    rospy.loginfo("Received %s eef-poses from the plan" % len(req.poses))
    if len(req.poses) < 1:
         print "No valid poses received"
         return -1
    else:
         ### Your FK code here
         # Create symbols
         q1, q2, q3, q4, q5, q6, q7 = symbols('q1:8')
         d1, d2, d3, d4, d5, d6, d7 = symbols('d1:8')
         a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6 = symbols('a0:7')
         alpha0, alpha1, alpha2, alpha3, alpha4, alpha5, alpha6 = symbols('alpha0:7')
         # Create Modified DH parameters
                                                    0.75, q1:
         s = \{alpha0:
                         0, a0:
                                          0, d1:
                                       0.35, d2:
              alpha1: -pi/2, a1:
                                                       0, q2: q2-pi/2,
              alpha2: 0, a2:
                                       1.25, d3:
                                                       0, q3:
                                                                     q3,
              alpha3: -pi/2, a3: -0.054, d4:
alpha4: pi/2, a4: 0, d5:
alpha5: -pi/2, a5: 0, d6:
                                                     1.5, q4:
                                                                     q4,
                                                       0, q5:
                                                                     q5,
                                                       0, q6:
                                                                     q6,
                            0, a6:
              alpha6:
                                          0, d7: 0.303, q7:
         # Define Modified DH Transformation matrix
         def TF_Matrix(alpha, a, d, q):
             TF = Matrix([[
                                                                -\sin(q),
                                           cos(q),
     a],
                           [sin(q)*cos(alpha), cos(q)*cos(alpha), -sin(alpha), -sin(alph
a) *d],
                           [sin(q)*sin(alpha), cos(q)*sin(alpha), cos(alpha), cos(alph
a) *d],
                                              0,
                                                                    0,
                                                                                    0,
   1]])
             return TF
         T0_1 = TF_Matrix(alpha0, a0, d1, q1).subs(s)
         T1_2 = TF_Matrix(alpha1, a1, d2, q2).subs(s)
T2_3 = TF_Matrix(alpha2, a2, d3, q3).subs(s)
T3_4 = TF_Matrix(alpha3, a3, d4, q4).subs(s)
         T4\_5 = TF\_Matrix(alpha4, a4, d5, q5).subs(s)
         T5\_6 = TF\_Matrix(alpha5, a5, d6, q6).subs(s)

T6\_G = TF\_Matrix(alpha6, a6, d7, q7).subs(s)
                                                                          0, 0],
         R_z = Matrix([[
                               cos(np.pi), -sin(np.pi),
                               sin(np.pi), cos(np.pi),
                                                                          0, 0],
                                         0,
                                                      0,
                                                                          1, 0],
                                          0,
                                                        0,
                                                                          0, 1]])
         R_y = Matrix([[cos(-np.pi/2),
                                                        0, \sin(-np.pi/2), 0],
                                                                          0, 0],
                                         Ο,
                                                        1,
                                                        Ο,
                         [-\sin(-np.pi/2),
                                                            cos(-np.pi/2), 0],
                                                        Ο,
                                                                          0, 1]])
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T0_G = simplify(T0_1*T1_2*T2_3*T3_4*T4_5*T5_6*T6_G*R_z*R_y)
                # Create individual transformation matrices
                # Extract rotation matrices from the transformation matrices
                ###
                # Initialize service response
                joint_trajectory_list = []
                for x in xrange(0, len(req.poses)):
                        # IK code starts here
                        joint_trajectory_point = JointTrajectoryPoint()
                        # Extract end-effector position and orientation from request
                        # px,py,pz = end-effector position
                        # roll, pitch, yaw = end-effector orientation
                        px = req.poses[x].position.x
                        py = req.poses[x].position.y
                        pz = req.poses[x].position.z
                         (roll, pitch, yaw) = tf.transformations.euler_from_quaternion(
                                 [req.poses[x].orientation.x, req.poses[x].orientation.y,
                                        req.poses[x].orientation.z, req.poses[x].orientation.w])
                        ### Your IK code here
                        # Compensate for rotation discrepancy between DH parameters and Gazebo
                        r, p, y = symbols('r <math>p y')
                        ROT_x = Matrix([[
                                                                                       Ο,
                                                                       0, cos(r),-sin(r)],
                                                                       0, sin(r), cos(r)]])
                                                                                      0, sin(p)],
                        ROT_y = Matrix([[cos(p),
                                                                       0,
                                                                                       1,
                                                                                                        0],
                                                         [-\sin(p),
                                                                                      0, cos(p)]])
                                                                                                        0],
                        ROT_z = Matrix([[cos(y), -sin(y),
                                                                                                        0],
                                                         [ sin(y), cos(y),
                                                                       0.
                                                                                       0,
                                                                                                        1]])
                        ROT\_EE = ROT\_z*ROT\_y*ROT\_x
                        ROT_Error = ROT_z.subs(y, radians(180)) * ROT_y.subs(p, radians(-90))
                        ROT_EE = ROT_EE * ROT_Error
                        ROT_EE = ROT_EE.subs({'r':roll, 'p':pitch, 'y':yaw})
                        EE = Matrix([[px],
                                                   [py],
                                                   [pz]])
                        WC = EE - (0.303) * ROT_EE[:,2]
                        theta1 = atan2(WC[1], WC[0])
                        side_a = 1.501
                        side_b = sqrt(pow((sqrt(WC[0]*WC[0]+WC[1]*WC[1])-0.35),2) + pow((WC[2] - 0.35),2) + pow((WC[2] - 0.3
  0.75), 2))
                        side_c = 1.25
                        angle_a = acos((side_b*side_b + side_c*side_c - side_a*side_a)/(2*side_b
*side_c))
                        angle_b = acos((side_a*side_a + side_c*side_c - side_b*side_b)/(2*side_a
*side_c))
                        angle_c = acos((side_a*side_a + side_b*side_b - side_c*side_c)/(2*side_a
*side b))
                        theta2 = pi/2 - angle_a - atan2(WC[2] - 0.75, sqrt(WC[0]*WC[0] + WC[1]*W
C[11) -0.35)
                        theta3 = pi/2 -(angle_b + 0.036)
                        R0_3 = T0_1[0:3,0:3] * T1_2[0:3,0:3] * T2_3[0:3,0:3]
                        R0_3 = R0_3.evalf(subs={q1:theta1, q2:theta2, q3:theta3})
R3_6 = R0_3.inv(method="LU") * ROT_EE
                        theta4 = atan2(R3_6[2,2], -R3_6[0,2])
                        theta5 = atan2(sqrt(R3_6[0,2]*R3_6[0,2] + R3_6[2,2]*R3_6[2,2]), R3_6[1,2]
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IK_server.py Page 3 theta6 = atan2(-R3_6[1,1], R3_6[1,0]) # Calculate joint angles using Geometric IK method # Populate response for the IK request # In the next line replace theta1, theta2..., theta6 by your joint angle v ariables joint_trajectory_point.positions = [theta1, theta2, theta3, theta4, thet a5, theta6] joint_trajectory_list.append(joint_trajectory_point) rospy.loginfo("length of Joint Trajectory List: %s" % len(joint_trajectory_l ist)) return CalculateIKResponse(joint_trajectory_list) def IK_server(): # initialize node and declare calculate_ik service rospy.init_node('IK_server') s = rospy.Service('calculate_ik', CalculateIK, handle_calculate_IK)
print "Ready to receive an IK request" rospy.spin()

if __name__ == "__main__":

IK_server()