

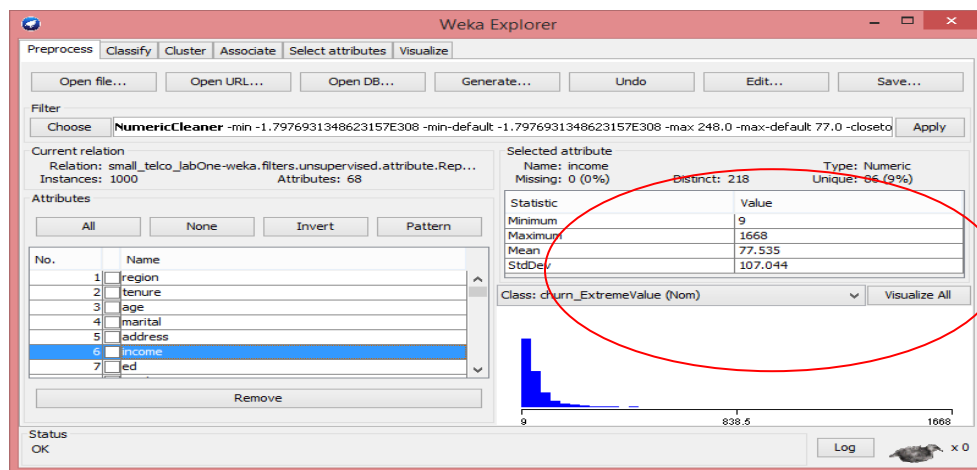
Lab Exercise One

Data Preprocessing with WEKA Explorer

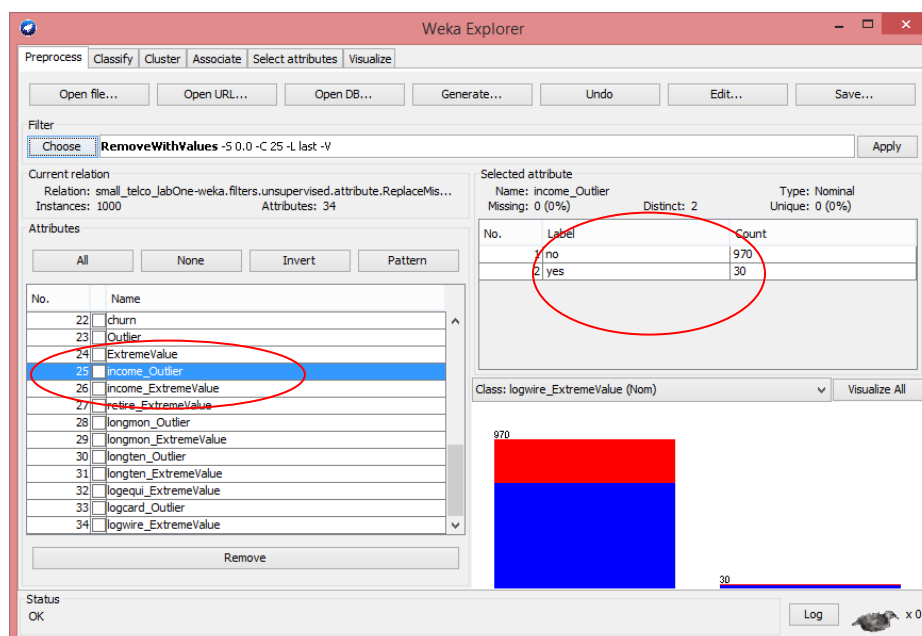
Using Filters to replace values

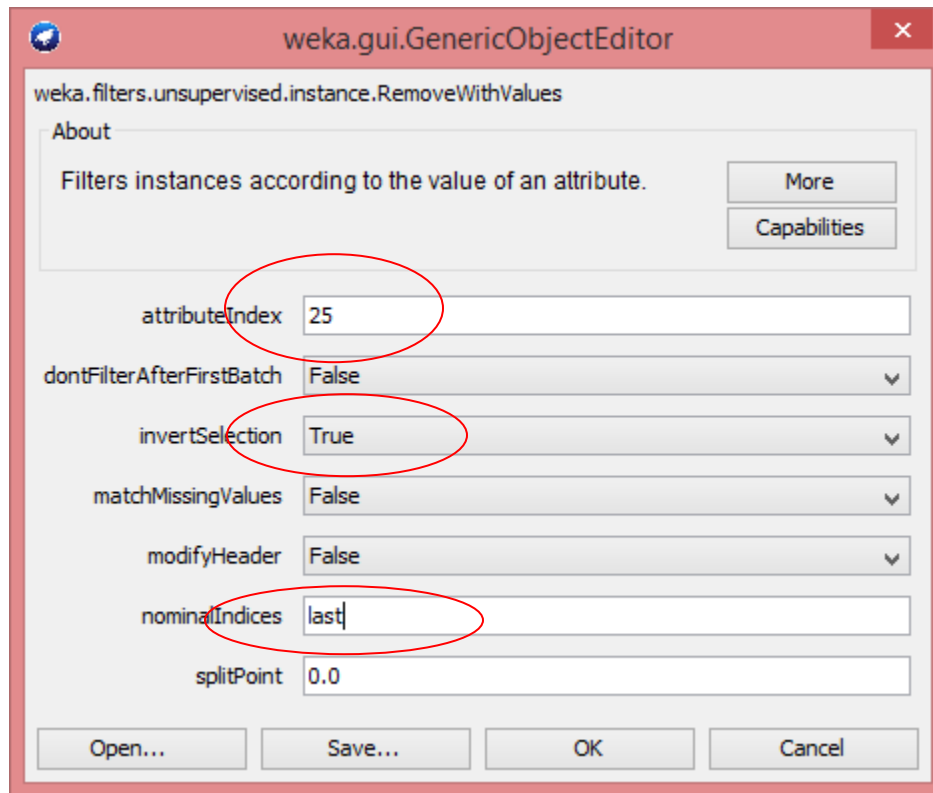
Unsupervised Attribute Filter – NumericCleaner: This filter replaces the values of numeric attributes that are too small, too large, or too close to a particular value with default values.

1. Instead of removing instances with outliers and extreme values, we could replace attributes values to a default values. Let's use **income** attribute as an example. Click income attribute, its statistic are shown on the right part of the window: the min. is 9, the max. is 1668 and mean is 77.535.

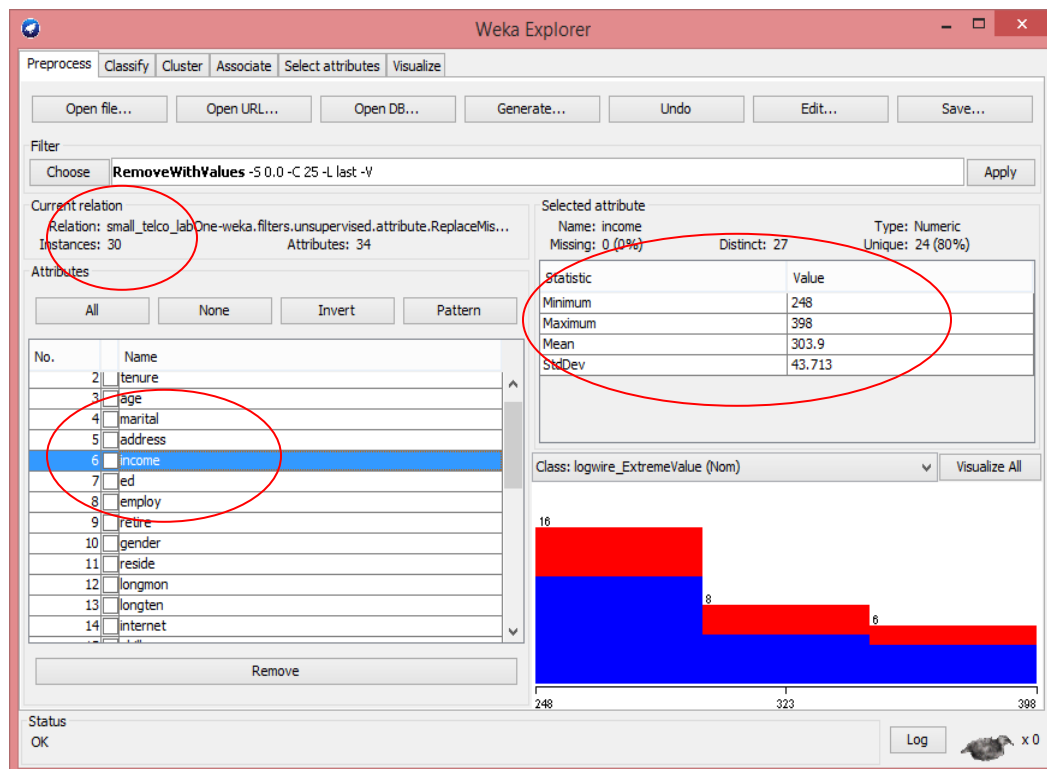


2. Perform an inverted **RemoveWithValues** filter with **income_Outlier** attribute.

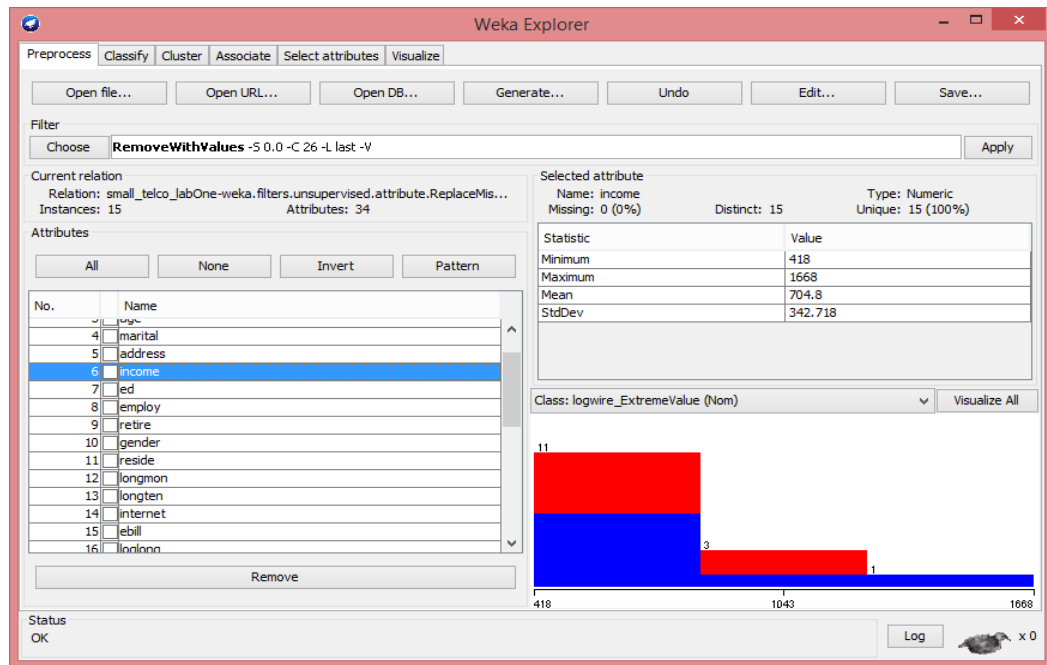




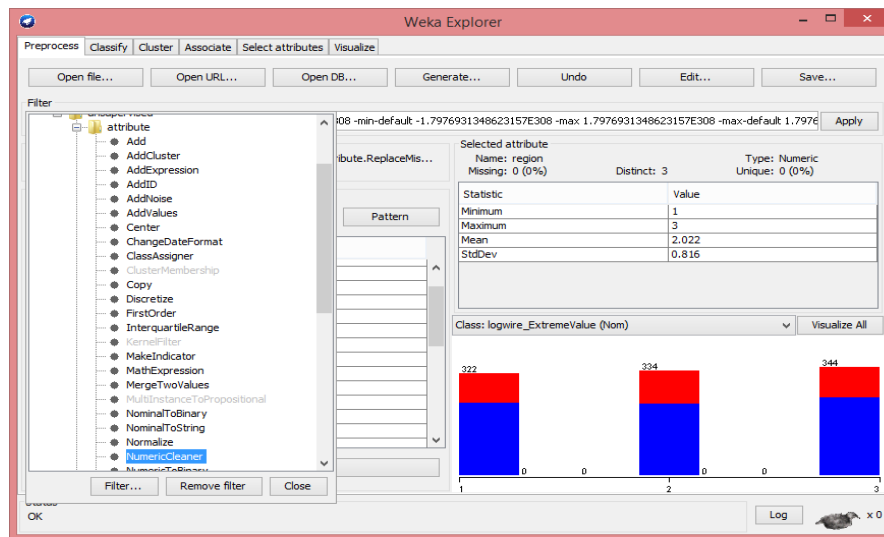
3. Check the **income** attribute of the remaining 30 instances of data. Its min. is 248, max. is 398.

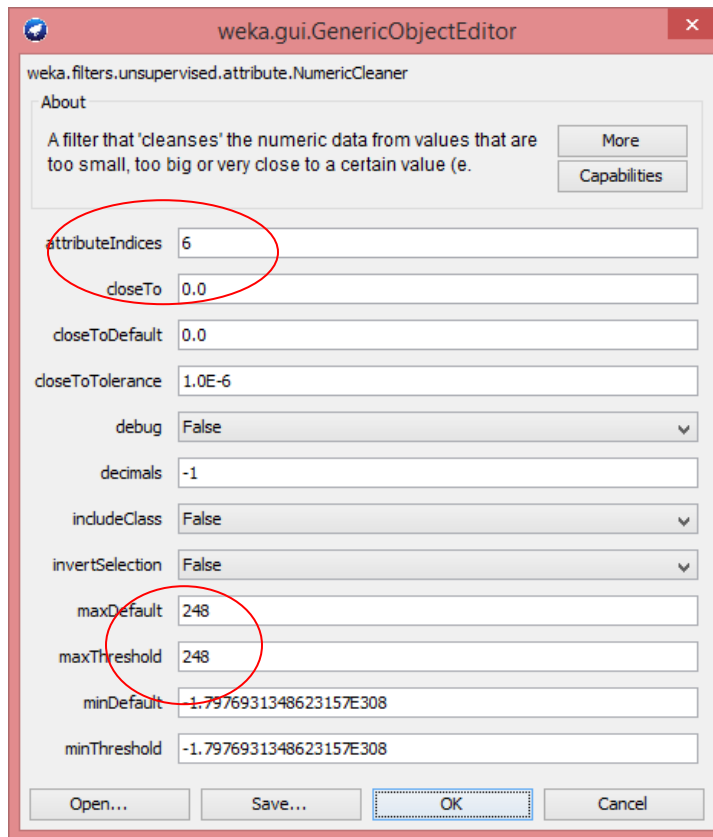


- Click **Undo** button and repeat step 2 with **income_Extremevalue** attribute. Check the income attribute with the remaining 15 instances. Its min. is 418, the max. is 1668.



- Click **Undo** button.
- Then we are ready to perform the unsupervised attribute filter – **NumericCleaner** on all instances. Choose **NumericCleaner** filter from the drop-down list, then left-click the box of the filter to show the properties window.





- Click Apply button to perform the filter, then select income attribute to see the statistic of the modified attribute. If you are fine with the result, save the dataset.

