

ATmega328P LED Blinker PCB Project Documentation

Project Overview

Goal: Design and build a custom 2-layer PCB using the ATmega328P microcontroller to blink an LED at regular intervals (1s ON, 1s OFF), showcasing core embedded hardware design skills.

Key Learning Outcomes

- Custom schematic design with microcontroller integration
 - Power regulation using LDO
 - Oscillator circuit design
 - PCB layout with signal routing and decoupling
 - Creating fabrication-ready Gerber files
 - Programming via ISP and hardware testing
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Bill of Materials (BoM)

No.	Component	Value/Part No.	Package	Quantity
1	ATmega328P-PU	Microcontroller	DIP-28	1
2	Crystal Oscillator	16 MHz, ± 20 ppm	HC-49U	1
3	Capacitor	22 pF	Ceramic	2

4	Capacitor	100 nF (0.1 μ F)	Ceramic	2
5	Resistor	10k Ω	1/4W	1
6	Resistor	330 Ω	1/4W	1
7	LED	Red (any color)	5mm	1
8	Tactile Button	Reset	Through-hole	1
9	LDO Voltage Regulator	AMS1117-5.0 or LM7805	TO-220 or SOT-223	1
10	Electrolytic Capacitor	10 μ F or 47 μ F	Any	2
11	6-pin ISP Header	Male	2.54 mm	1
12	Power Jack or Header	Input 7–12V	Any	1

Pin Connections and Nets

ATmega328P Pin	Connected To	Net Label
VCC (Pin 7, 20)	5V Regulated Output	VCC
GND (Pin 8, 22)	GND	GND
Pin 1 (RESET)	10k Ω to VCC, button to GND	RESET
Pin 9, 10	Crystal (16 MHz)	XTAL1, XTAL2
Crystal Caps	22pF to GND	—
Pin 19 (PB5)	LED \rightarrow 330 Ω \rightarrow GND	LED_OUT
ISP Pins	MISO, MOSI, SCK	From Pins 17–19
Power Input	7–12V \rightarrow Regulator	VIN

Unused pins can be:

- Left floating (for analog)
- Pulled low via 10k Ω resistors (optional)

- Marked as NC in schematic
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Schematic Overview

- Central MCU with clear power and signal lines
 - Decoupling capacitors close to VCC pins
 - Crystal oscillator circuit for timing
 - Reset circuit with tactile switch and pull-up
 - LED on digital pin with series resistor
 - ISP header for flashing code
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PCB Design Highlights

- 2-layer board (Top = signals; Bottom = mostly GND)
 - Short, direct traces for crystal and decoupling
 - Proper trace widths (e.g., 0.25–0.5 mm for signals)
 - Via and hole sizes as per manufacturer specs
 - Silkscreen labels for pins, components, net names
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Fabrication Notes

- Export Gerber, NC Drill, BOM, Pick-and-Place files
- Confirm trace clearance ≥ 6 mil, drill ≥ 0.3 mm

- Double-check orientation of polarized parts (LED, caps, IC)
 - Use JLCPCB, PCBWay, or local options if available
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Testing Procedure

1. Connect regulated 5V or 7–12V input
 2. Flash hex file via USBasp or Arduino as ISP
 3. Check LED blink pattern (1s ON/OFF)
 4. Debug: Check voltage at VCC, RESET, LED output pin
 5. Use multimeter and oscilloscope if needed
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Sample Code

```
void setup() {  
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT); // LED on PB5 (Pin 19)  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH);  
  delay(1000);  
  digitalWrite(13, LOW);  
  delay(1000);  
}
```

Flash with **AVRDUDE** or **Arduino as ISP** method.

Project Folder Structure (for GitHub or Report)

```
/ATmega328P_LED_Blinker_PCB  
|— Schematic/  
|   |— LED_Blink_Schematic.PDF
```

```
|— PCB_Layout/  
|   |— PCB_Top_Bottom.Gerber  
|— Firmware/  
|   |— LED_Blink.ino  
|— BoM/  
|   |— Bill_of_Materials.xlsx  
|— Images/  
|   |— Final_Board_Top.png  
|— Documentation/  
|   |— README.md  
|   |— PCB_Report.pdf
```

Future Improvements

- Add 3-pin voltage selector jumper (USB/Ext)
- Add push buttons for interaction
- Replace DIP with SMD ATmega328P
- Add USB-to-Serial (CH340/FT232) for programming
- Create modular header for future shields or sensors