# Mastering Server Rendered React

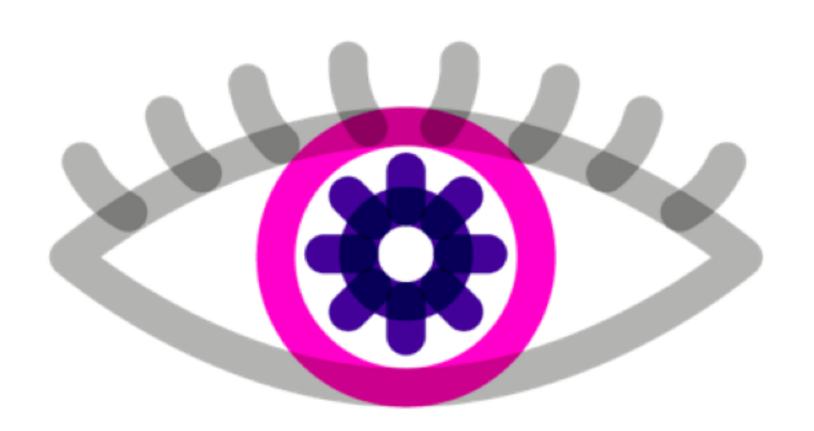
React Amsterdam 16 april 2016

Sven Anders Robbestad

### This is me



## I work at Inmeta consulting



#### I wrote this book

http://bit.ly/reactjsbook



# Server-rendered apps



# You may know it as isomorphic



### ...or you may know it as Universal



#### But what is it?



# It's about **sharing** code between your server code and your browser code

# It's also about delivering content faster

# You might as well call it writing **Shared** code.

# Server-rendered apps A bit of history

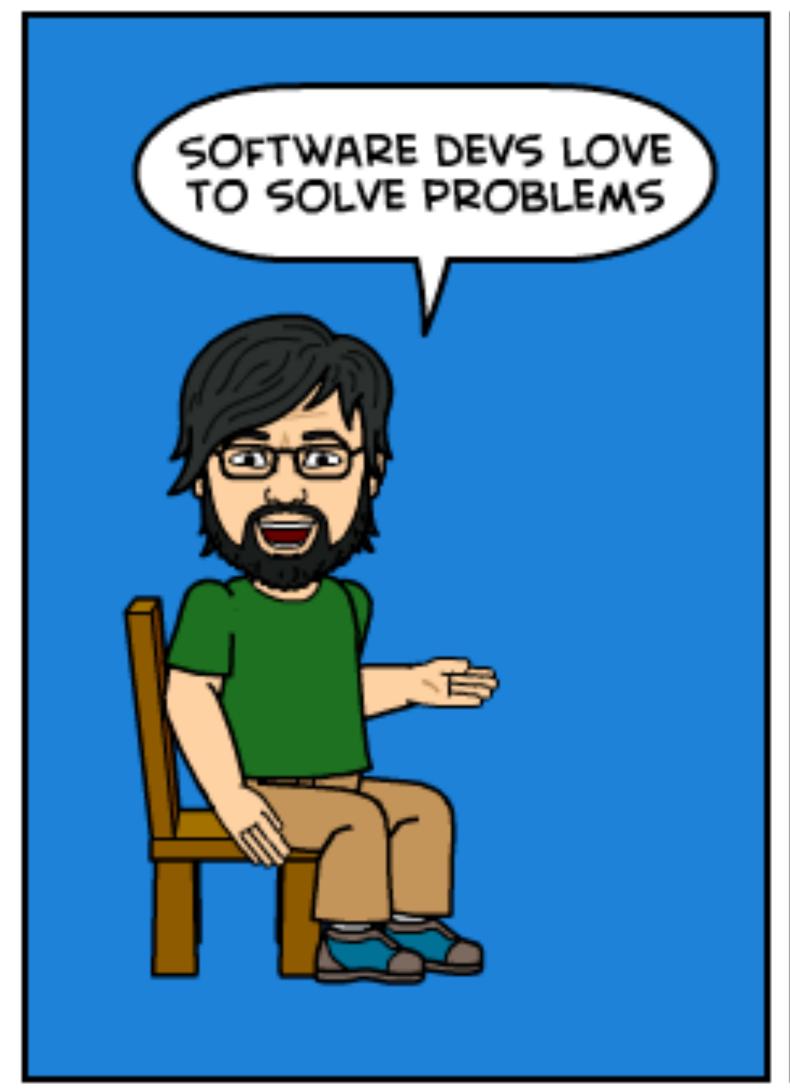
PHP - smarty, twig etc...

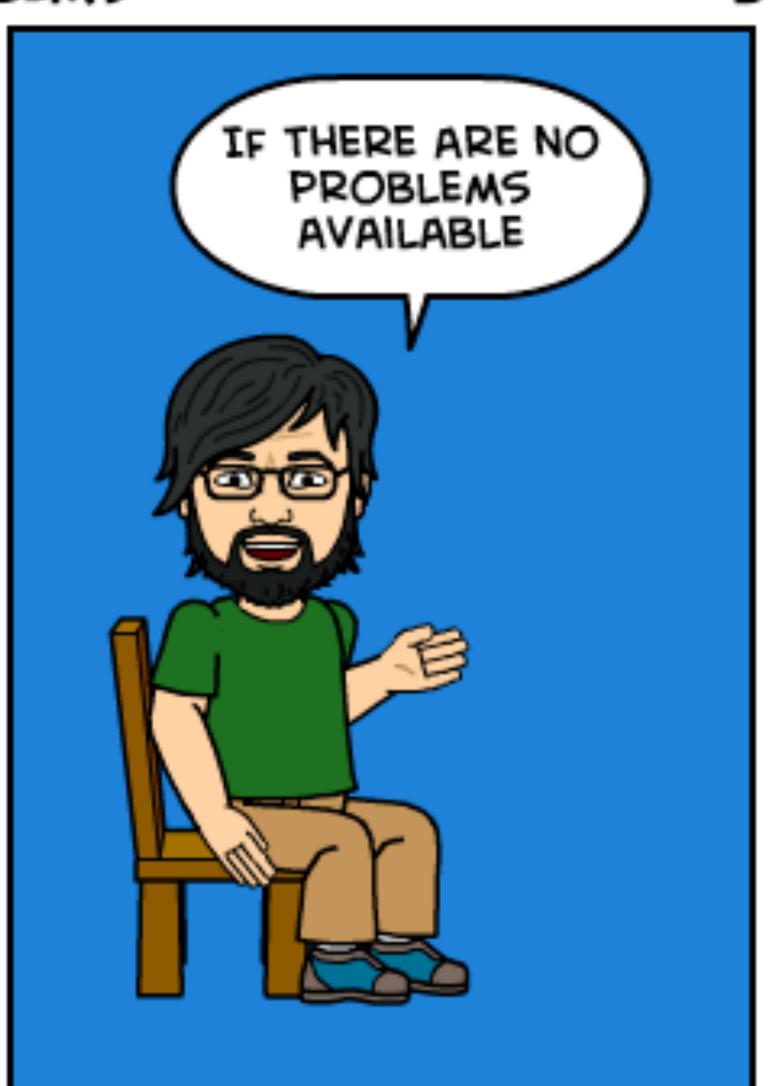
Java - jsp, thymeleaf etc...

JavaScript - express/swig, ejs etc... but what about React?

#### WHEN YOU AIN'T GOT PROBLEMS

#### BY SVEN ANDERS ROBBESTAD







# When does a user leave your site before it's even loaded?



# Answer: When your site is **slow**



### Page load is critical

Every delay make users go away

# So when is JavaScript slow?

#### It's slow when...

# ...the user is on a slow computer

# ...the user has a slow connection

# ...the user is on a slow **smart phone** or tablet

...the user is **stuck** on a computer they don't control (school, library).

...the user trying to **download** your site to read away from an Internet connection

# ...that someone is **Google** cache or the **Internet archive**

# ...the user is using **NoScript** and visits your site

...the user is using using adblock and you've named a critical JS bundle with something related to ads

#### Good news!

**ALL** of these problems can be solved with server-rendering

# Rendering your content before you serve them makes:

Google happy

Slow computers happy

Smart phones happy

NoScript happy

#### Best of all



It makes you happy

### Let's make it happen



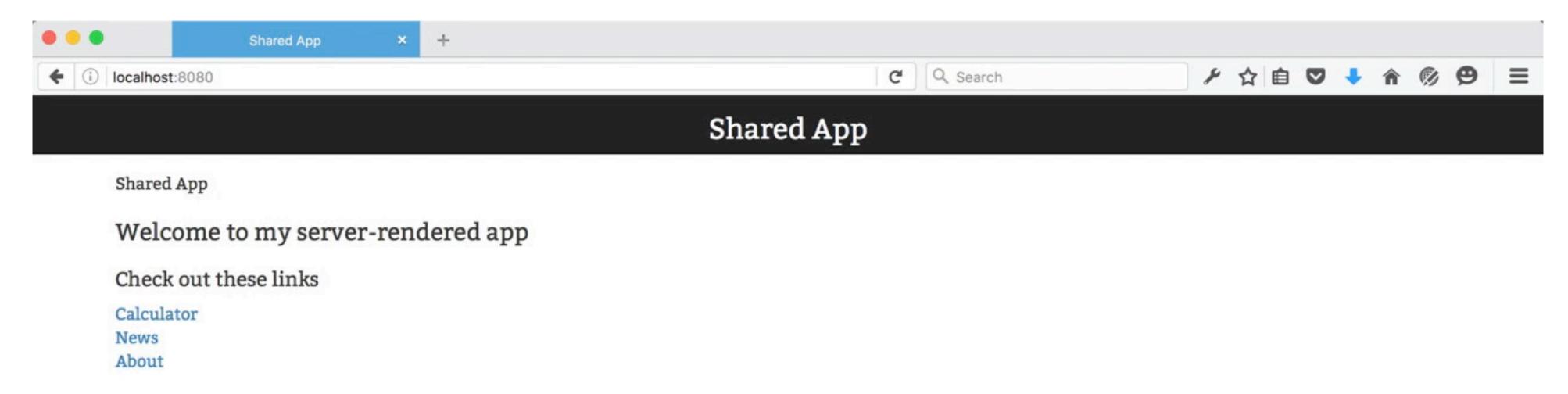
#### Goals

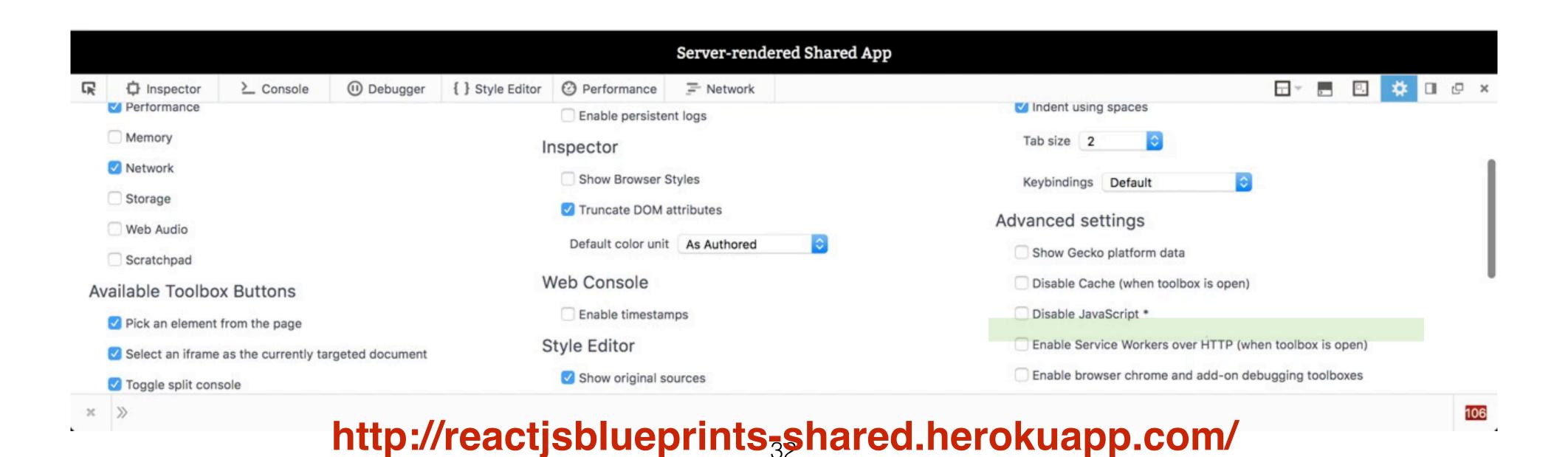
Write code that you can use everywhere

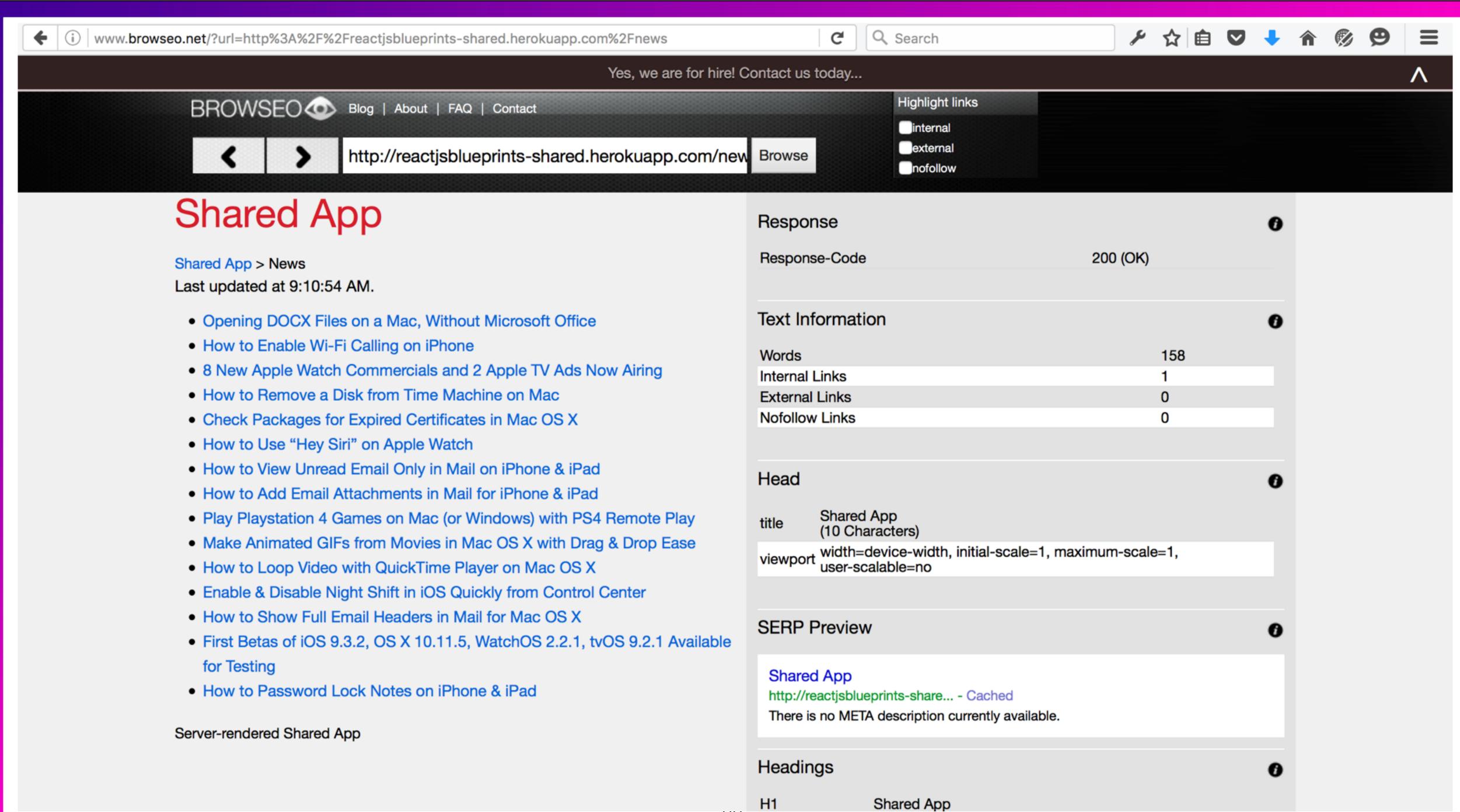
"Render" your app so that your client doesn't have to

Let the dynamic bundle take over for interactivity

#### This is the behavior we want







### Make a node/express server

```
app.get('*', function(req, res) {
    res.sendFile(path.join(__dirname, 'assets', req.path));
});

app.listen(port, 'localhost', function(err) {
    console.log('Server up at <a href="http://localhost:">http://localhost:</a>' + port);
});
```

### Import routes

```
import { routes } from './source/routes';
```

# Import your API method(s)

```
import { fetchPostsAsync } from './source/shared/api/fetch-posts'
```

### Perform fetch on route change

```
const appRoutes = (app) => {
  app.get('*', (req, res) => {
   match({ routes, location: req.url }, (err, redirectLocation, props) => {
     if (err) {
        res.status(500).send(err.message);
     } else if (redirectLocation) {
        res.redirect(302, redirectLocation.pathname + redirectLocation.search);
     } else if (props) {
        fetchPostsAsync((posts) => {
          const isFetching = false;
          const lastUpdated = Date.now()
          const initialState = {
            posts,
            isFetching,
            lastUpdated
          const store = configureStore(initialState)
          const app = ReactDOMServer.renderToString(
           <Provider store={store}>
              <RoutingContext {...props} />
            </Provider>);
```

```
res.send(`<!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
    <head>
      <meta charSet="utf-8" />
      <meta httpEquiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,</pre>
        initial-scale=1, maximum-scale=1, user-scalable=no"/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"</pre>
        href="//maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.5.0/css/font-awesome.min.css"/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"</pre>
        href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.3.5/css/bootstrap.min.css" />
      <link async href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Bitter'</pre>
      rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" href="/app.css" />
        <title>${settings.title}</title>
        </head>
         <script>
          window.__INITIAL_STATE__ = ${JSON.stringify(initialState)}
         </script>
        <body><div id="app">${app}</div><script src="/bundle.js"></script></body></html>`);
})
```

### Advantages

Less work on the client = faster render

Reuse code from the frontend

App works even if your JS bundle breaks

And if the user has NoScript

Or is a bot like Google and Internet Archive

#### Drawbacks

Need to write a complex server file

Need to rely on a fetch method before render

Relatively slow due to lack of optimisations like cache

# Add streaming to make it faster

```
import ReactDOMStream from 'react-dom-stream/server';
```

```
res.write(`<!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
    <head>
      <meta charSet="utf-8" />
      <meta httpEquiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,</pre>
        initial-scale=1, maximum-scale=1, user-scalable=no"/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"</pre>
        href="//maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/font-awesome/4.5.0/css/font-awesome.min.css"/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"</pre>
        href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.3.5/css/bootstrap.min.css" />
      <link async href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Bitter'</pre>
      rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'/>
      <link async rel="stylesheet" href="/app.css" />
        <title>${settings.title}</title>
        </head>
         <script>
         window.__INITIAL_STATE__ = ${JSON.stringify(initialState)}
         </script>
        <body><div id="app">`);
        const stream = ReactDOMStream.renderToString(
         <Provider store={store}>
           <RoutingContext {...props} />
         </Provider>);
         stream.pipe(res, {end: false});
         stream.on("end", ()=> {
             res.write(`</div><script src="/bundle.js"></script></body></html>`);
             res.end();
        });''
       })
```

#### Resources, Q&A

- http://bit.ly/isomorphicreact
- Out of the box solution: <u>fluxible.io</u>
- http://bit.ly/reactjsbook

My twitter: #svenardocom

Tweet from the conference with the hashtag #reactamsterdam

