Light Play 2 Blocks for Scratch

Version 0.2 of the Light Play hardware can control 3 rainbow lights and 1 motor. The board has a one input for a resistive sensor, which can either be a pair of alligator clips or a light sensor.

Light Blocks

turn on [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3]
turn off [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3]
toggle [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3]
set [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3] color to [red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple, white, surprise]
fade [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3] to [red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple, white, surprise]
fade in [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3]
fade out [all lights, light 1, light 2, light 3]
set fade speed [slow, faster, fastest]

Motor Blocks

turn on motor turn off motor reverse motor toggle motor set motor speed [slow, faster, fastest]

Sensor Blocks

when [clips are connected, clips are disconnected, shadow falls on sensor, light shines on sensor]

Byte Codes

All light and motor commands are encoded in a single byte sent from Scratch to Arduino, according to the following scheme:

Commands

```
[uuuxxyyy]
upper bits set command type:
000 = one argument light commands
001 = motor commands
010 = fade light color to
011 = other/expansion
100 = set light color to
One argument light commands
[0000xxyyy]
       the x bits select which light:
              0.0 = all lights
              0.1 = light 1
              10 = light 2
              11 = light 3
       the y bits select which other light command:
              0 0 0 = turn on light
              001 = turn off light
              010 = fade in light
              0 1 1 = fade out light
              100 = toggle light
              101 = set brightness low
              1 1 0 = set brightness medium
              1 1 1 = set brightness high
```

Two argument light commands

```
set color to
[100xxyyy]
```

```
the x bits select which light:
```

```
0.0 = all lights
       0.1 = light 1
       10 = light 2
       11 = light 3
the y bits select which color:
       0.00 = red
       0 0 1 = orange
       0.10 = yellow
       0 1 1 = green
```

```
1 0 0 = blue
              1 0 1 = purple
              1 1 0 = white
              1 1 1 = surprise
fade to
[010xxyyy]
       the x bits select which light:
              0.0 = all lights
              0 1 = light 1
              10 = light 2
              1 1 = light 3
       the y bits select which color:
              0.00 = red
              0 0 1 = orange
              0.10 = yellow
              0 1 1 = green
              100 = blue
              1 0 1 = purple
              1 1 0 = white
              1 1 1 = surprise
Other kinds of light commands / expansion
[0 11xxyyy]
       the y bits select which other command
set fade speed
[011xx000]
x bits select speed:
              0.0 = slow
              0 1 = faster
              10 = fastest
       the x bits select which light:
              0.0 = all lights
              0 1 = light 1
              10 = light 2
              1 1 = light 3
reset state variables (iPad only)
[01100011]
Motor commands
[001xxyyy]
```

the x bits are set to zero (it's important to avoid sending byte 0x2B, which is ASCII '+', since this is used by the Adafruit BTLE UART to switch to command mode)

the *y* bits select which motor command:

0 0 0 = **turn on motor**

001 = turn off motor

0 1 0 = reverse motor direction

0 1 1 = toggle motor

1 0 0 = set motor speed slow

1 0 1 = set motor speed faster

1 1 0 = set motor speed fastest

Sensor codes

No sensor related commands sent from Scratch are necessary. The Arduino will do edge detection in its main event loop and transmit a byte to Scratch only when it detects an edge. The Scratch when blocks trigger on receipt of a byte.

Currently the Arduino firmware only checks for "falling edges" – a transition from a high resistance to a low resistance state - that occurs when the metal clips are connected. When it detects a falling edge it sends a zero. In Scratch there is a "when" block that is triggered upon receipt of a zero.