

SensorManagement Architecture Overview

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Authors ^a	Company
Clarke Stevens	Cablelabs
Jangwook Park (Vice-Chair)	LGE
Paul Jeon (Vice-Chair)	LGE
Russell Berkoff (Chair)	Samsung Electronics
Danilo Santos	Signove
Gerhard Mekenkamp	TPVision
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1 Scope

1.1 Introduction

This document describes the overall UPnP SensorManagement Architecture, which forms the foundation for the UPnP SensorManagement device [11] and UPnP DataStore service [13] specifications. The SensorManagement device hosts services to bridge sensor devices connected to both UPnP networks as well as non-UPnP based networks. The DataStore service provides persistent retention and distribution of both sensor data as well as data from mobile devices which may leave the UPnP network at any time. This service can be hosted within the UPnP SensorManagement device as well as within other UPnP compliant devices.

1.2 Goals

The UPnP SensorManagement Architecture was explicitly defined to meet the following goals:

- Describe sensors and actuators residing on both UPnP and non-UPnP networks.
- Provide data transport services for sensors and actuators to UPnP network clients.
- Define a service to describe, retain and distribute data received from sensors as well as other non-persistent data sources.
- Define an allowed device protection model for both the sensor and data retention components.

1.3 Non-Goals

The following are not initial goals of the SensorManagement architecture:

- Low-level control of bridged networks

The initial version of UPnP SensorManagement treats Sensors and Actuators as abstract data sources and sinks and does not expose details or provide direct access to bridging network protocols. Low-level control of selected bridged network protocols will be considered in subsequent versions of the architecture.

- Low-latency control of sensors and actuators

The initial version of UPnP SensorManagement treats sensors and actuators as autonomous objects requiring relatively infrequent supervision from home-network clients. Closed loop control of sensor and actuator pairs is better accomplished directly within the internal vendor-device sensor/actuator architecture with UPnP home-network clients providing overall supervision. However, UPnP SensorManagement does support sensors which have substantial throughput requirements using transport connections.

1.4 SensorManagement and DataStore Specification Map

SensorManagement Architecture Overview [10]

- Sensor Discovery and Description
 - SensorManagement Detail Overview
 - Sensor Protection Model
 - DataStore Detail Overview
 - DataStore Protection Model
 - DataItem Description and Semantics
 - Sample Implementation Theory of Operation
 - Sample Implementation Data Model

SensorManagement Device

SensorManagement Device Specification [11]

- Sensor Components High-Level Overview
- SensorManagement Required/Allowed Services

SensorManagement Sensor DataModel Service Specification [14]

- Sensor Discovery and Description
 - Sensor URN Description
 - Sensor Event Model Description
 - ConfigurationManagement service action(s)
 - Mandatory DataItem(s)
 - Common Sensor Collection types
 - Sensor Data Model
 - IEEE-11073 Medical Device Data Model

SensorTransportGeneric Service Specification [12]

- Sensor Transport (SOAP/HTTP)
 - Sensor Transport action(s)
 - Sensor Data Record(s)

DataStore Service Specification [13]

- Persistent Data Retention
 - DataStore URN Description
 - DataStore (LastChange) Event Model
 - DataStore action(s)
 - DataTable schema(s)

Device Protection Service Specification [15]

- Device Protection
 - Device Protection action(s)

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For initial readers of this document, it may be helpful to proceed to subclause 4, "Architectural Overview" and refer to this section for terms and definitions as needed.

3.1 SensorManagement terms and definitions

The following terms apply to the SensorManagement Device [11], SensorManagement Sensor DataModel Service [14], and SensorManagement SensorTransportGeneric Service [12] specifications.

3.1.1

Sensor

A Sensor defines sets of named DataItem(s) (see subclause 3.2) which can be read and/or written via the SensorTransportGeneric service [12]. Access to Sensor DataItem(s) is provided by UPnP SOAP actions or via HTTP sensor transport connections. Discovery, control and status of Sensor(s) are provided through parameter(s) defined by the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service [14]. Depending on the type of Sensor, additional sensor control and status parameters may also be defined by additional sensor ecosystem specific specifications.

3.1.2

SensorCollection

A SensorCollection contains zero or more Sensors. The Sensors enumerated within a SensorCollection typically relate to a real world device. In some instances the Sensors may be directly related to the operation of the device such as an IEEE-11073 Medical Device System [9], while in other instances, Sensors may indirectly assist in performing monitoring and possibly control operations on the device; such as sensors within a refrigerator or home thermostat. SensorCollections may identify other UPnP Devices which can provide additional command and control functionality.

3.1.3

SensorGroup

Sensors can be grouped using SensorGroup(s). An individual Sensor may participate (be a member of) zero or more SensorGroup(s). SensorGroup(s) may include Sensors from multiple SensorCollection(s). In addition to identifying related Sensors, SensorGroup(s) also can be assigned DeviceProtection permissions which can then be used as DeviceProtection Roles.

3.1.4

SensorID

A SensorID is an identifier which uniquely identifies a Sensor to SOAP actions implemented by the SensorTransportGeneric service [12]. SensorID values are provided by the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service [14] SensorID parameter node.

3.1.5

SensorNode

A SensorNode is a set of SensorManagement Sensor DataModel [14] nodes which describe a Sensor and the DataItem(s) it supports. The required and allowed SensorNode parameters and corresponding syntax and semantics are detailed by SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service specification.

3.1.6

SensorPath

A PartialPath (see subclause 3.3) to a SensorNode.

3.1.7

SensorURN

A SensorURN(s) identifies sets of required and allowed DataItem(s) that a Sensor provides. The syntax and semantics of SensorURN(s) is detailed in the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service specification [14], and subclause 5.2.6, "Sensor Normative Type Identifiers".

3.2 DataStore terms and definitions

The following terms apply to the DataStore Service specification [13],

3.2.1

DataItem

A DataItem identifies an output from a Sensor (or input to an Actuator). A DataItem is defined by a name, data type and encoding. See subclause 4.3, "DataItem Semantics" for a detailed description of DataItem(s).

3.2.2

DataRecord

A DataRecord consists of a defined set of DataItem(s). DataRecord(s) may contain DataItem(s) from multiple sensor types as well as containing DataItem(s) from multiple sensors of the same type.

3.2.3

DataStore

A DataStore is a collection of DataTable(s).

3.2.4

DataStore Group

DataTable(s) within a DataStore shall be a member of one or more groups. Membership in a group indicates the participating DataTable(s) are related in some way. A given DataTable may participate in multiple groups. The DataStore service however, only defines membership in a group and access rights to a group. Additional ecosystem specific requirements may provide further rules and meaning attached to group membership.

3.2.5

DataTable

A DataTable consists of a collection of DataRecord(s) and a key/value Dictionary managed by a DataStore service. All DataRecord(s) in a DataTable share a common DataRecord format.

3.2.6

DataTable Dictionary

A DataTable provides a key/value data structure containing information about the DataTable. DataItem(s) stored in the DataTable records may refer to entries stored in the DataTable's Dictionary.

3.2.7

DataTable GUID

A globally unique identifier of a DataTable.

3.2.8

DataTableID

A UPnP action argument identifying a specific DataTable (see DataTable GUID).

3.2.9

DataTable URN

A uniform resource name (URN) which identifies the contents stored in a DataTable. See DataStore service [13], subclause 5.3.4, "DataTable URN" for further information.

3.3 Configuration Management terms and definitions

The following terms apply to the ConfigurationManagement Service [16]. The SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service [14] defines a profile of ConfigurationManagement service.

3.3.1

Leaf

A leaf element in the data model's logical tree.

3.3.2

Node

An element in the logical tree that represents the hierarchical structure of the data model.

3.3.3

Path

A string representation of the sequence of Node(s) starting with a Root Node and ending at the Node of interest. Specifically it's the concatenation of the Node names.

3.3.4

PartialPath

A Path from the Root to a Node in the data model tree which is not a Leaf.

3.3.5

ParameterInitializationPath

A sequence of Node(s) starting from SingleInstance Node and ending to the Leaf Node.

3.3.6

Root

The root element of the data model's logical tree.

3.4 Device Protection terms and definitions

The following terms apply to the DeviceProtection service [15].

3.4.1

Device Protection Roles

The UPnP DeviceProtection service associates control points with device protection roles which define allowable operations a control point may perform on a UPnP service. UPnP DeviceProtection service roles are a union of basic roles defined by the UPnP DeviceProtection service and device protection roles defined by the UPnP service subject to device protection. See UPnP DeviceProtection service [15] and subclause 4.1.9, "Sensor Collection Protection Model" and subclause 4.2.6, "DataStore Protection Model" for further details.

3.4.2

Control Point Identity

The UPnP DeviceProtection service associates control point identities with device protection roles. A UPnP control point may have its own assigned roles as well as roles resulting from particular end-users being associated with the control point.

4 Architectural Overview

The following figure shows the high-level relationship of various components within the UPnP Sensor Management ecosystem. On the left side of the diagram are various Home Automation, Personal Health and Mobile/Lifestyle devices which can support non-UPnP remote network protocols. The UPnP SensorManagement device near the center of this figure provides services to discover and connect these devices to clients on the UPnP Home-Network. The UPnP DataStore service which can be hosted in the SensorManagement device and/or in one or more UPnP Home-Network devices can retain data from both UPnP SensorManagement devices as well as other UPnP home-network clients.

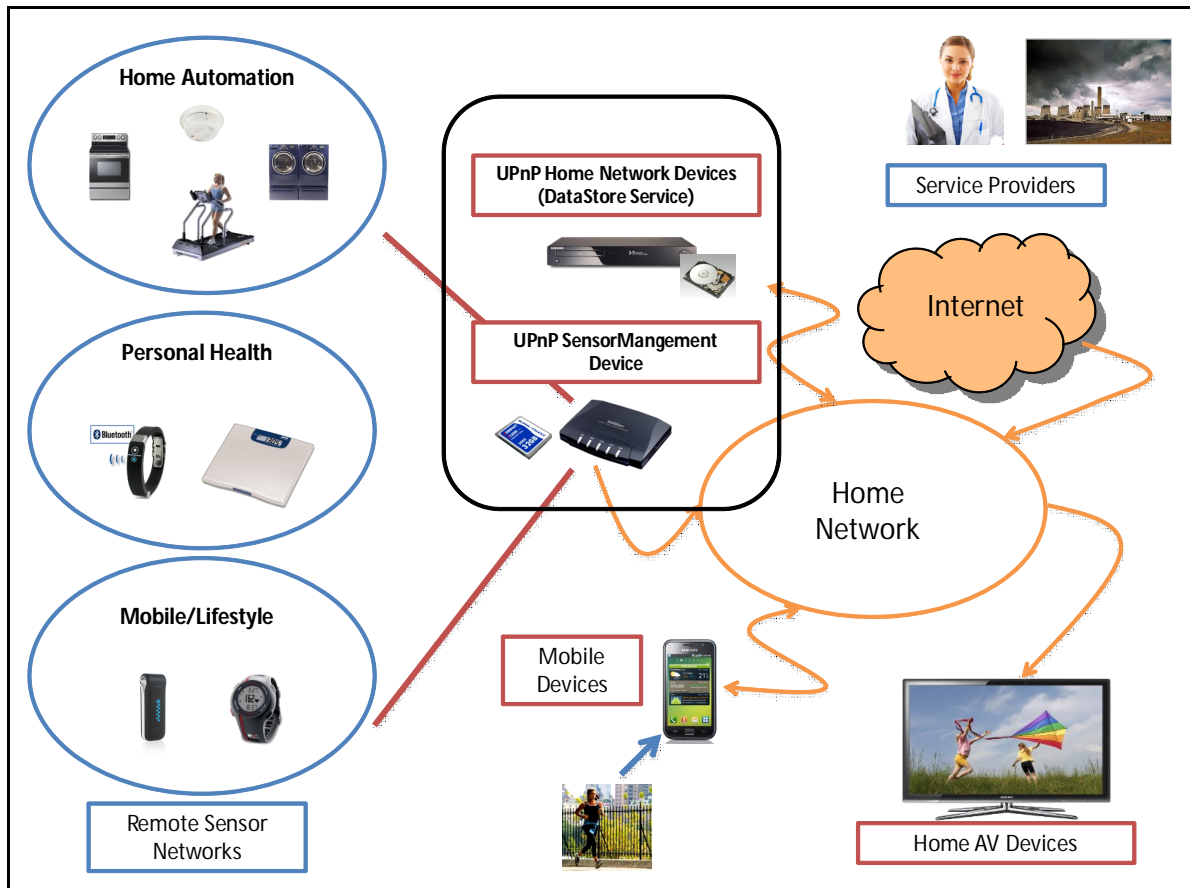


Figure 1 — SensorManagement Architectural Components

4.1 UPnP SensorManagement Device

The SensorManagement device provides the following services:

- Sensor Description
- Sensor Data Transport
- Device Protection (opt)
- Vendor defined services (opt)

The following figure shows component services contained in the UPnP SensorManagement device:

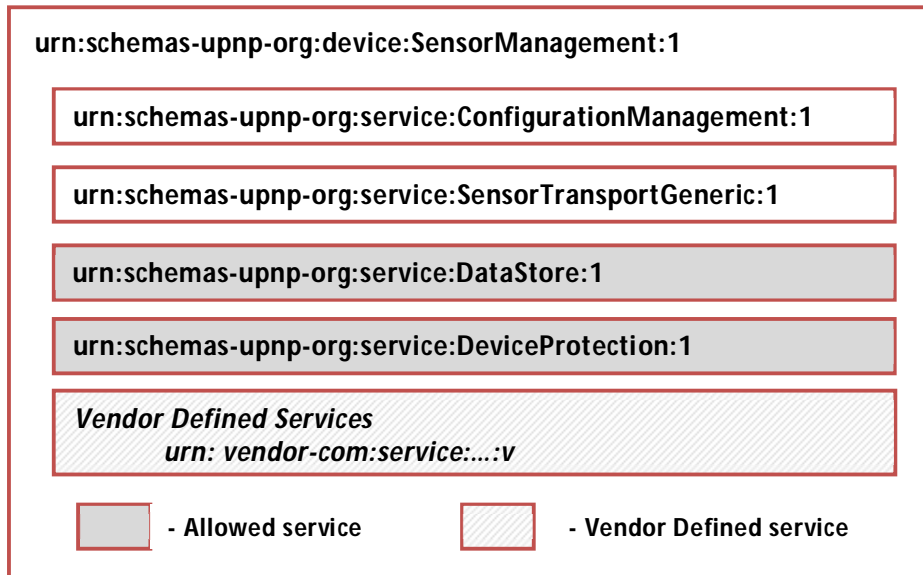


Figure 2 — SensorManagement Device services

4.1.1 Sensor Data Model

The UPnP SensorManagement device includes an instance of the UPnP ConfigurationManagement service [16]. The UPnP SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service specification [14] defines the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service and a profile for hosting the ConfigurationManagement service within the SensorManagement device. The SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service provides the primary method for UPnP home-network clients to identify sensors and actuators supported by the SensorManagement device.

4.1.2 Sensor Collections

UPnP SensorManagement groups Sensors within SensorCollections(s) which provide both physical and logical context for otherwise unrelated sensors. A simple example would be a refrigerator. This device would likely support a number of different types of sensors which perform various functions such as compartment temperature control and monitoring, power usage and door status. However, given the myriad of real-world uses of sensors, UPnP does not typically attempt to define a standard sensor model for refrigerators. Instead, UPnP SensorManagement advertises the type of the collection, allowing UPnP control points which recognize the advertised collection type to provide user-interface and control services.

4.1.3 Sensor Control

Sensors managed by UPnP SensorManagement are generally expected to operate without direct supervision by UPnP home-network clients. However, the SensorManagement device does provide basic facilities to enable automatic polling of sensors which require it. These facilities are controlled by parameter nodes in the UPnP SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service [14]. In addition, sensor types which require more detailed controls may define additional control parameters under the CollectionSpecific and SensorSpecific nodes of the UPnP SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service.

4.1.4 Sensors Dataltem(s)

UPnP treats Sensor(s) as sources of data. UPnP defines the term Dataltem as a data source (or sink) with a "name", an associated "type" and "encoding". The data type associated with a

Sensor Dataltem may range from simple scalar quantities to an XML document depending on sensor's parent ecosystem. Each Sensor may define multiple Dataltem(s) which are grouped under a SensorURN node.

4.1.5 Sensor Dataltem Description Document

Many sensors generate simple data and in these instances a text-based description of the sensor accompanied by information on the method of sampling, (average, instantaneous) and the units of the measurement are sufficient to interpret the information provided by a Dataltem. To facilitate the description of Dataltem(s), UPnP SensorManagement defines Dataltem Descriptive XML schema [25]. This XML document is provided by the Sensor's Dataltem's Description parameter node (see subclause 4.4, "Dataltem Description XML Document").

4.1.6 Sensors DataRecord(s)

A UPnP SensorManagement device can advertise sensors which may generate one or more Dataltem(s). A UPnP client can then inspect the Dataltem(s) advertised for the target Sensor and can request generation of DataRecord(s) consisting of a requested subset of Dataltem(s) provided by the Sensor.

4.1.7 Sensors Data Transport

A UPnP SensorManagement devices supports two methods for obtaining sensor data:

- HTTP/HTTPS based transport connections
- SOAP based transport

When using HTTP transport connections, a SensorManagement control point provides a transport URL that can accept DataRecord(s) produced by the SensorManagement device. The control point then issues SOAP actions to the SensorManagement device providing the transport URL and the Dataltem(s) to be included in the DataRecord(s) provided. Once established, the SensorManagement device will connect directly to the HTTP server identified by the transport URL and will deliver DataRecord directly without further control point interaction. This method is suited to cases where a sensor may either generate large amounts of data as well as sensors which generate infrequent data requests. In addition, this method allows the SensorManagement device to support multiple independent transport connections allowing sensor data to be replicated to multiple UPnP clients.

When using SOAP based transport, the SensorManagement device generates an event indicating one or more Sensor(s) has data available to be read. A UPnP SensorManagement control point can then issue a SOAP action to request DataRecord(s) from the Sensor SensorManagement device SensorGenericTransport service.

4.1.8 Sensors Groups

While SensorCollections relate sensors within a particular device, additional sensor relationships are useful both for implementing DeviceProtection as well as for context based discovery of related sensors. For example temperature measurement sensors may appear in a number of contexts such as inside of a refrigerator as well as within a room thermostat or hot-water system. Therefore SensorGroup(s) support relating sensor(s) which participate in one or more context-based groups, such a group named "HomeTemperatureControl" allow UPnP clients to locate sets of sensors that serve a particular context.

4.1.9 Sensor Protection Model

SensorGroup(s) may also be used to construct DeviceProtection roles for Sensors. In this usage a DeviceProtection role is constructed from a SensorPermission and a SensorGroup name as follows:

```
[SensorRole] ::= [SensorPermission]#[SensorGroup]
```

Table 1 — Sensor Permissions

Permission	Description
------------	-------------

SensorManagementArchitecture:1

<u>smgt:ReadSensor</u>	A control point is permitted to issue <u>ReadSensor()</u> actions to the corresponding Sensor.
<u>smgt:WriteSensor</u>	A control point is permitted to issue <u>WriteSensor()</u> actions to the corresponding Sensor.
<u>smgt:ConnectSensor</u>	A control point is permitted to issue <u>ConnectSensor()</u> and <u>DisconnectSensor()</u> actions to the corresponding Sensor.
<u>smgt:CommandSensor</u>	A control point is permitted to modify SensorManagement properties in the DataModel.
<u>smgt:ViewSensor</u>	A control point is permitted to view SensorManagement properties for this Sensor.

When the DeviceProtection feature is implemented the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service shall support the following roles:

- [Admin](#) – A control point with the [Admin](#) role can view/read/write/connect/command any sensor.
- [Public](#) – A control point with the [Public](#) role can read or write specific Sensors which permit this access.
- [Basic](#) – A control point with the [Basic](#) role can read or write specific Sensors which permit this access.

See the following SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service parameter for further details on the implementation of default DeviceProtection roles:

[/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorDefaultPermissions/](#)

In addition, the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service which implements the DeviceProtection feature shall support the following group roles:

- [smgt:ReadSensor#\[SensorGroup\]](#) - A control point with this role is permitted to issue [ReadSensor\(\)](#) actions to Sensor(s) belonging to the corresponding SensorGroup.
- [smgt:WriteSensor#\[SensorGroup\]](#) - A control point with this role is permitted to issue [WriteSensor\(\)](#) actions to Sensor(s) belonging to the corresponding SensorGroup.
- [smgt:CommandSensor#\[SensorGroup\]](#) - A control point with this role is permitted to write SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service parameter values to Sensor(s) belonging to the corresponding SensorGroup.
- [smgt:ViewSensor#\[SensorGroup\]](#) - A control point with this role is permitted to view SensorManagement properties for Sensor(s) belonging to the corresponding SensorGroup.

4.2 UPnP DataStore Service

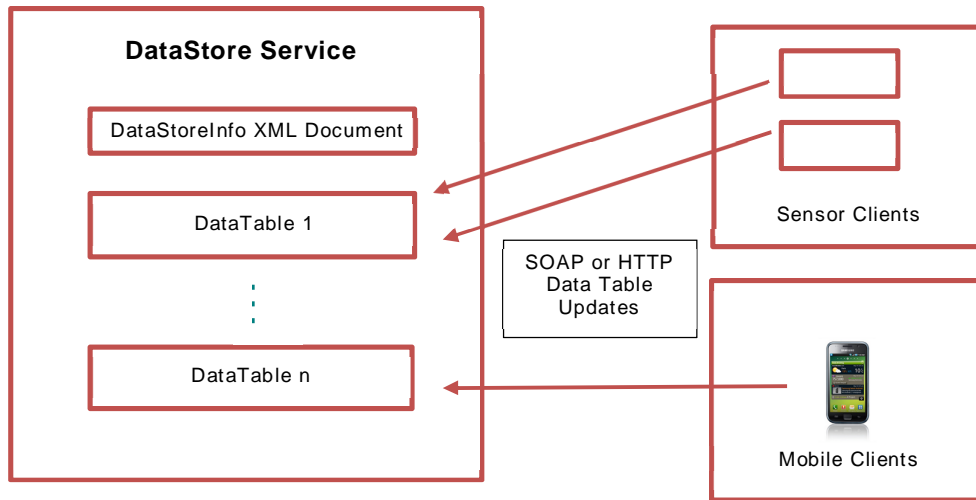


Figure 3 — DataStore service

The DataStore service provides the ability to acquire and persistently store information for later access. This service allows UPnP devices such as mobile phones and sensors to make information available for subsequent retrieval. This increase the flexibility of the UPnP ecosystem by eliminating requirements to have an immediate nexus between information sources and sinks on the UPnP network. The DataStore service additionally allows UPnP devices with limited or temporary storage capabilities to persist information for subsequent retrieval. The DataStore service constructs are intended to be modelled after and compatible with well-established database models.

The service defined herein provides the following functionality:

- Methods to define, create and delete tables of data records.
- Methods to define and identify the contents a data records.
- Methods to accept data records from both streaming and programmed sources.
- Methods to select and retrieve data record contents.

4.2.1 DataTable(s)

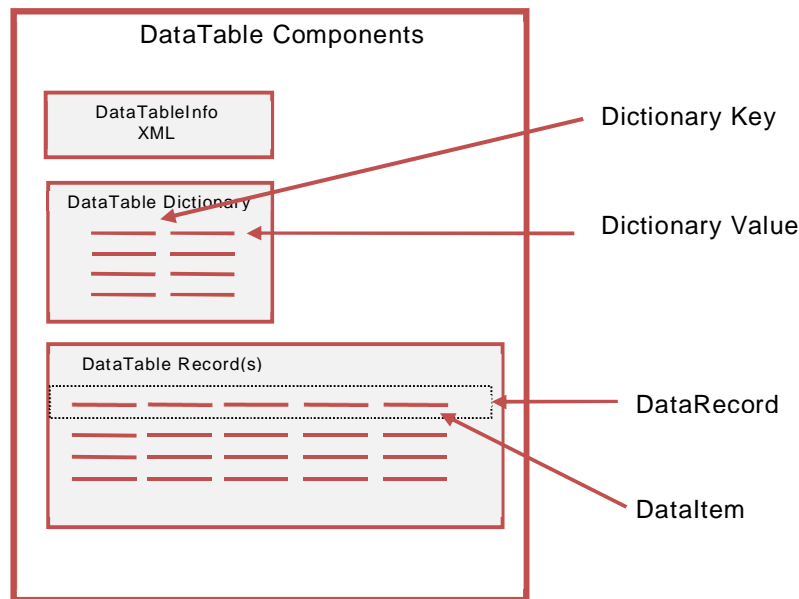


Figure 4 — DataStore service - DataTable Components

A DataTable consists of identifying metadata, a set of DataRecord(s) and a Dictionary. The DataStore service also is allowed to provide access control to DataTable(s) via the UPnP DeviceProtection service. The device hosting the DataStore service may create pre-defined DataTable(s) or the DataStore service may allow control points to dynamically create DataTable(s).

4.2.2 DataTable DataRecord(s)

When a DataTable is created (or pre-defined) a DataRecord format is established for the table. Information about each DataTable is conveyed by an XML document including identifying information, DeviceProtection roles, and DataRecord contents (see XML Schema UPnP DataStore DataStoreInfo [19]). The recorded information in a DataTable is conveyed via DataRecord(s) consisting of fields each identifying a Dataltem with an associated name and value (see XML Schema UPnP SensorManagement DataRecord Information [21]).

4.2.3 DataTable Dictionary

Each DataTable has an associated Dictionary. The DataTable's Dictionary is organized as a key-value structure. The values stored in the Dictionary are always of type utf-8, although the string values may contain encoded data types such as XML or Base64. DataTable record field(s) can refer to key(s) in the DataTable's Dictionary. When a DataTable record is read the DataStore service can automatically resolve Dictionary references by substituting the corresponding the Dictionary value for the Dictionary key contained in the stored DataRecord.

4.2.4 Dataltem types

The DataStore service always conveys stored Dataltem(s) as strings. However, the contents of the stored strings may be XML documents, integer(s) or binary content (conveyed as Base64 encoded strings). The DataTable's DataRecord format indicates the data type for each Dataltem. For data types of simple or moderate complexity, the Dataltem's XML description document (see XML Schema UPnP SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service Dataltem Description [25]) may be stored in the DataTable's Dictionary for each named Dataltem. Alternatively, definitions associated the DataTable's URN may be used to identify sets of definitions for abstract data types.

4.2.5 DataTable Operations

DataTable(s) are created and deleted via SOAP actions. In addition to DataTable creation, SOAP clients may either directly write DataTable records via SOAP actions or may arrange transport connections via the DataStore service allowing asynchronous writing of DataTable records. DataTable records are retrieved via SOAP actions. DataTable Dictionary entries are read and written via SOAP actions.

4.2.6 DataStore Protection Model

The DataStore service [13] is allowed to restrict control point access to DataTable(s) using the DeviceProtection service [15]. When the DeviceProtection feature is implemented the DataStore service shall support the following roles:

- Admin – A control point with the Admin role can create/read/write/delete any DataStore Table and can create or remove any DataStore group.
- Public – A control point with the Public role can read or write specific DataStore tables which permit this access.
- Basic – A control point with the Basic role can read or write specific DataStore tables which permit this access.

In addition the DataStore service [13] which implements the DeviceProtection feature shall support the following group roles:

- ds:Master#[GroupName] - A control point with a ds:Master#[GroupName] identity for the indicated DataStore group may create or delete the corresponding group and may create or delete DataTable(s) belonging to that DataStore group. If a created or deleted DataTable participates in multiple DataStore groups, then the control point is required to have corresponding ds:Master identities for all groups the target DataTable references.
- ds:Reader#[GroupName] - A control point with a ds:Reader#[GroupName] identity for the indicated DataStore group may read DataTable(s) which are a member of the identified group.
- ds:Writer#[GroupName] - A control point with a ds:Writer#[GroupName] identity for the indicated DataStore group may write DataTable(s) which are a member of the identified group.

4.3 Dataltem Semantics

The SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service and DataStore service use Dataltem(s) to information. These Dataltem(s) may include simple scalars, CSVs, abstract data types or XML documents. SensorManagement uses four components to describe each Dataltem. These components may be conveyed differently:

For example:

The SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service [14] defines these components as Parameter nodes:

```
DataItems/#!/Name  
DataItems/#!/Type  
DataItems/#!/Encoding  
DataItems/#!/Description
```

See UPNP Sensor Sensor DataModel service [14], Annex A.1.1.34, "...#/SensorURNs/#!/Dataltems/" for further details.

While the DataStore service provides these components as <field> element attribute values:

```
<field  
  name="..."  
  type="..."  
  encoding="..." />
```

See UPNP DataStore:1 Service [13], subclause 5.5.12, "[A ARG TYPE DataTableInfo](#)" for further details.

The following clause(s) discuss the underlying information conveyed so the services can interoperate correctly.

4.3.1 Dataltem Name

Each Dataltem shall have a name which identifies a specific occurrence of a data item.

Dataltem names may have additional syntax requirements defined by the underlying sensor ecosystem.

Examples of Dataltem names:

```
RoomThermostat  
FreezerCompartmentTemperature  
2b88f740-b151-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66  
$1-Obs
```

4.3.1.1 Dataltem Name Requirements

Dataltem name(s) shall conform to the following requirements:

- A set of Dataltems described by a SensorURN shall each have a distinct name. Dataltem name(s) while being distinct are not required to be globally unique.
- Dataltem name(s) shall be restricted to the following ranges of allowed characters unless additional characters are specifically defined by the SensorURN.

```
"A" - "Z" (U+0041 - U+005A)  
"a" - "z" (U+0061 - U+007A)  
"0" - "9" (U+0030 - U+0039)  
"_" (U+005F)  
"-" (U+002D)
```

- Dataltem name(s) shall not include the following characters:

```
"[" (U+005B)
"]" (U+005D)
";" (U+003A)
```

- Dataltem name(s) shall conform to any additional ecosystem requirement defined by the SensorURN.

4.3.2 Dataltem Prefix

A Dataltem prefix is a set of characters appended to a Dataltem during transmission to make the Dataltem name unique.

For example:

A household may deploy identical thermostat device(s) in each room. Although a Sensor Management device would consider these devices as distinct Sensors, it would likely use the same set of named Dataltem(s) to describe each Sensor. To enable the DataStore service to aggregate measurements from these Sensors in a single DataTable, the SensorManagement Sensor Transport Generic service may be configured to append a prefix string to each reported Dataltem on a per-Connection basis.

```
[LivingRoom]Thermostat
[Bedroom]Thermostat
[Kitchen]Thermostat
```

4.3.2.1 Dataltem Prefix Requirements

Dataltem prefix(es) shall conform to the following requirements:

- Dataltem prefix(es) shall be restricted to the following ranges of allowed characters unless additional characters are specifically defined by SensorURN naming conventions.

```
"A" - "Z" (U+0041 - U+005A)
"a" - "z" (U+0061 - U+007A)
"0" - "9" (U+0030 - U+0039)
"_" (U+005F)
"-" (U+002D)
```

- Dataltem prefix(es) shall not be included in Dataltem name(s) reported by the SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service. Dataltem prefix(es) are selected on a per-connection basis when a transport connection to a Sensor is requested. The requested prefix is only attached the Dataltem prior to transmission.
- Dataltem prefix(es) appended to the Dataltem name shall be enclosed in the "[" and "]" characters.
- Dataltem prefix(es) conform to any additional ecosystem requirement defined by the SensorURN.

4.3.3 Dataltem Type

Each Dataltem shall have a type which identifies the underlying data type of the data item.

Dataltem type(s) rely on existing data type ontologies. The contents of the Dataltem type field shall be used to identify the data type ontology and a specific data type defined by that ontology.

The following are examples of Dataltem types:

```
uda:ui4
xsd:duration
xml:http://vendor.com/schemas/myschema.xsd:MyRootElementNS
```

upnp:urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:AVTransport:3:A_ARG_TYPE_SeekMode

A Dataltem composed of multiple values shall be conveyed in CSV (Comma Separated Variable) format. The corresponding Dataltem type shall provide a CSV of the data type(s) for the sub-components of each CSV item. The corresponding Dataltem Description Document may provide additional context information for the sub-components of each CSV item.

4.3.3.1 Dataltem Type Requirements

Dataltem type values shall conform to the following requirements:

- A Dataltem type shall have the following format:

```
[DataItem type] ::=  
  [identifier] [ ":" [Information field(s)] ] ":" [Type field] [ "," [DataItem  
  type] ]
```

The following table defines type

Identifier	Information field	Data type	Description
<u>uda</u>	None	UDA defined type	A data type is defined specifically by UPnP Device Architecture.
<u>xsd</u>	None	XSD built-in type(s)	A built-in data type as defined by http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema .
<u>xml</u>	Schema Location	Root element namespace	Namespace of an XML document.
<u>upnp</u>	UPnP Service URN	UPnP service state variable name	A variable defined by a UPnP SCPD.
<u>mds</u>	Medical Device System (IEEE-11073)		
<u><other></u>	Per ecosystem SensorURN	Per ecosystem SensorURN	Type defined by specific sensor ecosystem.

Note: A UPnP Sensor Transport client (such as a DataStore service) is permitted to accept Dataltem(s) with types it does not directly support; provided it can correctly store and forward the received type information to the next destination.

4.3.4 Dataltem Encoding

Each Dataltem shall have an encoding which identifies the format of the original Dataltem.

4.3.4.1 Dataltem Encoding Requirements

The following Dataltem encoding values shall be supported:

Encoding	Description
<u>ascii</u>	Dataltem consists of ASCII characters in the range (U+0000 – U+007F)
<u>utf-8</u>	Dataltem shall conform to UTF-8 encoding
<u>base64</u>	Dataltem is binary data encoded as Base64

4.3.5 Dataltem Description Document

Each Dataltem is allowed to provide an XML document that provides additional information about the Dataltem. See the following section.

4.4 Dataltem Description XML Document

4.4.1 Introduction

Dataltem(s) may provide an informational XML document which describes the characteristics of each Dataltem.

4.4.2 Dataltem Categories

Information provided by Dataltem(s) may be grouped under the following categories. Dataltem(s) in CSV format may contain multiple categories.

- **Measurement**
This Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) is a measured quantity. The Dataltem description document provides information concerning the measurement units and the measurement method, i.e. average, cumulative, or current.
- **Limit**
This Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) serves as a limit for a measured quantity. This item is typically related to an Alarm which indicates when the measured quantity has exceeded the specified limit.
- **Interval**
This Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) provides a measurement interval.
- **Setting**
This Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) represents a setting such as a thermostat setting, or may be an actuator input.
- **Alarm**
This Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) represents an Alarm indicating an unusual condition. The Alarm may be set as the result of other subsystem alarms or may be directly related to a measured quantity or limit.

4.4.3 Dataltem Description Document Elements

If a Dataltem provides a simple scalar quantity then one of the above categories will likely apply and the Dataltem Description document shall contain a corresponding descriptive element such as <measurement>, <limit>, <interval>, <alarm>, or <setting>. If the Dataltem is related to other named Dataltems then the <relateditem> element should be present to describe the relationships to peer Dataltems. The Dataltem may also be a CSV containing multiple categories such as a measurement, a limiting value and an alarm. In this case, multiple category elements are included to describe to component values of the CSV. If a Dataltem provides an XML document; the corresponding Dataltem description XML document can use an XPath [8] expression to identify XML elements within the target Dataltem document. The XPath expression is supplied by the path= attribute of the descriptive element within the Dataltem description XML document.

4.4.3.1 Dataltem Description Document Template

The Dataltem Description parameter value shall be set to an XML document conforming to the XML Schema UPnP SensorManagement Sensor DataModel service Dataltem Description [25] and as described below:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmddid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
```

```
urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmddid.xsd
http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmddid-v1.xsd"

itemname="Name parameter for this DataItem"
access="read/read-write/write access for this DataItem">

<description>
  Description of this DataItem (suitable for end-user display)
</description>

<measurement
  units="Units of measurement"
  treatment="Treatment for this measurement (current,average)"
  accumulation="Accumulation timeframe for this measurement"
  access="read/read-write/write access for this quantity"
  path="For XML based DataItem(s) XPath spec to element/attr">

  <relateditem
    itemname="Name parameter of DataItem related to this DataItem"
    relationtype="Type of relationship" />

</measurement>

<limit
  units="Units of measurement"
  type="Type of limit (high,low,timeout)"
  access="read/read-write/write access for this quantity"
  path="For XML based DataItem(s) XPath spec to element/attr">

  <relateditem
    itemname="Name parameter of DataItem related to this DataItem"
    relationtype="Type of relationship" />

</limit>

<setting
  units="Units of setting"
  access="read/read-write/write access for this quantity"
  path="For XML based DataItem(s) XPath spec to element/attr">

  <relateditem
    itemname="Name parameter of DataItem related to this DataItem"
    relationtype="Type of relationship" />

</setting>

<interval
  units="Units of measurement"
  access="read/read-write/write access for this quantity"
  path="For XML based DataItem(s) XPath spec to element/attr">

  <relateditem
    itemname="Name parameter of DataItem related to this DataItem"
    relationtype="Type of relationship" />

</interval>

<alarm
  access="read/read-write/write access for this quantity"
  path="For XML based DataItem(s) XPath spec to element/attr">

  <relateditem
    itemname="Name parameter of DataItem related to this DataItem"
    relationtype="Type of relationship" />

</alarm>

</DataItemDescription>
```

<?xml>

Allowed. Case sensitive.

<DataItemDescription>

Required, XML. Shall include a namespace declaration for the Dataltem Description Schema ("urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdd"). Shall include zero or more of the following elements:

itemname

Required, xsd:string. Shall be equal to the name of the Dataltem being described by this XML document.

access

Required, xsd:string. Shall identify whether any components of the Dataltem can be read and/or written. The following table provides the allowed values for the `access=` attribute:

Table 2 — `access=` attribute allowed values

| Allowed Values | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| <u>ro</u> | Dataltem can be read and has no writable components. |
| <u>rw</u> | Dataltem can be read and has one or more writable components. |
| <u>wo</u> | Dataltem can only be written. |

<description>

Required, xsd:string. Shall provide a description of the corresponding Dataltem (suitable for display to end-users).

<measurement>

Allowed, XML. This element shall be present zero or more times. This element provides information when the corresponding Dataltem (or Dataltem CSV component) provides a measured scalar quantity.

units

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the units for the measured quantity. See subclause 4.5, "Dataltem Description Units of Measurement" for allowed values for this attribute. Support of sensors which report in arbitrary units is not allowed unless otherwise such behaviour is specifically allowed by the corresponding SensorURN definition.

treatment

Required, xsd:string. This attribute describes the treatment of the measured quantity. The following table provides allowed values for this attribute

Table 3 — `treatment=` attribute allowed values (measurement)

| Allowed Values | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <u>current</u> | Measurement is the result from the last time the sensor was read. |
| <u>average</u> | Measurement is an averaged value. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the average was for the current interval or cumulative. |
| <u>high</u> | Measurement is the highest value detected. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the sampling period was for the current interval or cumulative. |
| <u>low</u> | Measurement is the lowest value detected. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the sampling period was for the current interval or cumulative. |
| <u>delta</u> | Measurement is a change from the previous measurement. |
| <u>pct-on</u> | Measurement is for percentage-on. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the sampling period was for the current |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| | interval or cumulative. |
| <u>pct-off</u> | Measurement is for percentage-off. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the sampling period was for the current interval or cumulative. |
| <u>count</u> | Measurement is a simple (event) counter. The <code>accumulation=</code> value indicates if the sampling period was for the current interval or cumulative. |

`accumulation`

Required. xsd:string. This attribute describes the timeframe which applies to the measured quantity. The following table provides allowed values for this attribute:

Table 4 — `accumulation=` attribute allowed values (measurement)

| Allowed Values | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| <u>current</u> | This measurement is not accumulated. The measurement provided is the last value obtained from for this Dataltem. |
| <u>interval</u> | This measurement was accumulated over an interval. The interval value is provided by the <code><relateditem></code> or <code><interval></code> element. |
| <u>cumulative</u> | This measurement was accumulated, and is not reset at interval boundaries. If the corresponding access attribute for this measurement is " <u>rw</u> ", then a write shall set the initial accumulated value. |
| | |

`access`

Required. xsd:string. Access for measurement component. See Table 2, "`access=` attribute allowed values".

`path`

Allowed. xsd:string. For Dataltems which are defined as XML documents, this attribute provides an XPath [8] expression to locate the corresponding element or attribute with the Dataltem's XML document.

`<relateditem>`

Allowed. XML. This allowed element may appear zero or more times. Each instance provides information about a separate Dataltem which is related to the Dataltem being described. If there are multiple related Dataltems, then this element may be repeated to describe the related Dataltems. If there are no applicable Dataltems or the related fields included within this Dataltem, then this element shall be omitted.

`itemname`

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the name of the related Dataltem. The Dataltem name shall correspond to another named peer Dataltem.

`relationtype`

Required, xsd:string. This attribute shall identify how the Dataltem identified by the `itemname=` attribute is related this Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the relationship to the separate peer Dataltem identified.

Table 5 — `relationtype=` allowed values (measurement)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|----------------|---|
| <u>limit</u> | The related Dataltem provides a limiting value for the measured Dataltem. |
| <u>alarm</u> | The related Dataltem is an Alarm for the measured Dataltem. |
| <u>setting</u> | The related Dataltem provides a setting value for the |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| | measured Dataltem |
| <u>Interval</u> | The related Dataltem provides a measurement interval for the measured Dataltem. |
| | |

<alarm>

Allowed. XML. This element may be present when the corresponding Dataltem (or Dataltem component) describes an alarm condition. The corresponding Dataltem may provide a boolean value indicating whether an alarm condition is present or may provide a text string indicating the type of alarm.

access

Required, xsd:string. Access for an alarm component may be "rw" or "ro" depending if the Sensor anticipates the UPnP SensorManagement control point will explicitly reset the alarm.

path

Allowed, xsd:string. For Dataltems which are defined as XML documents, this attribute provides an XPath [8] expression to locate the corresponding element or attribute with the Dataltem's XML document.

<relateditem>

Allowed. XML. This allowed element may appear zero or more times. Each instance provides information about a separate Dataltem which is related to the Dataltem being described. If there are multiple related Dataltems, then this element may be repeated to describe the related Dataltems.

itemname

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the name of the related Dataltem. The Dataltem name shall correspond to another named peer Dataltem.

relationship

Required, xsd:string. This attribute shall identify how the Dataltem identified by the itemname= attribute is related this Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the relationship to the separate peer Dataltem identified.

Table 6 — relationship= attribute (alarm)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| <u>source</u> | The related Dataltem is a potential source for the alarm. The referred Dataltem may be a measurement, limit or another alarm. |
| <u>reset interval</u> | Amount of time the alarm will remain active before being automatically reset. |

<limit>

Allowed. XML. This element may be present zero or more times. This element provides information when the corresponding Dataltem (or Dataltem component) provides a limiting value for a measured quantity.

units

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the units for the limiting quantity. See subclause 4.5, "Dataltem Description Units of Measurement" for allowed values for this attribute. Support of sensors which report in arbitrary units is prohibited unless otherwise such behaviour is specifically allowed by the corresponding SensorURN definition. In these cases the SensorURN shall provide the necessary scaling information to correctly interpret the sensor measurements.

limittype

Required. xsd:string. This attribute describes the type of limit to be applied to the Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the types of limits:

Table 7 — limittype= attribute (limit)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|---------------|--|
| High | Limiting value is the highest acceptable value for the measured quantity |
| Low | Limiting value is the lowest acceptable value for the measured quantity |
| Timeout | Limiting value is a timeout. |
| | |

access

Required, xsd:string. Access for a limit component may be "rw" or "ro" depending control point is be permitted to modify the limit value.

path

Allowed, xsd:string. For Dataltems which are defined as XML documents, this attribute provides an XPath [8] expression to locate the corresponding element or attribute with the Dataltem's XML document.

<relateditem>

Allowed. XML. This allowed element may appear zero or more times. Each instance provides information about a separate Dataltem which is related to the Dataltem being described. If there are multiple related Dataltem(s), then this element may be repeated to describe the related Dataltems.

itemname

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the name of the related Dataltem. The Dataltem name shall correspond to another named Dataltem available under the same Dataltems Multiinstance node as this Dataltem.

relationtype

Required, xsd:string. This attribute shall identify how the Dataltem identified by the itemname= attribute is related this Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the relationship to the separate Dataltem identified.

Table 8 — relationtype= attribute allowed values (limit)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| <u>measurement</u> | The related Dataltem is a measurement to which this Limit applies. |
| <u>alarm</u> | The related Dataltem is an Alarm for the measured Dataltem, for example a master alarm which is set based on a subsystem alarm status. |
| | |

<setting>

Allowed. XML. This element may be present zero or more times. This element provides information when the corresponding Dataltem (or Dataltem component) provides a measured scalar quantity.

units

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the units for the setting quantity. See subclause 4.5, "Dataltem Description Units of Measurement" for allowed values for this attribute.

access

Required, xsd:string. Access for a setting component may be "rw" or "ro" depending if the Sensor anticipates the UPnP SensorManagement control point be permitted to modify the setting value.

path

Allowed, xsd:string. For Dataltems which are defined as XML documents, this attribute provides an XPath [8] expression to locate the corresponding element or attribute with the Dataltem's XML document.

<relateditem>

Allowed, XML. This allowed element may appear zero or more times. Each instance provides information about a separate Dataltem which is related to the Dataltem being described. If there are multiple related Dataltems, then this element may be repeated to describe the related Dataltems.

itemname

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the name of the related Dataltem. The Dataltem name shall correspond to another named peer Dataltem.

relationtype

Required, xsd:string. This attribute shall identify how the Dataltem identified by the itemname attribute is related this Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the relationship to the peer Dataltem .

Table 9 — relationtype= attribute allowed values (setting)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| <u>measurement</u> | The related Dataltem is a measurement directly related to the setting contained in this Dataltem. For example:a temperature measurement related to a current thermostat setting, |
| <u>monitor</u> | The related Dataltem is a measurement indirectly related to the setting contained in this Dataltem. Such as measurement of heat-on time as related to a temperature setting. |

<interval>

Allowed. XML. This element shall be present zero or more times. This Dataltem provides a measurement interval for other related Dataltem(s) (or Dataltem components).

units

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the units for the measurement interval. The following table provides allowed values for this attribute.

Table 10 — units= attribute allowed values (interval)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| <u>duration</u> | An interval expressed per ISO-8601 duration notation |
| <u>s</u> | An interval expressed in seconds. |

access

Required. xsd:string. Access for a setting component may be "rw" or "ro" depending if the Sensor anticipates the UPnP SensorManagement control point be permitted to modify the interval value.

path

Allowed, xsd:string. For Dataltems which are defined as XML documents, this attribute provides an XPath [8] expression to locate the corresponding element or attribute with the Dataltem's XML document.

<relateditem>

Allowed, XML. This allowed element may appear zero or more times. Each instance provides information about a separate Dataltem which is related to the Dataltem being described. If there are multiple related Dataltem(s), then this element may be repeated to describe the related Dataltems.

itemname

Required, xsd:string. This attribute provides the name of the related Dataltem. The Dataltem name shall correspond to another named peer Dataltem.

relationtype

Required, xsd:string. This attribute shall identify how the Dataltem identified by the itemname= attribute is related this Dataltem. The following allowed values describe the relationship to the separate Dataltem identified.

Table 11 — relationtype= attribute allowed values (interval)

| Allowed Value | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>measurement</i> | The interval applies to the related measurement Dataltem. |
| <i>alarm</i> | The interval applies to the related alarm, indicating a timeout condition. |
| | |

4.5 Dataltem Description Units of Measurement

4.5.1 SI Prefixes

| Prefix | Factor |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| <u>Y</u> | 10 ²⁴ - yotta |
| <u>Z</u> | 10 ²¹ - zetta |
| <u>E</u> | 10 ¹⁸ - exa |
| <u>P</u> | 10 ¹⁵ - peta |
| <u>T</u> | 10 ¹² - tera |
| <u>G</u> | 10 ⁹ - giga |
| <u>M</u> | 10 ⁶ - mega |
| <u>K</u> | 10 ³ - kilo |
| <u>H</u> | 10 ² - hecto |
| <u>Da</u> | 10 ¹ - deca |
| <u>D</u> | 10 ⁻¹ - deci |
| <u>C</u> | 10 ⁻² - centi |
| <u>m</u> | 10 ⁻³ - mili |
| <u>U</u> | 10 ⁻⁶ - micro |
| <u>n</u> | 10 ⁻⁹ - nano |
| <u>p</u> | 10 ⁻¹² - pico |
| <u>f</u> | 10 ⁻¹⁵ - femto |
| <u>a</u> | 10 ⁻¹⁸ - atto |
| <u>z</u> | 10 ⁻²¹ - zepto |
| <u>y</u> | 10 ⁻²⁴ - yocto |

4.5.2 SI Base Units

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-------------|----------------|--------------------|
| <u>m</u> | meters | length |
| <u>kg</u> | kilogram | mass |
| <u>s</u> | seconds | time |
| <u>A</u> | ampere | electric current |
| <u>mol</u> | mole | amount |
| <u>K</u> | degrees Kelvin | temperature |
| <u>cd</u> | candela | luminous intensity |

4.5.3 SI Derived Units

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-------------|------------|-------------|
| <u>N</u> | newton | force |
| <u>Pa</u> | pascal | pressure |
| <u>J</u> | joules | work/energy |

| | | |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| <u>W</u> | watts | power |
| <u>Hz</u> | hertz | frequency |
| <u>C</u> | coulomb | electric charge |
| <u>F</u> | farad | capacitance |
| <u>V</u> | volt | electric potential |
| <u>Ω</u> | ohm | electric resistance |
| <u>H</u> | henry | inductance |
| <u>S</u> | siemens | conductivity |
| <u>T</u> | tesla | magnetic field strength |
| <u>Wb</u> | weber | magnetic flux |
| <u>lm</u> | lumen | luminous flux |
| <u>rad</u> | radian | angle |
| <u>sr</u> | steradian | solid angle |
| <u>lx</u> | lux | illuminance |
| <u>°C</u> | degrees Celsius | temperature |
| <u>Bq</u> | Becquerel | radioactivity (decay per unit time) |
| <u>Gy</u> | gray | radioactivity (adsorbed dose) |
| <u>Sv</u> | sievert | radioactivity (equivalent dose) |

4.5.4 Non-SI in common use

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| <u>g</u> | grams | mass |
| <u>l</u> | litre | volume |
| <u>cal</u> | calorie | energy |
| <u>Cal</u> | 1000 calories | energy |
| <u>kcal</u> | 1000 calories | energy |
| <u>degC</u> | degrees Celsius | temperature |

4.5.5 British units in common use

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <u>in</u> | inch | length |
| <u>ft</u> | foot | length |
| <u>yd</u> | yard | length |
| <u>mi</u> | mile | length |
| <u>oz</u> | ounce | weight |
| <u>lb</u> | pound | weight |
| <u>t</u> | ton | weight |
| <u>psi</u> | pounds per square inch | psi |
| <u>Btu</u> | british thermal units | energy |
| <u>degF</u> | degrees Fahrenheit | temperature |

4.5.6 Coordinates

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-------------|------------|----------|
|-------------|------------|----------|

| | | |
|------------------|---|----------|
| <u>coord-dms</u> | Coordinates
CSV(lat:deg,min,sec,lon:deg,min,sec) | location |
| <u>coord-gps</u> | Coordinates
CSV(lat:deg-float, lon:deg-float) | location |

4.5.7 Duration

| Unit Symbol | Definition | Category |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|
| <u>duration</u> | Duration per ISO-8601 | time |

4.5.8 Encoding

The SI and Non-SI unit symbols listed in subclause 4.5.2 and subclause 4.5.4 may be used directly or with the scaling prefixes listed in subclause 4.5.1.

For example:

- "m" - meters
- "km" - kilometer
- "ml" - milliliter
- "kW" - kilowatt
- "nm" - nanometer

British units may be used directly. For example:

- "oz" - ounce
- "mi" - mile
- "lb" – pound

Other units may be derived by combination of the listed units:

- "m/s²" - acceleration
- "kW-h" - energy
- "lb-ft" - torque
- "N-m" - torque

4.6 Theory of Operation (informative)

4.6.1 SensorManagement Device

The following examples show discovery and connection to sensors managed by a SensorManagement device.

4.6.1.1 Discovering of the Data Model

After detecting a UPnP SensorManagement Device a control point will typically check the supported data model. The [GetSupportedDataModels\(\)](#) action returns an XML document containing the currently supported Data Model definitions. The data model supported by the SensorManagement Device contains the following URI: urn:upnp-org:smgt:1

Request:

```
GetSupportedDataModels()
```

Response:

```
GetSupportedDataModels(
"<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cms:SupportedDataModels
  xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation=
    "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd">
  <SubTree>
    <URI>
      urn:upnp-org:smgt:1
    </URI>
    <Location>
      /UPnP/SensorMgt
    </Location>
    <URL>
      http://www.upnp.org/specs/smgt/UPnP-smgt-SensorDataModel-v1-Service.pdf
    </URL>
    <Description>
      ... device vendor descriptive text ...
    </Description>
  </SubTree>
</cms:SupportedDataModels>" )
```

Next a control point calls the [GetSupportedParameters\(\)](#) action using "/UPnP/SensorMgt/" as starting Node with [SearchDepth](#) set to ("0"), which indicates that the control point wants to read the entire sub-tree. Using this information the control point can determine which parameters are supported, including allowed or eco-system specific parameters.

Request:

```
GetSupportedParameters(
  "/UPnP/SensorMgt",
  0)
```

Response:

```
GetSupportedParameters(
"<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cms:StructurePathList
  xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation=
    "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd">
  <StructurePath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/
  </StructurePath>
  <StructurePath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollectionsNumberOfEntries
```



```
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/CollectionType
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/CollectionFriendlyName
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/CollectionInformation
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/CollectionUniqueIdentifier
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/SensorsNumberOfEntries
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorID
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorType
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorUniqueIdentifier
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNsNumberOfEntries
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/SensorURN
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/DataItemsNumberOfEntr
ies
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/DataItems/#!/
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/DataItems/#!/Name
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/DataItems/#!/Type
</StructurePath>
<StructurePath>
  /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/#!/Sensors/#!/SensorURNs/#!/DataItems/#!/Encoding
</StructurePath>
</cms:StructurePathList>")
```

Note: [GetSupportedParameters\(\)](#) refers to [ConfigurationManagement::GetSupportedParameters\(\)](#)

4.6.1.2 Obtaining SensorCollection and Sensor Information

As a next step a control point typically queries the data model to determine which SensorCollections and Sensors are represented by the SensorManagement Device. A control point may, for example, provide a list of available SensorCollections to the user, and allow the

user to select a SensorCollection to obtain additional information. Alternatively, a control point may look for a specific type of sensor.

To determine which SensorCollections and Sensors are represented by the data model, the control point invokes the [GetInstances\(\)](#) action. This action returns an XML formatted list of Instance Paths. Whereas the data model describes which type of information is available, instance paths refer to the actual number of instances present for each multi-instance node. The Fridge example, defined in the Annex A, "Sample Device Illustration" contains one SensorCollection, two Sensors, two SensorURN and ten DataItem instances in total.

To obtain a list of SensorCollection instances the control point calls [GetInstances\(\)](#)("/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/",1). The first argument defines the starting node, in this case the SensorCollections; setting the second argument, limits the SearchDepth to 1. Therefore, only SensorCollection instances will be returned by this call. The XML document returned by this call will contain a list of all SensorCollection instances. In the Fridge example, only one instance is present. The corresponding XML output is shown below.

Request:

```
GetInstances(  
    "/UPnP/SensorMgt",  
    1)
```

Response:

```
GetInstances(  
    "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?">  
    <cms:InstancePathList  
        xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"  
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
        xsi:schemaLocation=  
            "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd">  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollectionsNumberOfEntries  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/  
    </InstancePath>  
    </cms:InstancePathList>")
```

Note: [GetInstances\(\)](#) refers to [ConfigurationManagement::GetInstances\(\)](#)

Using the SensorCollection instances, the control point can construct a path to query which Sensor instances are available in a particular SensorCollection. For example, [GetInstances\(\)](#)("/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensors/",1) will return an XML document providing a list of Sensor instances for SensorCollection instance 1.

Request:

```
GetInstances(  
    "/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensors/",  
    1)
```

Response:

```
GetInstances(  
    "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?">  
    <cms:InstancePathList  
        xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"  
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
        xsi:schemaLocation=  
            "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd">  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/SensorNumberOfEntries  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1  
    </InstancePath>
```

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```
</cms:InstancePathList>")
```

Note: [GetInstanceNames\(\)](#) refers to [ConfigurationManagement::GetInstanceNames\(\)](#)

Alternatively, a control point implementation may request SensorCollections and Sensor instances in a combined list by invoking [GetInstanceNames\(\)](#) `"/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/",3`).

Request:

```
GetInstanceNames(  
    "/UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensors/" ,  
    3)
```

Response:

```
GetInstanceNames(  
    "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
    <cms:InstancePathList  
        xmlns:cms='urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms'  
        xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
        xsi:schemaLocation=  
            'urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd'>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/SensorNumberOfEntries  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorID  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorType  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNsNumberOfEntries  
    </InstancePath>  
    <InstancePath>  
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1  
    </InstancePath>  
    </cms:InstancePathList>")
```

Ultimately, a control point may obtain all instances represented by the sensor management device by using `GetInstanceNames("/UPnP/SensorMgt/",0)` as [SearchDepth](#) 0 indicates unlimited search depth. It must be noted, however, that a SensorManagement device may represent a large number of Sensors.

Control points can request the current value of a parameter by combining the information obtained through the [GetParameters\(\)](#) and the [GetInstanceNames\(\)](#) action. Using the [GetValues\(\)](#) action control points can request information on specific parameter, or request all parameters corresponding to a certain instance. The [ContentPathList](#) input parameter of the [GetValues\(\)](#) action is used to specify a number of Instance paths for which values are requested. The result of the [GetValues\(\)](#) action is an XML document which contains a set of parameter paths and corresponding values.

Invoking the [GetValues\(\)](#) action using the XML document below requests the current value of the `CollectionType` and the `CollectionFriendlyName` for `SensorCollection` instance 1. In case of the Fridge example, the following XML document, which provides the values for the `CollectionType` and `CollectionFriendlyName`, is returned.

Request:

```
GetValues(  
    "
```

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```
"<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cms:ContentPathList xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation=
    "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd" >
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/CollectionType
  </ContentPath>
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/CollectionFriendlyName
  </ContentPath>
</cms:ContentPathList>" )
```

Response:

```
GetValues(
  "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <cms:ParameterValueList
    xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:schemaLocation=
      "urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd">
    <Parameter>
      <ParameterPath>
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/CollectionType
      </ParameterPath>
      <Value>
        urn:upnp-org:smgt-sct:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com
        :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs
      </Value>
    </Parameter>
    <Parameter>
      <ParameterPath>
        /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/CollectionFriendlyName
      </ParameterPath>
      <Value>
        Your Refrigerator
      </Value>
    </Parameter>
  </cms:ParameterValueList>" )
```

Note: [GetValues\(\)](#) refers to [ConfigurationManagement::GetValues\(\)](#)

In a similar fashion parameters can be modified by a control point using the [SetValues\(\)](#) action. The access attribute determines if a parameter can be written or is read-only. In the latter case the [SetValues\(\)](#) action will return error 706 "Read-only violation".

4.6.1.3 Reading and writing sensor data

The previous section detailed the reading and writing of data model parameter values. These parameter values provide information about the sensors and the type of data these sensors can produce. The actual data values provided by a sensor are accessed using the SensorTransportGeneric service.

The SensorTransportGeneric service offers two approaches to read data from or write data to a sensor.

In the first case a control point can setup a connection to a specific sensor identified by its [SensorID](#) and [SensorURN](#) by invoking the [ConnectSensor\(\)](#) action. The [SensorID](#), and [SensorURN](#) input arguments can be obtained for a specific sensor instance using the [GetInstances\(\)](#) and [GetValues\(\)](#) actions described in the previous sections.

Since a SensorURN can provide multiple types of sensor data as described by the corresponding DataItem(s), the [SensorRecordInfo](#) argument is used to select which data to report.

4.6.1.4 Obtaining sensor data via transport connection

To setup an HTTP connection to read the energy consumption of the Fridge described in the Annex A, "Sample Device Illustration", the [ConnectSensor\(\)](#) action is invoked in the following example. The action returns the [TransportConnectionID](#) output argument. Subsequently the control point can receive data items on the URL provided by the [TransportURL](#) argument.

Request:

```
ConnectSensor(  
  "Sensor0001",  
  "MyControlPoint",  
  "upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com  
   :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor",  
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
   <SensorRecordInfo xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:srecinfo'  
     xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
     xsi:schemaLocation=  
       'urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:srecinfo  
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/srecinfo.xsd' >  
     <sensorrecord>  
       <field name='ClientID' />  
       <field name='AccumulatedPowerUsed' />  
     </sensorrecord>  
   </SensorRecordInfo>",  
  0,  
  "http://192.168.1.111:49153/SensorMgt/" );
```

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Response:

```
ConnectSensor(  
    "1ec4b930-b57b-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66" )
```

Note: [ConnectSensor\(\)](#) refers to [SensorTransportGeneric::ConnectSensor\(\)](#)

In this example the [SensorDataTypeEnable](#) argument is set to ("0"), which indicates that the provided data records would not include type, encoding and namespace attributes. The ClientID argument set to "MyControlPoint" is used to set the value corresponding DataItem of the indicated Sensor. Using the transport URL provided, the Sensor will provide DataRecord(s) as shown below.

```
HTTP:(HTTP-POST to transport URL)  
POST /SensorMgt HTTP/1.1  
Host: example.com  
Content-Type: text/xml  
Content-Length: 417  
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<DataRecords xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs"  
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
    xsi:schemaLocation="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs  
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/drecs-v1.xsd">  
    <datarecord>  
        <field name="ClientID">  
            MyControlPoint  
        </field>  
        <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">  
            42  
        </field>  
    </datarecord>  
</DataRecords>
```

4.6.1.5 Obtaining sensor data via SOAP action

To read data from or write data to a sensor using the second alternative, the [ReadSensor\(\)](#) and [WriteSensor\(\)](#) actions are available. Instead of setting up a connection, a single set of data items is read or written in each call. To read the energy consumption of the Fridge, the [ReadSensor\(\)](#) action is called using the following input arguments.

Request:

```
ReadSensor(  
    "Sensor0001",  
    "MyControlPoint",  
    "urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com  
:AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor",  
    <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
    <SensorRecordInfo xmlns:cms="urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms"  
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
        xsi:schemaLocation=  
            "urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:srecinfo  
            http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smtg/srecinfo.xsd" >  
        <sensorrecord>  
            <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed" />  
        </sensorrecord>  
    </SensorRecordInfo> ,  
    0,  
    1)
```

Response:

```
ReadSensor(  
    <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
    <DataRecords xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs"  
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
        xsi:schemaLocation=
```

```
        "urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs
          http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/drecs-v1.xsd">
<datarecord>
  <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">42</field>
</datarecord>
</DataRecords> ",
  ""
)
)
```

Note: [ReadSensor\(\)](#) refers to [SensorTransportGeneric::ReadSensor\(\)](#)

4.6.2 Configuring the DataStore service

In this example configuring the DataStore service to accept data from a sensor connected to a SensorManagement device is shown.

4.6.2.1 Obtaining Sensor Information

This example continues the sample discussed in subclause 4.6.1, "SensorManagement Device".

Request:

```
GetValues(
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<cms:ContentPathList xmlns:cms='urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms'
  xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
  xsi:schemaLocation=
    'urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd' >
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN
  </ContentPath>
  <!-- Following paths are repeated for each DataItem -->
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Name
  </ContentPath>
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Type
  </ContentPath>
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Encoding
  </ContentPath>
  <ContentPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Description
  </ContentPath>
</cms:ContentPathList>" )
```

Response:

```
GetValues(
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<cms:ParameterValueList
  xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms'
  xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
  xsi:schemaLocation=
    'urn:schemas-upnp-org:dm:cms http://www.upnp.org/schemas/dm/cms.xsd'>
  <Parameter>
    <ParameterPath>
      /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN
    </ParameterPath>
    <Value>
      urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com
      :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor
    </Value>
  </Parameter>
```

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```
<Parameter>
  <ParameterPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Name
  </ParameterPath>
  <Value>
    AccumulatedPowerUsed
  </Value>
</Parameter>
<Parameter>
  <ParameterPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Type
  </ParameterPath>
  <Value>
    uda:ui4
  </Value>
</Parameter>
<Parameter>
  <ParameterPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Encoding
  </ParameterPath>
  <Value>
    string
  </Value>
</Parameter>
<Parameter>
  <ParameterPath>
    /UPnP/SensorMgt/SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1/SensorURNs/1/SensorURN/1
    /DataItems/1/Description
  </ParameterPath>
  <Value>
    <!-- Note this document would be XML-escaped prior to insertion -->
    <!-- into this document -->
    <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    <DataItemDescription
      xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:sdmdid"
      xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
      xsi:schemaLocation="
        urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid.xsd
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/sdmdid.xsd"

      itemname="AccumulatedPowerUsed"
      access="rw">

      <description>
        Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh)
      </description>

      <measurement
        units="kW-h"
        access="rw"
        treatment="current"
        accumulation="cumulative" />
    </DataItemDescription>
  </Value>
</Parameter>
</cms:ParameterValueList>" )
```

Note: [GetValues\(\)](#) refers to [ConfigurationManagement::GetValues\(\)](#)

4.6.2.2 Creating a DataStore table

Once information about a sensor is collected a DataTable can be created in the DataStore service based on this information.

Request:

```
CreateDataStoreTable(  
  "<DataStoreTableInfo  
    <?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
    <DataTableInfo xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dtinfo'  
      xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
      xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dtinfo  
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/dtinfo.xsd'  
  
      tableGUID=' '  
      tableURN=  
        'urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com  
          :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor'  
      updateID=' '  
    >  
    <datatableretain duration='P6M' />  
    <datarecord>  
      <field name='ReceiveTimestamp'  
        type='uda:dateTime'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='0' />  
      <field name='AccumulatedPowerUsed'  
        type='uda:ui4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='FreezerTemp'  
        type='uda:i4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='GroceryTemp'  
        type='uda:i4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='VegetableTemp'  
        type='uda:i4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='DoorAlarm'  
        type='uda:i4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='PowerFaultAlarm'  
        type='uda:i4'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        required='1' />  
      <field name='StatusInterval-Stored'  
        type='xsd:duration'  
        encoding='ascii'  
        tableprop='1'  
        required='0' />  
    </datarecord>  
  </DataTableInfo>" )
```

Response:

```
CreateDataStoreTable(  
  "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66" )
```

Note: [CreateDataStoreTable\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::CreateDataStoreTable\(\)](#).

The DataItem Description document (for each DataItem) can be stored in the DataTable Dictionary as follows:

Request:

```
SetDataStoreTableKeyValue(  
  "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66",  
  "ItemDescription-AccumulatedPowerUsed"  
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
    <DataItemDescription  
      xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid'  
      xmlns:xsd='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'  
      xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
      xsi:schemaLocation='  
        urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid.xsd  
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/sdmdid.xsd'  
        
      itemname='AccumulatedPowerUsed'  
      access='rw'  
        
      <description>  
        Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh)  
      </description>  
        
      <measurement  
        units='kW-h'  
        access='rw'  
        treatment='current'  
        accumulation='cumulative' />  
    </DataItemDescription>" )
```

Response:

```
SetDataStoreTableKeyValue()
```

Note: [SetDataStoreTableKeyValue\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::SetDataStoreKeyValue\(\)](#)

In addition the StatusInterval DataItem item is stored in the DataTable Dictionary since it is unlikely to change. This item is supplied by the DataTable Dictionary when read.

Request:

```
SetDataStoreTableKeyValue(  
  "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66",  
  "StatusInterval-Stored"  
  "PT300S" )
```

Response:

```
SetDataStoreTableKeyValue()
```

4.6.2.3 Getting information about a DataStore table

A summary of DataTable(s) available in the DataStore service can be obtained as shown following example:

Request:

```
GetDataStoreInfo()
```

Response:

```
GetDataStoreInfo(  
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
    <DataStoreInfo xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dsinfo'  
      xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
      xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dsinfo  
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/dsinfo.xsd'>  
        
      <datastoretables>  
        <datastoretable
```

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```
tableGUID=
    "urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com
      :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor"
tableURN="1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66"
updateID="7">
</datastoretable>
</datastoretables>
</DataStoreInfo>
```

Note: [GetDataStoreInfo\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::GetDataStoreInfo\(\)](#)

Information about a specific DataTable can be obtained as shown following example:

Request:

```
GetDataStoreTableInfo(
    "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66",
```

Response:

```
GetDataStoreTableInfo(
    "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
    <DataTableInfo xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dtinfo'
      xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
      xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dtinfo
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/dtinfo.xsd'

      tableGUID='1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66'
      tableURN=
        'urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com
          :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor'
      updateID='7'>
    <datatableretain duration='P6M' />
    <datarecord>
      <field name='ReceivedTimestamp'
        type='uda:dateTime'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='0' />
      <field name='AccumulatedPowerUsed'
        type='uda:ui4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='FreezerTemp'
        type='uda:i4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='GroceryTemp'
        type='uda:i4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='VegetableTemp'
        type='uda:i4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='DoorAlarm'
        type='uda:i4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='PowerFaultAlarm'
        type='uda:i4'
        encoding='ascii'
        required='1' />
      <field name='StatusInterval-Stored'
        type='xsd:duration'
        encoding='ascii'
```

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```
        tableprop="1"
        required="0" />
    </datarecord>
</DataTableInfo>" )
```

Note: [GetDataStoreTableInfo\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::GetDataStoreTableInfo\(\)](#)

4.6.2.4 Establishing a connection to a DataStore table

Once a DataTable is created, a URL to allow SensorManagement sensors to access the DataTable can be obtained by providing the [DataTableID](#) as follows:

Request:

```
GetDataStoreTransportURL(
    "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66" )
```

Response:

```
GetDataStoreTransportURL(
    "http://192.168.1.60/DataStoreTables/1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66/1/" )
```

Note: [GetDataStoreTransportURL\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::GetDataStoreTransportURL\(\)](#)

The DataStore transport URL is provided to the SensorManagement device SensorTransportGeneric service as follows. A [TransportConnectionID](#) is returned to allow for termination of this specific transport connection.

Request:

```
ConnectSensor(
    "Sensor0001",
    "SensorConnection_1",
    "urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com
    :AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor",
    "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
    <SensorRecordInfo
        xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:srecinfo'
        xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
        xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:srecinfo
        http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/srecinfo-v1.xsd'>
        <sensorrecord>
            <field name='ReceiveTimestamp' />
            <field name='AccumulatedPowerUsed' />
            <field name='FreezerTemp' />
            <field name='GroceryTemp' />
            <field name='VegetableTemp' />
            <field name='DoorAlarm' />
            <field name='PowerFaultAlarm' />
        </sensorrecord>
    </SensorRecordInfo>"
    0,
    "http://192.168.1.60/DataStoreTables/1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66/1/" )
```

Response:

```
ConnectSensor(
    "6f306300-b5e0-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66" )
```

Note: [ConnectSensor\(\)](#) refers to [SensorTransportGeneric::ConnectSensor\(\)](#)

Once the [ConnectSensor\(\)](#) action completes, the SensorManagement device can connect to the DataStore and issue HTTP-POST request to deliver DataRecord(s) directly to the connected DataTable.

HTTP-POST to:

http://192.168.1.60/DataStoreTables/1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66/1/)

POST DataStoreTables/1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66/1/ HTTP/1.1

Host: example.com

Content-Type: text/xml

Content-Length: 417

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataRecords xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/drecs-v1.xsd">
  <datarecord>
    <field name="ReceivedTimestamp">2013-07-01T10:00:00</field>
    <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">42</field>
    <field name="FreezerTemp">-10</field>
    <field name="GroceryTemp">5</field>
    <field name="VegetableTemp">10</field>
    <field name="DoorAlarm">0</field>
    <field name="PowerFaultAlarm">0</field>
  </datarecord>
  <datarecord>
    <field name="ReceivedTimestamp">2013-07-01T10:05:00</field>
    <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">65</field>
    <field name="FreezerTemp">-10</field>
    <field name="GroceryTemp">5</field>
    <field name="VegetableTemp">10</field>
    <field name="DoorAlarm">1</field>
    <field name="PowerFaultAlarm">0</field>
  </datarecord>
</DataRecords>
```

4.6.2.5 Retrieving information from a DataStore table

The following example show reading the DataTable records using a defined time range:

Request:

```
ReadDataStoreTableRecords(
  "1c8a54c0-b5d7-11e2-9e96-0800200c9a66",
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
  <DataRecordFilter xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dsfilter'
    xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
    xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:dsfilter
      http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/dsfilter.xsd'>
    <filterset>
      <filter condition='ReceiveTimestamp > 2013-07-01T00:00:00' />
      <filter condition='ReceiveTimestamp < 2013-07-02T00:00:00' />
    </filterset>
  </DataRecordFilter>"
  "0",
  0,
  1 )
```

Response:

```
ReadDataStoreTableRecords(
  "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
  <DataRecords xmlns='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs'
    xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
    xsi:schemaLocation='urn:schemas-upnp-org:ds:drecs
      http://www.upnp.org/schemas/ds/drecs-v1.xsd'>
    <datarecord>
      <field name='ReceivedTimestamp'>2013-07-01T10:00:00</field>
```

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```
<field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">42</field>
<field name="FreezerTemp">-10</field>
<field name="GroceryTemp">5</field>
<field name="VegetableTemp">10</field>
<field name="DoorAlarm">0</field>
<field name="PowerFaultAlarm">0</field>
<field name="StatusInterval-Stored">PT300S</field>
</datarecord>
<datarecord>
  <field name="ReceivedTimestamp">2013-07-01T10:05:00</field>
  <field name="AccumulatedPowerUsed">65</field>
  <field name="FreezerTemp">-10</field>
  <field name="GroceryTemp">5</field>
  <field name="VegetableTemp">10</field>
  <field name="DoorAlarm">1</field>
  <field name="PowerFaultAlarm">0</field>
  <field name="StatusInterval-Stored">PT300S</field>
</datarecord>
... Additional DataRecord(s) for timerange requested ...
</DataRecords>",
"0" )
```

Note: Element values and attributes containing XML markup character(s) such as the DataRecord <field> element(s) or the condition= attribute of the <filter> element need to be included in their XML escaped representation.

Note: [ReadDataStoreTableRecords\(\)](#) refers to [DataStore::ReadDataStoreTableRecords\(\)](#)

Annex A Sample Device Illustration (informative)

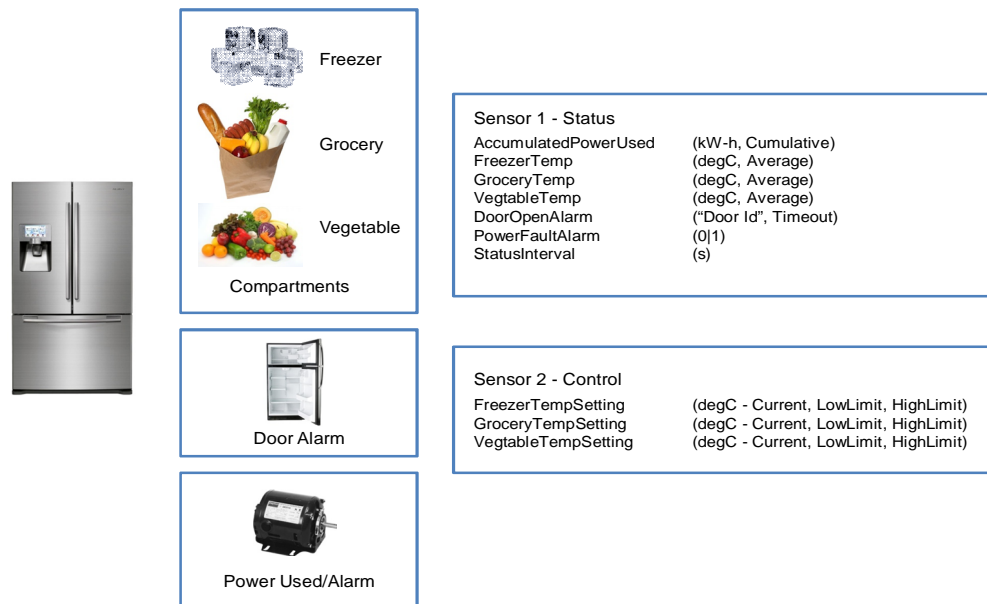


Figure A.1 — Sample Device

Parameters	Value
/UPnP/SensorMgt	
SensorCollectionsNumberOfEntries	1
SensorCollections/	
1/CollectionID	Collection0001
1/CollectionType	urn:upnp-org:smgt-sct:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com:AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs
1/CollectionFriendlyName	"Your Refrigerator"
1/CollectionInformation	"Vendor Refrigerator Model RF217ACRS"
1/CollectionUniqueIdentifier	"123456789"
1/CollectionSpecific	
1/SensorsNumberOfEntries	2
1/Sensors/	
1/SensorID	Sensor0001
1/SensorType	urn:upnp-org:smgt-st:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com:AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor
1/SensorUpdateRequest	0
1/SensorPollingInterval	0
1/SensorReportChangeOnly	0
1/SensorsRelatedNumberOfEntries	1
1/SensorGroupsNumberOfEntries	1

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1/SensorPermissionsNumberOfEntries	1
1/SensorsRelated/	
1/SensorPath	SensorCollections/1/Sensor/2
1/SensorGroups	
1/SensorGroup	ApplianceStatus
1/SensorDefaultPermissions/	
1/SensorDefaultRole	Basic
1/SensorDefaultPermissions	smgt:ViewSensor,smgt:ReadSensor,smgt:ConnectSensor
1/SensorSpecific	
1/SensorURNsNumberOfEntries	1
1/SensorURNs	
1/SensorURN	urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com:AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:monitor
1/DataItemsNumberOfEntries	9
1/DataItems/	
1/Name	AccumulatedPowerUsed
1/Type	uda:ui4
1/Encoding	ascii
1/Description	See Annex A.1.1.1
2/Name	FreezerTemp
2/Type	uda:i4
2/Encoding	ascii
2/Description	See Annex A.1.1.2
3/Name	GroceryTemp
3/Type	uda:i4
3/Encoding	ascii
3/Description	See Annex A.1.1.2
4/Name	VegetableTemp
4/Type	uda:i4
4/Encoding	ascii
4/Description	See Annex A.1.1.2
5/Name	DoorOpenAlarm
5/Type	uda:boolean
5/Encoding	ascii
5/Description	See Annex A.1.1.4
6/Name	PowerFaultAlarm
6/Type	uda:boolean
6/Encoding	ascii
6/Description	See Annex A.1.1.5
7/Name	StatusInterval
7/Type	xsd:duration
7/Encoding	ascii
7/Description	See Annex A.1.1.3
8/Name	ReceivedTimestamp

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8/Type	xsd:dateTime
8/Encoding	ascii
8/Description	
9/Name	ClientID
9/Type	xsd:string
9/Encoding	utf-8
9/Description	
2/SensorID	Sensor0002
2/SensorType	urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:AcmeSensorsCorp-com:AcmeIntegratedController:FrigidaireCorp:rf217acrs:setting
2/SensorUpdateRequest	0
2/SensorPollingInterval	0
2/SensorReportChangeOnly	0
2/SensorsRelated/	
1/SensorPath	SensorCollections/1/Sensor/1
2/SensorGroups	
1/SensorGroup	ApplianceControl
2/SensorDefaultPermissions/	
1/SensorDefaultRole	
1/SensorDefaultPermissions	
2/SensorSpecific	
2/SensorURNsNumberOfEntries	1
2/SensorURNs	
1/SensorURN	urn:upnp-org:smgt-surn:refrigerator:vendor-com:rf217acrs:control
1/DataItemsNumberOfEntries	3
1/DataItems/	
1/Name	FreezerTempSetting
1/Type	uda:i4,uda:i4,uda:i4
1/Encoding	Ascii
1/Description	See Annex A.1.1.6
2/Name	GroceryTempSetting
2/Type	uda:i4,uda:i4,uda:i4
2/Encoding	Ascii
2/Description	See Annex A.1.1.6
3/Name	VegetableTempSetting
3/Type	uda:i4,uda:i4,uda:i4
3/Encoding	ascii
3/Description	See Annex A.1.1.6

A.1.1 Sample DataItem Descriptions Documents

A.1.1.1 AccumulatedPowerUsed

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmdid.xsd"

  itemname="AccumulatedPowerUsed"
  access="rw">

  <description>
    Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh)
  </description>

  <measurement
    units="kW-h"
    access="rw"
    treatment="current"
    accumulation="cumulative" />

</DataItemDescription>
```

A.1.1.2 FreezerTemp (also GroceryTemp, VegetableTemp)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmdid.xsd"

  itemname="FreezerTemp"
  access="ro">

  <description>
    Freezer (Avg) Compartment Temperature
  </description>

  <measurement
    units="degC"
    access="ro"
    treatment="average"
    accumulation="interval">

    <relateditem
      itemname="StatusInterval"
      relationtype="interval" />

  </measurement>

</DataItemDescription>
```

A.1.1.3 StatusInterval

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/smg/sdmdid.xsd"
```

```
    itemname="StatusInterval"
    access="ro">

    <description>
      Status Monitoring Interval (sec)
    </description>

    <interval
      units="duration"
      access="ro">

      <relateditem
        itemname="FreezerTemp"
        relationtype="measurement" />
      <relateditem
        itemname="GroceryTemp"
        relationtype="measurement" />
      <relateditem
        itemname="VegetableTemp"
        relationtype="measurement" />

    </interval>

  </DataItemDescription>
```

A.1.1.4 DoorOpenAlarm

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmdid.xsd"

  itemname="DoorOpenAlarm"
  access="ro">

  <description>
    Door Open Alarm (Door Name, Timeout)
  </description>

  <alarm />
  <limit units="s"
    limittype="timeout"
    access="ro" />

</DataItemDescription>
```

A.1.1.5 PowerFaultAlarm

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmdid.xsd"

  itemname="PowerFaultAlarm"
  access="ro">

  <description>
    Power Fault Alarm
```

```
</description>

<alarm>

  <relateditem
    itemname="StatusInterval"
    relationtype="reset_interval" />

</alarm>

</DataItemDescription>
```

A.1.1.6 FreezerTempSetting, GroceryTempSetting, VegetableTempSetting

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DataItemDescription
  xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    urn:schemas-upnp-org:smgt:sdmdid
    http://www.upnp.org/schemas/smgt/sdmdid.xsd"

  itemname="FreezerTempSetting"
  access="rw">

  <description>
    Freezer Temperature Control
  </description>

  <setting units="degC"
    access="rw" />

  <measurement
    units="degC"
    treatment="average"
    accumulation="interval"
    access="ro" />

  <limit units="degC"
    limittype="low"
    access="ro" />

  <limit units="degC"
    limittype="high"
    access="ro" />

</DataItemDescription>
```