

# CPS3230 – Fundamentals of Software Testing

## ASSIGNMENT PART 2 OF 3



**UNIVERSITY OF MALTA**  
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## FACULTY OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

### Declaration

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Robert Fenech Adami



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CPS3230

Assignment Part 2 of 3

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Course Code

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Title of work submitted

2/1/2023

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

GitHub repository: <https://github.com/robbyfa/CPS3230-Assignment-2>

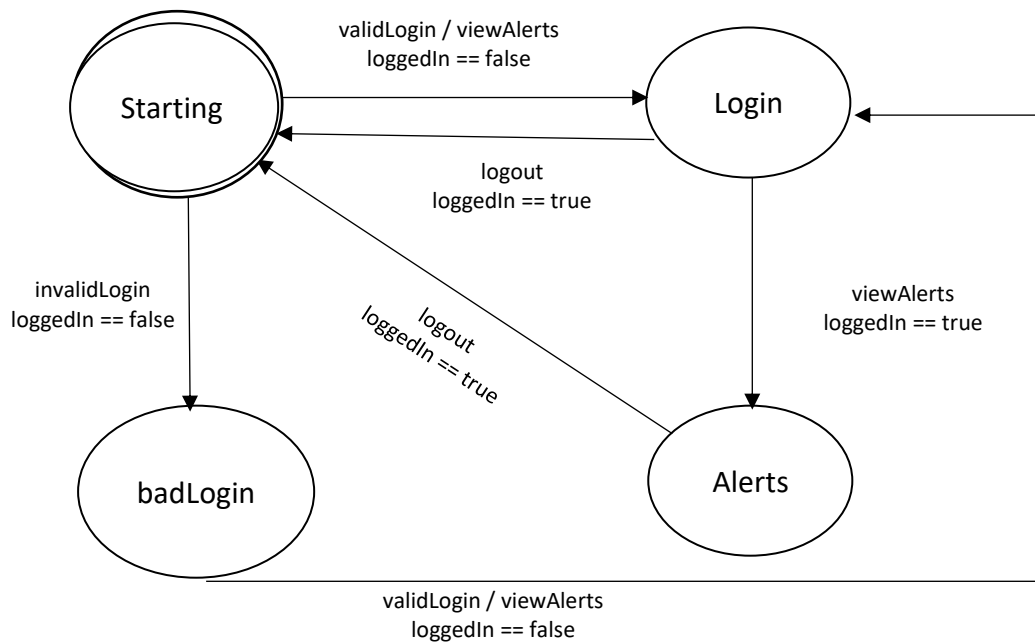
Google Drive:

[https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1spSVI73AnIQiFWWhRiWkZNkZe\\_5dhQsIA?usp=sharing](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1spSVI73AnIQiFWWhRiWkZNkZe_5dhQsIA?usp=sharing)

## Task 2.1

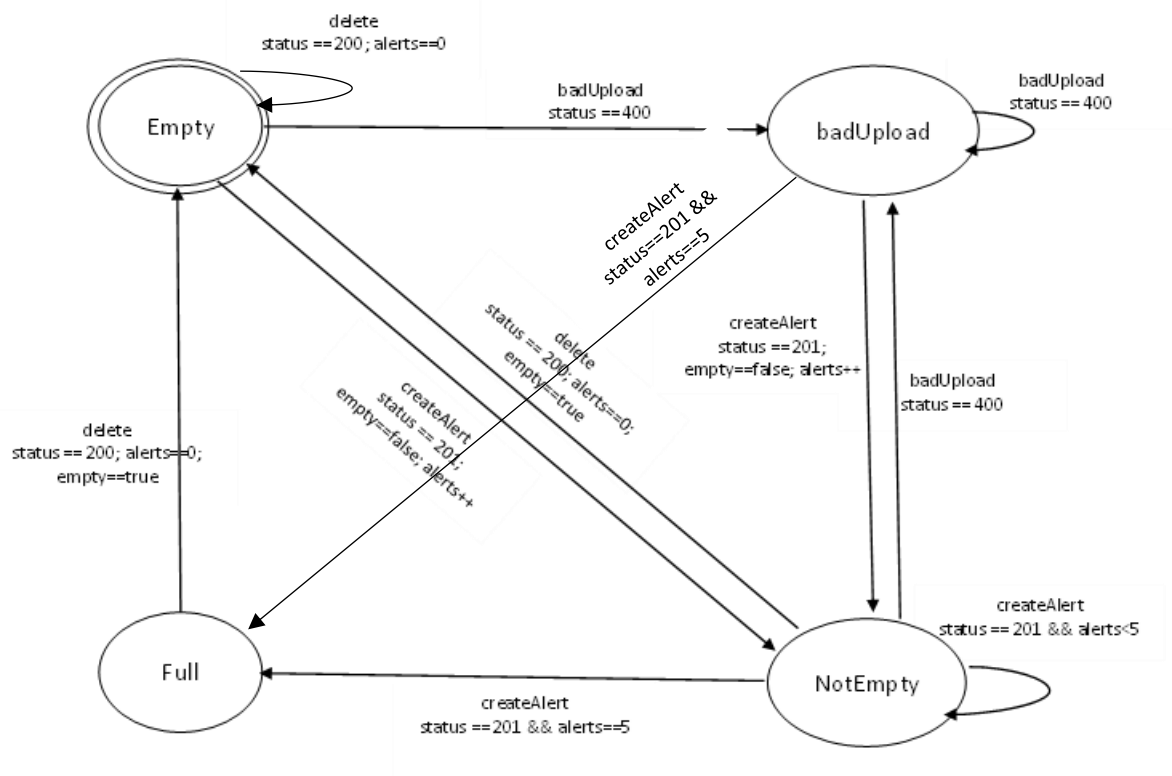
The system specification is broken down into 2 automata corresponding to the Logging in property of the system and the alerts handling property of the system respectively.

Login Property:



Before logging in to the system, the user is at the starting state (Home Page). Upon valid login, the system is now transferred to the logged in state (LoggedIn). From here, the user can either view already published alerts via the viewAlerts event or else logout and return to the starting state. When in the Alerts state, the user may also opt to log out and return to the starting, logged out state.

## Alerts Property:



The starting state of the system for this property refers to an empty alerts catalogue. Upon creating an alert, the system is either moved to a NotEmpty state (Good upload) or a badUpload state. These are verified using the response codes by the corresponding HTTP requests (201 = good, 400 = bad). When in the NotEmpty state, new alerts may be created until reaching the alert limit condition; when the number of alerts reaches 5, the system moves onto the Full state. Alerts may be deleted, and this will cause the system to revert to the original empty starting state.

All actions are also monitored via their corresponding event log type.

## Task 2.2

The SUT makes use of a test Account which contains zero alerts. Upon compilation, the user may navigate through the system through a displayed menu.

```
testRunner (14) [AspectJ/Java Appl
****MAIN MENU****
1. Login
```

Upon invalid login, the system state is moved to the invalidLogin state.

```
1. Login
1
Id:
12
Bad login at: 1672133794798
****MAIN MENU****
1. Login
```

```
[loginProperty]AUTOMATON::> loginProperty() STATE::>starting
Bad Login
[loginProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.invalidLogin(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> !!!SYSTEM REACHED BAD STATE!!! invalidLogin
aspects._asp_test0.ajc$Before$aspects._asp_test0$9f8f(_asp_test0.aj:90)
main.testRunner.menu(testRunner.java:196)
main.testRunner.main(testRunner.java:232)
[alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>empty
```

Upon valid login, the system moves onto the login state.

```
Id:
1234
Good login at: 1672133876849
****MAIN MENU****
User Logged In.
2. View Alerts
3. Logout
4. Create Alert
5. Delete Alerts
6. exit
```

```
Login Page.
Event log type: 5
Empty: false
[loginProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.validLogin(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> login
[alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>empty
```

When viewing alerts, the system's Login property moves to the Alerts state.

```
2
Viewed alerts at: 1672133970163
Content: []
```

```

4 Alerts Page
5 Event log type: 7
6 [loginProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.viewAlerts(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> alerts
7 [alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>empty
8

```

The Login Property then returns to the starting state upon logout.

```

3
User logged out at: 1672134215259
****MAIN MENU****
1. Login

```

```

Logged out
Event log type: 6
[loginProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.logout(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> starting

```

When creating an alert, the Alerts property moves from the empty to the notEmpty state.

```

4
Alert created at: 1672134302238
Code:201

```

```

Alert created. Number of alerts: 1. Event log type: 0
Empty: false
[alertsProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.createAlert(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> notEmpty
[loginProperty]AUTOMATON::> loginProperty() STATE::>login
[alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>notEmpty

```

In the case of an unsuccessful upload, the state is moved to the badUpload state.

```

4
Bad upload

```

```

[alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>empty
Bad upload. Status: 400
[alertsProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.createAlert(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> !!!SYSTEM REACHED BAD STATE!!! badUpload
aspects._asp_test0.ajc$before$aspects_asp_test0$82a79(_asp_test0.aj:81)
main.testRunner.menu(testRunner.java:209)
main.testRunner.main(testRunner.java:238)

```

When deleting alerts, the Alert property state is always reverted to the starting, Empty state.

```

5
Alerts deleted at: 1672135021610
Code: 200

```

```

Alerts deleted. Event log type: 1
Empty: true
[alertsProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.deleteAlerts(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> empty

```

Once the limit of Alerts is reached, the system should move onto the Full state.

```

1 Alerts full. Number of alerts: 6
2 Status: 201
3 EventLogType: 0
4 [alertsProperty]MOVED ON METHODCALL: void main.testRunner.createAlert(testRunner.Account) TO STATE::> full
5 [loginProperty]AUTOMATON::> loginProperty() STATE::>login
6 [alertsProperty]AUTOMATON::> alertsProperty() STATE::>full

```

```

EVENTS {
    validLogin() = (*.validLogin())
    viewAlerts() = (*.viewAlerts())
    logout() = (*.logout())
    invalidLogin() = (*.invalidLogin())
    login(boolean loggedIn) = (*.setLogged(loggedIn))
    setEmpty(boolean empty) = (*.setEmpty(empty))
    setStatus(int status) = (*.setStatus(status))
    logType(int eventLogType) = (*.setEventLogType(eventLogType))
    createAlert() = (*.createAlert())
    deleteAlerts() = (*.deleteAlerts())
}

PROPERTY loginProperty()
STATES {
    BAD {
        invalidLogin
    }
    NORMAL {
        login
        alerts
    }
    STARTING {
        starting
    }
}
TRANSITIONS {
    starting -> invalidLogin [invalidLogin\loggedIn == false\System.out.println("Bad Login");]
    invalidLogin -> login [validLogin\loggedIn == true\System.out.println("Login Page. \nEvent log type: "+eventLogType+"\nEmpty: "+empty);]
    starting -> login [validLogin\loggedIn == true\System.out.println("Login Page. \nEvent log type: "+eventLogType);]
    starting -> alerts [viewAlerts\loggedIn == true\System.out.println("Viewing Alerts. Event log type: "+eventLogType);]
    login -> alerts [viewAlerts\loggedIn == true\System.out.println("Alerts Page \nEvent log type: "+eventLogType);]
    login -> starting [logout\loggedIn == false\System.out.println("Logged out \nEvent log type: "+eventLogType);]
    alerts -> starting [logout\loggedIn == false\System.out.println("Logged out \nEvent log type: "+eventLogType);]
}
}

```

```

PROPERTY alertsProperty()
STATES {
    BAD {
        badUpload
    }
    NORMAL {
        notEmpty
        full
    }
    STARTING {
        empty
    }
}
TRANSITIONS {
    empty -> notEmpty [createAlert\empty==false && status==201\alerts=0; alerts++;System.out.println("Alert created. Number of alerts: "+alerts+". Event log type: "+eventLogType+"\nEmpty: "+empty);]
    badUpload -> notEmpty [createAlert\alerts<5 && status==201\ alerts++;System.out.println("Alert created. Number of alerts: "+alerts+"\nStatus: "+status+"\nEventLogType: "+eventLogType);]
    notEmpty -> full [createAlert\alerts==5 && status==201\ alerts++;System.out.println("Alerts full. Number of alerts: "+alerts+"\nStatus: "+status+"\nEventLogType: "+eventLogType);]
    empty -> badUpload [createAlert\status==400\System.out.println("Bad upload. Status: "+status);]
    notEmpty -> empty [deleteAlerts\empty==true && status==200\ alerts=0; System.out.println("Alerts deleted. Event log type: "+eventLogType+"\nEmpty: "+empty);]
    full -> empty [deleteAlerts\empty==true && status==200\ alerts = 0; System.out.println("Alerts deleted. Event log type: "+eventLogType+"\nEmpty: "+empty);]
    notEmpty -> badUpload [createAlert\status==400\System.out.println("Bad upload. Number of alerts: "+alerts+"\nStatus: "+status);]
    empty -> empty [deleteAlerts\empty==true && status==200\ alerts=0; System.out.println("Alerts deleted. Event log type: "+eventLogType+"\nEmpty: "+empty);]
    badUpload -> badUpload [createAlert\status==400\System.out.println("Bad upload. Number of alerts: "+alerts+"\nStatus: "+status);]
    badUpload -> full [createAlert\alerts==5 && status==201\ alerts++;System.out.println("Alerts full. Number of alerts: "+alerts+"\nStatus: "+status+"\nEventLogType: "+eventLogType);]
}
}

```

Assumptions:

When creating a new alert, a random number generator is used to simulate a Good or Bad upload with 201 and 400 status codes respectively.



## Task 2.3

The model-based test was split into two tests, one for the Alerts property and the other for the login property. The guards and their respective actions may be seen below.

Login Property:

```
public Object getState() { return modelAlert; }

public boolean getStatus() { return loggedIn; }

public void reset(boolean var1) {...}

// BadLogin
public boolean invalidLoginGuard() { return getState().equals(AlertsStates.STARTING); }
public @Action void invalidLogin() {...}

// Login
public boolean loginGuard() { return getState().equals(AlertsStates.STARTING) || getState().equals(AlertsStates.BADLOGIN); }
public @Action void login() {...}

// Logout
public boolean logoutGuard() {...}
public @Action void logout() {...}

// View Alerts
public boolean viewAlertsGuard() {...}
public @Action void viewAlerts() throws IOException {...}

@Test
public void AlertModelRunner() {...}
}
```

Alerts Property:

```
public Object getState() { return modelAlert; }

public void reset(boolean var1) {...}

// Create Alert
public boolean createAlertGuard() {
    return !(getState().equals(AlertsStates.FULL)) && (getState().equals(AlertsStates.EMPTY) || getState().equals(AlertsStates.NOTEMPTY) || getState().equals(AlertsStates.BADUPLOAD));
}
public @Action void createAlert() throws IOException {...}

// Bad Upload
public boolean badUploadGuard() {...}
public @Action void badUpload() throws IOException {...}

// Fill Alerts
public boolean fillAlertsGuard() {...}
public @Action void fillAlerts() throws IOException {...}

// Delete Alerts
public boolean deleteAlertsGuard() {...}
public @Action void deleteAlerts() throws IOException {...}

@Test
public void AlertsRunner() {...}
}
```

The reset method in the Login Property returns the system to the initial state by resetting the number of alerts to 0 and logged in status to false.

```

public void reset(boolean var1) {
    if (var1) {
        systemUnderTest = new Alerts();
    }
    modelAlert = AlertsStates.STARTING;
    noOfAlerts = 0;
    eventLogType = 10;
    loggedIn = false;
}

```

The reset method in the Alerts Property returns the system to the initial, empty state and resets the number of alerts to 0, empty to false, full to false and status code to 0.

```

public void reset(boolean var1) {
    if (var1) {
        systemUnderTest = new Alerts();
    }
    modelAlert = AlertsStates.EMPTY;
    noOfAlerts = 0;
    eventLogType = 10;
    status = 0;
    empty = true;
    full = false;
}

```

ACTION	GUARD
Login	State = Starting or state = BadLogin
InvalidLogin	State = Starting
Logout	State =LoggedIn or state = Alerts
CreateAlert	State != Full and (State = Empty/NotEmpty/BadUpload)
BadUpload	State = Empty/NotEmpty/BadUpload
FillAlerts	(State = Empty/NotEmpty) and state != Full
DeleteAlerts	State = Empty/NotEmpty/Full
ViewAlerts	State = LoggedIn and LoggedIn = true

Both tests were measured using a Greedy Tester with 500 randomly generated transitions. The below figures show the coverage metrics observed when running both tests.

Login Property Test:

```
action coverage: 4/4  
state coverage: 4/4  
transition-pair coverage: 10/10
```

Alerts Property Test:

```
done (FULL, deleteAlerts, EMPTY)  
action coverage: 4/4  
state coverage: 4/4  
transition-pair coverage: 35/35
```