

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Configuring Connectivity Between the Avaya Meeting Exchange S6200 Conferencing Server, Cisco Unified Communications Manager and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 - Issue 0.1

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring connectivity between the Avaya Meeting Exchange S6200 Conferencing Server (Meeting Exchange), Cisco Unified Communications Manager (UCM) and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Employing this configuration enables call origination/termination between Avaya Meeting Exchange and endpoints registered to Cisco UCM, as well as endpoints on the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring connectivity between the Avaya Meeting Exchange S6200 Conferencing Server (Meeting Exchange), Cisco Unified Communications Manager (UCM) and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Employing this configuration enables call origination/termination between Avaya Meeting Exchange and endpoints registered to Cisco UCM, as well as endpoints on the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Figure 1 illustrates the sample configuration utilized for these Application Notes. Avaya Meeting Exchange is a SIP based voice conferencing solution that provides mid-market enterprise customers with an audio conferencing system that can reside an IP network. For this sample configuration, Avaya Meeting Exchange is provisioned to accept calls from Cisco UCM and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 through call branding that supported both direct and scan call flows. A direct call flow allows access to conferences provisioned on Avaya Meeting Exchange without entering a passcode. Conversely, to enter a conference via a basic call flow requires a passcode. Avaya Meeting Exchange was also administered for call origination via SIP signaling to endpoints registered to Cisco UCM as well as endpoints on the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Cisco UCM provides telephony features for the IP telephones present in this sample configuration. Cisco UCM is provisioned for call origination via SIP signaling to Avaya Meeting Exchange.

The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 is a SIP-based VoIP gateway, offering integrated voice gateway functionality over IP networks. This solution addresses mid-density applications deployed in IP networks by delivering up to 480 simultaneous Voice over IP (VoIP) or Fax over IP (FoIP) calls. The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 routes calls over the IP network using SIP signaling protocol, enabling the deployment of Voice over Packet solutions to PSTN subscribers. The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 was provisioned for call origination via SIP signaling to Avaya Meeting Exchange. The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 was also administered to provide call routing to an emulated PSTN via T1 ISDN-PRI connectivity.

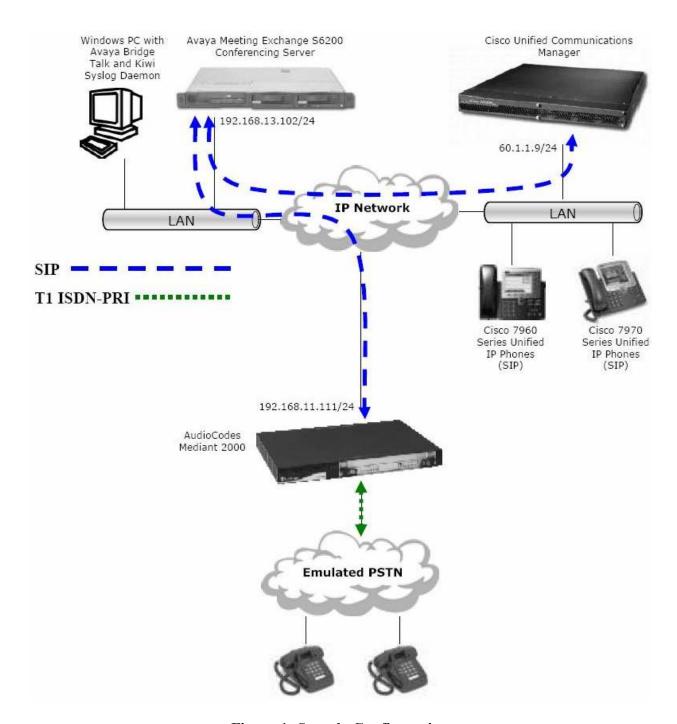


Figure 1: Sample Configuration

2. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software versions are used for this sample configuration:

Equipment	Software Version
Avaya Meeting Exchange S6200 Conferencing Server	MX 5.0 SP1
	(mx5.0.1.0.18)
Avaya Bridge Talk	5.0 Build 11
Cisco Unified Communications Manager	CUCM 6.0
	(6.0.1.2000-3)
Cisco 7960 Series IP Phones (SIP)	P0S3-08-6-02
Cisco 7970 Series IP Phones (SIP)	SIP70.8-3-1S
AudioCodes Mediant 2000	
• Version ID	5.20A.039.001
DSP Type	2
 DSP Software Version 	52016
DSP Software Name	624AE3
Flash Version	192
Module Firmware	0x32
Kiwi Syslog Daemon	V8.1.6

Table 1: Equipment and Software Versions

3. Avaya Meeting Exchange Configuration

This section describes the configuration for enabling Avaya Meeting Exchange to interoperate with Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Call routing, call branding and SIP connectivity are administered on Avaya Meeting Exchange via a Command Line Interface (CLI) accessed via Secure Shell (SSH). Conference related attributes are administered and maintained via the Avaya Bridge Talk application. Refer to [1], [2] and [3] for additional information regarding the administration of Avaya Meeting Exchange.

3.1. Configure Connectivity

This section describes the steps for configuring SIP connectivity between Avaya Meeting Exchange and both Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. The provisioning depicted in this section was administered via the CLI.

Step Description

- 3.1.1 Administer settings that enable SIP connectivity between Avaya Meeting Exchange and Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 by editing the **system.cfg** file as follows:
 - From the /usr/ipcb/config directory, edit the system.cfg file with a text editor.
 - Enter the IP address of Avaya Meeting Exchange (as defined in the /etc/hosts file) for the IPAddress variable.
 - Enter a SIP Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) for Avaya Meeting Exchange that conforms to SIP standards for the **MyListener** variable. This entry is used to populate the "From" Header Field in SIP INVITE messages from Avaya Meeting Exchange. The "User" Field, **S6200**, must conform to SIP standards and is selected to uniquely identify this server. For example, **S6200** will be inserted in the "From" Header Field of SIP INVITE messages from Avaya Meeting Exchange and will display on a telephone when a call originates from Avaya Meeting Exchange.
 - Enter a SIP-URI that conforms to SIP standards and is bounded by angled brackets for the **respContact** variable. This variable is used to populate the "Contact" Header Field in SIP Response messages from Avaya Meeting Exchange and provides Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 a SIP-URI for acknowledging SIP messages from Avaya Meeting Exchange.

Note: if the **respContact** variable is not configured, Avaya Meeting Exchange will populate the "Contact" Header Field with a default SIP-URI. To enable SIP connectivity over UDP, set the transport-param to udp.

• Enter a value in seconds for the minSETimerValue variable. This entry corresponds to the lower bound of the session interval as it pertains to the SIP standards. It is recommended to provision the minSETimerValue variable to a setting that is greater than or equal to the corresponding setting on SIP User Agents (UA) that are intended to interoperate with Avaya Meeting Exchange.

```
# ip address of the server
IPAddress=192.168.13.102

# request we will be listening to
# MyListener=sip:S6200@192.168.13.102

# if this setting is populated will Overwrite the contact field in responses
# for SIP/UDP: respContact=<sip:S6200@192.168.13.102:5060;transport=udp>
respContact=<sip:S6200@192.168.13.102:5060;transport=tcp>

# Min SE value in seconds for lower bound of Session Interval for SIP Invite
minSETimerValue=1800
```

3.2. Configure Call Routing

The provisioning depicted in this section was administered via the CLI and describes the steps to enable call routing for Avaya Meeting Exchange, where call routing is defined as follows:

- For call termination on Avaya Meeting Exchange, URI to telephone number translations are utilized. These translations associate calls to Avaya Meeting Exchange with corresponding call branding, based on incoming SIP-URIs.
- For call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange, telephone number to URI translations are utilized. These translations associate a telephone number pattern with a corresponding SIP-URI of a SIP UA, thus allowing call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to the SIP UA.

- 3.2.1 Administer settings to associate incoming calls to Avaya Meeting Exchange with corresponding call branding by adding URI to telephone number translations to the UriToTelnum.tab file. These translations extract values for both the Direct Inward Dial (DID, also known as DDI in Europe) and the Automatic Number Identification (ANI).
 - From the /usr/ipcb/config directory, edit the UriToTelnum.tab file with a text editor.
 - Add rules, separated by either tabs or single spaces, as a line in the file to match the pattern of the "To" and "From" Header Fields in SIP INVITE messages from either Cisco UCM or the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. If the match is successful, the DID is extracted from the "To" Header Field and the ANI is extracted from the "From" Header Field. Metacharacters such as "*" or "?" may be utilized.
 - O The rules under the **TelnumPattern** and **TelnumConversion** columns work in conjunction as follows. Assume Cisco UCM sends a SIP INVITE message with the following "To" and "From" Header Fields. The rule "*<sip:*@*" matches the following:
 - To: <sip:555@192.168.13.102>, where \$2 utilizes 555, the variable matched by the second asterisk as the DID value for the call.
 - From: <sip:917325551236@60.1.1.9>, where \$2 utilizes 917325551236, the variable matched by the second asterisk as the ANI for the call.
 - [Not Required] Add rules to support operator dial-in. Refer to [2] for information regarding this feature. For this sample configuration, "*<sip:501@*" is utilized.
 - Enable an undefined caller to receive a prompt for operator assistance by adding an entry for a wildcard as the last line in this file. This entry accounts for the condition of an unmatched "To" Header Field.

Note: Entries in this file are read sequentially, therefore, the entry for the wildcard must be the last line in the file. Otherwise, all calls to Avaya Meeting Exchange would match the wildcard and thus receive a prompt for operator assistance.

```
# request URI to telnum conversion table
# This table converts the Request URI in the SIP INVITE request to the
# appropriate value specified when a pattern is matched. For example, if the
# request Uri was "<sip:3333@10.220.10.4>" and one of the patterns was
\# "<sip:*@*" a match would take place. If the conversion for that match was
# $1 then 3333 would be passed as the ddi for the call. If the conversion for
# that match were "0000" then 0000 would be passed as ther ddi for the call.
#THE COMMENT COLLUM OR ANY OF THE COLLUMS SHOULD HAVE NO SPACES
TelnumPattern
                   TelnumConversion
"*<sip:501@*"
                   "OP501x1"
                                           Op1 From CiscoUCM
"*<sip:*@*"
                   $2
                                           CiscoUCM
                   $0
                                           wildcard
```

- 3.2.2 Administer settings to enable call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to both Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 by adding telephone number to URI translations to the **telnumToUri.tab** file as follows:
 - From the /usr/ipcb/config directory, edit the telnumToUri.tab file with a text editor.
 - Add rules, separated by either tabs or single spaces, as a line in the file to route calls from Avaya Meeting Exchange to both Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Metacharacters such as "*" (refers to a character string) or "?" (refers to a single character) may be utilized.
 - The rules entered under the **TelnumPattern** column match digit patterns with a leading '3' or '9' and correspond to station extensions on Cisco UCM and the PSTN respectively.
 - The SIP-URI entered under the **TelnumConversion** column route the call to either Cisco UCM or the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 accordingly. To enable SIP connectivity utilizing TCP, the rules must syntactically conform to SIP standards regarding URI and contain **5060** and **transport=tcp**. Avaya Meeting Exchange will replace **\$0** with the "dialstring" in outgoing SIP INVITE messages. For example, if *917325551234* is dialed, Avaya Meeting Exchange will format a SIP INVITE message with the following SIP-URI in the Request-Line and "To" Header Field:
 - sip:917325551234@60.1.1.9:5060;transport=tcp

Note: Alternatively, call routing to Cisco UCM could have been enabled with the following entry:

9????????? sip:\$0@60.1.1.9:5060;transport=tcp, where "?" is a wildcard and matches any digit. To enable SIP connectivity over UDP, set the transport-param in the SIP-URI to udp. Similarly for the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Step	Description
3.2.3	Restart conferencing related processes on Avaya Meeting Exchange for updates to take effect.
	At the command prompt, enter "service mx-bridge restart".
	[S6200]> service mx-bridge restart

3.3. Configure Call Branding

The following steps provide examples of how to provision direct and scan call branding by utilizing the Call Branding Utility (CBUTIL) on Avaya Meeting Exchange. A command line utility, CBUTIL enables administrators to assign a specific annunciator message, line name, company name, system function, reservation group and prompt sets to a Dialed Number Identification Service (DNIS) entry. Avaya Meeting Exchange parses these entries in numerically ascending order, with the wildcard character "?" last in the list. For example, 129? follows 1299. The last entry in the table consists entirely of wildcard characters.

Step	Description		
3.3.1	Administer call branding for a direct call flow as follows:		
	• From the /usr/dcb/bin directory, add an entry to the call branding table to map the DID		
	value obtained from procedures in Step 3.2.1 to a conference by entering "cbutil add		
	555 0 301 1 n direct" at the command prompt. The syntax for this command is case		
	insensitive and is defined as follows:		
	cbutil add <dnis> <rg> <msg> <ps> <ucps> <func> [-l <ln> -c <cn>], where,</cn></ln></func></ucps></ps></msg></rg></dnis>		
	o <dnis> DNIS</dnis>		
	o <rg> Reservation group</rg>		
	o <msg> Annunciator message number</msg>		
	o <ps> Prompt set number (0-20)</ps>		
	o <ucps> Use conference prompt set (y/n)</ucps>		
	o <func> One of: DIRECT/SCAN/ENTER/HANGUP/AUTOVL/FLEX</func>		
	o -l <"ln"> Optional line name to associate with caller		
	o -c <"cn"> Optional company name to associate with caller		
	S6200-> cbutil add 555 0 301 1 n direct		
	cbutil Copyright 2004 Avaya, Inc. All rights reserved.		
	copyright 2004 Avaya, The. Arr rights reserved.		
3.3.2	Repeat Step 3.3.1 to add an entry to the call branding table for a scan call flow.		
	S6200-> cbutil add 500 0 1 1 n scan		
	cbutil Copyright 2004 Avaya, Inc. All rights reserved.		

3.3.3 At the command prompt, enter "cbutil list" to verify the entries provisioned in Step 3.3.1 and Step 3.3.2. Note: The last entry in the call branding table, with a DNIS value ???, was added previously and is a wild card entry. This entry captures any wrong number (e.g., unmatched DID values) and places the call into the enter queue for operator assistance. S6200-> cbutil list cbutil Copyright 2004 Avaya, Inc. All rights reserved. DNIS Grp Msg PS CP Function Line Name Company Name 500 0 1 1 N SCAN 555 0 301 N DIRECT ??? 0 208 1 N ENTER

3.4. Administer Conferences

The following steps utilize Avaya Bridge Talk to provision conferences on Avaya Meeting Exchange. Avaya Bridge Talk is an application that runs on a standard Windows based PC and is utilized for provisioning and managing conferencing applications on Avaya Meeting Exchange. Refer to [3] for information regarding PC requirements. If any of the features displayed in the Avaya Bridge Talk screen captures are not present, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to make the appropriate changes.

Figure 2 illustrates the main window of the Avaya Bridge Talk application. The following is a brief description of the task areas that were utilized for these Application Notes.

- 1. The Menu Bar, which includes menus for both Avaya Meeting Exchange specific and Windows-based commands.
- 2. The Main Tool Bar, which includes commands for entering command-line text.
- **3.** The Conference Room, which displays information about features and attributes for individual conferences; and lists participants, moderators and their status.
- **4.** The Conference Navigator, which displays a portion of the conferences currently running on the bridge as well as individual conference attributes or features.

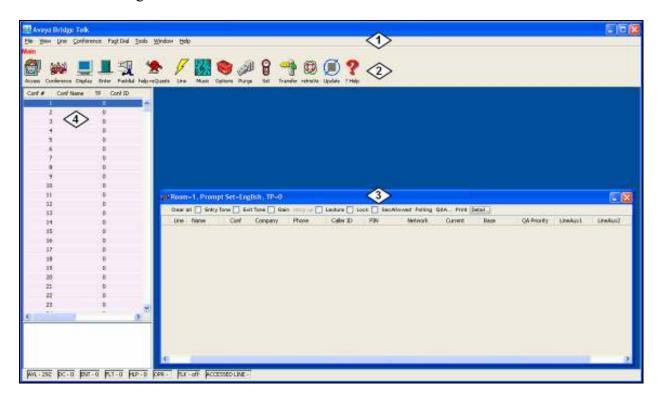
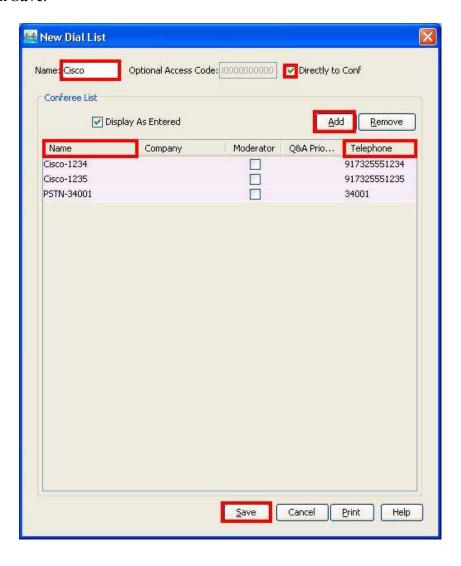


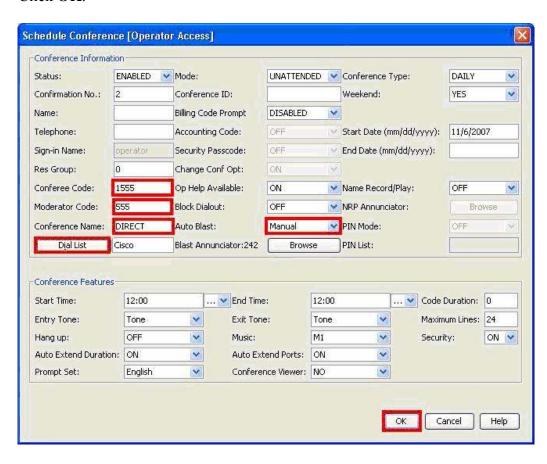
Figure 2: Avaya Bridge Talk Main Window

- 3.4.1 Create a dial list of participants on Avaya Meeting Exchange. From the Avaya Bridge Talk Menu Bar, select **Fast Dial** → **New**. From the **New Dial List** window that is displayed, add participants to the dial list as follows:
 - Enter a descriptive name for this dial list in the **Name** field.
 - Add entries to the dial list by clicking **Add** for each participant.
 - o Enter a descriptive name for each participant in the Name field.
 - Enter a number in the **Telephone** field that corresponds to the participants' telephone number.
 - Enable conference participants on the dial list to enter the conference without a passcode by checking the **Directly to Conf** box.
 - Refer to [3] for definitions regarding the remaining fields on this screen.
 - Click Save.



- 3.4.2 Schedule conferences that utilize the call branding for a direct call flow provisioned in **Step**3.3.1 as follows. From the Menu Bar, click **View** → **Conference Scheduler**. From the

 Conference Scheduler window that is displayed, click File → Schedule Conference. From the Schedule Conference window that is displayed, administer settings as follows:
 - Enter a unique passcode in the **Conferee Code** field to allow access to this conference.
 - Enter a unique passcode in the **Moderator Code** field to allow access to this conference with moderator/host privileges. Note, to enable access to this conference without entering a passcode, define a **Moderator Code** that aligns with the provisioning for a direct call flow (see **Step 3.3.1**).
 - Enter a descriptive name for this conference in the **Conference Name** field.
 - Administer settings to enable a blast dial by setting the **Auto Blast** field to **Manual** and selecting the dial list provisioned in **Step 3.4.1** in the **Dial List** field.
 - o Select a dial list by clicking **Dial List**.
 - o [Not Shown] Select a dial list from the Create, Select or Edit Dial List window that is displayed.
 - Refer to [3] for definitions regarding the remaining fields on this screen.
 - Click **OK**.



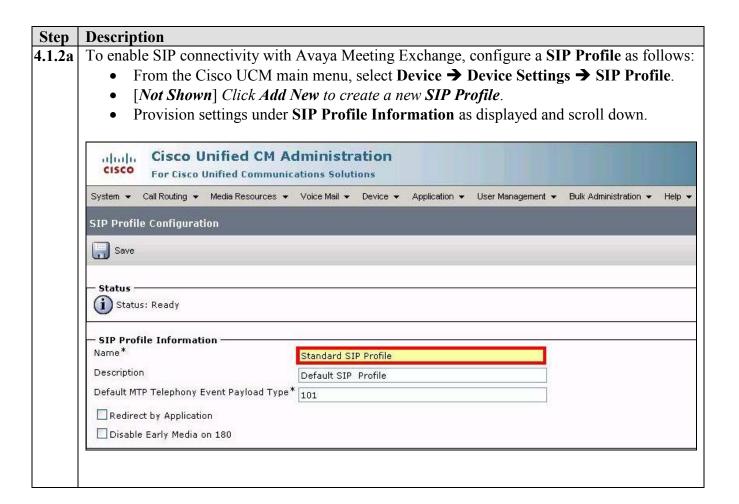
4. Cisco Unified Communications Manager Configuration

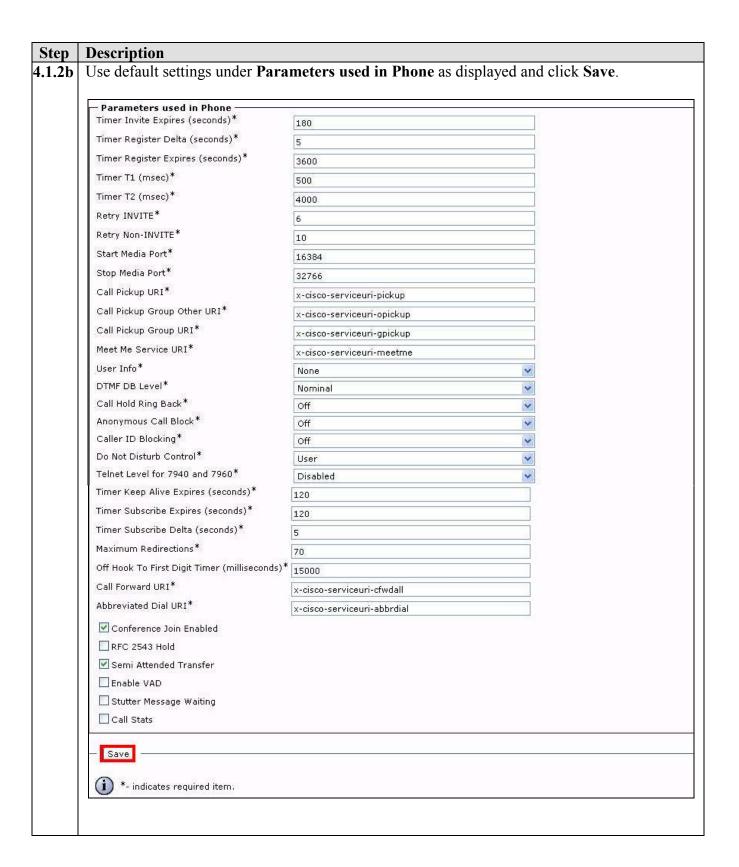
This section describes the configuration for enabling Cisco UCM to interoperate with Avaya Meeting Exchange. Cisco UCM is administered and maintained using a standard web browser over a secure connection by entering https://<Cisco UCM IP Address or Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)> into the web browser's Uniform Resource Locator (URL) bar. Refer to [4] for additional information regarding the administration of Cisco UCM.

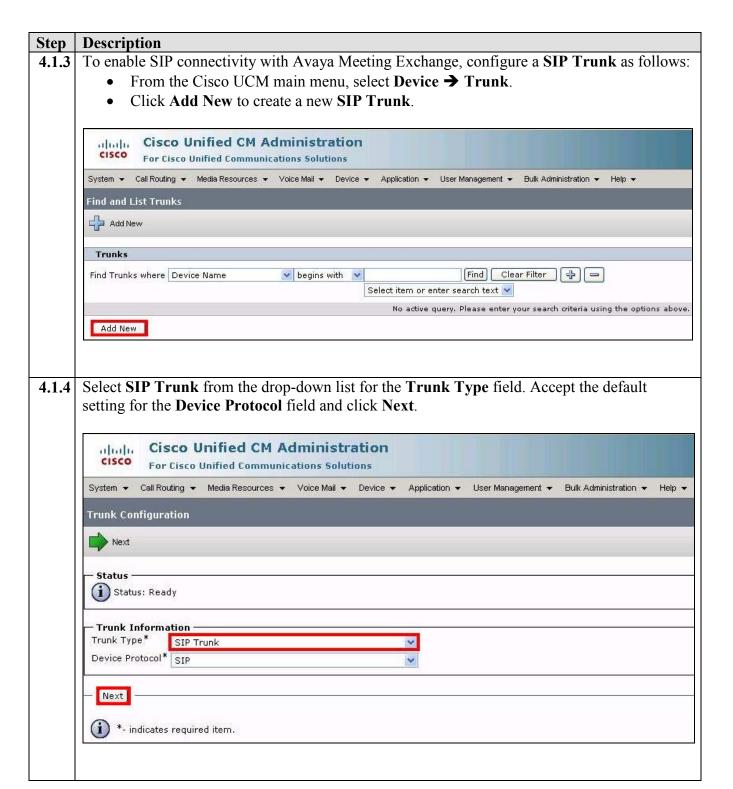
4.1. Configure Connectivity

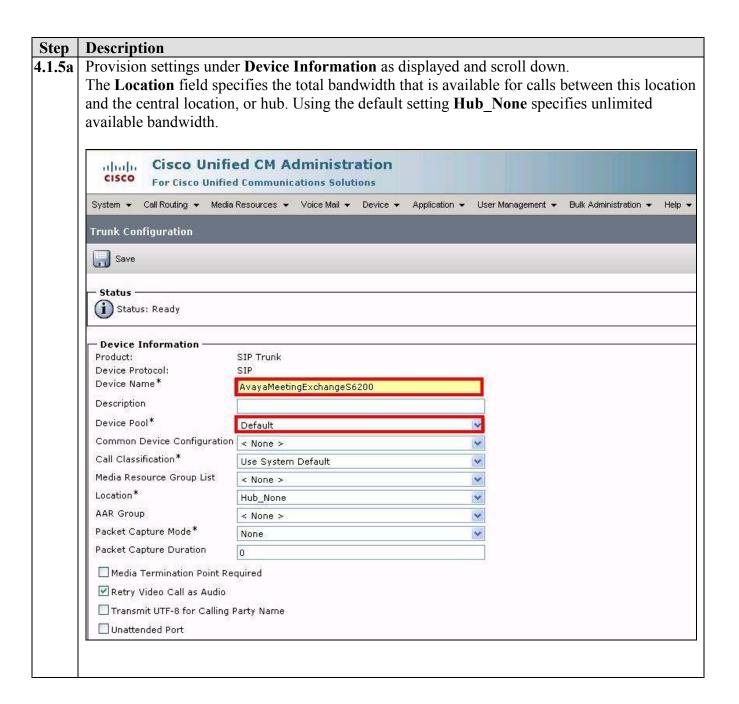
This section describes the steps for configuring SIP connectivity between Cisco UCM and Avaya Meeting Exchange.

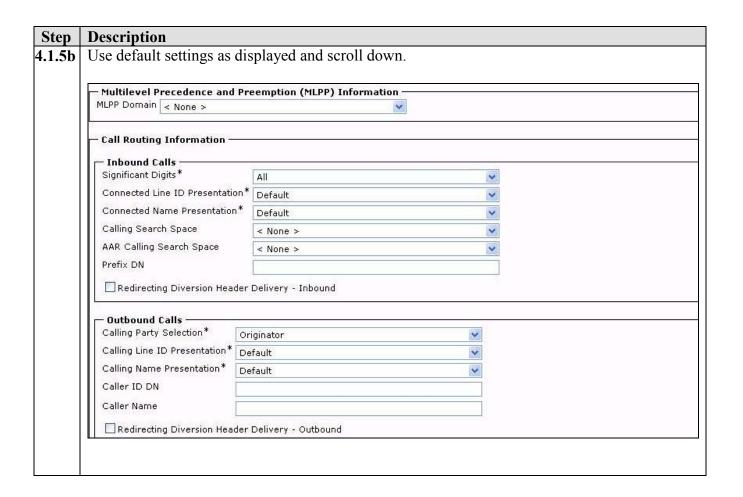
Step **Description** To enable SIP connectivity with Avaya Meeting Exchange utilizing TCP, configure a SIP **Trunk Security Profile** as follows: • From the Cisco UCM main menu, select System → Security Profile → SIP Trunk **Security Profile.** [Not Shown] Click Add New to create a new SIP Trunk Security Profile. Provision settings as displayed and click Save. **Note**: To enable SIP connectivity to Avaya Meeting Exchange utilizing UDP, set the **Outgoing Transport Type** field to UDP. Cisco Unified CM Administration alada CISCO For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions System ▼ Call Routing ▼ Media Resources ▼ Voice Mail ▼ Device ▼ Application ▼ User Management ▼ Bulk Administration ▼ Help ▼ SIP Trunk Security Profile Configuration Save Status (i) Status: Ready SIP Trunk Security Profile Information Name* Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile Description Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile authenticated by null Str Device Security Mode Non Secure Incoming Transport Type* TCP+UDP Outgoing Transport Type Enable Digest Authentication Nonce Validity Time (mins)* 600 X.509 Subject Name Incoming Port* 5060 Enable Application Level Authorization Accept Presence Subscription Accept Out-of-Dialog REFER Accept Unsolicited Notification Accept Replaces Header Save *- indicates required item.



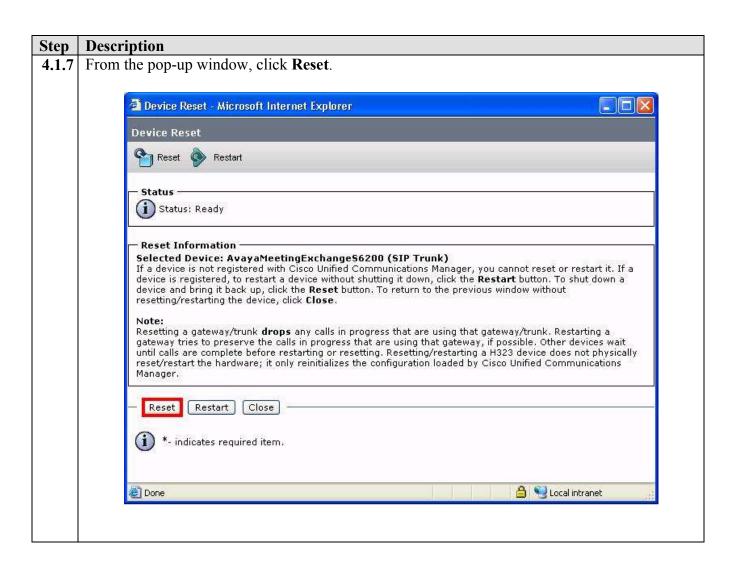








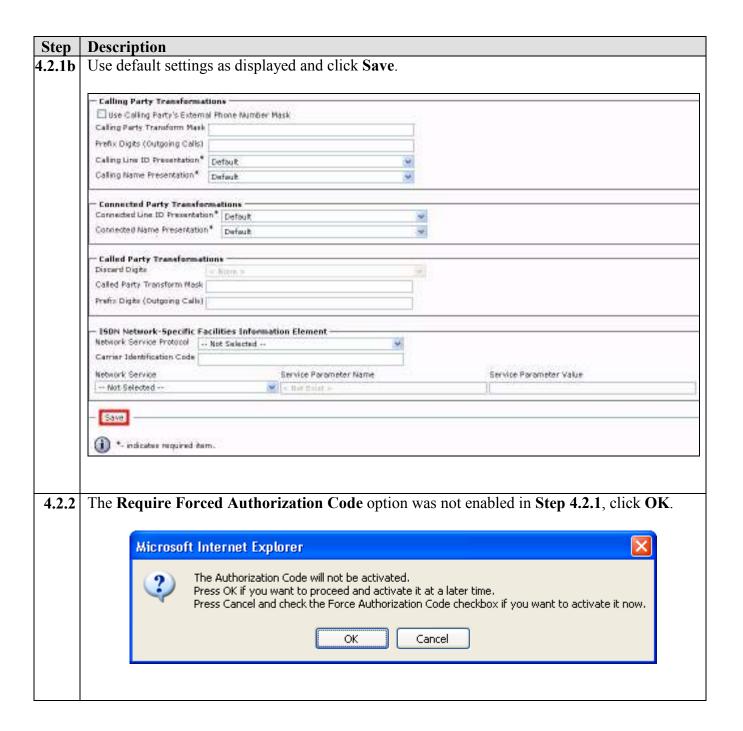
Description Step **4.1.5c** Provision settings under **SIP Information** as displayed. Enter the IP address of Avaya Meeting Exchange in the **Destination Address** field. Select the SIP Trunk Security Profile provisioned in Step 4.1.1 from the drop-down list for the SIP Trunk Security Profile field. Select the SIP Profile provisioned in Step 4.1.2 from the drop-down list for the SIP **Profile** field. Select RFC 2833 from the drop-down list for the DTMF Signaling Method field. Click Save. SIP Information Destination Address* 192.168.13.102 Destination Address is an SRV Destination Port* MTP Preferred Originating Codec* Presence Group* Standard Presence group SIP Trunk Security Profile* Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile Rerouting Calling Search Space < None > Out-Of-Dialog Refer Calling Search Space < None > SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space < None > SIP Profile* Standard SIP Profile DTMF Signaling Method* RFC 2833 Save *- indicates required item. ** - Device reset is not required for changes to Packet Capture Mode and Packet Capture Duration. 4.1.6 From the pop-up window, click **OK** and reset the trunk by clicking **Reset**, [Not **Shown**, located at the bottom of the **SIP Trunk** page]. Microsoft Internet Explorer Click on the Reset button to have the changes take effect.



4.2. Configure Call Routing

This section describes the steps for configuring call routing from Cisco UCM to Avaya Meeting Exchange.

Step **Description** To enable routing from Cisco UCM to Avaya Meeting Exchange utilizing the SIP trunk provisioned in **Section 4.1**, configure a **Route Pattern** as follows: From the Cisco UCM main menu, select Call Routing → Route/Hunt → Route Pattern. [Not Shown] Click Add New to create a new Route Pattern. Provision settings under **Pattern Definition** as displayed and scroll down. Enter a pattern in the **Route Pattern** field that corresponds to the call branding for direct and scan call flows provisioned on Avaya Meeting exchange in **Section 3.3**. Note that "X" is a wildcard and represents any digit 0 through 9. o Select the SIP trunk group provisioned in **Section 4.1** from the drop-down list for the Gateway/Route List field. o Verify that the **Provide Outside Dial Tone** field is not selected. Cisco Unified CM Administration ahahi CISCO For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions System ♥ Call Routing ♥ Media Resources ♥ Voice Mail ♥ Device ♥ Application ♥ User Management ♥ Route Pattern Configuration Save Status (i) Status: Ready Pattern Definition Route Pattern* 5XX Route Partition Description ToAvayaMeetingExchangeS6200 Numbering Plan -- Not Selected --Route Filter MLPP Precedence* Default Gateway/Route List* AvayaMeetingExchangeS6200 Route Option Route this pattern O Block this pattern No Error Call Classification* OffNet 🔲 Allow Device Override 🔲 Provide Outside Dial Tone 🔲 Allow Overlap Sending 🔲 Urgent Priority Require Forced Authorization Code Authorization Level* Require Client Matter Code



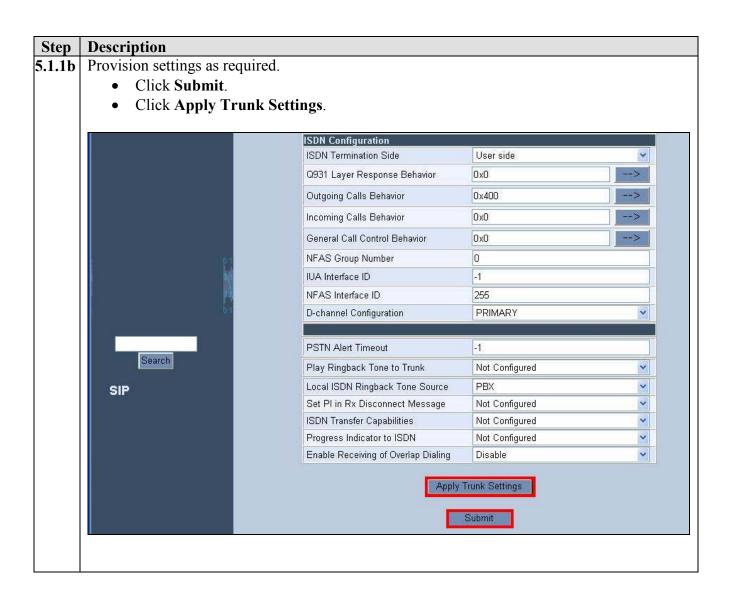
5. Configure the AudioCodes Mediant 2000

This section describes the steps for configuring connectivity between Avaya Meeting Exchange and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 is administered using either the AudioCodes Element Management System (EMS) or an embedded web server. For this sample configuration, the provisioning is administered via the embedded web server by entering <a href="http://<AudioCodes Mediant 2000 IP Address or Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)">http://<AudioCodes Mediant 2000 IP Address or Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) into a web browser's Uniform Resource Locator (URL) bar. Refer to [5] and [6] for additional information regarding the administration of the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

5.1. Configure T1 Connectivity

This section describes the steps for configuring T1 connectivity between the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 and the PSTN.

Step **Description** To enable connectivity to the PSTN, administer **Trunk Settings** as follows: 5.1.1a From the embedded web server, select Advanced Configuration → PSTN Settings **→** Trunk Settings. Select the appropriate trunk to provision. For this sample configuration, T1 connectivity to the PSTN uses trunk 1. [Not Shown] Click the Stop Trunk button to modify the selected trunk's parameters. The status of the **Trunk Configuration State** parameter changes to **Inactive**. Configure Trunk Settings for this interface to enable T1 ISDN-PRI connectivity to the PSTN according to requirements defined by the PSTN service provider. Scroll down. Audio Codes Mediant 2000 Network Media SS7 TDM Configuration Regional Security Management Configuration Bus Settings Settings Settings File Settings Settings Settings Trunk Settings ber 1 2 3 CAS State Machines Cas State Machines Quick Setup **Protocol Management** Trunk Settings **Advanced Configuration** Trunk Configuration Status & Diagnostics Trunk ID Software Update Trunk Configuration State Inactive Maintenance Protocol Type T1 5ESS 10 ISDN Log Off Clock Master Recovered v Auto Clock Trunk Priority 0 B8ZS Line Code Y 0 dB Line Build Out Loss Trace Level No Trace Line Build Out Overwrite OFF Framing Method T1 FRAMING ESF CRC6



- **5.1.2** To assign common rules for routing IP-to-PSTN calls, administer a **Trunk Group** as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select, **Protocol Management** → **Trunk Group**.
 - Select the appropriate trunk from the **Group Index** column. For this sample configuration, T1 connectivity to the PSTN uses trunk 1.
 - Set the **From Trunk** and **To Trunk** fields to the starting and ending number of the trunk to the PSTN.
 - Set the **Channels** field to correspond to number of B-channels available on this trunk. For this sample configuration, T1 ISDN-PRI trunking is used, thus 23 B-channels.
 - Set the **Trunk Group ID** field to an available number.
 - Click Submit.

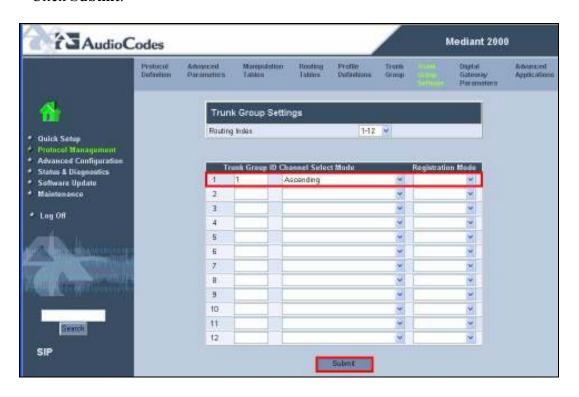
Note: Trunk groups are logical entities that are used for routing IP to telephone calls with common rules in which calls are assigned to B-channels within each trunk group.



- **5.1.3** To determine the method in which new calls are assigned to B-channels within a trunk group, administer **Trunk Group Settings** as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select **Protocol Management** → **Trunk Group Settings**.
 - Add an entry that corresponds to trunk group provisioned in **Step 5.1.2** as displayed.
 - Set the **Trunk Group ID** field to the Trunk Group ID assigned to the trunk group provisioned in **Step 5.1.2**.
 - Set the Channel Select Mode field to determine the method in which call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange are assigned to B-channels within a trunk group. For this sample configuration, this trunk group is administered to select B-channels in Ascending mode, while call origination from the PSTN selects B-channels in a descending fashion.

Note: To reduce the probability of glare, which occurs when both sides of a trunk select the same B-channel for call origination, the network should be administered so both sides of the trunk select B-channels from opposite ends of the trunk. This is called linear hunting, ascending or descending. For example, on a 23B+D T1 ISDN-PRI trunk, the user side should be administered to select B-channels starting at channel 1 (ascending) if the network side is administered to select B-channels starting at channel 23 (descending).

• Click Submit.

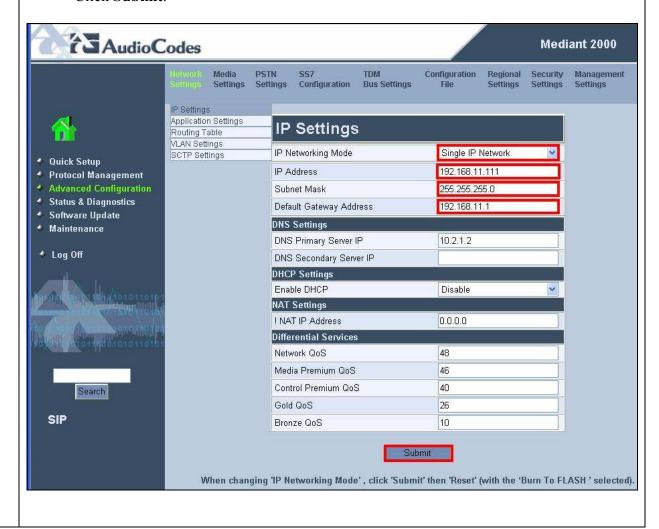


5.2. Configure SIP Connectivity

This section describes the steps for configuring SIP connectivity between the Avaya Meeting Exchange the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Step | **Description**

- **5.2.1** To enable IP connectivity to the AudioCodes Mediant 2000, administer **IP Settings** as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select Advanced Configuration → Network Settings
 → IP Settings.
 - Select the appropriate IP network configuration from the drop-down list for the IP
 Networking Mode field. For this sample configuration, Media, Control and OAM are
 on the same network.
 - Set the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway Address fields accordingly.
 - Use default settings for remaining fields.
 - Click Submit.



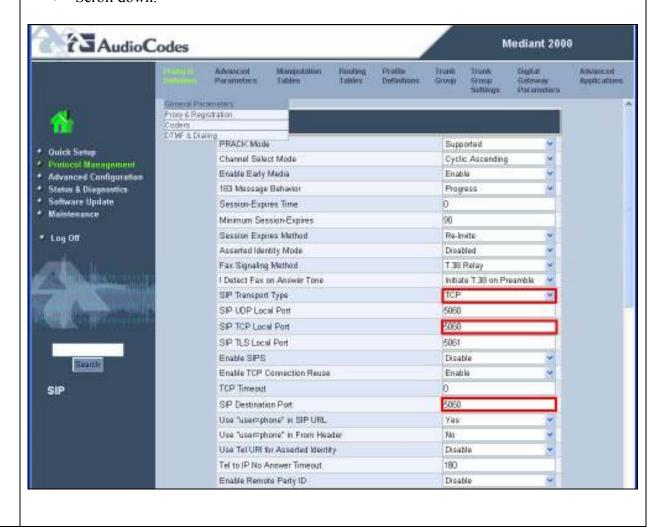
- **5.2.2** Administer **Media Settings** as displayed.
 - Click on Advanced Configuration → Media Settings → Voice Settings.
 - Select RFC2833 Relay DTMF from the drop-down list for the DTMF Transport Type field.
 - Click Submit.

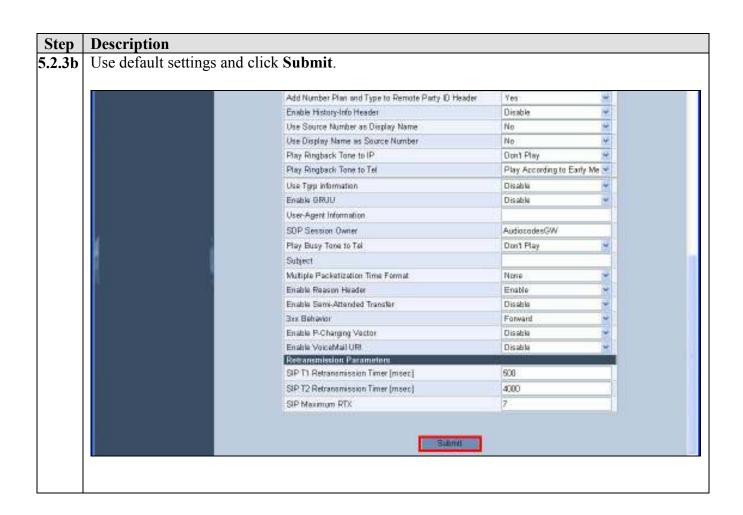


- **5.2.3a** To enable SIP connectivity with the Avaya Meeting Exchange, administer **General Parameters** as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select Protocol Management → Protocol Definition
 → General Parameters.
 - Set the **SIP Transport Type**, **SIP TCP Local Port** and **SIP Destination Port** fields to enable SIP connectivity with the Avaya Meeting Exchange utilizing TCP.

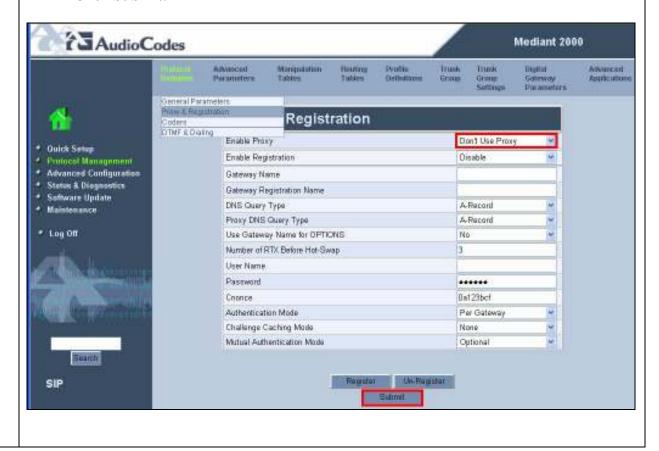
Note: To enable SIP connectivity with Avaya Meeting Exchange utilizing UDP, set the **SIP Transport Type** and **SIP UDP Local Port** fields for UDP.

- Use default settings for remaining fields.
- Scroll down.



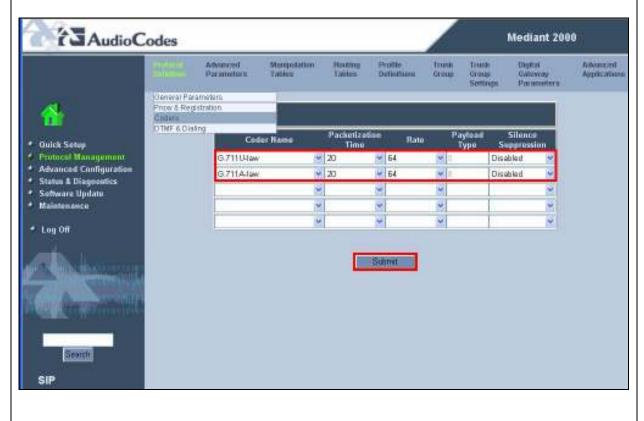


- **5.2.4** Administer settings for **Proxy & Registration** as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select Protocol Management → Protocol Definition
 → Proxy & Registration.
 - Select **Don't Use Proxy** from the drop-down list for the **Enable Proxy** field. *Note*: SIP connectivity between the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 and Avaya Meeting Exchange is direct.
 - Use default settings for remaining fields.
 - Click Submit.



- **5.2.5** Administer codec preferences and attributes for the SIP trunk between the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 and Avaya Meeting Exchange as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select Protocol Management → Protocol Definition
 Coders.
 - Add entries for codecs that are supported on the Convedia CMS-6000 Media Server (see **Step 3.16**) as displayed.
 - Select a codec from the drop-down list for the **Coder Name** field that is compatible with the codecs supported on Avaya Meeting Exchange.
 - Use default settings for remaining fields.
 - Click Submit.

Note: The first coder is the highest priority coder and is used by the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 whenever possible. If the far end SIP User Agent cannot use the coder assigned as the first coder, the gateway attempts to use the next coder and so forth.

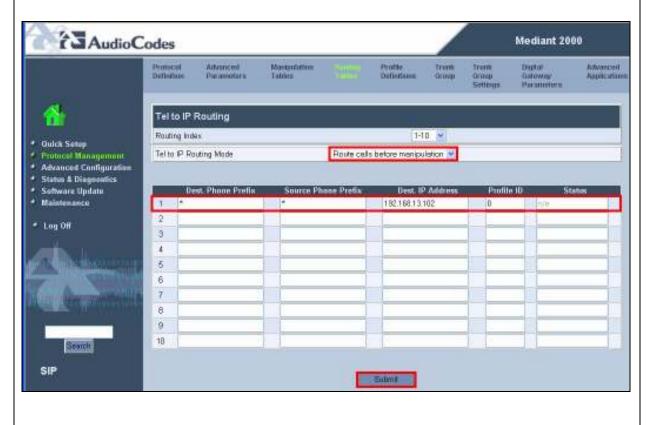


5.3. Configure Call Routing

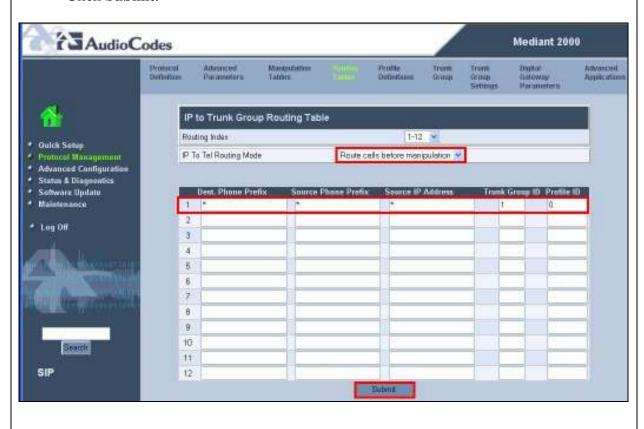
This section describes the steps for configuring call routing between Avaya Meeting Exchange and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Step | **Description**

- **5.3.1** Administer call routing rules that are applied to calls originating from the PSTN to Avaya Meeting Exchange by adding **Tel to IP Group Routing** rules as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select **Protocol Management** → **Routing Tables** → **Tel to IP Group Routing**.
 - Select **Route calls before manipulation** from the drop-down list for the **Tel to IP Routing Mode** field. Add an entry to enable call origination from the PSTN to Avaya Meeting Exchange as displayed.
 - o Enter a rule in the **Dest. Phone Prefix** field that matches the pattern of the called party number assigned to Avaya Meeting Exchange. For this sample configuration, the rule "*" is utilized, where "*" is a wildcard and matches any digit string, thus routing all calls to Avaya Meeting Exchange.
 - Enter a rule in the **Source Phone Prefix** field to match the calling party number for calls from the PSTN.
 - o Enter the IP address of Avaya Meeting Exchange in the **Dest. IP Address** field.
 - Click Submit.



- **5.3.2** Administer call routing rules that are applied to calls originating from Avaya Meeting Exchange to the PSTN by adding **IP to Hunt Group Routing** rules as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select **Protocol Management** → **Routing Tables** → **IP to Hunt Group Routing**.
 - Select **Route calls before manipulation** from the drop-down list for the **IP To Tel Routing Mode** field. Add an entry to enable call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to the PSTN as displayed. Add an entry to enable call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to the PSTN as displayed.
 - Enter a rule in the **Dest. Phone Prefix** field that matches the pattern of the called party number assigned to the PSTN. For this sample configuration, the rule "*" is utilized, where "*" is a wildcard and matches any digit string, thus routing all calls to the PSTN.
 - Enter a rule in the **Source Phone Prefix** field to match the calling party number for calls from the Avaya Meeting Exchange.
 - Enter a rule in the **Source IP Address** field to match the IP address of Avaya Meeting Exchange.
 - Enter the Trunk Group ID for the T1 ISDN-PRI trunk group provisioned in **Section 5.1** in the **Trunk Group ID** field.
 - Click Submit.



6. Verification Steps

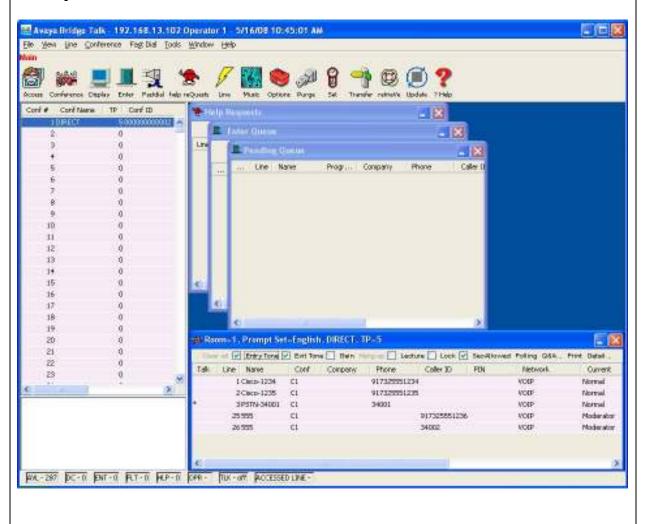
The following steps were used to verify the administrative steps presented in these Application Notes and are applicable for similar configurations in the field.

Step	Description
6.1	
	Avaya Meeting Exchange CLI, enter "service mx-bridge status" at the command prompt and
	verify that a Process ID (PID) is present for all processes.
	verify that a recess is (ris) is present for an processes.
	S6200-> service mx-bridge status
	2373 pts/1 00:00:00 initdcb
	2420 pts/1 00:00:00 log
	2423 pts/1 00:00:00 bridgeTranslato
	2424 pts/1 00:00:00 netservices 2431 pts/1 00:00:00 timer
	2431 pts/1 00:00:00 timer 2432 pts/1 00:00:00 traffic
	2433 pts/1 00:00:00 chdbased
	2434 pts/1 00:00:00 startd
	2435 pts/1 00:00:00 cdr
	2436 pts/1 00:00:00 modapid
	2437 pts/1 00:00:00 schapid
	2438 pts/1 00:00:00 callhand
	2439 pts/1 00:00:00 initipcb
	2443 pts/1 00:00:00 sipagent
	2451 pts/1 00:00:00 msdispatcher
	2454 pts/1 00:00:00 softms 2457 pts/1 00:00:00 serverComms
	2457 pts/1 00:00:00 serverComms 2311 pts/1 00:00:00 sqlexecd with 5 children
	2311 pts/1 00.00.00 sqrexecd with 5 children
6.2	Validate signaling and media connectivity for call origination from Cisco UCM to Avaya
	Meeting Exchange. This is accomplished by verifying that the trunk group provisioned in
	Section 4.1 is utilized when a call from a telephone registered to Cisco UCM dials in to a
	conference provisioned on Avaya Meeting Exchange. From a telephone registered to Cisco
	UCM, dial 555 to enter the conference provisioned in Section 3.4 as moderator via the call
	branding for a direct call flow provisioned in Step 3.3.1 .
	oraniang for a ancer can now provisioned in step citi.
6.3	Validate signaling and media connectivity for call origination from the PSTN to Avaya
0.5	Meeting Exchange via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. This is accomplished by verifying that
	the trunk groups provisioned in Section 5.1 and Section 5.2 are utilized when a call from a
	telephone associated with the PSTN dials in to a conference provisioned on Avaya Meeting
	Exchange. From a telephone associated with the PSTN, dial 555 to enter the conference
	provisioned in Section 3.4 as moderator via the call branding for a direct call flow provisioned
	in Step 3.3.1 .

6.4 Validate signaling and media connectivity for call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to both Cisco UCM and the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. This is accomplished by verifying that the trunk groups provisioned in Section 4.1, Section 5.1 and Section 5.2 are utilized when a call from a participant in a conference on Avaya Meeting Exchange is placed to telephones registered to Cisco UCM and associated with the PSTN respectively. From a telephone already in conference (see Step 6.2, or Step 6.3), enter the appropriate touchtone command to initiate the blast dial feature as provisioned in Section 3.4. Note that the goal of this step is to validate call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange to Cisco UCM, thus any form of call origination from Avaya Meeting Exchange may be utilized, e.g., originator dialout.

- 6.5 Verify that calls to and from Avaya Meeting Exchange are managed correctly, e.g., participants are added/removed from conferences. This is accomplished by utilizing the Avaya Bridge Talk application.
 - If not already logged on, log in to the Avaya Bridge Talk application with the appropriate credentials.
 - From the Conference Navigator, double-click the appropriate entry to open the corresponding Conference Room.
 - Verify conference participants are added/removed from conferences by observing the Conference Navigator and/or Conference Room window.

Note: The screen capture below displays the conference that was initiated in **Step 6.2**, **Step 6.3** and **Step 6.4**.



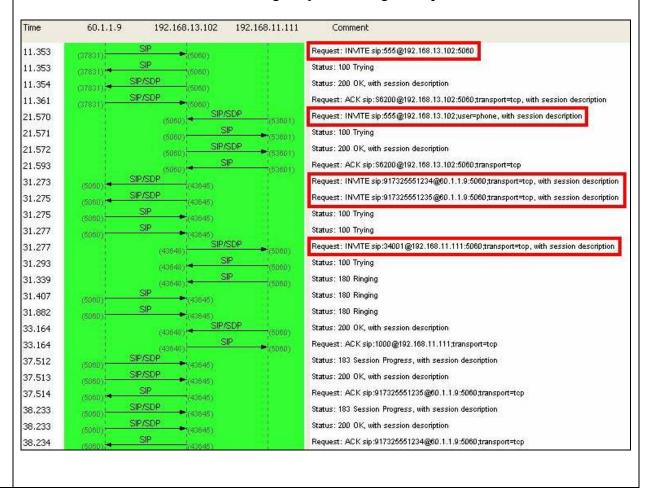
- **6.6** Verify **Channel Status** on the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select **Status & Diagnostics** → **Channel Status**.

 Note: The **Trunk & Channel Status** displays **Active OK** for T1 ISDN-PRI trunk group provisioned in **Section 5.1**.
 - This screen capture displays the channel selection pattern for the **Active** channels that are associated with the conference that was initiated in **Step 6.3** and **Step 6.4**.

Note: The PSTN selects channels in a descending pattern over the ISDN-PRI trunk between the PSTN and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. This display shows **Channel 23** on **Trunk 1** is selected by the PSTN for call origination to Avaya Meeting Exchange. Conversely, **Channel 1** on **Trunk 1** is selected by the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 for call origination to the PSTN.



- 6.7 Below is a SIP call flow of the scenario that was initiated in **Step 6.2**, **Step 6.3** and **Step 6.4**. This trace is intended to display the provisioning presented in these Application Notes.
 - Cisco UCM (60.1.1.9) sends a SIP INVITE message to Avaya Meeting Exchange (192.168.13.102). Avaya Meeting Exchange extracts the DID (555) using the provisioning in Step 3.2.1 and places the call in conference using the call branding provisioned in Section 3.3.
 - The AudioCodes Mediant 2000 (192.168.11.111) sends a SIP INVITE message to Avaya Meeting Exchange (192.168.13.102). Avaya Meeting Exchange extracts the DID (555) using the provisioning in Step 3.2.1 and places the call in conference using the call branding provisioned in Section 3.3.
 - Avaya Meeting Exchange sends SIP INVITE messages to both Cisco UCM and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 using the provisioning in **Step 3.2.2**.



7. Conclusion

These Application Notes present a sample configuration comprised of the Avaya Meeting Exchange S6200 Conferencing Server (Meeting Exchange), Cisco Unified Communications Manager (UCM) and the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Employing this configuration enables call origination/termination between Avaya Meeting Exchange and endpoints registered to Cisco UCM, as well as endpoints on the PSTN via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

8. Additional References

Avaya references are available at http://support.avaya.com.

- [1] Meeting Exchange 5.0 S6200/6800 Administration and Maintenance Guide, Issue 2, Doc ID 04-602167, August 2007.
- [2] Meeting Exchange 5.0 Service Pack 1 S6200/6800 Configuration Guide, Issue 4, Doc ID 04-602171, December 2007.
- [3] Meeting Exchange 5.0 Bridge Talk User's Guide, Doc ID 04-602163, Issue 1, August 2007.

Cisco references are available at http://www.cisco.com.

[4] Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration Guide Release 6.0(1), Document #: OL-12525-01.

AudioCodes references are available at http://www.audiocodes.com.

- [5] MediantTM 2000 User's Manual version 5.2, Document # LTRT-69806, August 2007.
- [6] Mediant[™] 2000 & TP-1610 & TP-260-UNI SIP User's Manual Ver 5.2, Document #: LTRT-68806, September 2007.

9. Appendix

Step

Description

Appendix A - AudioCodes Mediant 2000 Syslog Configuration

Enable syslog functionality on the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 as follows: **A1** From the embedded web server, select Advanced Configuration Management Settings. Set the Syslog Server IP Address and Syslog Server Port fields appropriately. Select **Enable** from the drop-down list for the **Enable Syslog** field. Set the **Trunks Filter** field to enable syslog reporting for the appropriate trunk(s). For this sample configuration, -1 is used, which sets no filter, thus allowing reporting for all trunks to appear in the syslog. Enable logging by selecting the appropriate fields under the **Activity Types to Report** via 'Activity Log' Messages heading. If enabled, any action associated with the enabled field will be logged (see Step A2 for a sample syslog regarding 'Activity Types'). Click Submit. AudioCodes Mediant 2000 PSTM Management Settings 192,168,12,143 Syslog Server IP Address rotocel Management Byslog Sewer Port 514 ces Comiguratio Enable Systog ware Update Trunks Filter **BNMP Trap Destinations** SNMP Community String **ENMP V3 Table** SNMP Trusted Managers Table Enable SNMP Enable Activity Types to Report via 'A Parameters Value Change Auxiliary Files Loading Device Reset Flash Memory Burning P Device Software Update: 1 0 Access to Restricted Domains Non-Authorized Access 1 Sensitive Parameters Value Change

Description Step A2 For this sample configuration, it is assumed that a syslog server is configured and has IP network connectivity with the AudioCodes Mediant 2000. Below is a sample syslog obtained from the syslog server that display the events initiated in **Step A1**. M Kiwi Sysing Service Manager (Version 8.1.6) Elle Edit Year Herene Help in a Display 00 (Default) Date Time Priority Hostname Нисседо 05-16-2008 11:43:48 Locali Notice 192:168:11;111 Activity Log User Name. Admin. Parameter Activity List ToLog was set to app. [Code:8000007] 05-16-2008 11:43:48 LocalD Notice 192.168.11.111 Activity Log: User Name: Admin, Parameter DisableSNMP was set to 0 (Code: 80000000) 05-15-2008 11:43:48 LocalD.Notice 192.168.11.111 Activity-Log User Name: Admin ,Parameter EnableSyring was set to 1. [Code:88000000] 05-16-2008 11:43:48 Local/Motice 192:168:11:111 Activity Log: Uno Name: Admin Parameter SystogServerPort was set to 514. [Code:80000000] 05-16-2008 11:43-48 LocalD Notice 192:168.11.111 Activity Log. Uses Name: Admin , Parameter SyslogServerIP was set to 192:168.12.143. (Code:00000000) 100% 772 MPH 11:44 05:16:2009

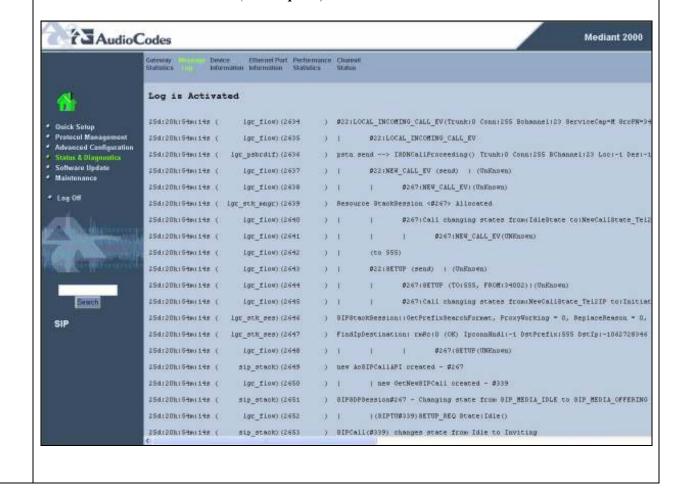
- A3 Configure the log level to capture messages for debug traces as follows:
 - From the embedded web server, select **Protocol Management** → **Advanced Parameters** → **General Parameters**.
 - Select the appropriate setting from the drop-down list for the **Debug Level** field. For this sample configuration, the **Debug Level** field is set to 4 (see **Step A4** and **Step A5** for sample logging regarding 'debug traces').
 - [Button Not Shown] Click Submit.

Note: It is recommended to provision the **Debug Level** field to the highest setting for debug traces. Setting the **Debug Level** field to **0** turns off logging for debug traces and will not affect the syslog of 'Activity Type' messages, as configured in **Step A1**.



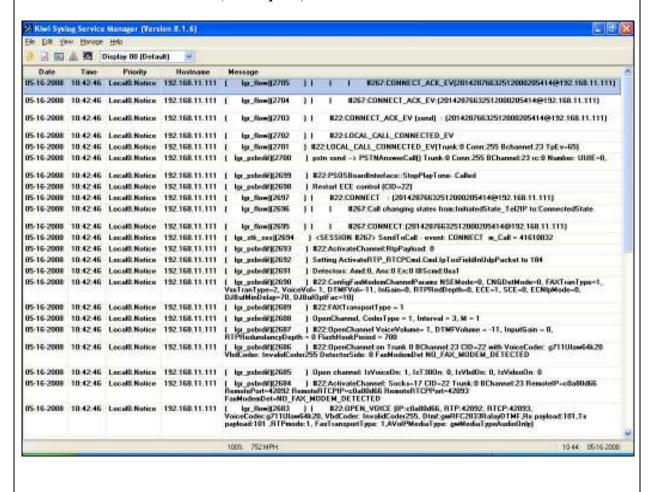
A4 With logging set at the appropriate level, messages will get logged to the embedded web server on the AudioCodes Mediant 2000.

Note: This display is from the call originating from the PSTN to Avaya Meeting Exchange via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 (see **Step 6.3**).



A5 With logging set at the appropriate level and syslog enabled, messages will get logged to the syslog server.

Note: This display is from the call originating from the PSTN to Avaya Meeting Exchange via the AudioCodes Mediant 2000 (see **Step 6.3**).



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