



Locked Down, Not Locked Out:

How I Escaped Your Secure Operator Workstation

WHO AM I?



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OT Cybersecurity Generalist

- SYSTEM ENGINEER @ LIBERTY ENERGY
- PENETRATION TESTING SINCE AROUND 2003 (HOBBYIST)
- PRIOR EXPERIENCE AS LEAD ICS SECURITY ARCHITECT IN OIL & GAS, MANUFACTURING & AEROSPACE.
- PRESENTED AT ICS VILLAGE, HOU SEC CON, SANS ICS SUMMIT, DRAGOS INDUSTRIAL SECURITY CONFERENCE, ICSJWG, & MORE...

WELCOME & GROUND RULES



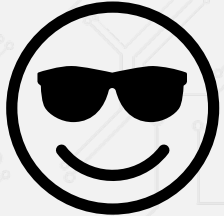
- This won't be a super deep technical exploitation talk.
- I won't be naming vendors or integrators.
- If you want names, tools, or war stories, come find me!





WHAT DOES 'LOCKED DOWN' EVEN MEAN?

EXPECTATIONS VS. REALITY



EXPECTATIONS

- Operator has minimal access to system functions
- Strict GPO and allowlisting control
- No local administrative privileges
- AppLocker or Solid core in full enforcement mode
- Login scripts are “harmless” config helpers
- Alerts if anything bad happens
- Everything is well-documented and reviewed



REALITY

- Operator can run renamed binaries or launch LOLBins
- Misconfigured or pathless GPO rules: allowlisting gaps
- Shared or default local admin creds still work
- Still in audit/learning mode or too permissive
- Login scripts expose drive paths, secrets, or tool access
- Misuse of signed tools rarely triggers alerts
- Integrator left it as-is: no one revisits post-deployment

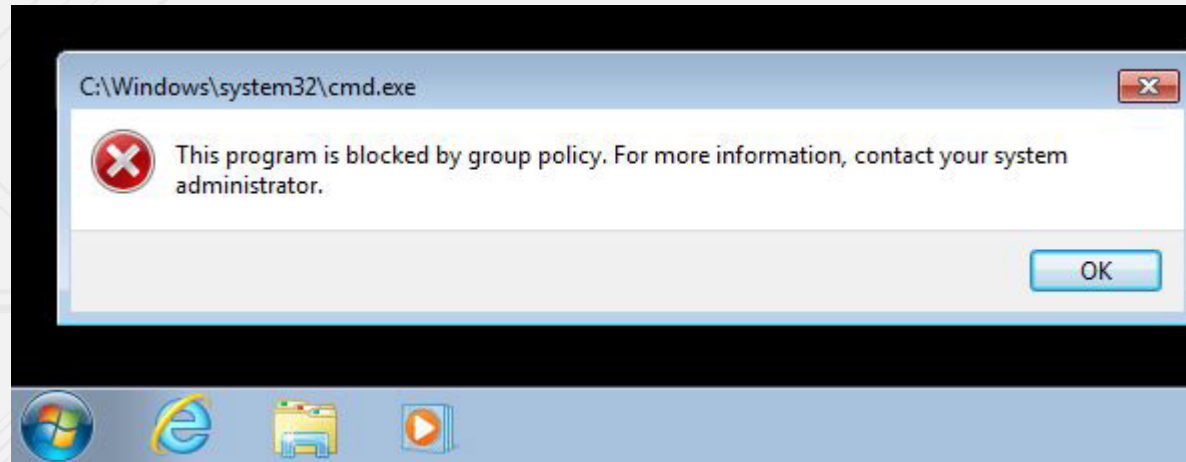


HERE ARE SOME SPECIFIC EXAMPLES..

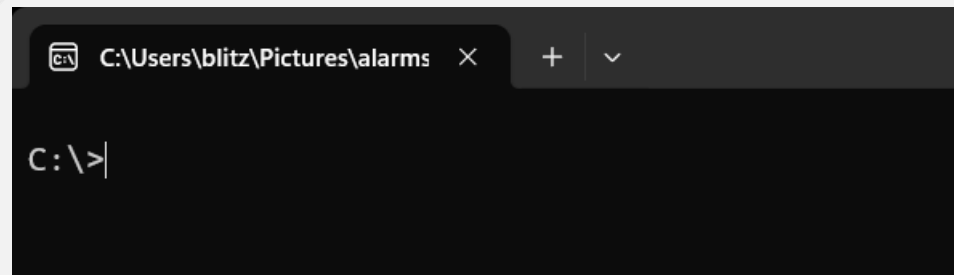
Example #1 - Group Policy Objects



When trying to launch a “non-allowed” binary and having it be blocked by Group Policy Object...



I bet the alarms manager binary called 'alarms.exe' is allowed and will let me launch command prompt if I rename cmd.exe to it...



Example #2 – Allowlisting Autopilot



EXPECTATIONS

- “It’s deployed, so we’re protected”
- Only approved applications can run
- Policies block script abuse and LOLBins
- Alerting and logging are in place
- Integrator configured it per best practices
- Changes are managed and reviewed
- It prevents malware execution
- We’re safe – “It passed compliance!”



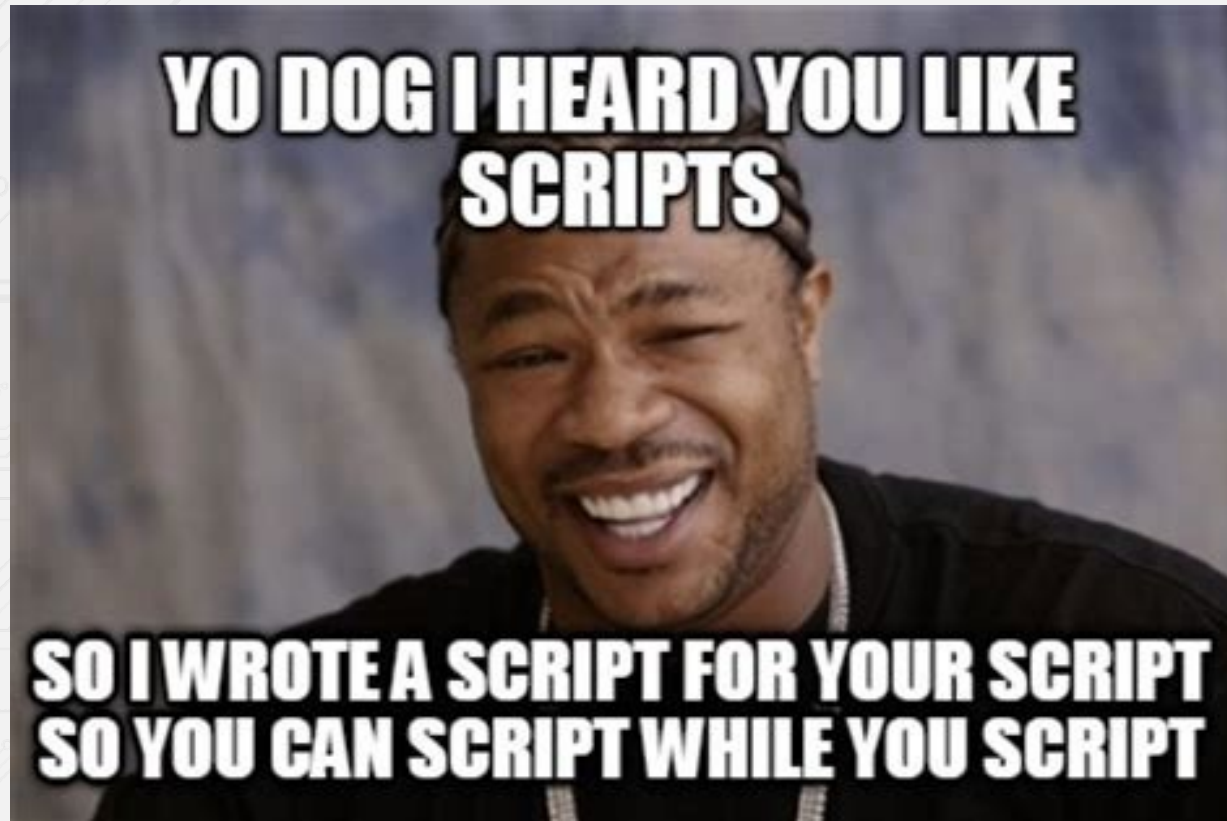
REALITY

- It was deployed in learning mode, never enforced
- Trusts too many things
- Regsvr32, msbuild, Bitsadmin, all happily bypass
- Logs are too noisy, ignored, or not forwarded to a SIEM
- Integrator copied the last working config – never validated
- Updates are ad hoc, allowlist exceptions not audited
- It breaks tools, it got neutered to reduce false positives

Example #3 – Default Creds (Yes, Really)



Example #4 – Login Scripts That Work For Me, Too.





WHY DO THESE PATTERNS PERSIST?

JUST MY TWO CENTS...



Vendors

- Vendors want to ship stable systems fast
- Default images with basic hardening that “works everywhere”
- Not securely tailored to you or your org

Integrators

- Under pressure to deploy fast
- Configurations reused because it’s “what worked last time”
- The same oversights get copy-pasted from project to project.

Allowlisting

- Gets treated like antivirus.
- Install it, trust it, never look back.

Compliance

- Doesn’t ask “can an attacker break out?”
- Instead, asks “Did you enable allowlisting?”
- Organizations are trained/encouraged to follow checklists instead of chasing actual adversarial behaviors.

“We’re following the rules – just not the ones attackers play by.”

The background is a dark gray grid. Overlaid on the grid are various light gray geometric elements: horizontal and vertical lines of different lengths, small squares, and larger rectangular blocks. Some of these shapes are solid, while others are outlines. The overall aesthetic is technical and minimalist, resembling a blueprint or a data visualization.

CHANGE THE CULTURE! NOT JUST CONFIGS

SECURITY ISN'T JUST TECHNICAL



Stop Outsourcing Accountability – Security isn't the vendors job, it's yours. Validate everything.



Treat Security Tools Like Living Systems – They're not “set and forget.” Tune, test, challenge them regularly.



Shift From “Checkbox” to “Challenge”. Go beyond what standards and frameworks suggest.



Involve Operations In Security Decisions – If they're not part of the process, the controls will get worked around.



Create Space for Failure – and Learning. Let people learn before attackers do.



TLDR?

TAKEAWAYS



Locked Down Doesn't Mean Secure – Especially If You've Never Tried To Break It



These Aren't Zero-Day Techniques (Those Exist, Too) – They're Day One Misconfigurations



Ask Better Questions Of Your Vendors And Integrators! Trust But Verify!



Don't Just Deploy It – Test It. Don't Wait For Attackers To Test It For You

“The cost of complacency is way higher than the cost of validation”



**THANK YOU!
QUESTIONS?
COME FIND ME 😊**

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