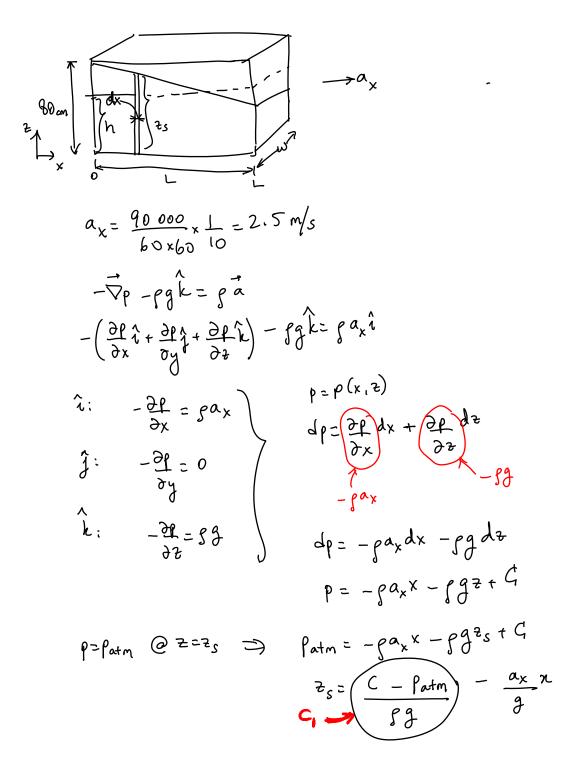
An 80-cm-high fish tank of rectangular cross section 2 m  $\times$  0.6 m that is initially filled with water is to be transported on the back of a truck. The truck accelerates from 0 to 90 km/h in 10 seconds. If it is desired that no water spills during acceleration, determine the maximum allowable initial water height in the tank. If it is wanted to carry as much fluid as possible in the tank, would you recommend the tank to be aligned with the long or short side parallel to the direction of motion?



Volume of water inside the take in motion and at rest should be the same! Let h show the height of water when the container is at rest!

initial volume

$$hL = \int_{0}^{L} \left( c_{1} - \frac{a_{x}}{g} n \right) dx$$

$$hL = \left[ C_1 \times - \frac{a_1}{2g} x^2 \right]_0^L$$

$$h = C_1 L - \frac{a_x}{2g} L^2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c}
h = C_1 - \frac{a_X}{2g}L
\end{array}\right]$$

$$(2 \times 20, 7 = 0.8 \text{ m})$$
  $= 7 = (1 - \frac{\alpha \times \beta}{3})$   $= (1 - \frac{\alpha \times \beta}{3}) = (1 - \frac{\alpha \times$ 

If 
$$L=2m \Rightarrow h=0.8-\frac{2.5}{2\times10} \sqrt{2}=0.8-0.25=0.55m$$
.

If L=0.6m => h= 0.8 = 
$$\frac{2.5}{2\times10}$$
 × 0.6 = 0.725m. The container's short side should be aligned with the direction efmot

with the direction of motion,