Una introducción a bash

Roberto Álvarez

2022-08-11

## Contents

1	Prerequisites	5
2	Introduction	7
3	Instrucciones básicas 3.1 Listar	<b>9</b>
4	Methods 4.1 math example	<b>11</b> 11
5	Applications         5.1 Example one          5.2 Example two	
6	Final Words	15

4 CONTENTS

## Prerequisites

This is a sample book written in Markdown. You can use anything that Pandoc's Markdown supports, e.g., a math equation  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .

The **bookdown** package can be installed from CRAN or Github:

```
install.packages("bookdown")
# or the development version
# devtools::install_github("rstudio/bookdown")
```

Remember each Rmd file contains one and only one chapter, and a chapter is defined by the first-level heading #.

To compile this example to PDF, you need XeLaTeX. You are recommended to install TinyTeX (which includes XeLaTeX): https://yihui.name/tinytex/.

### Introduction

You can label chapter and section titles using {#label} after them, e.g., we can reference Chapter 2. If you do not manually label them, there will be automatic labels anyway, e.g., Chapter 4.

Figures and tables with captions will be placed in figure and table environments, respectively.

```
par(mar = c(4, 4, .1, .1))
plot(pressure, type = 'b', pch = 19)
```

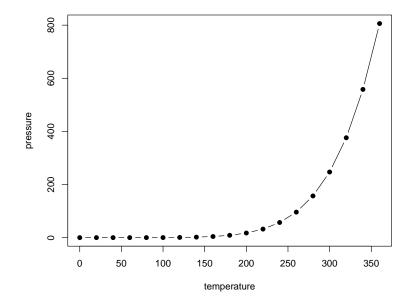


Figure 2.1: Here is a nice figure!

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa
4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa
5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	setosa
5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	setosa
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	setosa
5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	setosa

Table 2.1: Here is a nice table!

Reference a figure by its code chunk label with the fig: prefix, e.g., see Figure 2.1. Similarly, you can reference tables generated from knitr::kable(), e.g., see Table 2.1.

```
knitr::kable(
  head(iris, 20), caption = 'Here is a nice table!',
  booktabs = TRUE
)
```

You can write citations, too. For example, we are using the **bookdown** package in this sample book, which was built on top of R Markdown and **knitr** (Xie, 2015).

#### Instrucciones básicas

#### 3.1 Listar

 ${\bf Lis}{\bf tar}$ lo que se tiene en un directorio

```
ls
```

```
## 01-intro.Rmd
## 02-literature.Rmd
## 03-method.Rmd
## 04-application.Rmd
## 05-summary.Rmd
## 06-references.Rmd
## DESCRIPTION
## Dockerfile
## LICENSE
## README.md
## _book
## _bookdown.yml
## _bookdown_files
## _build.sh
## _config.yml
## _deploy.sh
## _output.yml
## _publish.R
## book.bib
## bookdown-demo.Rmd
## bookdown-demo.Rproj
## bookdown-demo_files
## docs
```

```
## index.Rmd
## now.json
## packages.bib
## preamble.tex
## style.css
## toc.css
```

#### Methods

We describe our methods in this chapter.

Math can be added in body using usual syntax like this

#### 4.1 math example

p is unknown but expected to be around 1/3. Standard error will be approximated

$$SE = \sqrt(\frac{p(1-p)}{n}) \approx \sqrt{\frac{1/3(1-1/3)}{300}} = 0.027$$

You can also use math in footnotes like this<sup>1</sup>.

We will approximate standard error to  $0.027^2$ 

$$SE = \sqrt(\frac{p(1-p)}{n}) \approx \sqrt{\frac{1/3(1-1/3)}{300}} = 0.027$$

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  where we mention  $p=\frac{a}{b}$   $^2p$  is unknown but expected to be around 1/3. Standard error will be approximated

## **Applications**

Some significant applications are demonstrated in this chapter.

- 5.1 Example one
- 5.2 Example two

## Final Words

We have finished a nice book.

# Bibliography

Xie, Y. (2015). Dynamic Documents with R and knitr. Chapman and Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, Florida, 2nd edition. ISBN 978-1498716963.