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2. #
3. # Signed Distances Function Interpolator
4. # *****
5. #
6. # This SGeMS plugin interpolates (OK) the signed distance function calculated
7. # for each data and rock type, and creates a geologic model based on the minimum
8. # estimated distance.
9. #
10. # AUTHOR: Roberto Mentzingen Rolo
11. #
12. #-----
13.
14. #!/bin/python
15. import sgems
16. import math
17. import numpy as np
18. import random
19. import copy
20.
21. #Creates a random path given the size of the grid
22. def random_path(prop):
23.     nodes_not_nan = []
24.     for i in range(len(prop)):
25.         if not math.isnan(prop[i]):
26.             nodes_not_nan.append(i)
27.     random.shuffle(nodes_not_nan)
28.     return nodes_not_nan
29.
30. #Calculates the proportions of variables on a list
31. def proportion(var, RT):
32.     rock_types = []
33.     target_prop = []
34.     for k in range(len(RT)):
35.         target_prop.append(0)
36.         rock_types.append(int(RT[k][-1]))
37.     rock_types.sort()
38.     var_not_nan = []
39.     for i in var:
40.         if not math.isnan(i):
41.             var_not_nan.append(i)
42.     for i in range(len(rock_types)):
43.         target_prop[i] = float(var.count(rock_types[i]))/len(var_not_nan)
44.     return target_prop
45.
46. #Transform i,j,k in n
47. def ijk_in_n(grid, i, j, k):
48.     dims = sgems.get_dims(grid)
49.     n = k*dims[0]*dims[1]+j*dims[0]+i
50.     return n
51.
52. #Crestes a list with indices of the neighbors valid blocks
53. def neighb(grid, indice):
54.     ijk = sgems.get_ijk(grid, indice)
55.     neighborhood = []
56.     for i in range(ijk[0]-1,ijk[0]+2):
57.         for j in range(ijk[1]-1,ijk[1]+2):
58.             for k in range(ijk[2]-1,ijk[2]+2):
59.                 ijk_blk = [i,j,k]
60.                 neighborhood.append(ijk_blk)
61.     dims = sgems.get_dims(grid)
62.     neighborhood_cp = copy.copy(neighborhood)
63.     for i in neighborhood_cp:
64.         if dims[2] == 1:
65.             if i[0] < 0 or i[1] < 0:
66.                 neighborhood.remove(i)

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67.         elif i[0] > (dims[0] - 1) or i[1] > (dims[1] - 1):
68.             neighborhood.remove(i)
69.         elif i[2] != 0:
70.             neighborhood.remove(i)
71.         elif i == sgems.get_ijk(grid, indice):
72.             neighborhood.remove(i)
73.     else:
74.         if i[0] < 0 or i[1] < 0 or i[2] < 0:
75.             neighborhood.remove(i)
76.         elif i[0] > (dims[0] - 1) or i[1] > (dims[1] - 1) or i[2] > (dims[2] - 1):
77.             neighborhood.remove(i)
78.         elif i == sgems.get_ijk(grid, indice):
79.             neighborhood.remove(i)
80.     neighborhood_n = []
81.     for i in neighborhood:
82.         neighborhood_n.append(ijk_in_n(grid,i[0],i[1],i[2]))
83.     return neighborhood_n
84.
85.
86. # Shows every parameter of the plugin in the command pannel
87. def read_params(a, j=''):
88.     for i in a:
89.         if (type(a[i]) != type({'a': 1})):
90.             print j + "[" + str(i) + "]" = " + str(a[i])
91.         else:
92.             read_params(a[i], j + "[" + str(i) + "]")
93.
94. class interpolator:
95.     def __init__(self):
96.         pass
97.
98.     def initialize(self, params):
99.         self.params = params
100.        return True
101.
102.        def execute(self):
103.
104.            '''# Execute the funtion read_params
105.            read_params(self.params)
106.            print self.params'''
107.
108.            #Get the grid and rock type property
109.            grid = self.params['propertyselectornoregion']['grid']
110.            prop = self.params['propertyselectornoregion']['property']
111.
112.            #Get the X, Y and Z coordinates and RT property
113.            X = sgems.get_property(grid, '_X_')
114.            Y = sgems.get_property(grid, '_Y_')
115.            Z = sgems.get_property(grid, '_Z_')
116.            RT_data = sgems.get_property(grid, prop)
117.
118.            # Getting properties
119.            grid_krig = self.params['gridselectorbasic_2']['value']
120.            grid_var = self.params['gridselectorbasic']['value']
121.            props = (self.params['orderedpropertyselector']['value']).split(';')
122.            n_var = int(self.params['indicator_regionalization_input']['number_of_indic
ator_group'])
123.            n_prop = int(self.params['orderedpropertyselector']['count'])
124.            min_cond = self.params['spinBox_2']['value']
125.            max_cond = self.params['spinBox']['value']
126.
127.            # Error messages
128.            if len(grid_var) == 0 or len(grid_krig) == 0:
129.                print 'Select the variables'
130.                return False
131.
132.            if n_var != n_prop:

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133.         print 'Number of variables and number of variograms models are diferent
134.     '
135.         return False
136.
137.     #Creating an empty list to store the interpolated distances
138.     SG_OK_list = []
139.
140.     # Loop in every variable
141.     for i in xrange(0, n_var):
142.
143.         # Getting variables
144.         prop_HD = props[i]
145.         prop_name = "Interpolated_" + str(prop_HD)
146.         prop_name_var = "Interpolated_" + str(prop_HD) + ' krig_var'
147.         var_str = ''
148.         indicator_group = "Indicator_group_" + str(i + 1)
149.         elipsoide = self.params['ellipsoidinput']['value']
150.         n_struct = int(self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicator
_group]['Covariance_input']['structures_count'])
151.
152.         # Error message
153.         if n_struct == 0:
154.             print 'Variogram have no structures'
155.             return False
156.
157.         # Loop in every variogram structure
158.         for j in xrange(0, n_struct):
159.             # Getting variogram parameters
160.             Structure = "Structure_" + str(j + 1)
161.
162.             cov_type = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicator
_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['type']
163.
164.             cont = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicator_gro
up]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['contribution']
165.
166.             if cov_type == 'Nugget Covariance':
167.                 #Writing variogram parameters on a variable in nugget effect ca
se
168.                 var_str = var_str + '<{} type="{}"> <Two_point_model contribu
tion="{}" type="{}"> </Two_point_model> </Structure_1> '.format(Structure, 'Cova
riance', cont, cov_type, Structure)
169.
170.             else:
171.                 range1 = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicat
or_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['ranges']['range1']
172.                 range2 = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicat
or_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['ranges']['range2']
173.                 range3 = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicat
or_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['ranges']['range3']
174.
175.                 rake = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicator
_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['angles']['rake']
176.                 dip = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indicator_
group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['angles']['dip']
177.                 azimuth = self.params['indicator_regionalization_input'][indica
tor_group]['Covariance_input'][Structure]['Two_point_model']['angles']['azimuth']
178.
179.                 # Writing variogram parameters on a variable in other cases
180.                 var_str = var_str + '<{} type="{}"> <Two_point_model contribu
tion="{}" type="{}"> <ranges range1="{}" range2="{}" range3="{}" /> <ang
les azimuth="{}" dip="{}" rake="{}" /> </Two_point_model> </{}> '.format(Structu
re, 'Covariance', cont, cov_type, range1, range2, range3, azimuth, dip, rake, Structure)
181.
182.         # Calling ordinary kriging for each variable, using the variograms para
meters above
183.         sgems.execute('RunGeostatAlgorithm kriging::GeostatParamUtils/XML::<p
arameters> <algorithm name="kriging" /> <Variogram structures_count="{}"> {} </
Variogram> <ouput_kriging_variance value="1" /> <output_n_samples_ value="0" />

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        <output_average_distance value="0" />    <output_sum_weights value="0" />    <output_sum_positive_weights value="0" />    <output_lagrangian value="0" />    <Nb_processors value="2" />    <Grid_Name value="{}" region="" />    <Property_Name value="{}" />    <Hard_Data grid="{}" property="{}" region="" />    <Kriging_Type type="Ordinary Kriging (OK)" />    <parameters />    </Kriging_Type>    <do_block_kriging value="1" />    <npoint_s_x value="5" />    <npoints_y value="5" />    <npoints_z value="5" />    <Min_Conditioning_Data value="{}" />    <Max_Conditioning_Data value="{}" />    <Search_Ellipsoid value="{}" />    <AdvancedSearch use_advanced_search="0"></AdvancedSearch>    </parameters>'.format(n_struct, var_str, grid_krig, prop_name, grid_var, prop_HD, min_cond, max_cond, ellipse))
183.
184.         SG_OK_list.append(sgems.get_property(grid_krig, prop_name))
185.
186.         #Deleting kriged distances
187.         sgems.execute('DeleteObjectProperties {}::{}'.format(grid_krig, prop_name))
188.         sgems.execute('DeleteObjectProperties {}::{}'.format(grid_krig, prop_name_var))
189.
190.         RT = (self.params['orderedpropertyselector']['value']).split(';')
191.
192.         #Determining geomodel based on minimum estimated signed distance function
193.         GeoModel = SG_OK_list[0][:]
194.
195.         t = 0
196.         for i in range(len(SG_OK_list[0])):
197.             sgmin = 10e21
198.             for j in range(len(SG_OK_list)):
199.                 if SG_OK_list[j][i] < sgmin:
200.                     sgmin = SG_OK_list[j][i]
201.                     t = j
202.             if math.isnan(SG_OK_list[j][i]):
203.                 GeoModel[i] = float('nan')
204.             else:
205.                 GeoModel[i] = (int(RT[t][-1]))
206.
207.         #Creating GeoModel property
208.         lst_props_grid=sgems.get_property_list(grid_krig)
209.         prop_final_data_name = 'Geologic_Model'
210.
211.         if (prop_final_data_name in lst_props_grid):
212.             flag=0
213.             i=1
214.             while (flag==0):
215.                 test_name=prop_final_data_name+'-'+str(i)
216.                 if (test_name not in lst_props_grid):
217.                     flag=1
218.                     prop_final_data_name=test_name
219.                     i=i+1
220.
221.         #Assign conditioning data to grid node
222.         for i in range(len(RT_data)):
223.             if not math.isnan(RT_data[i]):
224.                 closest_node = sgems.get_closest_nodeid(grid_krig, X[i],Y[i],Z[i])
225.
226.                 GeoModel[closest_node] = RT_data[i]
227.
228.         sgems.set_property(grid_krig, prop_final_data_name, GeoModel)
229.
230.         #Operating softmax transformation
231.         if self.params['softmax_check']['value']=='1':
232.             gamma =float( self.params['Gamma']['value'])
233.             Prob_list = SG_OK_list[:]
234.
235.             for i in range(len(SG_OK_list[0])):
236.                 soma = 0
237.                 for j in range(len(SG_OK_list)):

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238.         soma = soma + math.exp(-SG_OK_list[j][i]/gamma)
239.     for j in range(len(SG_OK_list)):
240.         Prob_list[j][i] = math.exp(-SG_OK_list[j][i]/gamma)/soma
241.
242.     #Creating probabilities properties
243.     for k in range(len(Prob_list)):
244.         prop_final_data_name = 'Probability_RT'+str(RT[k][-1])
245.
246.         if (prop_final_data_name in lst_props_grid):
247.             flag=0
248.             i=1
249.             while (flag==0):
250.                 test_name=prop_final_data_name+'-'+str(i)
251.                 if (test_name not in lst_props_grid):
252.                     flag=1
253.                     prop_final_data_name=test_name
254.                     i=i+1
255.
256.         sgems.set_property(grid_krig, prop_final_data_name, Prob_list[k])
257.
258.     #Operating servo-system
259.     if self.params['servo_check']['value'] == '1':
260.         var_rt_grid = self.params['targe_prop']['grid']
261.         var_rt_st = self.params['targe_prop']['property']
262.         var_rt_region = self.params['targe_prop']['region']
263.         if len(var_rt_grid) == 0 or len(var_rt_st) == 0:
264.             print 'Select the target proportion property'
265.             return False
266.
267.     #Getting variables
268.     var_rt = sgems.get_property(var_rt_grid, var_rt_st)
269.
270.     #Getting parameters
271.     lambda1 = float(self.params['Lambda']['value'])
272.     mi = lambda1/(1-lambda1)
273.
274.     #Checking if a region exist
275.     if len(var_rt_region) == 0:
276.         #Variable without a region
277.         var_region = var_rt
278.
279.     else:
280.         region_rt = sgems.get_region(var_rt_grid, var_rt_region)
281.         #Getting the variable inside the region
282.         var_region = []
283.         for i in range(len(var_rt)):
284.             if region_rt[i] == 1:
285.                 var_region.append(var_rt[i])
286.
287.     #Getting the target proportion
288.     target_prop = proportion(var_region, RT)
289.
290.     #Getting the random path
291.     ran_path = random_path(Prob_list[0])
292.
293.     #Removing the blocks outside the region from random path
294.     if len(var_rt_region) != 0:
295.         for i in range(len(region_rt)):
296.             if region_rt[i] == 0:
297.                 ran_path.remove(i)
298.
299.     #servo system
300.     p = 0
301.     GeoModel_corrected = GeoModel[:]
302.
303.     visited_rts = []
304.     for j in ran_path:
305.         visited_rts.append(GeoModel[j])
306.         instant_proportions = proportion(visited_rts,RT)

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307.
308.             sgmax = 10e-21
309.             for i in range(len(Prob_list)):
310.                 Prob_list[i][j] = Prob_list[i][j] + (mi * (target_prop[i] -
instant_proportions[i]))
311.                 if Prob_list[i][j] > sgmax:
312.                     sgmax = Prob_list[i][j]
313.                     p = i
314.
315.                 GeoModel_corrected[j] = int(RT[p][-1])
316.                 visited_rts[-1] = int(RT[p][-1])
317.
318.                 #Correcting servo servo-
system by the biggest proportion on a neighborhood
319.                 GeoModel_corrected_servo_prop = GeoModel_corrected[:]
320.                 ran_path_servo_correction = random_path(GeoModel_corrected_servo_pr
op)
321.                 for i in ran_path_servo_correction:
322.                     vizinhanca = neighb(grid_krig,i)
323.
324.                     blk_geo_model_corrected_servo = []
325.                     for j in vizinhanca:
326.                         blk_geo_model_corrected_servo.append(GeoModel_corrected_ser
vo_prop[j])
327.
328.                 proportions_servo = proportion(blk_geo_model_corrected_servo, R
T)
329.                 indice_max_prop = proportions_servo.index(max(proportions_servo
))
330.
331.                 GeoModel_corrected_servo_prop[i] = int(RT[indice_max_prop][-
1])
332.
333.                 #Creating Geologic_Model_Servo_System property
334.                 prop_final_data_name = 'Geologic_Model_Servo_System'
335.
336.                 if (prop_final_data_name in lst_props_grid):
337.                     flag=0
338.                     i=1
339.                     while (flag==0):
340.                         test_name=prop_final_data_name+'-'+str(i)
341.                         if (test_name not in lst_props_grid):
342.                             flag=1
343.                             prop_final_data_name=test_name
344.                             i=i+1
345.
346.                 #Creating Geologic_Model_Corrected property
347.                 prop_final_data_name1 = 'Geologic_Model_Corrected'
348.
349.                 if (prop_final_data_name1 in lst_props_grid):
350.                     flag=0
351.                     i=1
352.                     while (flag==0):
353.                         test_name1=prop_final_data_name1+'-'+str(i)
354.                         if (test_name1 not in lst_props_grid):
355.                             flag=1
356.                             prop_final_data_name1=test_name1
357.                             i=i+1
358.
359.                 #Assign conditioning data to grid node
360.                 for i in range(len(RT_data)):
361.                     if not math.isnan(RT_data[i]):
362.                         closest_node = sgems.get_closest_nodeid(grid_krig, X[i],Y[i
],Z[i])
363.                         GeoModel_corrected[closest_node] = RT_data[i]
364.                         GeoModel_corrected_servo_prop[closest_node] = RT_data[i]
365.
366.                 #Setting properties

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367.             sgems.set_property(grid_krig, prop_final_data_name, GeoModel_correc
ted)
368.             sgems.set_property(grid_krig, prop_final_data_name1, GeoModel_corre
cted_servo_prop)
369.
370.         return True
371.
372.     def finalize(self):
373.
374.         return True
375.
376.     def name(self):
377.
378.         return "interpolator"
379.
380.     #####
381.     def get_plugins():
382.         return ["interpolator"]
```