

Story 1.2: PostgreSQL Database Setup & Liquibase Changesets

Status: drafted

Story

As a Developer,
I want PostgreSQL 15 configurado con Liquibase changesets y schema base,
so that Puedo persistir aggregates con garantía de esquema versionado siguiendo estándares corporativos.

Acceptance Criteria

AC1: Liquibase Infrastructure Ready

Given El proyecto tiene Spring Boot 3.2+ y Java 21

When Agrego las dependencias de Liquibase Core

Then

- `pom.xml` incluye `liquibase-core` (versión gestionada por Spring Boot)
- Estructura de directorios creada: `src/main/resources/liquibase/`
 - `changelog-master.yaml`
 - `changes/dev/`
 - `changes/uat/`
 - `changes/prod/`
- Configuration en `application.yml`:
 - `spring.liquibase.enabled=true`
 - `spring.liquibase.change-log=classpath:liquibase/changelog-master.yaml`
 - `spring.liquibase.contexts=dev` (en `application-local.yml`)

AC2: PostgreSQL Docker Compose Service

Given El proyecto tiene Docker instalado

When Creo `docker-compose.yml` en root

Then

- Servicio `postgres` configurado con:

- Imagen: `postgres:15-alpine`
- Puerto: `5432:5432`
- Variables de entorno: `POSTGRES_DB=signature_router, POSTGRES_USER=siguser, POSTGRES_PASSWORD=sigpass`
- Volume: `postgres-data:/var/lib/postgresql/data`
- Healthcheck: `pg_isready -U siguser`
- Comando `docker-compose up -d postgres` levanta PostgreSQL exitosamente
- Logs muestran "database system is ready to accept connections"

AC3: Datasource Configuration & HikariCP Pool

Given PostgreSQL running en Docker

When Configuro `application-local.yml`

Then

- Datasource configurado:
 - `spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/signature_router`
 - `spring.datasource.username=siguser`
 - `spring.datasource.password=sigpass` (nota: usar Vault en prod)
 - `spring.datasource.driver-class-name=org.postgresql.Driver`
- HikariCP pool optimizado:
 - `spring.datasource.hikari.maximum-pool-size=20`
 - `spring.datasource.hikari.connection-timeout=2000`
 - `spring.datasource.hikari.idle-timeout=600000`
 - `spring.datasource.hikari.pool-name=SignatureRouterPool`

AC4: ChangeSet 0001 - UUIDv7 Function

Given Liquibase configurado

When Creo `src/main/resources/liquibase/changes/dev/0001-create-uuidv7-function.yml`

Then

- ChangeSet incluye campos obligatorios:
 - `id: "0001"`
 - `author: "BMAD Dev Agent <bmad@signature-router.com>"`

- `context: dev`
- SQL crea función `uuid_generate_v7()` según spec en `docs/architecture/03-database-schema.md` líneas 133-154
- Bloque `rollback` incluido: `DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS uuid_generate_v7()`
- Al iniciar app, función existe en PostgreSQL: `SELECT uuid_generate_v7()` retorna UUID válido

AC5: ChangeSet 0002 - Table `signature_request`

Given UUIDv7 function creada

When Creo `0002-create-signature-request-table.yaml`

Then

- Tabla `signature_request` creada con columnas (según `docs/architecture/03-database-schema.md` líneas 26-35):
 - `id` UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT `uuid_generate_v7()`
 - `customer_id` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
 - `transaction_context` JSONB NOT NULL
 - `status` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
 - `active_challenge_id` UUID NULLABLE
 - `created_at` TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
 - `updated_at` TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
 - `expires_at` TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL
- Constraint CHECK: `status IN ('PENDING', 'CHALLENGE_SENT', 'COMPLETED', 'FAILED', 'EXPIRED')`
- Índice GIN en `transaction_context`: `CREATE INDEX idx_signature_request_context ON signature_request USING GIN (transaction_context)`
- Índice B-tree en `customer_id`: `CREATE INDEX idx_signature_request_customer ON signature_request (customer_id)`
- Rollback: `DROP TABLE IF EXISTS signature_request CASCADE`

AC6: ChangeSet 0003 - Table `signature_challenge`

Given Tabla `signature_request` creada

When Creo `0003-create-signature-challenge-table.yaml`

Then

- Tabla `signature_challenge` creada con columnas (líneas 42-55):
 - `id` UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT `uuid_generate_v7()`
 - `signature_request_id` UUID NOT NULL REFERENCES `signature_request(id)` ON DELETE CASCADE
 - `channel_type` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
 - `provider` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
 - `provider_challenge_id` VARCHAR(255)
 - `provider_proof` TEXT (cryptographic receipt)
 - `status` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
 - `sent_at` TIMESTAMPTZ
 - `responded_at` TIMESTAMPTZ
 - `expires_at` TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL
 - `error_code` VARCHAR(100)
 - `raw_response` TEXT
 - `created_at` TIMESTAMPTZ NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
- Constraint CHECK: `channel_type` IN ('SMS', 'PUSH', 'VOICE', 'BIOMETRIC')
- Constraint CHECK: `status` IN ('PENDING', 'SENT', 'COMPLETED', 'FAILED', 'EXPIRED')
- FK constraint con ON DELETE CASCADE
- Índices: `idx_challenge_request` (`signature_request_id`), `idx_challenge_provider` (`provider`, `status`)
- Rollback incluido

AC7: ChangeSet 0004-0007 - Remaining Tables

Given Tablas core creadas

When Creo changesets 0004, 0005, 0006, 0007

Then

- `0004-create-routing-rule-table.yaml`: Tabla `routing_rule` (líneas 60-71)
 - Columnas: `id`, `name` UNIQUE, `description`, `priority`, `condition` (SpEL), `target_channel`, `enabled`, `created_at`, `updated_at`, `created_by`, `updated_by`
 - UNIQUE constraint en `name`
 - Índice en `priority`, `enabled`
- `0005-create-connector-config-table.yaml`: Tabla `connector_config` (líneas 75-87)

- Columnas: id, provider UNIQUE, enabled, config JSONB, vault_path, degraded_mode, degraded_since, error_rate, last_health_check, created_at, updated_at
- Índice GIN en config
- 0006-create-outbox-event-table.yaml: Tabla outbox_event (líneas 92-100)
 - Columnas: id, aggregate_id, aggregate_type, event_type, payload JSONB, payload_hash, created_at, published_at
 - Índice en published_at (para Debezium)
 - Índice en aggregate_id
- 0007-create-audit-log-table.yaml: Tabla audit_log (líneas 104-115)
 - Columnas: id, entity_type, entity_id, action, user_id, ip_address, changes JSONB, created_at
 - Índice en created_at (para rotación)
 - Índice en entity_type, entity_id
- Todos incluyen rollback obligatorio

AC8: Changelog Master Configuration

Given Los 7 changesets creados en changes/dev/

When Configuro changelog-master.yaml

Then

- Contenido YAML:

```
databaseChangeLog:
  - includeAll:
      path: changes/dev
      relativeToChangelogFile: true
  - includeAll:
      path: changes/uat
      relativeToChangelogFile: true
  - includeAll:
      path: changes/prod
      relativeToChangelogFile: true
```

- Liquibase ejecuta changesets en orden alfabético (0001, 0002, ... 0007)
- Changesets uat/prod inicialmente vacíos (se copiarán de dev cuando se promueva)

AC9: LiquidBase Execution on Startup

Given Todos los changesets configurados

When Inicio la aplicación con `./mvnw spring-boot:run -Dspring.profiles.active=local`

Then

- Logs muestran:
 - Liquibase: Reading from liquibase.changelog-master.yaml
 - Liquibase: Successfully acquired change log lock
 - Liquibase: Creating database history table [PUBLIC.DATABASECHANGELOG]
 - Liquibase: Running Changeset: changes/dev/0001-create-uuidv7-function.yaml::0001::BMAD Dev Agent
 - Liquibase: Running Changeset: changes/dev/0002-create-signature-request-table.yaml::0002::BMAD Dev Agent
 - ... (hasta 0007)
 - Liquibase: Successfully released change log lock
- Tabla DATABASECHANGELOG contiene 7 registros (uno por changeset)
- Tabla DATABASECHANGELOGLOCK existe con lock released

AC10: Schema Validation with psql

Given LiquidBase ejecutó exitosamente

When Ejecuto `docker exec -it <postgres-container> psql -U siguser -d signature_router -c "\dt"`

Then

- Lista de tablas muestra:
 - signature_request
 - signature_challenge
 - routing_rule
 - connector_config
 - outbox_event
 - audit_log
 - databasechangelog
 - databasechangeloglock

And Comando `\d signature_request` muestra columnas correctas con tipos UUIDv7, JSONB, constraints

AC11: Integration Test with Testcontainers

Given Changesets listos

When Creo test de integración `DatabaseSchemaIntegrationTest.java`

Then

- Test usa `@Testcontainers` con PostgreSQL 15
- Verifica que las 6 tablas de negocio existen
- Verifica que `uuid_generate_v7()` function existe
- Inserta un registro en `signature_request` con ID generado por función UUIDv7
- Query recupera el registro exitosamente
- Test pasa en `mvn verify`

AC12: Rollback Test (Manual Validation)

Given Schema creado con Liquibase

When Ejecuto `./mvnw liquibase:rollback -Dliquibase.rollbackCount=1`

Then

- Última tabla (`audit_log`) es eliminada
- Log muestra: `Rolling Back Changeset: changes/dev/0007-create-audit-log-table.yaml::0007::BMAD Dev Agent`
- Tabla `DATABASECHANGELOG` ahora tiene 6 registros (en lugar de 7)
- Re-ejecutar app vuelve a crear tabla `audit_log`

Tasks / Subtasks

Task 1: Configure Liquibase Dependencies & Directory Structure (AC: #1)

- ☐ 1.1. Agregar dependency `liquibase-core` a `pom.xml` (versión gestionada por Spring Boot 3.2+)
- ☐ 1.2. Crear estructura de directorios:
 - `src/main/resources/liquibase/changes/dev/`
 - `src/main/resources/liquibase/changes/uat/`
 - `src/main/resources/liquibase/changes/prod/`
- ☐ 1.3. Crear `src/main/resources/liquibase/changelog-master.yaml` con `includeAll` paths

☐ 1.4. Configurar `application.yml`:

- `spring.liquibase.enabled: true`
- `spring.liquibase.change-log: classpath:liquibase/changelog-master.yml`

☐ 1.5. Configurar `application-local.yml`:

- `spring.liquibase.contexts: dev`

Task 2: Create Docker Compose for PostgreSQL 15 (AC: #2)

☐ 2.1. Crear `docker-compose.yml` en root con servicio `postgres`:

- Imagen: `postgres:15-alpine`
- Puerto: 5432
- Variables: `POSTGRES_DB`, `POSTGRES_USER`, `POSTGRES_PASSWORD`
- Volume: `postgres-data`
- Healthcheck: `pg_isready -U siguser`

☐ 2.2. Agregar `docker-compose.yml` a `.gitignore` (opcional: usar `.env` para secrets)

☐ 2.3. Documentar comandos en `README.md`:

- `docker-compose up -d postgres`
- `docker-compose logs -f postgres`
- `docker-compose down -v` (eliminar volumen)

☐ 2.4. Verificar que PostgreSQL levanta exitosamente:

- `docker exec -it <container> psql -U siguser -d signature_router -c "SELECT version();"`

Task 3: Configure Spring Datasource & HikariCP Pool (AC: #3)

☐ 3.1. Agregar dependency `postgresql driver` a `pom.xml`

☐ 3.2. Configurar `application-local.yml`:

- `spring.datasource.url:`
`jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/signature_router`
- `spring.datasource.username: siguser`
- `spring.datasource.password: sigpass`
- `spring.datasource.driver-class-name: org.postgresql.Driver`

☐ 3.3. Configurar HikariCP pool (en `application-local.yml`):

- `spring.datasource.hikari.maximum-pool-size: 20`
- `spring.datasource.hikari.connection-timeout: 2000`
- `spring.datasource.hikari.idle-timeout: 600000`
- `spring.datasource.hikari.pool-name: SignatureRouterPool`

☐ 3.4. Agregar comentario en `application.yml` indicando usar Vault en prod

☐ 3.5. Verificar conexión en startup logs: `HikariPool-1 - Start completed`

Task 4: Create ChangeSet 0001 - UUIDv7 Function (AC: #4)

☐ 4.1. Crear archivo `src/main/resources/liquibase/changes/dev/0001-create-uuidv7-function.yml`

☐ 4.2. Definir changeset con:

- `id: "0001"`
- `author: "BMAD Dev Agent <bmad@signature-router.com>"`
- `context: dev`

☐ 4.3. Agregar SQL para función `uuid_generate_v7()` (según `docs/architecture/03-database-schema.md` líneas 133-154)

☐ 4.4. Agregar bloque `rollback:`

- `sql: "DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS uuid_generate_v7()"`

☐ 4.5. Copiar archivo a `changes/uat/` y `changes/prod/` con `context: uat` y `context: prod`

☐ 4.6. Validar YAML syntax con parser online

☐ 4.7. Test manual: iniciar app y verificar función existe en PostgreSQL

Task 5: Create ChangeSet 0002 - Table `signature_request` (AC: #5)

☐ 5.1. Crear archivo `0002-create-signature-request-table.yml`

☐ 5.2. Definir changeset (id: 0002, author, context: dev)

☐ 5.3. Agregar `createTable` con columnas:

- `id (UUID, PK, default: uuid_generate_v7())`
- `customer_id (VARCHAR 255, NOT NULL)`
- `transaction_context (JSONB, NOT NULL)`
- `status (VARCHAR 50, NOT NULL)`
- `active_challenge_id (UUID, NULLABLE)`

- `created_at, updated_at, expires_at` (TIMESTAMPTZ)

☐ 5.4. Agregar constraint CHECK en `status`:

- Valores permitidos: PENDING, CHALLENGE_SENT, COMPLETED, FAILED, EXPIRED

☐ 5.5. Crear índice GIN en `transaction_context`:

- `createIndex` → `idx_signature_request_context` → USING GIN

☐ 5.6. Crear índice B-tree en `customer_id`

☐ 5.7. Agregar rollback: `dropTable: signature_request`

☐ 5.8. Copiar a uat/prod con context adecuado

☐ 5.9. Validar schema con `\d signature_request` en `psql`

Task 6: Create ChangeSet 0003 - Table `signature_challenge` (AC: #6)

☐ 6.1. Crear archivo `0003-create-signature-challenge-table.yaml`

☐ 6.2. Definir changeset (id: 0003, author, context: dev)

☐ 6.3. Agregar `createTable` con 13 columnas (según líneas 42-55 del schema doc):

- `id, signature_request_id` (FK a `signature_request`), `channel_type, provider, etc.`

☐ 6.4. Agregar FK constraint:

- `addForeignKeyConstraint` → `fk_challenge_request` → referencia `signature_request(id)` → `onDelete: CASCADE`

☐ 6.5. Agregar constraint CHECK en `channel_type`:

- Valores: SMS, PUSH, VOICE, BIOMETRIC

☐ 6.6. Agregar constraint CHECK en `status`:

- Valores: PENDING, SENT, COMPLETED, FAILED, EXPIRED

☐ 6.7. Crear índices:

- `idx_challenge_request` en `signature_request_id`
- `idx_challenge_provider` en `(provider, status)`

☐ 6.8. Agregar rollback completo

☐ 6.9. Copiar a uat/prod

Task 7: Create ChangeSets 0004-0007 for Remaining Tables (AC: #7)

☐ 7.1. **ChangeSet 0004** - `routing_rule`:

- Columnas: `id, name` (UNIQUE), `description, priority, condition, target_channel, enabled, created_at, updated_at, created_by, updated_by`

- UNIQUE constraint en `name`
- Índice en `(priority, enabled)`
- Rollback

○ 7.2. **ChangeSet 0005** - `connector_config`:

- Columnas: `id`, `provider` (UNIQUE), `enabled`, `config` (JSONB), `vault_path`, `degraded_mode`, `degraded_since`, `error_rate`, `last_health_check`, `created_at`, `updated_at`
- Índice GIN en `config`
- Rollback

○ 7.3. **ChangeSet 0006** - `outbox_event`:

- Columnas: `id`, `aggregate_id`, `aggregate_type`, `event_type`, `payload` (JSONB), `payload_hash`, `created_at`, `published_at`
- Índice en `published_at` (crítico para Debezium CDC)
- Índice en `aggregate_id`
- Rollback

○ 7.4. **ChangeSet 0007** - `audit_log`:

- Columnas: `id`, `entity_type`, `entity_id`, `action`, `user_id`, `ip_address`, `changes` (JSONB), `created_at`
- Índice en `created_at` (para rotación de logs)
- Índice en `(entity_type, entity_id)`
- Rollback

○ 7.5. Copiar todos a uat/prod

Task 8: Validate Liquibase Execution on Startup (AC: #9)

○ 8.1. Iniciar app con perfil `local`: `./mvnw spring-boot:run -Dspring.profiles.active=local`

○ 8.2. Verificar logs de Liquibase:

- "Liquibase: Reading from liquibase.changelog-master.yaml"
- "Running Changeset: changes/dev/0001-create-uuidv7-function.yaml::0001::BMAD Dev Agent"
- ... (hasta 0007)
- "Successfully released change log lock"

○ 8.3. Verificar tabla `DATABASECHANGELOG` tiene 7 registros:

- `docker exec -it <container> psql -U siguser -d signature_router -c "SELECT id, author, filename FROM databasechangelog ORDER BY orderexecuted;"`

○ 8.4. Verificar que re-iniciar app NO ejecuta changesets de nuevo (idempotencia)

Task 9: Create Integration Test with Testcontainers (AC: #11)

○ 9.1. Agregar dependencies a `pom.xml`:

- `testcontainers-junit-jupiter`
- `testcontainers-postgresql`

○ 9.2. Crear test

`src/test/java/com/bank/signature/infrastructure/DatabaseSchemaIntegrationTest.java`

○ 9.3. Configurar `@Testcontainers` con PostgreSQL 15 container

○ 9.4. Escribir test methods:

- `testAllTablesExist()` → verifica 6 tablas de negocio + 2 de Liquibase
- `testUuidV7FunctionExists()` → ejecuta `SELECT uuid_generate_v7()`
- `testInsertSignatureRequest()` → inserta registro con UUIDv7 auto-generado
- `testJsonbColumnWorks()` → inserta/recupera JSONB en `transaction_context`

○ 9.5. Ejecutar test: `./mvnw verify`

○ 9.6. Verificar que test pasa en CI/CD pipeline

Task 10: Document Schema & Liquibase Workflow (AC: #12)

○ 10.1. Actualizar README.md con sección "Database Setup":

- Comandos Docker Compose
- Comandos Liquibase (`./mvnw liquibase:status, liquibase:rollback`)
- Estructura de changesets

○ 10.2. Crear `docs/development/database-migrations.md` con:

- Estándares de Liquibase (YAML format, contexts, rollback)
- Naming conventions (0001, 0002, etc.)
- Flujo de promoción (dev → uat → prod)
- Testing strategy con Testcontainers

○ 10.3. Agregar comentarios en cada changeset YAML explicando propósito

○ 10.4. Test manual de rollback:

- `./mvnw liquibase:rollback -Dliquibase.rollbackCount=1`
- Verificar que tabla `audit_log` se elimina
- Re-iniciar app y verificar que se recrea

Dev Notes

Architecture Patterns & Constraints

- **Hexagonal Architecture:** Este story está en la capa de **Infrastructure** (database setup)
- **DDD Alignment:** Las tablas corresponden a aggregates (`signature_request`, `signature_challenge`) y domain events (`outbox_event`)
- **Outbox Pattern:** Tabla `outbox_event` es crítica para garantizar atomicidad (estado + evento en misma TX)
- **UUIDv7:** Sortable UUIDs para mejor performance en índices B-tree (vs UUIDv4 random)
- **JSONB:** `transaction_context` y `config` usan JSONB para flexibilidad sin comprometer queries (GIN indexes)
- **Non-repudiation:** `provider_proof` en `signature_challenge` almacena receipt criptográfico del provider
- **Pseudonymization:** `customer_id` NO es PII directo (hashed/tokenized), cumple GDPR

Source Tree Components to Touch

```
signature-router/
├── pom.xml                                # [MODIFY] agregar liquibase-core,
postgresql driver, testcontainers
├── docker-compose.yml                    # [CREATE] servicio postgres
├── src/main/resources/
│   ├── application.yml                  # [MODIFY] spring.liquibase config
base
│   ├── application-local.yml            # [MODIFY] datasource + hikari
pool config
│   └── liquibase/
│       ├── changelog-master.yaml        # [CREATE] master changelog con
includeAll
│       └── changes/
│           ├── dev/
│           │   ├── 0001-create-uuidv7-function.yaml    # [CREATE]
│           │   ├── 0002-create-signature-request-table.yaml # [CREATE]
│           │   ├── 0003-create-signature-challenge-table.yaml # [CREATE]
│           │   ├── 0004-create-routing-rule-table.yaml  # [CREATE]
│           │   ├── 0005-create-connector-config-table.yaml # [CREATE]
│           │   └── 0006-create-outbox-event-table.yaml  # [CREATE]
```

```

|           | └─ 0007-create-audit-log-table.yaml           # [CREATE]
|           └─ uat/                                         # [CREATE] copiar changesets con
context: uat
|           └─ prod/                                       # [CREATE] copiar changesets con
context: prod
└─ src/test/java/com/bank/signature/infrastructure/
  └─ DatabaseSchemaIntegrationTest.java                   # [CREATE] Testcontainers test
└─ docs/development/
  └─ database-migrations.md                               # [CREATE] Liquibase workflow
documentation

```

Testing Standards Summary

- **Unit Tests:** No aplicable (schema creation es responsabilidad de Liquibase)
- **Integration Tests:**
 - `DatabaseSchemaIntegrationTest.java` con `@Testcontainers`
 - Verifica schema completo, constraints, índices, función `UUIDv7`
 - Debe pasar en `mvn verify` antes de merge
- **Manual Tests:**
 - Rollback test con `liquibase:rollback -Dliquibase.rollbackCount=1`
 - Validar idempotencia (re-ejecutar changesets no falla)
- **CI/CD Pipeline:**
 - Docker Compose up en pipeline
 - Ejecutar `mvn verify` (incluye Testcontainers tests)
 - Validar que `DATABASECHANGELOG` tiene exactamente 7 registros

Project Structure Notes

- **Liquibase Directory Structure:** Alineado con estándar corporativo (changes/{dev,uat,prod})
- **ChangeSet Naming:** Prefijo numérico (0001, 0002, etc.) garantiza orden alfabético = orden de ejecución
- **YAML Format:** Preferido sobre XML/SQL por legibilidad y rollback declarativo
- **Contexts:** Uso de `context: dev/uat/prod` permite ejecutar changesets específicos por entorno
- **Rollback Blocks:** **MANDATORY** en cada changeset (corporate standard)

References

- **[Source: docs/architecture/03-database-schema.md]:** Schema completo con DDL para las 6 tablas
 - Líneas 26-35: `signature_request` table definition
 - Líneas 42-55: `signature_challenge` table definition
 - Líneas 60-71: `routing_rule` table definition
 - Líneas 75-87: `connector_config` table definition
 - Líneas 92-100: `outbox_event` table definition
 - Líneas 104-115: `audit_log` table definition
 - Líneas 133-154: UUIDv7 function implementation (PostgreSQL 15+)
- **[Source: docs/sprint-artifacts/tech-spec-epic-1.md]:** Liquibase Migration Strategy
 - Líneas 176-221: Directory structure, `changelog-master.yaml`, changeset standards
 - Líneas 223-290: Example changeset format (`0002-create-signature-request-table.yaml`)
- **[Source: docs/epics.md]:** Story 1.2 definition
 - Líneas 175-208: Acceptance Criteria original, Technical Notes
- **[Source: docs/prd.md]:** Database requirements
 - Functional requirements FR1-FR46 mapping to tables
 - Non-functional requirements: performance, compliance, audit

Corporate Liquibase Standards (Critical)

- **Directory Structure:** `liquibase/changes/{dev,uat,prod}/`
- **Naming Convention:** `0001-descriptive-name.yaml`, `0002-another-table.yaml`, etc.
- **Mandatory Fields:** `id`, `author`, `context`, `changes`, `rollback`
- **YAML Format:** Preferred over XML/SQL
- **Contexts:** Explicit context per environment (`dev`, `uat`, `prod`)
- **Rollback:** **MANDATORY** in every changeset (especially critical in prod)
- **Changelog Master:** Single `changelog-master.yaml` with `includeAll` for each environment directory
- **Idempotency:** Liquibase manages via `DATABASECHANGELOG` table (don't execute twice)

Definition of Done

☐ Code Complete:

- ☒ `pom.xml` incluye `liquibase-core` y `postgresql driver`
- ☐ 7 `changesets` YAML creados en `liquibase/changes/dev/` (0001-0007)
- ☐ `Changesets` copiados a `uat/` y `prod/` con `contexts` correctos
- ☐ `changelog-master.yaml` configurado con `includeAll`
- ☐ `application.yaml` y `application-local.yaml` configurados
- ☐ `docker-compose.yaml` con servicio PostgreSQL 15
- ☐ `DatabaseSchemaIntegrationTest.java` creado y passing

☐ Tests Passing:

- ☐ Integration test con `Testcontainers` pasa en `mvn verify`
- ☐ Manual test: `docker-compose up -d postgres + mvn spring-boot:run` ejecuta `changesets` exitosamente
- ☐ Manual test: `psql` verifica 6 tablas creadas con `schema` correcto
- ☐ Manual test: `rollback` elimina última tabla y re-ejecutar la recrea

☐ Architecture Validated:

- ☐ `ChangeSet` structure respeta estándares corporativos (YAML, contexts, rollback)
- ☐ Tabla `outbox_event` lista para Debezium CDC (Story 1.3)
- ☐ `UUIDv7` function validada con test unitario (genera `UUID` sortable)
- ☐ `FK constraints` configuradas con `ON DELETE CASCADE` donde corresponde


☐ Documentation Updated:

- ☐ `README.md` incluye sección "Database Setup" con comandos Docker Compose
- ☐ `docs/development/database-migrations.md` creado con workflow `LiquidBase`
- ☐ Cada `changeset` incluye comentarios explicando propósito
- ☐ `CHANGELOG.md` actualizado: "Added PostgreSQL 15 setup with LiquidBase changesets"

☐ Code Review Approved:

- ☐ Peer review confirma `changesets` YAML syntax correcta
- ☐ Verificar `rollback blocks` en todos los `changesets`
- ☐ Validar que `contexts` están correctamente asignados (`dev/uat/prod`)
- ☐ Confirmar que índices `GIN/B-tree` están optimizados según `schema doc`

☐ Story Marked as Done:

- ☐ Todos los 12 Acceptance Criteria verificados 
- ☐ Sprint status actualizado: 1-2-postgresql-database-setup-liquidbase-changesets: done
- ☐ Story list actualizada en docs/sprint-artifacts/sprint-status.yaml

Dev Agent Record

Context Reference

Agent Model Used

Claude Sonnet 4.5

Debug Log References

Completion Notes List

File List

Created:

Modified:

Deleted:

Change Log

Date	Author	Change
2025-11-26	BMAD SM Agent	Story 1.2 draft created with LiquidBase standards