

Hexagonal Architecture - Package Structure

Version: 1.0

Date: 2025-11-26

Status: Implementation Ready

1. Maven Project Structure

```
signature-router/
├── pom.xml
├── README.md
├── .mvn/
└── src/
    ├── main/
    │   ├── java/
    │   │   └── com/
    │   │       └── bank/
    │   │           └── signature/
    │   │               └── SignatureRouterApplication.java
    │   └── domain/                               # DOMAIN LAYER (Pure
Business Logic)
    │       ├── model/
    │       │   ├── aggregate/
    │       │   │   └── SignatureRequest.java
    │       │   ├── entity/
    │       │   │   ├── SignatureChallenge.java
    │       │   │   └── RoutingRule.java
    │       │   └── valueobject/
    │       │       ├── TransactionContext.java
    │       │       ├── Money.java
    │       │       ├── SignatureDecision.java
    │       │       └── ProviderResult.java
    │       └── RoutingEvent.java
    │           └── CustomerId.java
    └── enums/
        ├── SignatureStatus.java
        ├── ChallengeStatus.java
        ├── ChannelType.java
        └── ProviderType.java
    └── service/                                # Domain Services
        └── RoutingService.java
```



```
    └── QuerySignatureUseCaseImpl.java  
    └── ManageConnectorUseCaseImpl.java  
  
    └── dto/                      # DTOs  
        └── request/  
            └── CreateSignatureRequest.java  
            └── CreateRuleRequest.java  
            └── UpdateConnectorRequest.java  
        └── response/  
            └── SignatureResponse.java  
            └── RuleResponse.java  
            └── RoutingTimelineResponse.java  
            └── CostAnalysisResponse.java  
  
    └── mapper/                  # DTO <-> Domain Mappers  
        └── SignatureMapper.java  
        └── RuleMapper.java  
        └── ConnectorMapper.java  
  
    └── validator/              # Business Validation  
        └── SpelValidator.java  
        └── TransactionContextValidator.java  
  
└── infrastructure/          # INFRASTRUCTURE LAYER  
(Adapters)  
|  
|    └── adapter/  
|        └── inbound/          # Inbound Adapters (REST,  
etc.)  
|            └── rest/  
|                └── SignatureController.java  
|                └── AdminRuleController.java  
|                └── AdminConnectorController.java  
|                └── HealthController.java  
|            └── exception/  
|                └── GlobalExceptionHandler.java  
|                └── ErrorResponse.java  
|            └── security/  
|                └── SecurityConfig.java  
|                └── IdempotencyFilter.java  
|                └── RoleBasedAccessControl.java  
  
        └── outbound/          # Outbound Adapters  
            └── persistence/      # JPA Repositories  
                └── jpa/  
                    └── SignatureRequestJpaRepository.java  
                    └── RoutingRuleJpaRepository.java
```

```
    |   └── ConnectorConfigJpaRepository.java
    |   └── AuditLogJpaRepository.java
    └── entity/
        ├── SignatureRequestEntity.java
        ├── SignatureChallengeEntity.java
        ├── RoutingRuleEntity.java
        ├── ConnectorConfigEntity.java
        ├── OutboxEventEntity.java
        └── AuditLogEntity.java
    └── mapper/
        ├── SignatureEntityMapper.java
        ├── RuleEntityMapper.java
        └── ConnectorEntityMapper.java
    └── adapter/
        └──
SignatureRequestRepositoryAdapter.java
    └──
    └── RoutingRuleRepositoryAdapter.java
    └──
ConnectorConfigRepositoryAdapter.java
    └──
    └── AuditLogRepositoryAdapter.java

    └── provider/      # Provider Adapters
        ├── SignatureProviderAdapter.java
        └── twilio/
            ├── TwilioSmsProvider.java
            ├── TwilioConfig.java
            └── TwilioResponseMapper.java
        └── push/
            ├── PushNotificationProvider.java
            └── PushConfig.java
        └── voice/
            ├── VoiceCallProvider.java
            └── VoiceConfig.java
        └── biometric/
            ├── BiometricProvider.java (stub)
            └── BiometricConfig.java

    └── event/         # Event Publishing
        ├── OutboxEventPublisher.java
        ├── KafkaEventPublisher.java
        └── EventSerializer.java

    └── secret/        # Secret Management
        ├── VaultSecretManager.java
        └── VaultConfig.java

    └── config/        # Spring Configuration
```

```
    └── DomainConfig.java
    └── ApplicationConfig.java
    └── PersistenceConfig.java
    └── KafkaConfig.java
    └── ResilienceConfig.java
    └── ObservabilityConfig.java
    └── OpenApiConfig.java

    └── resilience/          # Resilience4j Integration
        └── CircuitBreakerManager.java
        └── ProviderHealthMonitor.java
        └── DegradedModeManager.java

    └── observability/       # Observability
        └── logging/
            └── MdcFilter.java
            └── StructuredLogger.java
        └── metrics/
            └── SignatureMetrics.java
            └── ProviderMetrics.java
        └── tracing/
            └── TracingConfig.java

└── resources/
    ├── application.yml
    ├── application-dev.yml
    ├── application-prod.yml
    └── db/
        └── migration/
            ├── v1_initial_schema.sql
            ├── v2_add_audit_log.sql
            └── v3_add_indexes.sql

    └── kafka/
        └── schemas/
            ├── signature-event.avsc
            └── audit-event.avsc

    └── openapi/
        └── signature-router-api.yaml

    └── logback-spring.xml

└── test/
    └── java/
        └── com/
            └── bank/
                └── signature/
                    └── domain/           # Pure Unit Tests
                        └── model/
```

```
    |   |       └ SignatureRequestTest.java
    |   └ service/
    |       └ RoutingServiceTest.java
    |       └ ChallengeServiceTest.java
    |
    └ application/          # Use Case Tests
        └ usecase/
            └ StartSignatureUseCaseTest.java
            └ ConfigureRuleUseCaseTest.java
        |
        └ infrastructure/      # Integration Tests
            └ adapter/
                └ rest/
                    └ SignatureControllerIT.java
            └ persistence/
                └ SignatureRepositoryIT.java
        |
        └ e2e/                  # End-to-End Tests
            └ SignatureFlowE2ETest.java
        |
    └ resources/
        └ application-test.yml
        └ testcontainers/
            └ docker-compose-test.yml
        └ fixtures/
            └ sample-transaction-context.json
            └ sample-routing-rules.json
    |
    └ admin-portal/          # React Admin Portal
        └ package.json
        └ src/
            └ components/
                └ rules/
                    └ RuleList.tsx
                    └ RuleEditor.tsx
                    └ SpelValidator.tsx
                └ timeline/
                    └ RoutingTimeline.tsx
                └ dashboard/
                    └ CostOptimization.tsx
                    └ MetricsDashboard.tsx
                └ audit/
                    └ AuditLogViewer.tsx
            └ api/
                └ signatureRouterClient.ts
            └ App.tsx
    └ README.md
```

```
|- docker/
|  |- Dockerfile
|  |- docker-compose.yml
|  |- postgres/
|    |- init.sql
|
|- k8s/
  |- deployment.yaml
  |- service.yaml
  |- configmap.yaml
  |- secret.yaml
```

2. Layer Responsibilities

2.1 Domain Layer (Pure Business Logic)

Regla de Oro: Esta capa NO DEPENDE de nada. Cero imports de Spring, JPA, Kafka, etc.

Contiene:

- Aggregates, Entities, Value Objects
- Domain Services (lógica que no pertenece a un agregado)
- Port interfaces (contratos de lo que necesita el dominio)
- Domain Events (eventos de negocio)
- Domain Exceptions

No contiene:

- ✗ Annotations de JPA (@Entity, @Table)
- ✗ Annotations de Spring (@Service, @Component)
- ✗ Dependencias de HTTP, JSON, Base de datos
- ✗ Lógica de infraestructura

Ejemplo:

```
// ✅ CORRECTO - Domain puro
public class SignatureRequest {
    private final UUID id;
    private final CustomerId customerId;
    private final TransactionContext transactionContext;
    private SignatureStatus status;
    private List<SignatureChallenge> challenges;
```

```

// Business logic puro
public void addChallenge(SignatureChallenge challenge) {
    if (this.status == SignatureStatus.EXPIRED) {
        throw new DomainException("Cannot add challenge to expired request");
    }
    this.challenges.add(challenge);
}
}

```

2.2 Application Layer (Orchestration)

Responsabilidades:

- Implementar Use Cases (orquestar dominio)
- Coordinar transacciones
- Transformar DTOs ↔ Domain Models
- Validaciones de aplicación (no de negocio)

Usa:

- Ports del dominio
- Domain Services
- Aggregates

No contiene:

- ✗ Detalles de HTTP (StatusCode, Headers)
- ✗ Queries SQL directas
- ✗ Lógica de negocio (debe estar en dominio)

Ejemplo:

```

// ✅ CORRECTO - Use Case implementation

@Service
@Transactional
public class StartSignatureUseCaseImpl implements StartSignatureUseCase {

    private final SignatureRequestRepository repository;
    private final RoutingService routingService;
    private final SignatureProviderPort providerPort;
    private final EventPublisherPort eventPublisher;

    @Override
    public SignatureResponse start(CreateSignatureRequest dto) {
        // 1. Construir domain model

```

```

        TransactionContext context =
TransactionContext.from(dto.getTransactionDetails());
        SignatureRequest request = SignatureRequest.create(dto.getCustomerId(), context);

        // 2. Evaluar routing (domain service)
List<RoutingRule> rules = ruleRepository.findAllEnabled();
ChannelType channel = routingService.evaluateRoute(context, rules);

        // 3. Crear challenge (domain logic)
SignatureChallenge challenge = request.createChallenge(channel);

        // 4. Persistir aggregate
repository.save(request);

        // 5. Llamar provider (outbound port)
ProviderResult result = providerPort.sendChallenge(challenge);

        // 6. Actualizar estado
challenge.markSent(result);

        // 7. Publicar evento
eventPublisher.publish(new ChallengeSent(request.getId(),
challenge.getId()));

        // 8. Retornar DTO
return SignatureMapper.toResponse(request);
    }
}

```

2.3 Infrastructure Layer (Technical Concerns)

Responsabilidades:

- Implementar adapters para ports del dominio
- Configuración de frameworks (Spring, JPA, Kafka)
- Concerns técnicos (logging, metrics, tracing)
- API REST Controllers
- Persistencia (JPA entities, mappers)
- Integración con sistemas externos

Ejemplo - Inbound Adapter (REST Controller):

```

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/v1/signatures")

```

```

public class SignatureController {

    private final StartSignatureUseCase startUseCase;

    @PostMapping
    public ResponseEntity<SignatureResponse> createSignature(
        @RequestHeader("Idempotency-Key") String idempotencyKey,
        @Valid @RequestBody CreateSignatureRequest request
    ) {
        SignatureResponse response = startUseCase.start(request);
        return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.CREATED).body(response);
    }
}

```

Ejemplo - Outbound Adapter (JPA Repository):

```

@Component
public class SignatureRequestRepositoryAdapter implements
SignatureRequestRepository {

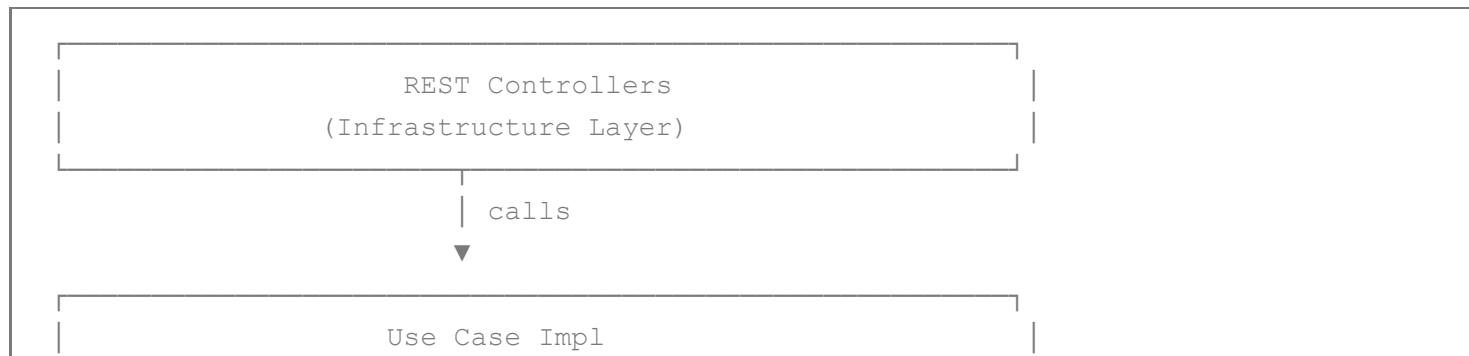
    private final SignatureRequestJpaRepository jpaRepository;
    private final SignatureEntityMapper mapper;

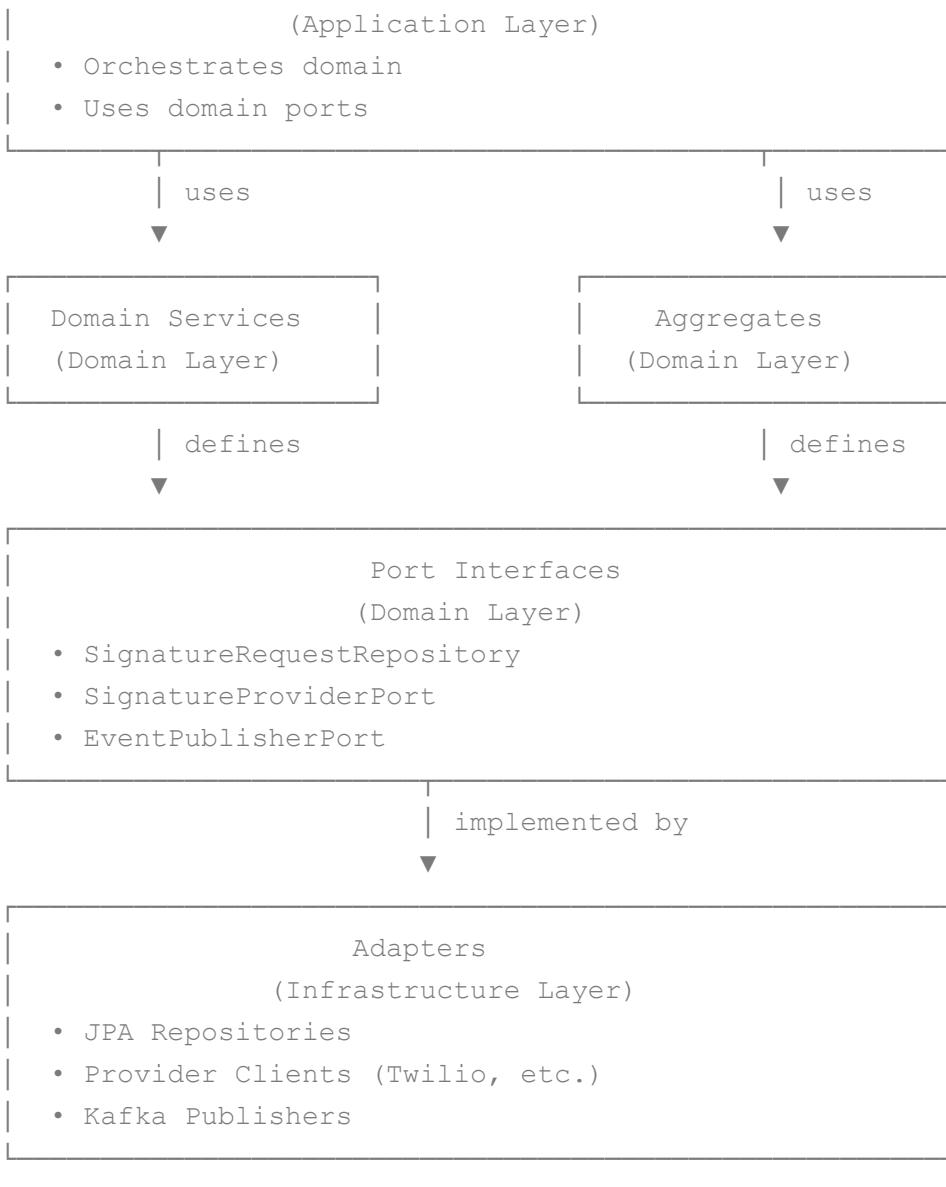
    @Override
    public void save(SignatureRequest domainModel) {
        SignatureRequestEntity entity = mapper.toEntity(domainModel);
        jpaRepository.save(entity);
    }

    @Override
    public Optional<SignatureRequest> findById(UUID id) {
        return jpaRepository.findById(id)
            .map(mapper::toDomain);
    }
}

```

3. Dependency Flow





Regla clave: Las dependencias apuntan HACIA el dominio, nunca desde el dominio hacia afuera.

4. Key Design Patterns

4.1 Repository Pattern

```

// Port (Domain)
public interface SignatureRequestRepository {
    void save(SignatureRequest request);
    Optional<SignatureRequest> findById(UUID id);
    List<SignatureRequest> findByCustomerId(CustomerId customerId);
}

// Adapter (Infrastructure)
@Component

```

```

public class SignatureRequestRepositoryAdapter implements
SignatureRequestRepository {
    private final SignatureRequestJpaRepository jpaRepo;
    // Implementation using JPA
}

```

4.2 Port/Adapter Pattern

```

// Port (Domain - Outbound)
public interface SignatureProviderPort {
    ProviderResult sendChallenge(SignatureChallenge challenge);
    boolean verifyResponse(String challengeId, String userResponse);
}

// Adapter (Infrastructure)
@Component
public class SignatureProviderAdapter implements SignatureProviderPort {
    private final Map<ProviderType, SignatureProvider> providers;

    @Override
    public ProviderResult sendChallenge(SignatureChallenge challenge) {
        SignatureProvider provider = providers.get(challenge.getProvider());
        return provider.send(challenge);
    }
}

```

4.3 Strategy Pattern (Provider Selection)

```

// Common interface
public interface SignatureProvider {
    ProviderResult send(SignatureChallenge challenge);
    ProviderType getType();
}

// Implementations
@Component
public class TwilioSmsProvider implements SignatureProvider {
    // Twilio-specific logic
}

@Component
public class PushNotificationProvider implements SignatureProvider {
    // Push-specific logic
}

```

4.4 Outbox Pattern

```
@Service
@Transactional
public class OutboxEventPublisher implements EventPublisherPort {

    private final OutboxEventRepository outboxRepo;

    @Override
    public void publish(DomainEvent event) {
        // Save event to outbox table in SAME transaction
        OutboxEvent outboxEvent = OutboxEvent.from(event);
        outboxRepo.save(outboxEvent);

        // Debezium will pick it up and publish to Kafka
    }
}
```

5. Testing Strategy by Layer

5.1 Domain Layer Tests (Pure Unit Tests)

```
class SignatureRequestTest {

    @Test
    void shouldTransitionToSignedWhenChallengeCompleted() {
        // Given
        SignatureRequest request = SignatureRequest.create(customerId, context);
        SignatureChallenge challenge = request.createChallenge(ChannelType.SMS);

        // When
        challenge.markCompleted("provider-proof-123");
        request.completeSignature(challenge);

        // Then
        assertThat(request.getStatus()).isEqualTo(SignatureStatus.SIGNED);
    }
}
```

Características:

- No Spring Context
- No base de datos
- Súper rápidos (<1ms)
- Test lógica de negocio pura

5.2 Application Layer Tests (Use Case Tests)

```
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
class StartSignatureUseCaseTest {

    @Mock private SignatureRequestRepository repository;
    @Mock private RoutingService routingService;
    @Mock private SignatureProviderPort providerPort;

    @InjectMocks
    private StartSignatureUseCaseImpl useCase;

    @Test
    void shouldCreateSignatureAndSendChallenge() {
        // Given
        when(routingService.evaluateRoute(any(), any()))
            .thenReturn(ChannelType.SMS);
        when(providerPort.sendChallenge(any()))
            .thenReturn(ProviderResult.success("provider-id-123"));

        // When
        SignatureResponse response = useCase.start(createRequest);

        // Then
        verify(repository).save(any(SignatureRequest.class));
        verify(providerPort).sendChallenge(any());
        assertThat(response.getStatus()).isEqualTo("CHALLENGE_SENT");
    }
}
```

Características:

- Mockear ports (dependencies)
- Test orquestación
- No infraestructura real

5.3 Infrastructure Layer Tests (Integration Tests)

```
@SpringBootTest
@Testcontainers
class SignatureRepositoryIT {

    @Container
    static PostgreSQLContainer<?> postgres = new PostgreSQLContainer<>(
        "postgres:15");
```

```

@Autowired
private SignatureRequestRepository repository;

@Test
void shouldPersistAndRetrieveSignatureRequest() {
    // Given
    SignatureRequest request = SignatureRequest.create(customerId, context);

    // When
    repository.save(request);
    Optional<SignatureRequest> retrieved =
repository.findById(request.getId());

    // Then
    assertThat(retrieved).isPresent();
    assertThat(retrieved.get().getCustomerId()).isEqualTo(customerId);
}
}

```

Características:

- Testcontainers (PostgreSQL, Kafka)
- Test integración con infraestructura real
- Más lentos pero más realistas

5.4 End-to-End Tests

```

@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
@Testcontainers
class SignatureFlowE2ETest {

    @LocalServerPort
    private int port;

    @Test
    void shouldCompleteFullSignatureFlow() {
        // Given
        String idempotencyKey = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
        CreateSignatureRequest request = buildRequest();

        // When - Create signature
        ResponseEntity<SignatureResponse> response = restTemplate
            .exchange("/api/v1/signatures", POST,
                httpEntity(request, idempotencyKey),
                SignatureResponse.class);
    }
}

```

```

    // Then
    assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(CREATED);

    // And - Verify Kafka event was published
    ConsumerRecord<String, String> event =
kafkaConsumer.poll(Duration.ofSeconds(5));
    assertThat(event.value()).contains("CHALLENGE_SENT");
}
}

```

6. Configuration by Environment

6.1 application.yml (Base)

```

spring:
  application:
    name: signature-router
  profiles:
    active: ${SPRING_PROFILE:dev}

  server:
    port: 8080
    shutdown: graceful

  management:
    endpoints:
      web:
        exposure:
          include: health,info,metrics,prometheus
  metrics:
    export:
      prometheus:
        enabled: true

```

6.2 application-dev.yml

```

spring:
  datasource:
    url: jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/signature_dev
    username: dev_user
    password: dev_pass
  jpa:
    show-sql: true
    properties:
      hibernate:
        format_sql: true

```

```
logging:  
  level:  
    com.bank.signature: DEBUG
```

6.3 application-prod.yml

```
spring:  
  datasource:  
    url: ${DB_URL}  
    username: ${DB_USER}  
    password: ${DB_PASS}  
  hikari:  
    maximum-pool-size: 20  
    minimum-idle: 5  
    connection-timeout: 2000  
  jpa:  
    show-sql: false  
    properties:  
      hibernate:  
        format_sql: false  
  
logging:  
  level:  
    com.bank.signature: INFO
```

7. Key Dependencies (pom.xml excerpt)

```
<dependencies>  
  <!-- Spring Boot 3 -->  
  <dependency>  
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>  
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>  
    <version>3.2.0</version>  
  </dependency>  
  
  <!-- Spring Data JPA -->  
  <dependency>  
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>  
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>  
  </dependency>  
  
  <!-- PostgreSQL Driver -->  
  <dependency>  
    <groupId>org.postgresql</groupId>  
    <artifactId>postgresql</artifactId>
```

```

</dependency>

<!-- Kafka -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.kafka</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-kafka</artifactId>
</dependency>

<!-- Resilience4j -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.github.resilience4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>resilience4j-spring-boot3</artifactId>
    <version>2.1.0</version>
</dependency>

<!-- Vault -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.cloud</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-vault-config</artifactId>
</dependency>

<!-- Observability -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.micrometer</groupId>
    <artifactId>micrometer-registry-prometheus</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.micrometer</groupId>
    <artifactId>micrometer-tracing-brave</artifactId>
</dependency>

<!-- Testing -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.testcontainers</groupId>
    <artifactId>postgresql</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.testcontainers</groupId>
    <artifactId>kafka</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
</dependencies>
```

Status: ✓ **COMPLETE - READY FOR IMPLEMENTATION**