## Fundamentals of GCP

Google Cloud Platform Fundamentals: Big Data and Machine Learning

Version #1.1



## Agenda





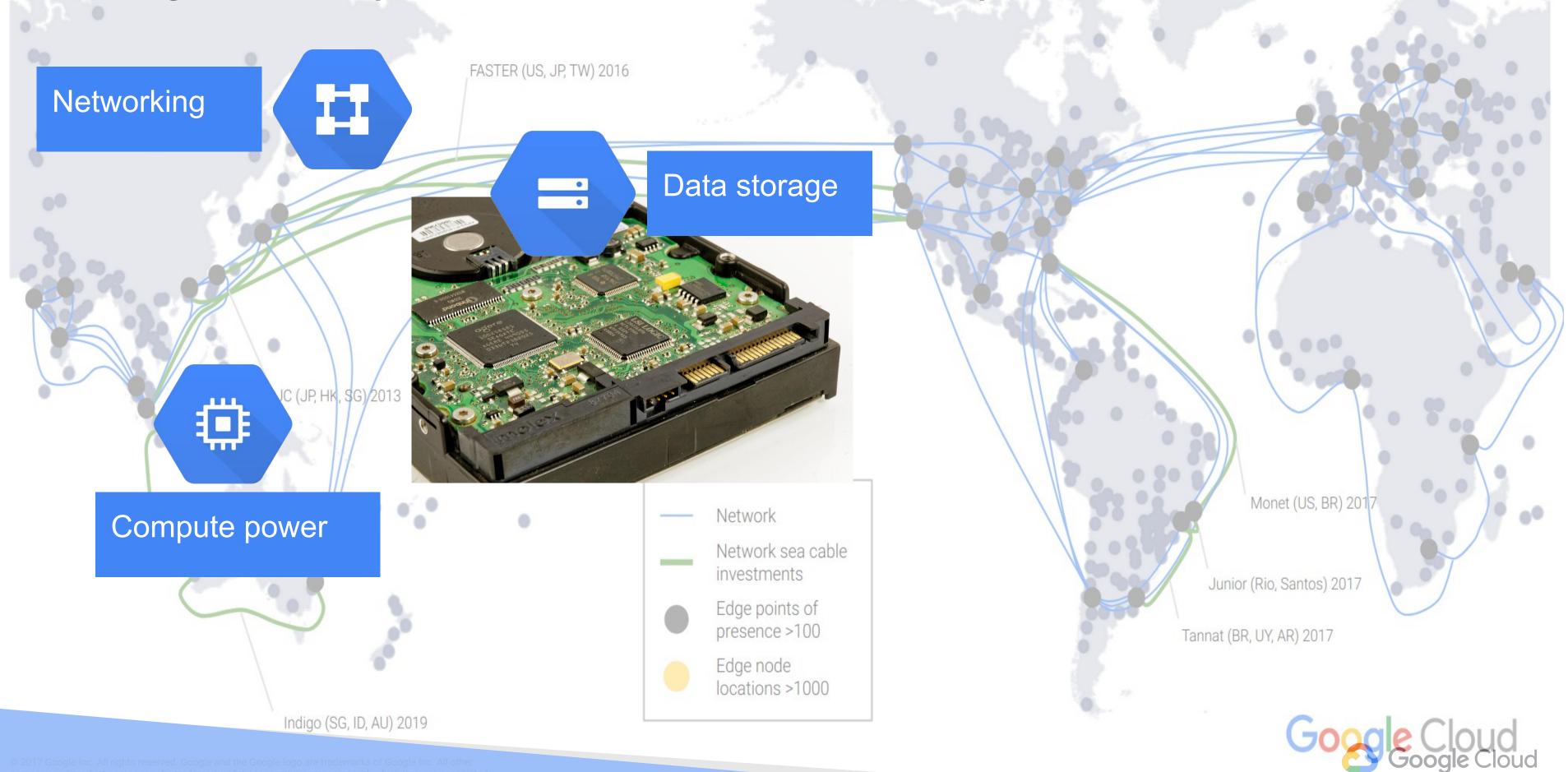
## Agenda

#### CPUs on demand + Lab

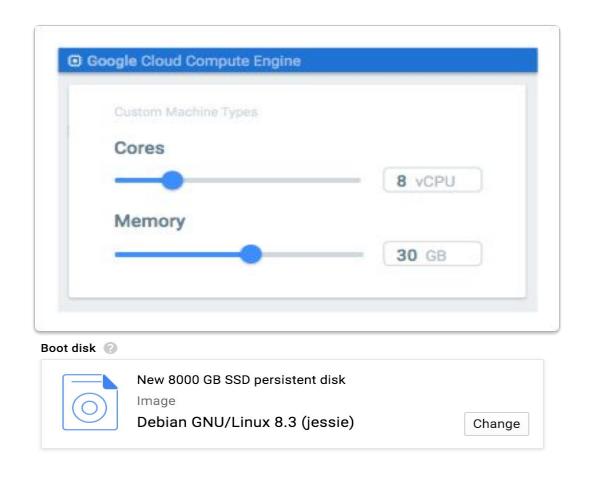
A global filesystem + Lab

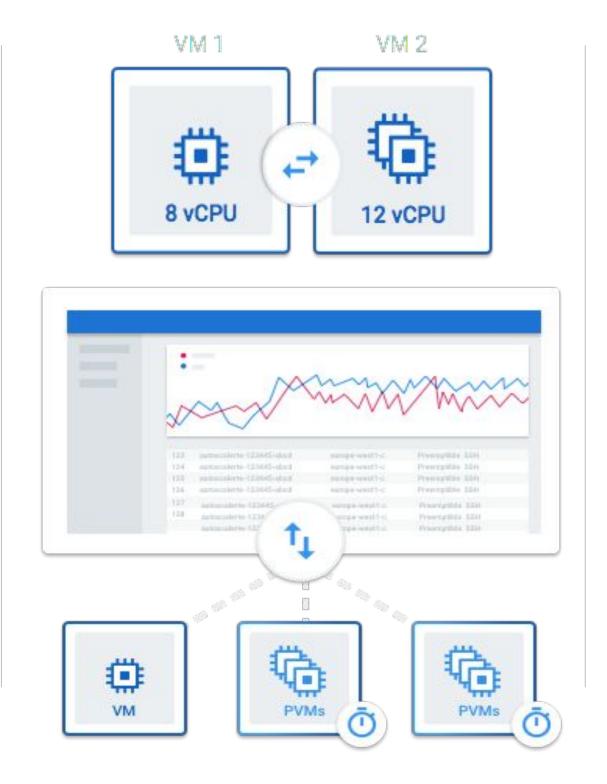


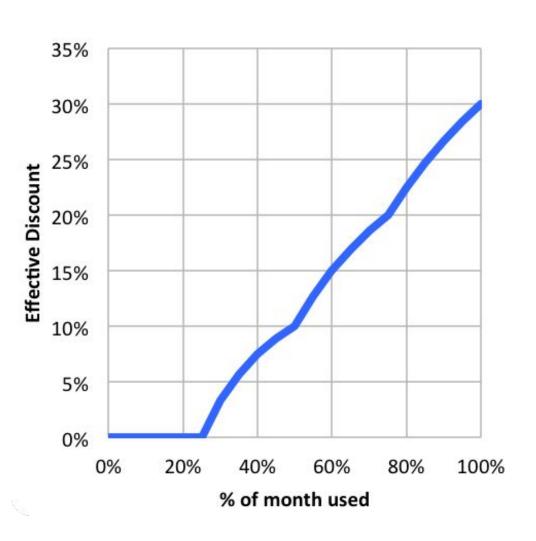
## Google Cloud provides an earth-scale computer



# Custom/changeable machine types, preemptible machines, and automatic discounts lead to simplicity and agility









Lab: Create a Compute Engine instance

## Lab 1: Create a Compute Engine Instance

#### In this lab you will:

- 1. Create a Compute Engine instance
- 2. SSH into the instance
- 3. Install the software package git (for source code version control)



## Agenda

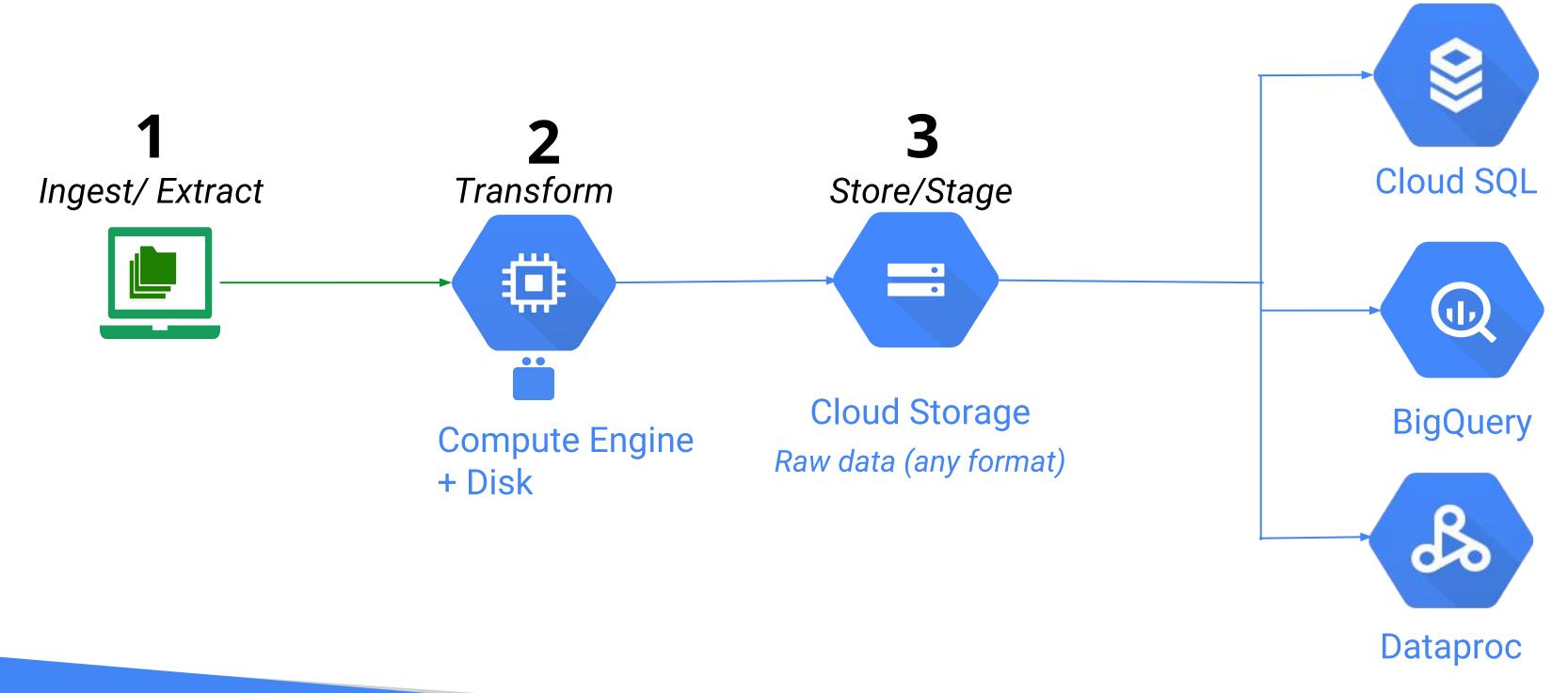
CPUs on demand + Lab

A global filesystem + Lab



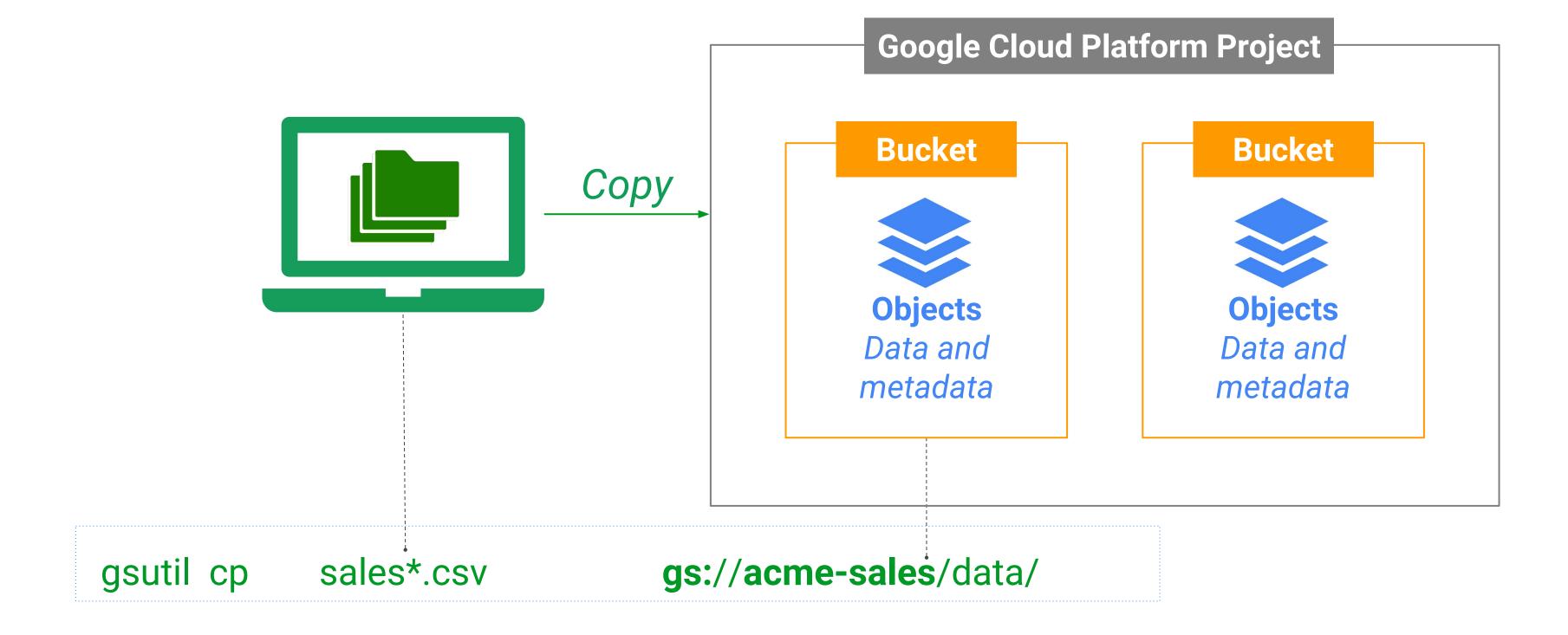
# Use Cloud Storage for persistent storage and as staging ground for import to other Google Cloud products 4

Load

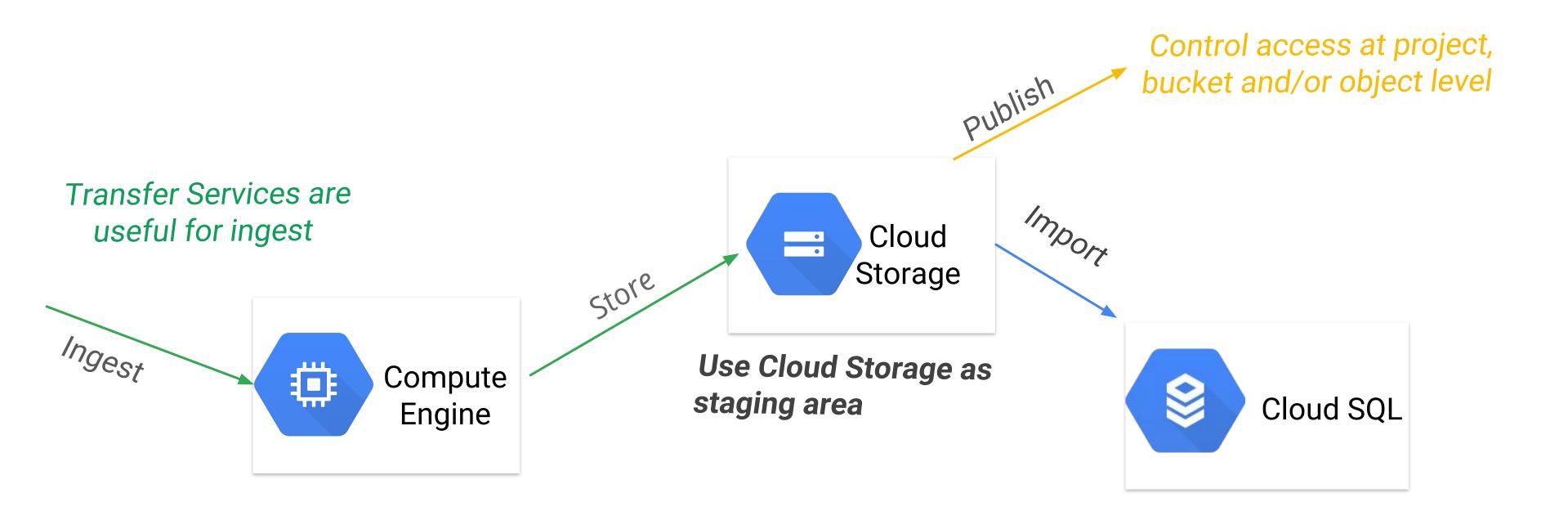




Create a bucket and copy the data over using the Cloud SDK; blobs are referenced through a gs://.../ URL



### Cloud Storage gives you durability, reliability, and global reach



## Control latency and availability with zones and regions

Choose the closest zone/region so as to to reduce latency.

Distribute your apps and data across zones to reduce service disruptions.

Region: North America
Zone: us-central1-a
...

Region: Europe
Zone: europe-west1-b
...

Region: ...
Zone: ...

Distribute your apps and data across regions for global availability.



Lab: Interact with Cloud Storage

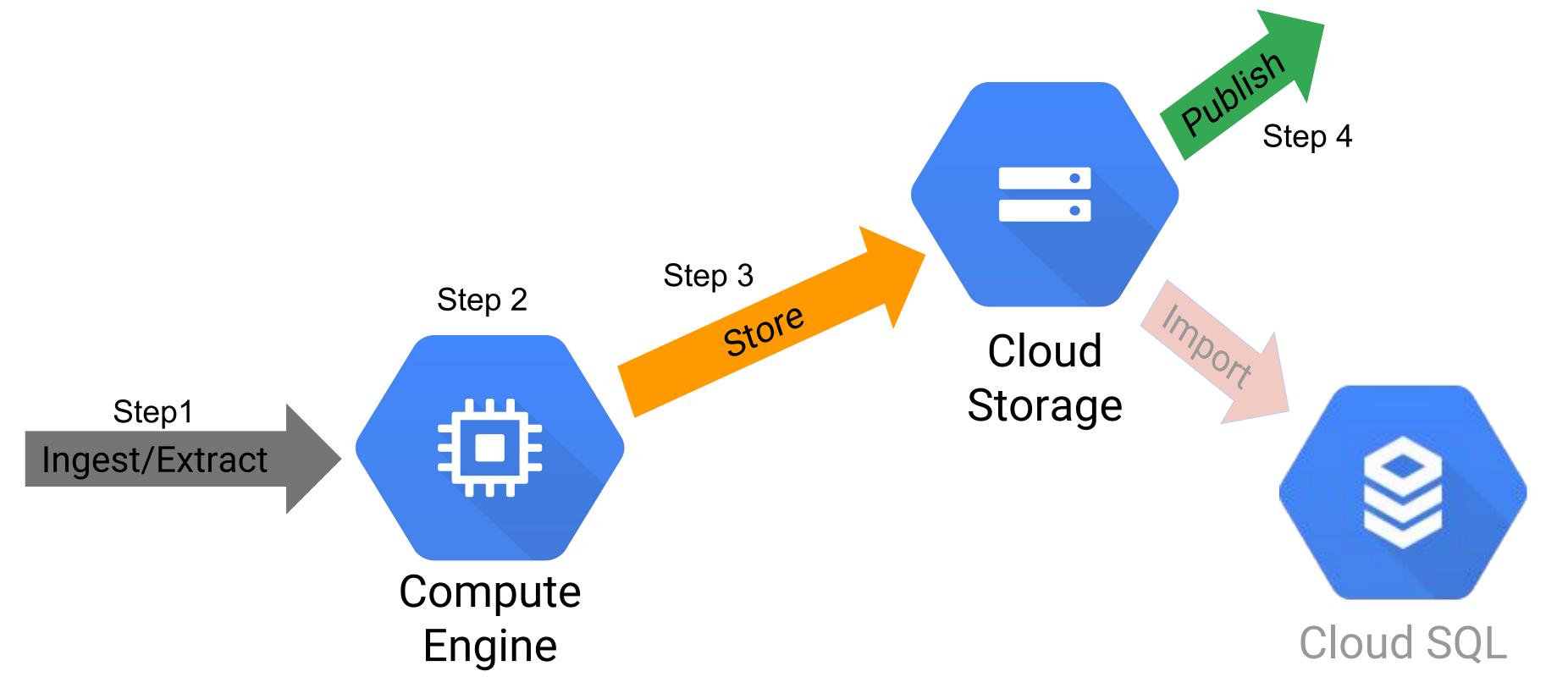
## Lab 2: Interact with Cloud Storage

In this lab, you carry out the steps of an ingest-transform-and-publish data pipeline manually:

- 1. Ingest data into a Compute Engine instance
- 2. Transform data on the Compute Engine instance
- 3. Store the transformed data on Cloud Storage
- 4. Publish Cloud Storage data to the web

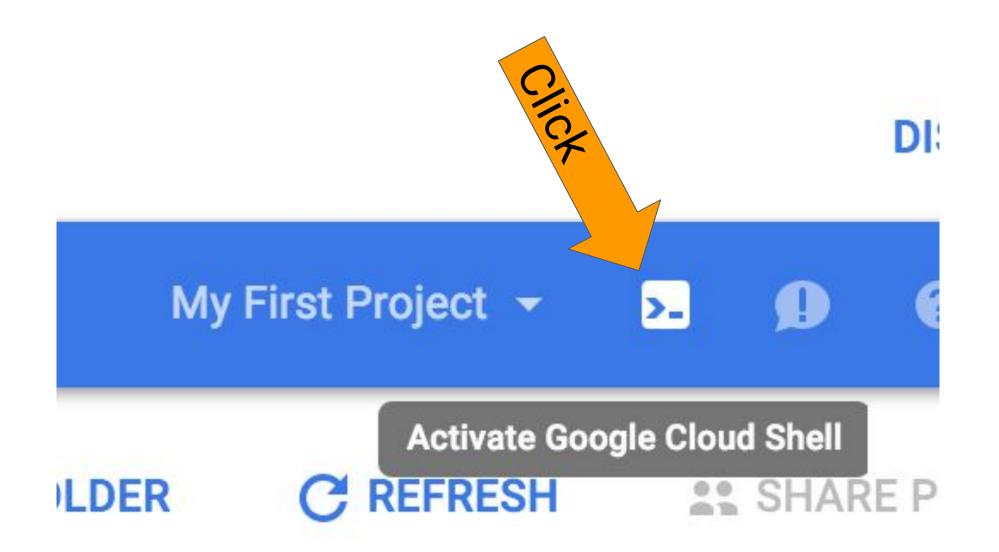


## Ingest-Transform-Publish using core infrastructure





#### Cloud Shell gives you an easy command-line





Cloud Shell comes pre-installed with the tools, libraries, and so on you need to interact with Google Cloud Platform

## Module Review

## Module review (1 of 2)

Compute nodes on GCP are: (select the correct option)

- Allocated on demand, and you pay for the time that they are up.
- Expensive to create and teardown
- Pre-installed with all the software packages you might ever need.
- ☐ One of ~50 choices in terms of CPU and memory

## Module review answers (1 of 2)

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## Module review (2 of 2)

Google Cloud Storage is a good option for storing data that: (select all of the correct options)

- ☐ Is ingested in real-time from sensors and other devices
- → Will be frequently read/written from a compute node
- May be required to be read at some later time
- May be imported into a cluster for analysis

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#### Resources

Compute Engine	https://cloud.google.com/compute/
Storage	https://cloud.google.com/storage/
Pricing	https://cloud.google.com/pricing/
Cloud Launcher	https://cloud.google.com/launcher/
Pricing Philosophy	https://cloud.google.com/pricing/philosophy/



