STAT 645: Assignment 2

- Due Friday, September 13, 11:55pm Central

 Due date: Monday, September 7

 1. With the calcium data in "calcium.txt," consider the Decrease variable as your response and Treatment as your treatment. In what follows, I have recoded Treatment to equal 0 for placebo and 1 for calcium treatment.
 - (a) For the regression model

$$Decrease_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Treatment_i + \epsilon_i$$

write down the model matrix.

- (b) Fit the above model, and report the coefficient estimates and standard errors.
- (c) Based on the model, what is the p-value for the null hypothesis of no treatment effect?
- (d) Now analyze the same data using a two-sample t-test, assuming equal variances. How do the results compare to those you obtained using the regression model?
- (e) Assuming that the ϵ_i are normally distributed, what is the estimated distribution of Decrease when Treatment = 1?
- 2. With the onset data in "onset_data.csv," conduct the following analysis.
 - (a) Create side-by-side box plots comparing time to onset with (i) the tx variable and (ii) the prior variable. Comment.
 - (b) Create a scatterplot of onset vs. age. Color code the points by prior status. Also, fit and overlay separate lowess curves, one each for prior = 0 and prior = 1.
 - (c) Fit the regression model

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \mathsf{tx}_i + \beta_2 \mathsf{prior}_i + \beta_3 \mathsf{age}_i + \beta_4 (\mathsf{prior} \times \mathsf{age}) + \epsilon_i$$

Interpret all coefficients and report their estimates and standard errors.

- (d) Use matrix manipulation using a design matrix to verify the estimates and standard errors from above.
- (e) What is a 95% confidence interval for the mean difference in onset times between the treatment and control groups, holding prior status and age constant?
- (f) What is a 95% confidence interval for the mean response of a treated individual, age 35, with no prior tumor incidence?
- 3. Suppose that y_1, y_2, \ldots, y_n are i.i.d. realizations from the $N(0, \sigma^2)$ distribution. Derive the maximum likelihood estimator of σ^2 .
- 4. Suppose the times to infection following exposure to a particular bacteria follow the gamma distribution with shape parameter α , scale parameter β , and pdf

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\beta^{\alpha}} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}.$$

Use the nlm function in R to compute the maximum likelihood estimates for the data in "gamma.csv."